Supplement to the

Fidelity[®] MSCI Communication Services Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Energy Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Financials Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Health Care Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Industrials Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Information Technology Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Materials Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF and Fidelity[®] MSCI Utilities Index ETF December 1, 2020

Prospectus

The following information replaces similar information for each fund found in the "Fund Summary" section under the "Portfolio Manager(s)" heading.

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

The following information replaces the biographical information for each fund found in the "Fund Management" section under the "Portfolio Manager(s)" heading.

Jennifer Hsui, Alan Mason, and Amy Whitelaw are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of each fund. Each portfolio manager is responsible for various functions related to portfolio management, including, but not limited to, investing cash inflows, coordinating with members of his or her portfolio management team to focus on certain asset classes, implementing investment strategy, researching and reviewing investment strategy and overseeing members of his or her portfolio management team that have more limited responsibilities.

Jennifer Hsui has been employed by BFA as a senior portfolio manager since 2007. Prior to that, Ms. Hsui was a portfolio manager from 2006 to 2007 for BGFA. Ms. Hsui has been a Portfolio Manager of each fund, except Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF, since October 2013 and since February 2015 for Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF.

Alan Mason has been employed by BFA as a portfolio manager since 1991. Mr. Mason has been a Portfolio Manager of each Fund since 2016.

Amy Whitelaw has been with BFA since 1999, including her years with BGI, which merged with BFA in 2009. Ms. Whitelaw has been employed by BFA or its affiliates as a portfolio manager since 2009 and has been a Portfolio Manager of each fund since 2018.

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Fidelity MSCI Communication Services Index ETF FCOM Fidelity MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF FDIS Fidelity MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF FSTA Fidelity MSCI Energy Index ETF FINCL Fidelity MSCI Financials Index ETF FNCL Fidelity MSCI Health Care Index ETF FHLC Fidelity MSCI Industrials Index ETF FIDU Fidelity MSCI Information Technology Index ETF FTEC Fidelity MSCI Materials Index ETF FMAT Fidelity MSCI Real Estate Index ETF FREL Fidelity MSCI Utilities Index ETF FUTY

Principal U.S. Listing Exchange: NYSE Arca, Inc.

Prospectus December 1, 2020

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of a fund's shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the fund or from your financial intermediary, such as a financial advisor, broker-dealer or bank. Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from a fund electronically, by contacting your financial intermediary. For Fidelity customers, visit Fidelity's web site or call Fidelity using the contact information listed below.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports, you may contact your financial intermediary or, if you are a Fidelity customer, visit Fidelity's website, or call Fidelity at the applicable toll-free number listed below. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held with the fund complex/your financial intermediary.

Account Type	Website	Phone Number
Brokerage, Mutual Fund, or Annuity Contracts:	fidelity.com/mailpreferences	1-800-343-3548
Employer Provided Retirement Accounts:	netbenefits.fidelity.com/preferences (choose 'no' under Required	1-800-343-0860
	Disclosures to continue to print)	

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Securities and Exchange Commission has not determined if this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



245 Summer Street, Boston, MA 02210

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Fund: Fidelity® MSCI Communication Services Index ETF **Investment Objective**

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating

(expenses that you p

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service (12b-1

Other expenses

Total annual operating

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 23% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the communication services sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

	NUILE
ng Expenses Day each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
1) fees	None
	0.000%
g expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Communication Services Industry Concentration. The communication services industries can be significantly affected by government regulation, intense competition, technology changes, general economic conditions, consumer and business confidence and spending, and changes in consumer and business preferences.

None

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• Passive Management Risk. The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

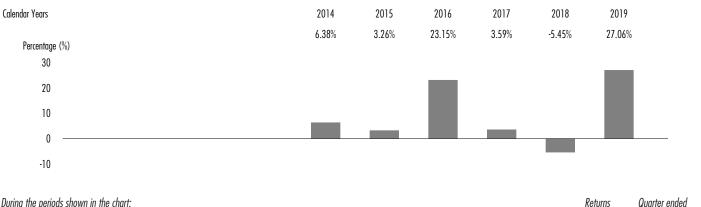
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Prior to December 1, 2018, the fund's underlying index was named MSCI USA IMI Telecommunication Services 25/50 Index and had a different composition. Returns shown for the periods prior to December 1, 2018 are attributable to the index's prior composition. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart: Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

12.56%

-9.56%

8.58%

March 31, 2019

December 31, 2018

September 30, 2020

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Communication Services Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	27.06%	9.62%	9.11%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	26.78%	8.60%	8.17%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.19%	7.29%	6.97%
MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	27.18%	9.77%	9.18%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity® MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF **Investment Objective**

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating

(expenses that you pay

Management fee Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fe

Other expenses

Total annual operating ex

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 60% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

• Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the consumer discretionary sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

y each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
fees	None
	0.000%
expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Consumer Discretionary Industry Concentration. The consumer discretionary industries can be significantly affected by the performance of the overall economy, interest rates, competition, consumer confidence and spending, and changes in demographics and consumer tastes.

None

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

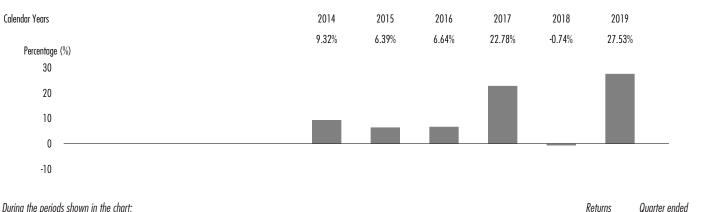
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart: Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

14.83%

-15.39%

29.45%

March 31, 2019

December 31, 2018

September 30, 2020

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund $^{(\alpha)}$
Fidelity® MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	27.53%	12.01%	12.48%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.17%	11.67%	12.14%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.53%	9.52%	10.03%
MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	27.63%	12.13%	12.61%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF **Investment Objective**

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating Exper

(expenses that you pay each y

Management fee Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees Other expenses Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 34% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the consumer staples sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

nses year as a % of the value of your investment)	
,,	0.084%
	None
	0.000%
S	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

None

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

 Consumer Staples Industry Concentration. The consumer staples industries can be significantly affected by demographics and product trends, competitive pricing, food fads, marketing campaigns, environmental factors, government regulation, the performance of the overall economy, interest rates, consumer confidence, and the cost of commodities.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

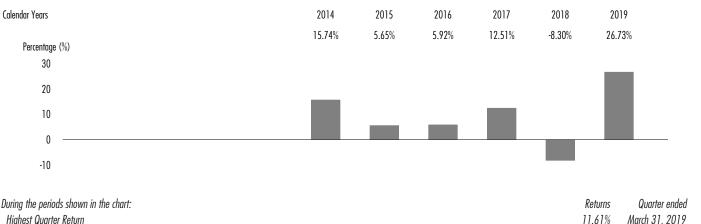
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the cha Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

-6.73%

3 54%

March 31, 2018

September 30, 2020

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity [®] MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	26.73%	7.91%	9.68%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.95%	7.22%	9.00%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.31%	6.11%	7.63%
MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.94%	8.06%	9.84%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Energy Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operati

(expenses that you

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service (12)

Other expenses

Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 17% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the energy sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

n your investment)	None
ing Expenses u pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
2b-1) fees	None
	<u>0.000%</u>
ng expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Energy Industry Concentration. The energy industries can be significantly affected by fluctuations in energy prices and supply and demand of energy fuels, energy conservation, the success of exploration projects, and tax and other government regulations.

• Issuer-Specific Changes. The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can

Maria

perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• *Correlation to Index.* The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

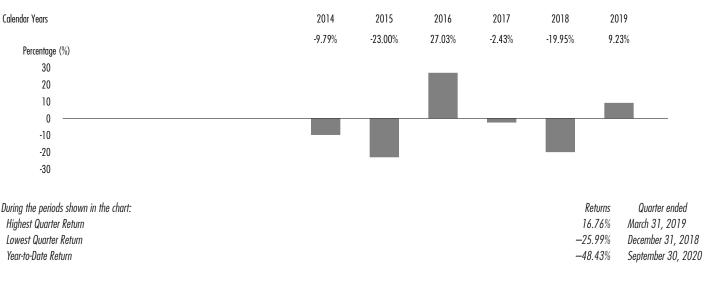
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Energy Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	9.23%	-3.56%	-3.99%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	7.61%	-4.35%	-4.70%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	6.57%	-2.65%	-2.93%
MSCI USA IMI Energy Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	9.31%	-3.46%	-3.89%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

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Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Financials Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from

Annual Operati

(expenses that you

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service (12

Other expenses

Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 6% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the financial sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

n your investment)	None
ting Expenses u pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
12b-1) fees	None
	<u>0.000%</u>
ing expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Financials Industry Concentration. The financials industries are subject to extensive government regulation, can be subject to relatively rapid change due to increasingly blurred distinctions between service segments, and can be significantly affected by availability and cost of capital funds, changes in interest rates, the rate of corporate and consumer debt defaults, and price competition.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• *Correlation to Index.* The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

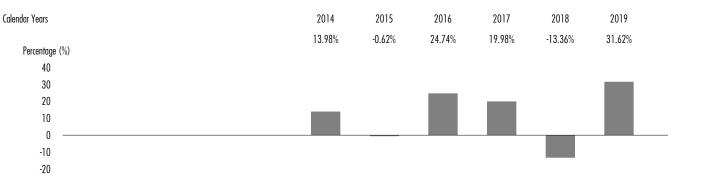
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



 Returns
 Quarter ended

 20.66%
 December 31, 2016

 -13.77%
 December 31, 2018

 -21.94%
 September 30, 2020

Average Annual Returns

During the periods shown in the chart:

Hiahest Quarter Return

Lowest Quarter Return

Year-to-Date Return

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Financials Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	31.62%	11.14%	12.01%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	30.88%	10.52%	11.38%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	19.15%	8.69%	9.50%
MSCI USA IMI Financials Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.80%	11.27%	12.14%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Health Care Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly fr

Annual Oper

(expenses that y

Management fee Distribution and/or Service

Other expenses

Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 7% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the health care sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

from your investment)	None
rating Expenses you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
ce (12b-1) fees	None
	0.000%
rating expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

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27
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108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Health Care Industry Concentration. The health care industries are subject to government regulation and reimbursement rates, as well as government approval of products and services, which could have a significant effect on price and availability, and can be significantly affected by product liability claims, rapid obsolescence, and patent expirations.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

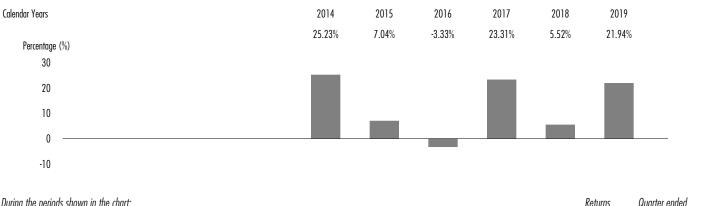
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Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart:ReturnsQuarter endedHighest Quarter Return14.84%December 31, 2019Lowest Quarter Return-11.64%September 30, 2015Year-to-Date Return7.33%September 30, 2020

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Health Care Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	21.94%	10.43%	13.49%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	21.57%	9.99%	13.07%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.21%	8.20%	10.87%
MSCI USA IMI Health Care Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	22.06%	10.54%	13.62%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

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Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Industrials Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly fr

Annual Oper

(expenses that y

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service

Other expenses

Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 4% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index, which represents the performance of the industrial sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

from your investment)	None
rating Expenses you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
ice (12b-1) fees	None
	0.000%
erating expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Industrials Industry Concentration. Industrial industries can be significantly affected by general economic trends, changes in consumer sentiment and spending, commodity prices, legislation, government regulation and spending, import controls, worldwide competition, and liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources, and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• *Correlation to Index.* The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk*. The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result,

the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

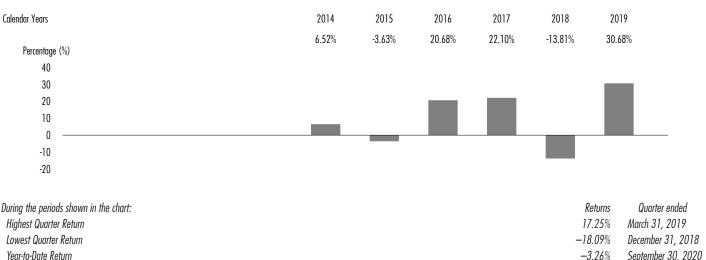
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other

For the periods ended December 31, 2019

Fidelity[®] MSCI Industrials Index ETF

Return Before Taxes

Return After Taxes on Distributions

Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares

MSCI USA IMI Industrials Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)

S&P 500[®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www. fidelity.com. returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
30.68%	9.84%	10.53%
30.11%	9.37%	10.06%
18.52%	7.72%	8.37%
30.83%	9.96%	10.65%
31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund: Fidelity® MSCI Information Technology Index ETF **Investment Objective**

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating

(expenses that you p

Management fee Distribution and/or Service (12b-

Other expenses

Total annual operating

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 5% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

• Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the information technology sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

your investment)	None
ng Expenses pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
-1) fees	None
	0.000%
g expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Information Technology Industry Concentration. The information technology industries can be significantly affected by obsolescence of existing technology, short product cycles, falling prices and profits, competition from new market entrants, and general economic conditions. In addition, information technology

Mone

industries can be affected by the loss or impairment of intellectual property rights.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price*. The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• *Correlation to Index.* The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated

to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

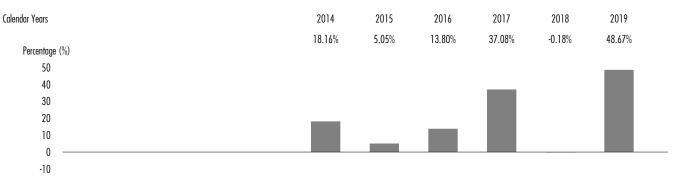
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart: Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Year-to-Date Keturn

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund $^{(\alpha)}$
Fidelity [®] MSCI Information Technology Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	48.67%	19.44%	20.01%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	48.25%	19.11%	19.67%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	29.04%	15.77%	16.52%
MSCI USA IMI Information Technology Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	48.84%	19.56%	20.13%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

Quarter ended

December 31, 2018

September 30, 2020

March 31, 2019

Returns 20.61%

-17.77%

28.26%

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

Fund Summary

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Materials Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating E

(expenses that you pay

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fee

Other expenses

Total annual operating exp

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the materials sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

invesiment)	None
Expenses reach year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
es	None
	0.000%
penses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

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27
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108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Materials Industry Concentration. The materials industries can be significantly affected by the level and volatility of commodity prices, the exchange value of the dollar, import and export controls, worldwide competition, liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources, and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control.

None

Fund Summary - continued

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

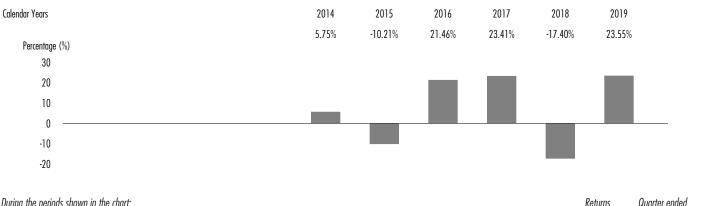
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart: Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

11.52%

-17.32%

1.65%

March 31, 2019

September 30, 2015

September 30, 2020

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Materials Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	23.55%	6.55%	7.28%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	22.96%	6.07%	6.80%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	14.31%	5.06%	5.69%
MSCI USA IMI Materials Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	23.78%	6.63%	7.36%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

Fund Summary - continued

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

The fund, the Adviser, Fidelity Distributors Company LLC (FDC), and/or their affiliates may pay intermediaries, which may include banks, broker-dealers, retirement plan sponsors, administrators, or service-providers (who may be affiliated with the Adviser or FDC), for the sale of fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing your intermediary and your investment professional to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your investment professional or visit your intermediary's web site for more information.

Fund Summary

Fund: Fidelity® MSCI Real Estate Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Management fee	0.084%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	None
Other expenses	0.001%
Total annual operating expenses ^(a)	0.085%

Fee Table

below.

^(a) For the period, acquired fund fees and expenses are less than 0.01% and are included in other expenses.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 9% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

• Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index, which represents the performance of the real estate sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that

are included in other expenses. fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay

other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example

\$	9
\$	27
\$	48
\$	109

collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

shares at the end of each time period indicated:

• *Stock Market Volatility.* Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• *Real Estate Industry Concentration.* Changes in real estate values or economic downturns can have a significant negative effect on issuers in the real estate industry. The value of securities of issuers in the real estate industry can be affected by changes in real

None

Fund Summary - continued

estate values and rental income, property taxes, interest rates, tax and regulatory requirements, and the management skill and creditworthiness of the issuer.

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price*. The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Ownership Limitation Risk.* The fund may be unable to purchase certain securities included in its underlying index because of limitations on ownership of certain securities, in particular Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs). The fund may experience increased tracking error in these circumstances.

• **Passive Management Risk**. The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities

included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

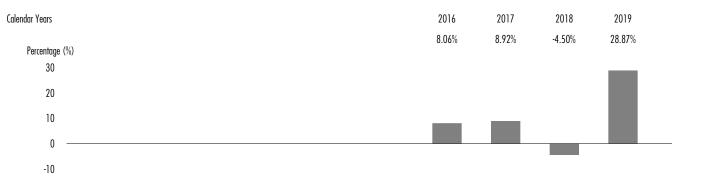
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart: Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity® MSCI Real Estate Index ETF		
Return Before Taxes	28.87%	7.05%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.26%	5.34%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	17.22%	4.66%
MSCI USA IMI Real Estate Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	28.98%	7.09%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	12.32%

^(a) From February 2, 2015

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since February 2015.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

Quarter ended

December 31, 2018

September 30, 2020

March 31, 2019

Returns 17.20%

-6.40%

-13.01%

Fund Summary - continued

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

The fund, the Adviser, Fidelity Distributors Company LLC (FDC), and/or their affiliates may pay intermediaries, which may include banks, broker-dealers, retirement plan sponsors, administrators, or service-providers (who may be affiliated with the Adviser or FDC), for the sale of fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing your intermediary and your investment professional to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your investment professional or visit your intermediary's web site for more information.

Fund Summary

Fund: Fidelity[®] MSCI Utilities Index ETF

Investment Objective

The fund seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index.

Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operat

(expenses that you

Management fee

Distribution and/or Service (1

Other expenses

Total annual operating expenses

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the

1 year 3 years 5 years 10 years

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 5% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

 Investing at least 80% of assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index, which represents the performance of the utilities sector in the U.S. equity market.

• Using a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, and sell shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.

m your investment)	None
iting Expenses ou pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
	0.084%
(12b-1) fees	None
	0.000%
ting expenses	0.084%

fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

9
27
47
108

characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Risks

 Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets and, as a result, stock market indexes, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

• Utilities Industry Concentration. The utilities industries can be significantly affected by government regulation, interest rate changes, financing difficulties, supply and demand of services or fuel, intense competition, natural resource conservation, and commodity price fluctuations.

Maria

Fund Summary - continued

• *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

• *Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price.* The net asset value per share (NAV) of the fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The fund's shares can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility or potential lack of an active trading market for the fund's shares may result in the fund's shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. In addition, in stressed market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

• Correlation to Index. The performance of the fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, sample selection, regulatory restrictions, and timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

• *Passive Management Risk.* The fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, the fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates

in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

• *Trading Issues.* There can be no assurance that an active trading market will be maintained. Market makers and Authorized Participants are not obligated to make a market in the fund's shares or to submit purchase and redemption orders for creation units. In addition, trading may be halted, for example, due to market conditions.

In addition, the fund is classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), which means that it has the ability to invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

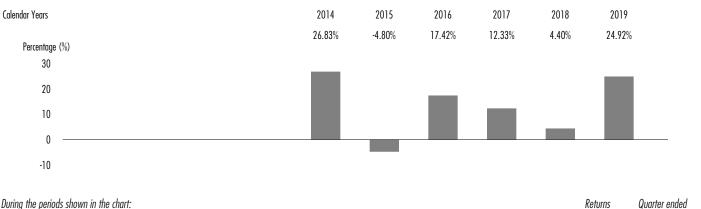
An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the "Additional Index Information" section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for more recent performance information.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the char Highest Quarter Return Lowest Quarter Return Year-to-Date Return

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement, such as an employee benefit plan (profit sharing, 401(k), or 403(b) plan). Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

15.18%

-6.31%

-7.65%

March 31, 2016

June 30, 2015

September 30, 2020

For the periods ended December 31, 2019	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of fund ^(a)
Fidelity [®] MSCI Utilities Index ETF			
Return Before Taxes	24.92%	10.37%	12.59%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	24.06%	9.50%	11.69%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.32%	8.05%	9.97%
MSCI USA IMI Utilities Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	25.10%	10.52%	12.75%
S&P 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	31.49%	11.70%	12.75%

^(a) From October 21, 2013

Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund's manager. BlackRock Fund Advisors (BFA) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Jennifer Hsui (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since October 2013.

Alan Mason (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since March 2016.

Rachel Aguirre (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Amy Whitelaw (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since August 2018.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares of the fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker or dealer at market price. These transactions, which do not involve the fund, are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day, rather than at NAV. Shares of the fund may trade at a price greater than the fund's NAV (premium) or less than the fund's NAV (discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling fund shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent

Fund Summary - continued

information, including information regarding the fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread, is available at www.fidelity.com.

Tax Information

Distributions you receive from the fund are subject to federal income tax and generally will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, and may also be subject to state or local taxes, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged retirement account (in which case you may be taxed later, upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

The fund, the Adviser, Fidelity Distributors Company LLC (FDC), and/or their affiliates may pay intermediaries, which may include banks, broker-dealers, retirement plan sponsors, administrators, or service-providers (who may be affiliated with the Adviser or FDC), for the sale of fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing your intermediary and your investment professional to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your investment professional or visit your intermediary's web site for more information.

Fund Basics

Investment Details

Investment Objective

Fidelity[®] MSCI Communication Services Index ETF seeks

to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the communication services sector according to the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS[®]). The GICS[®] communication services sector contains companies that provide interactive media and services including search engines, social media and networking platforms; companies that produce and sell entertainment and media such as movies, TV, cable, radio, internet and satellite companies; interactive gaming and home entertainment products and services; advertising; publishing and public relations companies; operators of fixed-line telecommunications networks and companies; providers of cellular or wireless communications services and equipment; and providers of communications and high-density data transmission services and equipment.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses,

generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index, which consists of securities of U.S. companies that are classified in the consumer discretionary sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] consumer discretionary sector encompasses those industries that tend to be the most sensitive to economic cycles. Its manufacturing segment includes automotive, household durable goods, textiles and apparel and leisure equipment. The services segment includes hotels, restaurants and other leisure facilities, media production and services, and consumer retailing and services.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the consumer staples sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] consumer staples sector comprises companies with businesses that are less sensitive to economic cycles.

Fund Basics – continued

It includes manufacturers and distributors of food, beverages and tobacco and producers of non-durable household goods and personal products. It also includes food and drug retailing companies as well as hypermarkets and consumer super centers.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Energy Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the energy sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] energy sector comprises companies principally engaged in the construction or provision of oil rigs, drilling equipment and other energy related service and equipment, including seismic data collection, and companies engaged in the exploration, production, marketing, refining and/or transportation of oil and gas products, coal and other consumable fuels.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index. The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Financials Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the financial sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] financial sector contains companies involved in activities such as banking, mortgage finance, including mortgage REITS, consumer finance, specialized finance, investment banking and brokerage, asset management and custody, corporate lending, insurance, and financial investment.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Health Care Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the health care sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] health care sector encompasses two main industry groups. The first group includes companies that manufacture health care equipment and supply or provide health care related services, including distributors of health care products, providers of basic health-care services, and owners and operators of health care facilities and organizations. The second group includes companies primarily involved in the research, development, production and marketing of pharmaceuticals and biotechnology products.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Industrials Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the industrial sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] industrials sector includes companies principally engaged in one of the following activities: the manufacture and distribution of capital goods, including aerospace and defense, construction, engineering and building products, electrical equipment and industrial machinery, the provision of commercial services and supplies, including printing, employment, environmental and office services and the provision of transportation services, including airlines, couriers, marine, road and rail and transportation infrastructure.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Information Technology Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the information technology sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] information technology sector covers the following general areas: technology software and services, including companies that primarily develop software in various fields such as the Internet, applications, systems, databases management and/or home entertainment, and companies that provide information technology consulting and services, as well as data processing and outsourced services; technology hardware and equipment, including manufacturers and distributors of communications equipment, computers and peripherals, electronic equipment and related instruments; and semiconductors and semiconductor equipment manufacturers.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index. BFA uses a

Fund Basics – continued

representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Information Technology 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity[®] **MSCI Materials Index ETF** seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the materials sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] materials sector encompasses a wide range of commodity-related manufacturing industries. Included in this sector are companies that manufacture chemicals, construction materials, glass, paper, forest products and related packaging products, and metals, minerals and mining companies, including producers of steel.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Materials 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Real Estate Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index, which consists of securities of U.S. companies from the parent MSCI USA IMI Index that are classified in the real estate sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] real estate sector encompasses companies that own, operate and develop real estate properties, including offices, hotels, malls, shopping centers, data centers, industrial properties, apartment buildings, hospitals, senior living facilities, self-storage facilities, and other real estate properties.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Real Estate 25/25 Index is concentrated.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Investment Objective

Fidelity® MSCI Utilities Index ETF seeks to provide investment returns that correspond, before fees and expenses, generally to the performance of the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index.

Principal Investment Strategies

BFA invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. The fund's underlying index is the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index, which consists of U.S. companies that are classified in the utilities sector according to the GICS[®]. The GICS[®] utilities sector encompasses companies considered to be electric, gas or water utilities, or companies that operate as independent producers and/or distributors of power.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index. BFA uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the fund. "Representative sampling" is an indexing strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the index. The securities selected are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the index.

The fund may not track the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses, transaction costs, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

The fund may concentrate its investments in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index is concentrated. In addition, the fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in relatively few companies. The fund is classified as non-diversified.

If BFA's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Description of Principal Security Types

Equity securities represent an ownership interest, or the right to acquire an ownership interest, in an issuer. Different types of equity securities provide different voting and dividend rights and priority in the event of the bankruptcy of the issuer. Equity securities include common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible securities, and warrants.

Principal Investment Risks

Many factors affect each fund's performance. Developments that disrupt global economies and financial markets, such as pandemics and epidemics, may magnify factors that affect a fund's performance. A fund's NAV changes daily based on changes in market conditions and interest rates and in response to other economic, political, or financial developments. A fund's reaction to these developments will be affected by the types of securities in which the fund invests, the financial condition, industry and economic sector, and geographic location of an issuer, and the fund's level of investment in the securities of that issuer. Because each fund's investments may be concentrated in a particular industry or group of related industries to approximately the same extent that the underlying index is concentrated, the fund's performance could depend heavily on the performance of that industry or group of industries and could be more volatile than the performance of less concentrated funds. In addition, because Fidelity[®] MSCI Communication Services Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Discretionary Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Energy Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Financials Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Health Care Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Information Technology Index ETF, Fidelity[®] MSCI Materials Index ETF, and Fidelity[®] MSCI Utilities Index ETF may invest a significant percentage of assets in a single issuer, the fund's performance could be closely tied to that one issuer and could be more volatile than the performance of more diversified funds. When you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you paid for them, which means that you could lose money by investing in a fund.

The following factors can significantly affect a fund's performance:

Stock Market Volatility. The value of equity securities fluctuates in response to issuer, political, market, and economic developments. Fluctuations, especially in foreign markets, can be dramatic over the short as well as long term, and different parts of the market, including different market sectors, and different types of equity securities can react differently to these developments. For example, stocks of companies in one sector can react differently from those in another, large cap stocks can react differently from small cap stocks, and "growth" stocks can react differently from "value" stocks. Issuer, political, or economic developments can affect a single issuer, issuers within an industry or economic sector or geographic region, or the market as a whole. Changes in the financial condition of a single issuer can impact the market as a whole. Terrorism and related geo-political risks have led, and may in the future lead, to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets generally.

Industry Concentration. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could significantly affect a single industry or group of related industries, and the securities of companies in that industry or group of industries could react similarly to these or other developments. In addition, from time to time, a small number of companies may represent a large portion of a single industry or group of related industries as a whole, and these companies can be sensitive to adverse economic, regulatory, or financial developments.

The *communication services* industries can be significantly affected by federal and state government regulation, intense competition, and obsolescence of existing technology. Many communication services companies compete for market share and can be impacted by competition from new market entrants, consumer and business confidence and spending, changes in consumer and business preferences, and general economic conditions. Certain communication services companies may be more susceptible than other companies to hacking and potential theft of proprietary or consumer information or disruptions in service, which could adversely affect their businesses.

The *consumer discretionary* industries can be significantly affected by the performance of the overall economy, interest rates,

Fund Basics - continued

competition, and consumer confidence. Success can depend heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and success of, consumer discretionary products.

The *consumer staples* industries can be significantly affected by demographic and product trends, competitive pricing, food fads, marketing campaigns, and environmental factors, as well as the performance of the overall economy, interest rates, consumer confidence, and the cost of commodities. Regulations and policies of various domestic and foreign governments affect agricultural products as well as other consumer staples.

The *energy* industries can be significantly affected by fluctuations in energy prices and supply and demand of energy fuels caused by geopolitical events, energy conservation, the success of exploration projects, weather or meteorological events, and tax and other government regulations.

The *financials* industries are subject to extensive government regulation which can limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, and the interest rates and fees they can charge. Profitability can be largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital and the rate of corporate and consumer debt defaults, and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. Financial difficulties of borrowers can negatively affect the financial services industries. Insurance companies can be subject to relatively rapid change as distinctions between financial service segments become increasingly blurred.

The *health care* industries are subject to government regulation and reimbursement rates, as well as government approval of products and services, which could have a significant effect on price and availability. Furthermore, the types of products or services produced or provided by health care companies quickly can become obsolete. In addition, pharmaceutical companies and other companies in the health care industries can be significantly affected by patent expirations as well as product liability claims.

The *industrials* industries can be significantly affected by general economic trends, including employment, economic growth, and interest rates, changes in consumer sentiment and spending, commodity prices, legislation, government regulation and spending, import controls, and worldwide competition. Companies in these industries also can be adversely affected by liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources, and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control.

The *information technology* industries can be significantly affected by obsolescence of existing technology, short product cycles, falling prices and profits, competition from new market entrants, and general economic conditions. In addition, information technology industries can be affected by the loss or impairment of intellectual property rights.

The *materials* industries can be significantly affected by the level and volatility of commodity prices, the exchange value of the dollar, import and export controls, and worldwide competition. At times, worldwide production of materials has exceeded demand as a result of over-building or economic downturns, which has led to commodity price declines and unit price reductions. Companies in these industries also can be adversely affected by liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources, and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control.

The *real estate* industry is particularly sensitive to economic downturns. The value of securities of issuers in the real estate industry, including REITs, can be affected by changes in real estate values and rental income, property taxes, interest rates, tax and regulatory requirements, and the management skill and creditworthiness of the issuer. In addition, the value of REITs can depend on the structure of and cash flow generated by the REIT, and REITs may not have diversified holdings. Because REITs are pooled investment vehicles that have expenses of their own, the fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of those expenses.

The *utilities* industries can be significantly affected by government regulation, interest rate changes, financing difficulties, supply and demand of services or fuel, changes in taxation, natural resource conservation, intense competition, and commodity price fluctuations.

Issuer-Specific Changes. Changes in the financial condition of an issuer or counterparty, changes in specific economic or political conditions that affect a particular type of security or issuer, and changes in general economic or political conditions can increase the risk of default by an issuer or counterparty, which can affect a security's or instrument's value. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers. Smaller issuers can have more limited product lines, markets, or financial resources.

Fluctuation of Net Asset Value and Share Price. The NAV of each fund's shares will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of each fund's holdings. Each fund's shares are listed on an exchange and can be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. The market prices of shares will fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV and supply and demand on the listing exchange. Although a share's market price is expected to approximate its NAV, it is possible that the market price and NAV will vary significantly. As a result, you may sustain losses if you pay more than the shares' NAV when you purchase shares, or receive less than the shares' NAV when you sell shares, in the secondary market. During periods of disruptions to creations and redemptions, the existence of extreme market volatility, or lack of an active trading market for a fund's shares, the market price of fund shares is more likely to differ significantly from the fund's NAV. During such periods, you may be unable to sell your shares or may incur significant losses if you sell your shares. There are various methods by which investors can purchase and sell shares and various orders that may be placed. Investors should consult their financial intermediary before purchasing or selling shares of a fund. Disruptions at market makers, Authorized Participants or market participants may also result in significant differences between the market price of a fund's shares and the fund's NAV. In addition, in stressed market conditions or

periods of market disruption or volatility, the market for shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the fund's underlying portfolio holdings.

The market price of shares during the trading day, like the price of any exchange-traded security, includes a "bid/ask" spread charged by the exchange specialist, market makers, or other participants that trade the particular security. In times of severe market disruption or volatility, the bid/ask spread can increase significantly. At those times, shares are most likely to be traded at a discount to NAV, and the discount is likely to be greatest when the price of shares is falling fastest, which may be the time that you most want to sell your shares. The Adviser expects that, under normal market conditions, large discounts or premiums to NAV will not be sustained in the long term because of arbitrage opportunities.

Correlation to Index. The performance of a fund and its underlying index may vary somewhat due to factors such as fees and expenses of the fund, transaction costs, imperfect correlation between the fund's securities and those in the index, timing differences associated with additions to and deletions from the index, and changes in the shares outstanding of the component securities. A fund may not be fully invested at times as a result of cash flows into the fund. The use of sampling techniques or futures or other derivative positions may affect a fund's ability to achieve close correlation with the index. In addition, the fund may not be able to invest in certain securities included in the index or invest in them in the exact proportions in which they are represented in the index due to regulatory restrictions. Errors in the construction or calculation of the index may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may have an adverse impact on the fund and its shareholders.

Passive Management Risk. An index fund is managed with a passive investment strategy, attempting to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities, regardless of the current or projected performance of the fund's index or of the actual securities included in the index. This differs from an actively managed fund, which typically seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, an index fund's performance could be lower than actively managed funds that may shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers. The structure and composition of an index fund's index will affect the performance. volatility, and risk of the index and, consequently, the performance, volatility, and risk of the fund. The fund may be concentrated to approximately the same extent that the fund's index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or group of industries.

Ownership Limitation Risk. Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF may be unable to purchase (or otherwise obtain economic exposure to) the desired amount of certain securities included in its underlying index because of limitations on ownership of these securities. These ownership limitations may result in increased tracking error for the fund. For example, REITs and certain other issuers may impose limits for tax or other reasons on the percentage of their

outstanding securities that any one investor may own. These limits may also be based on ownership of securities by multiple funds and accounts managed by the same investment adviser.

Trading Issues. Although shares are listed on an exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market or requirements to remain listed will be met or maintained. Only an Authorized Participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with a fund. A fund has a limited number of intermediaries that act as Authorized Participants. There are no obligations of market makers to make a market in a fund's shares or of Authorized Participants to submit purchase or redemption orders for Creation Units. Decisions by market makers or Authorized Participants to reduce their role with respect to market making or creation and redemption activities during times of market stress, or a decline in the number of Authorized Participants due to decisions to exit the business, bankruptcy, or other factors, could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying value of a fund's portfolio securities and the market price of fund shares. To the extent no other Authorized Participants are able to step forward to create or redeem, shares may trade at a discount to NAV and possibly face delisting. In addition, trading of shares in the secondary market may be halted, for example, due to activation of marketwide "circuit breakers." If trading halts or an unanticipated early closing of the listing exchange occurs, a shareholder may be unable to purchase or sell shares of a fund. FDC, the distributor of each fund's shares, does not maintain a secondary market in the shares.

If an index is discontinued or the Adviser's license with the sponsor of the index is terminated, the fund may substitute a different index or, alternatively, may liquidate the fund if the Board of Trustees deems it to be in the best interest of shareholders.

If a fund's shares are delisted from the listing exchange, the Adviser may seek to list the fund shares on another market, merge the fund with another exchange-traded fund or traditional mutual fund, or redeem the fund shares at NAV.

Shares of a fund, similar to shares of other issuers listed on a stock exchange, may be sold short and are therefore subject to the risk of increased volatility and price decreases associated with being sold short.

Other Investment Strategies

In addition to the principal investment strategies discussed above, BFA may lend a fund's securities to broker-dealers or other institutions to earn income for the fund.

BFA may also use various techniques, such as buying and selling futures contracts, options, and swaps, and exchange traded funds, to increase or decrease a fund's exposure to changing security prices or other factors that affect security values.

Shareholder Notice

Each fund has a policy of normally investing at least 80% of its assets in securities included in the fund's underlying index. This policy is subject to change only upon 60 days' prior notice to shareholders.

Valuing Shares

The fund is open for business each day that either the listing exchange or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) is open.

The NAV is the value of a single share. Fidelity normally calculates NAV as of the close of regular trading hours on the listing exchange or the NYSE, normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Each fund's assets normally are valued as of this time for the purpose of computing NAV. The prices at which creations and redemptions occur are based on the next calculation of NAV after a creation or redemption order is received in an acceptable form under the authorized participant agreement.

NAV is not calculated and a fund will not process purchase and redemption requests submitted on days when the fund is not open for business. The time at which shares are priced and until which purchase and redemption orders are accepted may be changed as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Shares of each fund may be purchased through a broker in the secondary market by individual investors at market prices which may vary throughout the day and may differ from NAV.

To the extent that a fund's assets are traded in other markets on days when the fund is not open for business, the value of the fund's assets may be affected on those days. In addition, trading in some of a fund's assets may not occur on days when the fund is open for business.

Shares of open-end funds in which each fund may invest (referred to as underlying funds) are valued at their respective NAVs. NAV is calculated using the values of any underlying funds in which it invests. Other assets are valued primarily on the basis of market quotations, official closing prices, or information furnished by a pricing service. Certain short-term securities are valued on the basis of amortized cost. If market quotations, official closing prices, or information furnished by a pricing service are not readily available or, in the Adviser's opinion, are deemed unreliable for a security, then that security will be fair valued in good faith by the Adviser in accordance with applicable fair value pricing policies. For example, if, in the Adviser's opinion, a security's value has been materially affected by events occurring before a fund's pricing time but after the close of the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded, then that security will be fair valued in good faith by the Adviser in accordance with applicable fair value pricing policies. Fair value pricing will be used for high yield debt securities when available pricing information is determined to be stale or for other reasons not to accurately reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is based on subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value of a security may differ materially from the value that would be realized if the security were sold.

Shareholder Information

Additional Information about the Purchase and Sale of Shares

As used in this prospectus, the term "shares" generally refers to the shares offered through this prospectus.

General Information Information on Fidelity

Fidelity Investments was established in 1946 to manage one of America's first mutual funds. Today, Fidelity is one of the world's largest providers of financial services.

In addition to its fund business, the company operates one of America's leading brokerage firms, Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC. Fidelity is also a leader in providing tax-advantaged retirement plans for individuals investing on their own or through their employer.

The Depository Trust Company (DTC) is a limited trust company and securities depository that facilitates the clearance and settlement of trades for its participating banks and broker-dealers. DTC has executed an agreement with FDC, each fund's distributor.

Buying and Selling Shares in the Secondary Market

Shares of each fund are listed and traded on an exchange, and individual fund shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through a broker. Each fund does not impose any minimum investment for shares of a fund purchased on an exchange. These transactions are made at market prices that may vary throughout the day and may be greater than a fund's NAV (premium) or less than a fund's NAV (discount). As a result, you may pay more than NAV when you purchase shares, and receive less than NAV when you sell shares, in the secondary market. If you buy or sell shares in the secondary market, you will generally incur customary brokerage commissions and charges. Due to such commissions and charges, frequent trading may detract significantly from investment returns.

Each fund is designed to offer investors an equity investment that can be bought and sold frequently in the secondary market without impact on a fund, and such trading activity is critical to ensuring that the market price of fund shares remains at or close to NAV. Accordingly, the Board of Trustees has not adopted policies and procedures designed to discourage excessive or short-term trading by these investors.

Each fund accommodates frequent purchases and redemptions of Creation Units by Authorized Participants and does not place a limit on purchases or redemptions of Creation Units by these investors. Each fund reserves the right, but does not have the obligation, to reject any purchase or redemption transaction at any time. In addition, each fund reserves the right to impose restrictions on disruptive, excessive, or short-term trading.

Precautionary Notes

• Note to Investment Companies. For purposes of the 1940 Act, shares are issued by a fund, and the acquisition of shares by investment companies is subject to the restrictions of Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act. Registered investment companies are permitted to

invest in a fund beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in an SEC exemptive order issued to FMR and its affiliates, including that such investment companies enter into an agreement with the fund.

• Note to Authorized Participants Regarding Continuous Offering. Certain legal risks may exist that are unique to Authorized Participants purchasing Creation Units directly from a fund. Because new Creation Units may be issued on an ongoing basis, at any point a "distribution," as such term is used in the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act), could be occurring. As a broker-dealer, certain activities that you perform may, depending on the circumstances, result in your being deemed a participant in a distribution, in a manner which could render you a statutory underwriter and subject you to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act.

For example, you may be deemed a statutory underwriter if you purchase Creation Units from a fund, break them down into individual fund shares, and sell such shares directly to customers, or if you choose to couple the creation of a supply of new fund shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for fund shares. A determination of whether a person is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act depends upon all of the facts and circumstances pertaining to that person's activities, and the examples mentioned here should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to a categorization as an underwriter.

Dealers who are not "underwriters" but are participating in a distribution (as opposed to engaging in ordinary secondary market transactions), and thus dealing with shares as part of an "unsold allotment" within the meaning of Section 4(a)(3)(C) of the Securities Act, will be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act.

This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act is not available in respect of such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act. As a result, you should note that dealers who are not underwriters but are participating in a distribution (as opposed to engaging in ordinary secondary market transactions) and thus dealing with the shares that are part of an overallotment within the meaning of Section 4(a)(3)(A) of the Securities Act would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act. Firms that incur a prospectus-delivery obligation with respect to shares of a fund are reminded that, under Rule 153 under the Securities Act, a prospectus delivery obligation under Section 5(b) (2) of the Securities Act owed to an exchange member in connection with a sale on an exchange is satisfied by the fact that the prospectus is available at the exchange upon request. The prospectus delivery mechanism provided in Rule 153 is only available with respect to transactions on an exchange. Certain affiliates of each fund may purchase and resell fund shares pursuant to this prospectus.

• Note to Secondary Market Investors. DTC, or its nominee, is the registered owner of all outstanding shares of a fund. The Adviser

Shareholder Information – continued

will not have any record of your ownership. Your ownership of shares will be shown on the records of DTC and the DTC participant broker through which you hold the shares. Your broker will provide you with account statements, confirmations of your purchases and sales, and tax information. Your broker will also be responsible for distributing income and capital gain distributions and for sending you shareholder reports and other information as may be required.

Costs Associated with Creations and Redemptions

The funds may impose a creation transaction fee and a redemption transaction fee to offset transfer and other transaction costs associated with the issuance and redemption of Creation Units of shares. Information about the procedures regarding creation and redemption of Creation Units and the applicable transaction fees is included in the statement of additional information (SAI).

Dividends and Capital Gain Distributions

Each fund earns dividends, interest, and other income from its investments, and distributes this income (less expenses) to shareholders as dividends. Each fund also realizes capital gains from its investments, and distributes these gains (less any losses) as capital gain distributions. If you purchased your shares in the secondary market, your broker is responsible for distributing the income and capital gain distributions to you.

Each fund normally pays dividends, if any, quarterly in March, June, September, and December and capital gain distributions in December.

Tax Consequences

As with any investment, your investment in a fund could have tax consequences for you. If you are not investing through a taxadvantaged retirement account, you should consider these tax consequences.

Taxes on Distributions

Distributions investors receive are subject to federal income tax, and may also be subject to state or local taxes.

For federal tax purposes, certain distributions, including dividends and distributions of short-term capital gains, are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while certain distributions, including distributions of long-term capital gains, are taxable to investors generally as capital gains. A percentage of certain distributions of dividends may qualify for taxation at long-term capital gains rates (provided certain holding period requirements are met).

If investors buy shares when a fund has realized but not yet distributed income or capital gains, they will be "buying a dividend" by paying the full price for the shares and then receiving a portion of the price back in the form of a taxable distribution.

Any taxable distributions investors receive will normally be taxable to them when they receive them.

Taxes on Transactions

Purchases and sales of shares, as well as purchases and redemptions of Creation Units, may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes.

Fund Services

Fund Management

Adviser

FMR. The Adviser is each fund's manager. The address of the Adviser is 245 Summer Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02210.

The Adviser began managing the funds on January 1, 2020. Prior to such date, affiliated investment advisers managed the funds.

As of January 1, 2020, the Adviser had approximately \$2.6 trillion in discretionary assets under management, and as of December 31, 2019, approximately \$3.2 trillion when combined with all of its affiliates' assets under management.

As the manager, the Adviser is responsible for handling each fund's business affairs.

Sub-Adviser(s)

The Adviser and the funds are seeking an exemptive order from the SEC that will permit the Adviser, subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees, to enter into new or amended sub-advisory agreements with one or more unaffiliated and affiliated sub-advisers without obtaining shareholder approval of such agreements. The funds' initial sole shareholder has approved the funds' use of this exemptive order once issued by the SEC and the funds and the Adviser intend to rely on the exemptive order when issued without seeking additional shareholder approval. Subject to oversight by the Board of Trustees, the Adviser has the ultimate responsibility to oversee the funds' sub-advisers and recommend their hiring, termination, and replacement. In the event the Board of Trustees approves a sub-advisory agreement with a new sub-adviser, shareholders will be provided with information about the new sub-adviser and sub-advisory agreement.

BFA, at 400 Howard Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, serves as a subadviser for each fund. BFA is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of BlackRock, Inc. BFA chooses each fund's investments and places orders to buy and sell each fund's investments.

As of September 30, 2020, BFA and its affiliates provided investment advisory services for assets in excess of \$7.81 trillion.

Portfolio Manager(s)

Rachel Aguirre, Jennifer Hsui, Alan Mason, and Amy Whitelaw are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of each fund. Each portfolio manager is responsible for various functions related to portfolio management, including, but not limited to, investing cash inflows, coordinating with members of his or her portfolio management team to focus on certain asset classes, implementing investment strategy, researching and reviewing investment strategy and overseeing members of his or her portfolio management team that have more limited responsibilities.

Rachel Aguirre has been with BFA since 2006, including her years with Barclays Global Investors ("BGI'), which merged with BFA in 2009. Ms. Aguirre has been employed by BFA or its affiliates as a portfolio manager since 2006 and has been a Portfolio Manager of each fund since 2018.

Jennifer Hsui has been employed by BFA as a senior portfolio manager since 2007. Prior to that, Ms. Hsui was a portfolio manager from 2006 to 2007 for BGFA. Ms. Hsui has been a Portfolio Manager of each fund, except Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF, since October 2013 and since February 2015 for Fidelity[®] MSCI Real Estate Index ETF.

Alan Mason has been employed by BFA as a portfolio manager since 1991. Mr. Mason has been a Portfolio Manager of each Fund since 2016.

Amy Whitelaw has been with BFA since 1999, including her years with BGI, which merged with BFA in 2009. Ms. Whitelaw has been employed by BFA or its affiliates as a portfolio manager since 2009 and has been a Portfolio Manager of each fund since 2018.

The SAI provides additional information about the compensation of, any other accounts managed by, and any fund shares held by the portfolio manager(s).

Advisory Fee(s)

Each fund pays a management fee to the Adviser. The management fee is calculated and paid to the Adviser every month. The Adviser pays all of the other expenses of each fund with limited exceptions.

Each fund's annual management fee rate is 0.084% of its average net assets.

The Adviser pays BFA for providing investment management services.

The basis for the Board of Trustees approving the management contract and sub-advisory agreement for each fund is available in each fund's semi-annual report for the fiscal period ended January 31, 2020.

From time to time, the Adviser or its affiliates may agree to reimburse or waive certain fund expenses while retaining the ability to be repaid if expenses fall below the specified limit prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Reimbursement or waiver arrangements can decrease expenses and boost performance.

Fund Distribution

FDC distributes each fund's shares.

Intermediaries may receive from the Adviser, FDC, and/or their affiliates compensation for providing recordkeeping and administrative services, as well as other retirement plan expenses, and compensation for services intended to result in the sale of fund shares. These payments are described in more detail in this section and in the SAI.

Distribution and Service Plan(s)

While each fund will not make direct payments for distribution or shareholder support services, each fund has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act with respect to its shares. Each Plan recognizes that the Adviser may use its management fee revenues, as well as its past profits or its

Fund Services - continued

resources from any other source, to pay FDC for expenses incurred in connection with providing services intended to result in the sale of shares of each fund and/or shareholder support services. The Adviser, directly or through FDC, may pay significant amounts to intermediaries that provide those services. Currently, the Board of Trustees of each fund has authorized such payments for shares of each fund.

If payments made by the Adviser to FDC or to intermediaries under a Distribution and Service Plan were considered to be paid out of a fund's assets on an ongoing basis, they might increase the cost of your investment and might cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

No dealer, sales representative, or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this prospectus and in the related SAI, in connection with the offer contained in this prospectus. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the funds or FDC. This prospectus and the related SAI do not constitute an offer by the funds or by FDC to sell shares of the funds to or to buy shares of the funds from any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer.

Other Service Providers

State Street Bank and Trust Company serves as each fund's transfer agent and custodian, and is located at One Heritage Drive, Floor 1, North Quincy, Massachusetts, 02171 and 1 Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts, 02111, respectively.

Appendix

Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights are intended to help you understand the financial history of fund shares for the past 5 years (or, if shorter, the period of operations). Certain information reflects financial results for a single share. The total returns in the table represent the rate

that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in shares (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The annual information has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with fund financial statements, is included in the annual report. Annual reports are available for free upon request.

Financial Highlights – Fidelity MSCI Communication Services Inc	lex ETF				
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 34.35</u>	<u>\$ 28.76</u>	\$ 32.62	<u>\$ 32.10</u>	<u>\$ 26.86</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	0.33	0.49	0.85	0.80	0.78
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	3.52	5.59	(2.43)	0.62	5.11
Total from investment operations.	3.85	6.08	(1.58)	1.42	5.89
Distributions from net investment income	(0.32)	(0.49)	(1.00)	(0.90)	(0.65)
Distributions from net realized gain			(1.28)		
Total distributions	(0.32)	(0.49)	(2.28)	(0.90)	(0.65)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 37.88</u>	<u>\$ 34.35</u>	<u>\$ 28.76</u>	<u>\$ 32.62</u>	<u>\$ 32.10</u>
Total Return	11.40%	21.33%	(5.14)%	4.58%	22.36%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁸					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	.96%	1.53%	2.81%	2.55%	2.74%
Supplemental Data	Ċ E77 700	¢ 27/200	Ċ 10E 104	Ċ 11E 010	Ċ 174.040
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 577,709 23%	\$ 374,389 82%	\$ 125,104 38%	\$ 115,818 27%	\$ 174,940 26%
	Z3/0	02/0	30/0	Z1 /0	20/0

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Appendix - continued

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Consumer Discretionary Ind	ex EIF Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data Net asset value, beginning of period Income from Investment Operations Net investment income (loss) ^A Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) Total from investment operations Distributions from net investment income Total distributions	\$ 46.25	\$ 43.32	\$ 36.06	\$ 31.99	\$ 32.06
	0.50	0.51	0.47	0.50	0.43
	<u>11.01</u>	2.96	7.20	4.07	(0.06)
	<u>11.51</u>	3.47	7.67	4.57	0.37
	(0.51)	(0.54)	(0.41)	(0.50)	(0.44)
	(0.51)	(0.54)	(0.41)	(0.50)	(0.44)
let asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 57.25</u>	<u>\$ 46.25</u>	<u>\$ 43.32</u>	<u>\$ 36.06</u>	<u>\$ 31.99</u>
	25.26%	8.15%	21.36%	14.41%	1.25%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ^B Expenses before reductions Expenses net of fee waivers, if any Expenses net of all reductions Net investment income (loss)	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
	1.06%	1.18%	1.16%	1.49%	1.41%
upplemental Data . Net assets, end of period (000 omitted) . Portfolio turnover rate ^{C,D}	\$881,589 60%	\$ 728,457 25%	\$ 628,129 5%	\$ 293,913 7%	\$ 262,322 5%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Consumer Staples Index ETF					
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 35.59</u>	<u>\$ 32.33</u>	<u>\$ 33.23</u>	<u>\$ 32.82</u>	<u>\$ 30.31</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	0.96	0.94	0.86	0.83	0.75
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	1.70	3.23	(0.88)	0.40	2.56
Total from investment operations	2.66	4.17	(0.02)	1.23	3.31
Distributions from net investment income	(0.96)	(0.91)	(0.88)	(0.82)	(0.80)
Total distributions	(0.96)	(0.91)	(0.88)	(0.82)	(0.80)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 37.29</u>	<u>\$ 35.59</u>	<u>\$ 32.33</u>	<u>\$ 33.23</u>	<u>\$ 32.82</u>
Total Return	7.74%	13.16%	(0.06)%	3.82%	11.18%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ^B					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	2.68%	2.83%	2.65%	2.56%	2.45%
Supplemental Data	· · · · · · · ·				
Net assets, end of period (OOO omitted)	\$ 678,649	\$ 548,070	\$ 311,970	\$ 312,349	\$ 285,504
Portfolio turnover rate ^{C,D}	34%	30%	24%	11%	10%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

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Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Energy Index ETF					
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 16.79</u>	<u>\$ 21.50</u>	<u>\$ 18.39</u>	<u>\$ 19.03</u>	<u>\$ 19.72</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	0.51	0.54	0.47	0.57	0.50
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(6.86)	(4.70)	3.22	(0.73)	(0.69)
Total from investment operations	(6.35)	(4.16)	3.69	(0.16)	(0.19)
Distributions from net investment income	(0.97)	(0.55)	(0.58)	(0.48)	(0.50)
Total distributions	(0.97)	(0.55)	(0.58)	(0.48)	(0.50)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 9.47</u>	\$ 16.79	<u>\$ 21.50</u>	<u>\$ 18.39</u>	<u>\$ 19.03</u>
Total Return	(39.28)%	(19.42)%	20.52%	(0.96)%	(0.75)%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ^B					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	4.18%	2.92%	2.40%	2.91%	2.74%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 449,325	\$ 467,628	\$ 634,157	\$ 431,311	\$ 430,039
Portfolio turnover rate ^{C,D}	17%	6%	5%	10%	19%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Financials Index ETF					
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 41.22</u>	<u>\$ 41.05</u>	<u>\$ 36.94</u>	<u>\$ 28.61</u>	<u>\$ 29.78</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	1.00	0.89	0.75	0.61	0.63
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(7.09)	0.18 ^B	4.11	8.28	(1.11)
Total from investment operations	(6.09)	1.07	4.86	8.89	(0.48)
Distributions from net investment income	(1.01)	(0.90)	(0.75)	(0.56)	(0.69)
Total distributions	(1.01)	(0.90)	(0.75)	(0.56)	(0.69)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 34.12</u>	<u>\$ 41.22</u>	<u>\$ 41.05</u>	<u>\$ 36.94</u>	<u>\$ 28.61</u>
Total Return	(14.78)%	2.80%	13.23%	31.31%	(1.49)%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁽					
Expenses before reductions.	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	2.61%	2.27%	1.88%	1.77%	2.29%
Supplemental Data	÷ 705 050	*		÷	*
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 725,059	\$ 1,143,858	\$ 1,574,375	\$ 921,679	\$ 237,490
Portfolio turnover rate ^{D, E}	6%	5%	5%	18%	8%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B The amount shown for a share outstanding does not correspond with the aggregate net gain (loss) on investments for the period due to the timing of share transactions in relation to fluctuating market values of the investments of a Fund.

^C Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^D Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

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Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Health Care Index ETF	V		V		W		V		N									
	July 31, 2020								Year ended July 31, 2020		Year ended July 31, 2019		Year ended July 31, 2018		Year ended July 31, 2017		Year ended July 31, 2016	
Selected Per-Share Data																		
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	44.43	\$ ·	43.72	\$	38.44	\$	35.67	<u>\$</u>	37.16								
Income from Investment Operations																		
Net investment income (loss) ^A		0.72		0.63		0.56		0.51		0.44								
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		7.88		1.01		5.29		2.76		(1.49)								
Total from investment operations		8.60		1.64		5.85		3.27		(1.05)								
Distributions from net investment income		(0.69)		(0.93)		(0.57)		(0.50)		(0.44)								
Total distributions		(0.69)		(0.93)		(0.57)		(0.50)		(0.44)								
Net asset value, end of period	\$	52.34	\$	44.43	\$	43.72	\$	38.44	<u>\$</u>	35.67								
Total Return		19.69%		3.84%		15.34%		9.30%		(2.73)%								
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁸																		
Expenses before reductions		.08%		.08%		.08%		.08%		.12%								
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any		.08%		.08%		.08%		.08%		.12%								
Expenses net of all reductions		.08%		.08%		.08%		.08%		.12%								
Net investment income (loss)		1.52%		1.43%		1.39%		1.45%		1.30%								
Supplemental Data																		
Net assets, end of period (OOO omitted)	\$ 2,0)15,266	\$ 1,55	7,252	\$1,	252,626	\$8	18,710	\$ 6	642,124								
Portfolio turnover rate ^{C, D}		7%		5%		8%		4%		9%								

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Industrials Index ETF					
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019	July 31, 2018	July 31, 2017	July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 40.04	\$ 39.51	<u>\$ 34.93</u>	<u>\$ 30.10</u>	<u>\$ 28.05</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	0.69	0.70	0.61	0.61	0.54
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(2.48)	<u>0.51^B</u>	4.62	4.79	2.04
Total from investment operations	(1.79)	1.21	5.23	5.40	2.58
Distributions from net investment income	(0.70)	(0.68)	(0.65)	(0.57)	(0.53)
Total distributions	(0.70)	(0.68)	(0.65)	(0.57)	(0.53)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 37.55</u>	<u>\$ 40.04</u>	<u>\$ 39.51</u>	<u>\$ 34.93</u>	<u>\$ 30.10</u>
Total Return	(4.34)%	3.23%	15.08%	18.08%	9.41%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁽					
Expenses before reductions.	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	1.80%	1.84%	1.61%	1.85%	1.94%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 347,297	\$ 454,471	\$ 499,824	\$ 354,586	\$ 158,049
Portfolio turnover rate ^{D,E}	4%	5%	5%	5%	11%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B The amount shown for a share outstanding does not correspond with the aggregate net gain (loss) on investments for the period due to the timing of share transactions in relation to fluctuating market values of the investments of a Fund.

^C Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^D Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

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Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Information Technology	v Index ETF				
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data Net asset value, beginning of period Income from Investment Operations Net investment income (loss) ^A Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) Total from investment operations Distributions from net investment income Total distributions	<u>\$ 64.53</u> 0.87 <u>22.70</u> <u>23.57</u> (0.85) (0.85)	<u>\$ 56.36</u> 0.70 <u>8.17</u> <u>8.87</u> (0.70) (0.70)	\$ 44.50 0.53 <u>11.85</u> <u>12.38</u> (0.52) (0.52)	\$ 34.93 0.48 9.54 10.02 (0.45) (0.45)	$ \begin{array}{r} \underline{\$} & \underline{32.69} \\ 0.46 \\ \underline{2.24^8} \\ \underline{2.70} \\ (0.46) \\ (0.46) \end{array} $
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 87.25</u>	<u>\$ 64.53</u>	<u>\$ 56.36</u>	<u>\$ 44.50</u>	<u>\$ 34.93</u>
Total Return	36.99%	15.94%	27.92%	28.86%	8.41% ^E
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁽					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	1.21%	1.22%	1.02%	1.19%	1.42%
Supplemental Data Net assets, end of period (000 omitted) Portfolio turnover rate ^{0,E}	\$ 4,288,256 5%	\$ 2,571,364 18%	\$ 2,223,254 4%	\$ 1,010,043 6%	\$ 431,391 5%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Amount includes a reimbursement from the investment advisor for an operational error which amounted to \$.01 per share. Excluding this reimbursement, the total return would have been 8.38%.

^C Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^D Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Financial Highlights – Fidelity MSCI Materials Index ETF					
	Year ended				
	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019	July 31, 2018	July 31, 2017	July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 32.63</u>	\$ 34.70	<u>\$ 31.63</u>	\$ 27.71	<u>\$ 25.91</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) $^{ m A}$	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.57	0.50
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	<u> </u>	(2.08)	3.09	3.87	1.83
Total from investment operations	0.95	(1.43)	3.64	4.44	2.33
Distributions from net investment income	(0.68)	(0.64)	(0.57)	(0.52)	(0.53)
Total distributions	(0.68)	(0.64)	(0.57)	(0.52)	(0.53)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 32.90</u>	<u>\$ 32.63</u>	<u>\$ 34.70</u>	<u>\$ 31.63</u>	<u>\$ 27.71</u>
Total Return	3.28%	(4.02)%	11.54%	16.17%	9.28%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁽					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.11%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.11%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.11%
Net investment income (loss)	2.08%	2.05%	1.60%	1.93%	2.00%
Supplemental Data	÷ 1/1/0/	ć 100.040	¢ 0/5 /00	ć 011 003	ć 100.005
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 164,486	\$ 199,043	\$ 265,428	\$ 211,931	\$ 123,325
Portfolio turnover rate ^{D,E}	3%	12%	10%	7%	9%

А Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

В The amount shown for a share outstanding does not correspond with the aggregate net gain (loss) on investments for the period due to the timing of share transactions in relation to fluctuating market values of the investments of a Fund.

С Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

D Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Appendix - continued

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Real Estate Index ETF					
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data	<u>\$ 26.58</u>	<u>\$ 24.69</u>	<u>\$ 24.53</u>	<u>\$ 25.83</u>	<u>\$ 22.55</u>
Income from Investment Operations	0.67 (2.13)	1.05 2.08	0.76 0.32	0.68	0.83 3.37
Total from investment operations	(1.46) (0.68)	<u>3.13</u> (1.24)	1.08	(0.44) (0.86)	4.20 (0.92)
Return of capital	(0.21)	(1.24)	(0.92)	(0.86)	(0.92)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 24.23</u> (5.27)%	<u>\$ 26.58</u> 13.19%	<u>\$ 24.69</u> 4.53%	<u>\$ 24.53</u> (1.53)%	<u>\$ 25.83</u> 19.29%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ⁸		.08%	.08%	.08%	.11%
Expenses before reductions. Expenses net of fee waivers, if any . Expenses net of all reductions	.08% .08% .08%	.08% .08%	.08% .08%	.08% .08%	.11% .11% .11%
Net investment income (loss)	2.62%	4.20%	3.15%	2.85%	3.55%
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 1,066,154 9%	\$ 844,003 10%	\$ 502,347 8%	\$ 392,538 17%	\$ 183,394 10%

^A Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^B Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

^C Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Financial Highlights — Fidelity MSCI Utilities Index ETF					
	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019	Year ended July 31, 2018	Year ended July 31, 2017	Year ended July 31, 2016
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 39.21</u>	<u>\$ 34.85</u>	\$ 34.64	\$ 33.57	<u>\$ 28.10</u>
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^A	1.23	1.16	1.10	1.06	0.98
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.09)	4.32	0.20	1.09	5.48
Total from investment operations	1.14	5.48	1.30	2.15	6.46
Distributions from net investment income	(1.24)	(1.12)	(1.09)	(1.08)	(0.99)
Total distributions	(1.24)	(1.12)	(1.09)	(1.08)	(0.99)
Net asset value, end of period	<u>\$ 39.11</u>	<u>\$ 39.21</u>	<u>\$ 34.85</u>	<u>\$ 34.64</u>	<u>\$ 33.57</u>
Total Return	3.13%	15.93%	3.83%	6.61%	23.56%
Ratios to Average Net Assets ^B					
Expenses before reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Expenses net of all reductions	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.12%
Net investment income (loss)	3.06%	3.11%	3.21%	3.22%	3.25%
Supplemental Data	Ċ 044.007	ć 700 100	ć 00/ 070	Ċ 077 140	ć 000 //0
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 844,807	\$ 733,190	\$ 336,273	\$ 277,149	\$ 283,669
Portfolio turnover rate ^{C,D}	5%	7%	6%	6%	9%

А Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

В Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the Fund. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or reductions from other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the Fund during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to the reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the Fund but do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the fund invests.

С Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying funds.

Additional Index Information

S&P 500[®] **Index** is a market capitalization-weighted index of 500 common stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation to represent U.S. equity performance.

MSCI USA IMI Communication Services 25/50 Index is a

modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Communication Services sector according to the GICS[®]. Prior to December 1, 2018, the index was named MSCI USA IMI Telecommunication Services 25/50 Index and had a different composition. Index returns shown for the periods prior to December 1, 2018 are attributable to the index's prior composition.

MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Consumer Discretionary sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Consumer Discretionary Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Consumer Discretionary sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Consumer Staples sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Consumer Staples Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Consumer Staples sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Energy 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Energy sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Energy Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Energy sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Financials 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Financials sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Financials Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Financials sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Health Care 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Health Care sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Health Care Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Health Care sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Industrials 25/25 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Industrials sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Industrials Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Industrials sector according to the GICS[®].

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MSCI USA IMI Real Estate Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Real Estate sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Utilities 25/50 Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index that captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Utilities sector according to the GICS[®].

MSCI USA IMI Utilities Index captures the large, mid cap and small cap segments of the U.S. market. All securities in the index are classified in the Utilities sector according to the GICS[®].

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Notes

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