



» Fund Objective

This exchange-traded fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the S&P United States REIT Index.

>> Fund Facts

Fund Ticker	FRI
CUSIP	33734G108
Intraday NAV	FRIIV
Fund Inception Date	5/8/07
Gross Expense Ratio [^]	0.51%
Net Expense Ratio	0.50%
30-Day SEC Yield†	3.15%
Unsubsidized 30-Day SEC Yield#	3.15%
Rebalance Frequency	Quarterly
Primary Listing	NYSE Arca

>> Index Facts

Index TickerSREIUSRTIndex Inception Date6/30/08Index Yield‡3.59%

>> Index Description

- The S&P United States REIT Index measures the investable U.S. real estate investment trust market and maintains a constituency that reflects the market's overall composition.
- » All securities added to the S&P United States REIT Index must meet certain liquidity and market capitalization requirements.
- The Standard & Poor's Index Committee, a team of Standard & Poor's economists and index analysts, maintains the S&P United States REIT Index. Maintenance includes implementation of daily corporate actions, quarterly updates of significant events, and annual portfolio reconstitution each September. Share adjustments that exceed 5% are made at the time of the change. Share adjustments of less than 5% are made on a quarterly basis.

» Performance Summary (%)¹	3 Month		YTD 1 Year		3 Year 5 Year		ear	10 Year Since Fund Inc		d Inception	
Fund Performance*											
Net Asset Value (NAV)	-16.97		-20.36 -6.49		5.49	3.49	9 4.74		6.67	5.67 4.36	
After Tax Held	-17.16		-20.63	53 -7.16		2.48	3.63		5.50	3.29	
After Tax Sold	-10.05		-12.04	-3.78		2.23	3.16		4.75	2.92	
Market Price	-17.00		-20.38	-6.49		3.51	4.74		6.69	4.36	
Index Performance**											
S&P United States REIT Index	-16.88		-20.20	-6.20		4.02	5.26		7.22	_	
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Index	-17.29		-20.50	-7.20		2.93	4.69		6.55	4.47	
Russell 3000® Index	-16.70		-21.10	0 -13.87		9.77	10.60		12.57	8.27	
» Calendar Year Total Returns (%) ¹	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	YTD
FRI	17.39	1.82	29.61	1.97	7.92	3.79	-4.19	23.67	-8.10	42.52	-20.36
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Index	18.14	1.27	28.15	1.81	8.18	4.57	-3.89	24.51	-9.75	42.60	-20.50
Russell 3000® Index	16.42	33.55	12.56	0.48	12.74	21.13	-5.24	31.02	20.89	25.66	-21.10
» 3-Year Statistics	Standard Deviation (%)		Alpha			Beta	Sharpe Ratio		Correlation		
FRI	21.00		-4.80			0.93	0.24		0.86		
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Index	22.38		-5.61			0.99	0.22		0.86		
Russell 3000® Index	19.37		-			1.00	0.54		1.00		

Performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results and current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Investment returns and principal value will fluctuate and shares when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. You can obtain performance information which is current through the most recent month-end by visiting www.ftportfolios.com.

^{**}Performance information for each listed index is for illustrative purposes only and does not represent actual fund performance. Indexes do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indexes are unmanaged and an investor cannot invest directly in an index.



[^]Expenses are capped contractually at 0.50% per year, at least through April 30, 2023.

^{†30-}day SEC yield is calculated by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the most recent 30-day period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period and includes the effects of fee waivers and expense reimbursements.

^{*}The unsubsidized 30-day SEC yield is calculated the same as the 30-day SEC yield, however it excludes contractual fee waivers and expense reimbursements.

Index yield represents the weighted average trailing 12-month dividend of the constituents of the S&P United States REIT Index.

On November 6, 2008, the fund's underlying index changed from the S&P REIT Composite Index to the S&P United States REIT Index. Therefore, the fund's performance and historical returns shown for the periods prior to November 6, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the performance that the fund, based on its current index, would have generated.

^{*}NAV returns are based on the fund's net asset value which represents the fund's net assets (assets less liabilities) divided by the fund's outstanding shares. After Tax Held returns represent return after taxes on distributions. Assumes shares have not been sold. After Tax Sold returns represent the return after taxes on distributions and the sale of fund shares. Returns do not represent the returns you would receive if you traded shares at other times. Market Price returns are determined by using the midpoint of the national best bid offer price ("NBBO") as of the time that the fund's NAV is calculated. Returns are average annualized total returns, except those for periods of less than one year, which are cumulative. The fund's performance reflects fee waivers and expense reimbursements, absent which performance would have been lower. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on the investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

First Trust S&P REIT Index Fund

>> Portfolio Information

Number Of Holdings	146
Maximum Market Cap.	\$87.10 Billion
Median Market Cap.	\$2.92 Billion
Minimum Market Cap.	\$123 Million
Price/Earnings	29.71
Price/Book	2.17
Price/Cash Flow	15.17
Price/Sales	7.74

» Top Holdings (%)

Prologis, Inc.	8.35
Equinix, Inc.	5.73
Public Storage	4.58
Realty Income Corporation	3.94
Welltower, Inc.	3.58
Digital Realty Trust, Inc.	3.54
Simon Property Group, Inc.	2.99
VICI Properties Inc.	2.75
AvalonBay Communities, Inc.	2.60
Equity Residential	2.37

» Top Sub-Industry Exposure (%)

Specialized REITs	24.24
Residential REITs	19.93
Industrial REITs	15.09
Retail REITs	14.63
Health Care REITs	11.02
Office REITs	7.72
Diversified REITs	4.08
Hotel & Resort REITs	3.29

You should consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses carefully before investing. Contact First Trust Portfolios L.P. at 1-800-621-1675 or visit www.ftportfolios.com to obtain a prospectus or summary prospectus which contains this and other information about the fund. The prospectus or summary prospectus should be read carefully before investing.

Risk Considerations

You could lose money by investing in a fund. An investment in a fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed. There can be no assurance that a fund's objective(s) will be achieved. Investors buying or selling shares on the secondary market may incur customary brokerage commissions. Please refer to each fund's prospectus and SAI for additional details on a fund's risks. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

Unlike mutual funds, shares of the fund may only be redeemed directly from a fund by authorized participants in very large creation/redemption units. If a fund's authorized participants are unable to proceed with creation/redemption orders and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, fund shares may trade at a premium or discount to a fund's net asset value and possibly face delisting and the bid/ask spread may widen.

A fund is susceptible to operational risks through breaches in cyber security. Such events could cause a fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss.

Equity securities may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur in the equity market as a whole, or they may occur in only a particular country, company, industry or sector of the market.

An index fund will be concentrated in an industry or a group of industries to the extent that the index is so concentrated. A fund with significant exposure to a single asset class, or the securities of issuers within the same country, state, region, industry, or sector may have its value more affected by an adverse economic, business or political development than a broadly diversified fund.

A fund may be a constituent of one or more indices or models which could greatly affect a fund's trading activity, size and volatility.

There is no assurance that the index provider or its agents will compile or maintain the index accurately. Losses or costs associated with any index provider errors generally will be horne by a fund and its shareholders

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Market risk is the risk that a particular security, or shares of a fund in general may fall in value. Securities are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as general economic conditions, political events, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in securities prices. Shares of a fund could decline in value or underperform other investments as a result. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, spread of infectious disease or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have significant negative impact on a fund. In February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine which has caused and could continue to cause significant market disruptions and volatility within the markets in Russia, Europe, and the United States. The hostilities and sanctions resulting from those hostilities could have a significant impact on certain fund investments as well as fund performance. The COVID-19 global pandemic has caused and may continue to cause significant volatility and declines in global financial markets. While the U.S. has resumed "reasonably" normal business activity, many countries continue to impose lockdown measures. Additionally, there is no guarantee that vaccines will be effective against emerging variants of the disease.

A fund faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for fund shares due to a limited number of market makers. Decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of a fund's portfolio securities and a fund's market price.

An index fund's return may not match the return of the index for a number of reasons including operating expenses, costs of buying and selling securities to reflect changes in the index, and the fact that a fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the index.

A fund and a fund's advisor may seek to reduce various operational risks through controls and procedures, but it is not possible to completely protect against such risks. The fund also relies on third parties for a range of services, including custody, and any delay or failure related to those services may affect the fund's ability to meet its objective.

A fund that invests in securities included in or representative of an index will hold those securities regardless of investment merit and the fund generally will not take defensive positions in declining markets.

High portfolio turnover may result in higher levels of transaction costs and may generate greater tax liabilities for

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The market price of a fund's shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in the fund's net asset value ("NAV") as well as the relative supply of and demand for shares on the exchange, and a fund's investment advisor cannot predict whether shares will trade below, at or above their NAV.

The risks associated with investing in real estate companies may be similar to those associated with direct ownership of real estate and include fluctuations in the value of underlying properties, defaults by borrowers or tenants, market saturation, changes in general and local economic conditions, decreases in market rates for rents, increases in competition, property taxes, capital expenditures or operating expenses, dependency upon management skills, limited diversification, and other economic, political or regulatory occurrences.

Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITS") are subject to risks the risks of investing in real estate, including, but not limited to, changes in the real estate market, vacancy rates and competition, volatile interest rates and economic recession. Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a REIT's future earnings stream and may make financing property purchases and improvements more costly. The value of a fund will generally decline when investors in REIT stocks anticipate or experience rising interest rates.

Securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies may experience greater price volatility and be less liquid than larger, more established companies.

Trading on an exchange may be halted due to market conditions or other reasons. There can be no assurance that a fund's requirements to maintain the exchange listing will continue to be met or be unchanged.

First Trust Advisors L.P. is the adviser to the fund. First Trust Advisors L.P. is an affiliate of First Trust Portfolios L.P., the fund's distributor.

The information presented is not intended to constitute an investment recommendation for, or advice to, any specific person. By providing this information, First Trust is not undertaking to give advice in any fiduciary capacity within the meaning of ERISA, the Internal Revenue Code or any other regulatory framework. Financial professionals are responsible for evaluating investment risks independently and for exercising independent judgment in determining whether investments are appropriate for their clients.

Definitions

Standard Deviation is a measure of price variability (risk). Alpha is an indication of how much an investment outperforms or underperforms on a risk-adjusted basis relative to its benchmark. Beta is a measure of price variability relative to the market. Sharpe Ratio is a measure of excess reward per unit of volatility. Correlation is a measure of the similarity of performance. The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Index is modified market cap weighted based on free float market capitalization and tracks the performance of listed real estate companies or REITs in North America. The Russell 3000* Index is comprised of the 3000 largest and most liquid stocks based and traded in the U.S.

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