U.S. equity fund Investor fact sheet

John Hancock Equity Income Fund

A: JHEIX C: JHERX

Summary

Objective

Long-term capital growth, along with dividend income

Use for

Core large-cap value holding

Morningstar category

Large Value

Strategy

Undervalued opportunities

Seeking mispriced opportunities in which large U.S. companies are temporarily trading below their longterm intrinsic values

Dividend income

Targeting companies with strong fundamentals and sustainable dividends to enhance return potential while reducing volatility

Built on research

Leveraging the fundamental analysis of over 130 equity analysts and industry specialists to identify opportunities and mitigate risk

Average annual total returns 1,2

	Qtd	Ytd	1 yr	3 yr	5 yr	10 yr	Life of fund	Life of fund date
Class A without sales charge	-1.10	16.81	41.15	9.03	10.61	12.08	7.81	10/17/05
Class A with sales charge	-6.04	10.96	34.08	7.18	9.48	11.51	7.46	10/17/05
Russell 1000 Value Index	-0.78	16.14	35.01	10.07	10.94	13.51	8.27	_
S&P 500 Index	0.58	15.92	30.00	15.99	16.90	16.63	10.66	_
Large value category	-1.03	16.29	34.54	9.30	10.97	12.42	_	_

Net Contractual Expense ratios3 Gross (what you pay) through 1.16% 1.14% Class A 12/31/2021

The past performance shown here reflects reinvested distributions and the beneficial effect of any expense reductions, and does not guarantee future results. The sales charge for Class A shares, reflects the maximum sales charge of 5.0%. For Class I shares, there is no sales charge. Returns for periods shorter than one year are cumulative, and results for other share classes will vary. Shares will fluctuate in value and, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance cited. For the most recent month-end performance, visit jhinvestments.com.

Growth of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment⁴

Class A without sales charge - 11/1/05 - 9/30/21

\$31,768



Managed by



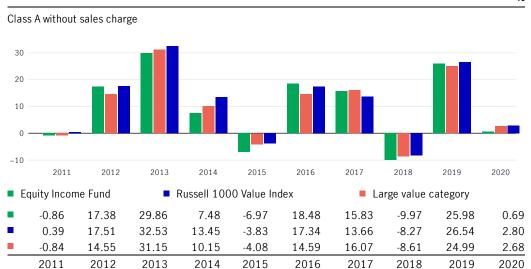
Long-tenured manager offering expertise across asset classes and a risk-aware style of investing built on fundamental, in-house research on a global scale



John D. Linehan, CFA On the fund since 2015. Investing since 1987

1 10/15/05 is the inception date for the oldest class of shares, Class NAV shares. Class A shares were first offered on 3/27/15; returns prior to this date are those of Class NAV shares. 2 The Russell 1000 Value Index tracks the performance of publicly traded large-cap companies in the United States with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. The S&P 500 Index tracks the performance of 500 of the largest publicly traded companies in the United States. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. 3 "Net (what you pay)" represents the effect of a contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement and is subject to change. 4 Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Calendar year returns 4



10 largest holdings ⁵

		70
1.	Wells Fargo & Company	3.99
2.	General Electric Company	2.86
3.	American International Group, Inc.	2.44
4.	The Southern Company	2.37
5.	TotalEnergies SE	2.33
6.	United Parcel Service, Inc.	2.28
7.	QUALCOMM, Inc.	2.26
8.	Anthem, Inc.	1.96
9.	MetLife, Inc.	1.94
10.	CF Industries Holdings, Inc.	1.93

Sector composition⁵



Key facts

%

Total net assets	\$2.20 b
Portfolio turnover 6 (%)	31
Number of holdings	115
Benchmark	Russell 1000 Value Total
	Return
Average market cap ⁷	
Fund	\$127.36 b
Benchmark	\$155.97 b
Beta ⁸	1.04
R-squared 9 (%)	97.61
Sharpe ratio 10	0.63
Standard deviation 11 (%	6)
Fund	16.97
Benchmark	16.16
Upside capture ratio 12	(%) 99.77
Downside capture ratio	¹² (%) 100.68
30-Day SEC yield 13 (%)	
Subsidized	1.17%
Unsubsidized	1.14%

Based on Class A shares for the five-year period.

What you should know before investing

Large company stocks could fall out of favor, and value stocks may decline in price. Foreign investing, especially in emerging markets, has additional risks, such as currency and market volatility and political and social instability. Please see the fund's prospectus for additional risks.

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Request a prospectus or summary prospectus from your financial professional, by visiting jhinvestments.com, or by calling us at 800-225-5291. The prospectus includes investment objectives, risks, fees, expenses, and other information that you should consider carefully before investing.

4 Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results. 5 Listed holdings reflect the largest portions of the fund's total and may change at any time. They are not recommendations to buy or sell any security. Data is expressed as a percentage of net assets and excludes cash and cash equivalents. Fund characteristics will vary over time. 6 The portfolio turnover is as of the fund's fiscal year end and is subject to change. The fund's annual report includes further details regarding the portfolio turnover ratio. 7 FactSet. Average market cap is based on a weighted average. 8 Beta measures the sensitivity of the fund to its benchmark. The beta of the market (as represented by the benchmark) is 1.00. Accordingly, a fund with a 1.10 beta is expected to have 10% more volatility than the market. 9 R-squared is a measurement that indicates how closely a fund's performance correlates with the performance of its benchmark index. R-squared can range from 0.00 to 1.00, with 1.00 indicating perfect correlation to the index, 10 Sharpe ratio is a measure of excess return per unit of risk, as defined by standard deviation. A higher Sharpe ratio suggests better risk-adjusted performance. 11 Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the historic volatility of a portfolio. It measures the fluctuation of a fund's periodic returns from the mean or average. The larger the deviation, the larger the standard deviation and the higher the risk. 12 Upside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in up markets relative to the market itself. Downside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in down markets relative to the market itself. 13 Unsubsidized yield reflects what the yield would have been without the effect of reimbursements and waivers.

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