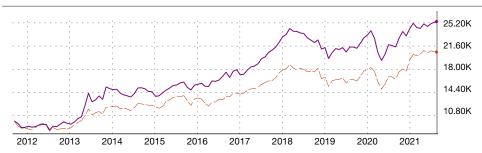
Fidelity

Fidelity[®] Japan Smaller Companies Fund (FJSCX)

NTF No Transaction Fee¹

Hypothetical Growth of \$10,000^{2,3} (7/31/2011-7/31/2021)





The performance data featured represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; therefore, you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted.

Performance ^{2,5,6}		Average Annual Total Returns				
Monthly (AS OF 7/31/2021)	YTD (Monthly)	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Life
Fidelity [®] Japan Smaller Companies Fund	1.24%	18.56%	4.17%	7.73%	9.80%	5.88%
Russell/Nom Mid Small Cap	-0.14%	22.62%	3.66%	7.27%	7.14%	3.72%
Japan Smaller Cos Blend	-0.14%	22.62%	3.66%	7.27%	7.14%	3.31%
Japan Stock	1.43%	24.46%	5.36%	8.97%	8.09%	
Rank in Morningstar Category		85%	75%	75%	29%	
# of Funds in Morningstar Category		35	32	27	21	
Quarter-End (AS OF 6/30/2021)						
Fidelity® Japan Smaller Companies Fund		16.77%	3.45%	8.38%	10.21%	5.88%

Calendar Year Returns^{2,5}

0.00 01 1	/01/2021)				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Fidelity [®]	Japan Sm 35.71%		panies Fu 21.94%		1.24%
Russell/N	lom Mid S 29.82%		16.47%	9.29%	-0.14%
Japan Sr	naller Cos 29.82%		16.47%	9.29%	-0.14%
Japan St		-15.07%	18.93%	11.30%	1.43%

Top 10 Holdings⁷

24.99%

CENTRAL AUTOMOTIVE PRODS LTD T&D HOLDINGS INC SK KAKEN CO LTD AMANO CORP

SUMITOMO CORP SUMITOMO MITSUI FINL GROUP INC ORIX CORP TOKIO MARINE HOLDINGS INC

UYEMURA (C) & CO NIPPON CONCEPT CORP INABA DENKISANGYO CO LTD

% of Total Portfolio: 24.99% 73 holdings as of 6/30/2021 72 issuers as of 6/30/2021

Investment Approach

- Fidelity[®] Japan Smaller Companies Fund is a country-focused equity strategy that seeks long-term growth of capital by investing primarily in the securities of Japanese issuers, and other investments that are tied economically to Japan, with smaller market capitalizations.
- Our investment approach is anchored by the philosophy that purchasing high-quality companies below their estimated fair value can generate excess return, and help manage risk, over a full market cycle.

Morningstar® Snapshot*4

 (AS OF 7/31/2021)

 Morningstar Category

 Japan Stock

 Risk of this Category

 Overall Rating

 Average Average

 Returns

 Low

 Low

 Avg

 High

 Expenses

*Data provided by Morningstar

Details

Fund Inception	11/1/1995
NAV on 7/31/2021	\$17.99
Exp Ratio (Gross) 12/30/2020	0.93%
Exp Ratio (Net) 12/30/2020	0.93%
Minimum to Invest	\$0.00
Turnover Rate 4/30/2021	31%
Portfolio Net Assets (\$M) 7/31/2021	\$507.90

Fund Manager(s)

Primary Manager: David A Jenkins (since 3/1/2014)

Volatility Measures

Beta 7/31/2021	0.83
R ² 7/31/2021	0.89
Sharpe Ratio 7/31/2021	0.21
Standard Deviation 7/31/2021	13.91

*** Fidelity**

Investment Approach (continued)

- We aim to identify and exploit mispricing of individual stocks in the Japanese market, where 75% of the companies lack any sell-side coverage.
- Specifically, we seek small-cap companies with stable returns on capital, durable competitive advantages, strong free cash flow and attractive reinvestment opportunities. We also favor firms with attractive shareholder remuneration policies, whether in the form of buybacks or dividend payments.

Asset Allocation^{7,8,9,10}

(AS OF 6/30/2021)

98.22% International Equities Cash & Net Other 1.78% Assets 0.00% Bonds **Domestic Equities** 0.00%

Regional Diversification⁷ (AS OF 6/30/2021)

98.82% Japan Cash & Net Other 1 18% Assets 0.00%

Other

Morningstar Ratings

(AS OF 7/31/2021) Morningstar Category: JAPAN STOCK

Overall	****	out of 32 funds
3 Yrs	*****	out of 32 funds
5 Yrs	****	out of 27 funds
10 Yrs	****	out of 21 funds

The Morningstar Rating[™] for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for funds with at least a three-year history. (Exchange-traded funds and open-end mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes.) It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a fund's monthly excess performance (excluding the effect of sales charges, if any), placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The top 10% of funds in each fund category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Major Market Sectors⁷ (AS OF 6/30/2021)

Industrials	25.64%
Consumer Discretionary	20.99%
Information Technology	15.39%
Materials	10.23%
Financials	9.64%
Communication Services	5.64%
Consumer Staples	4.37%
Health Care	2.84%
Energy	1.93%
Utilities	1.07%

Fund Overview

Objective

Seeks long-term growth of capital.

Strategy

Normally investing at least 80% of assets in securities of Japanese issuers, and other investments that are tied economically to Japan, with smaller market capitalization (companies with market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell/Nomura Mid-Small Cap Index or the Japanese Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations Index). Normally investing primarily in common stocks.

Risk

Stock markets, especially foreign markets, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Foreign securities are subject to interest rate, currency exchange rate, economic, and political risks. The risks are particularly significant for funds that focus on a single country or region. The securities of smaller, less well-known companies can be more volatile than those of larger companies.

Additional Disclosures

This description is only intended to provide a brief overview of the mutual fund. Read the fund's prospectus for more detailed information about the fund. The Russell/Nomura Mid-Small Cap Index¹¹ is a market capitalization-weighted index of common stocks domiciled in Japan that measures the performance of small and medium-sized companies representing approximately the bottom 50% of the total market capitalization of the investable Japanese securities. JASDAQ Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of all stocks listed on the JASDAQ market in Japan, except for the Bank of Japan. The JASDAQ market is geared to small and medium companies and excludes OTC Managed stocks.

Glossary Of Terms

Beta: A measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a benchmark index). The benchmark index has a beta of 1.0. A beta of more (less) than 1.0 indicates that a fund's historical returns have fluctuated more (less) than the benchmark index. Beta is a more reliable measure of volatility when used in combination with a high R² which indicates a high correlation between the

movements in a fund's returns and movements in a benchmark index.

Exp Ratio (Gross): Expense ratio is a measure of what it costs to operate an investment, expressed as a percentage of its assets, as a dollar amount, or in basis points. These are costs the investor pays through a reduction in the investment's rate of return. For a mutual fund, the gross expense ratio is the total annual fund or class operating expenses directly paid by the fund from the fund's most recent prospectus (before waivers or reimbursements). This ratio also includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, which are expenses indirectly incurred by a fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies. If the investment option is not a mutual fund, the expense ratio may be calculated using methodologies that differ from those used for mutual funds.

Exp Ratio (Net): Expense ratio is a measure of what it costs to operate an investment, expressed as a percentage of its assets, as a dollar amount, or in basis points. These are costs the investor pays through a reduction in the investment's rate of return. For a mutual fund, the net expense ratio is the total annual fund or class operating expenses directly paid by the fund from the fund's most recent prospectus, after any fee waiver and/or expense reimbursements that will reduce any fund operating expenses. This ratio also includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, which are expenses indirectly incurred by a fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies. This number does not include any fee waiver arrangement or expense reimbursement that may be terminated without agreement of the fund's board of trustees during the one-year period. If the investment option is not a mutual fund, the expense ratio may be calculated using methodologies that differ from those used for mutual funds.

Japan Smaller Cos Blend: Fidelity Japan Smaller Companies Fund Linked Index represents the performance of the Russell/Nomura Small Cap Index, from the commencement of Japan Smaller Companies Fund until December 31, 2008 and the Russell/Nomura Mid-Small Cap Index beginning January 1, 2009.

Net Asset Value (NAV): The dollar value of one mutual fund's share, excluding any sales charges or redemption fees. The NAV is calculated by subtracting liabilities from the value of a fund's total assets and dividing it by the number of fund's shares outstanding.

Portfolio Net Assets (\$M): The difference between a portfolio's total assets and liabilities, including all share classes of the fund.

R2: A measurement of how closely the portfolio's performance correlates with the performance of the fund's primary benchmark index or equivalent. R² is a proportion which ranges between 0.00 and 1.00. An R² of 1.00 indicates perfect correlation to the benchmark index, that is, all of the portfolio's fluctuations are explained by performance fluctuations of the index, while an R² of 0.00 indicates no correlation. Therefore, the lower the R², the more the fund's performance is affected by factors other than the market as measured by that benchmark index. An R² value of less than 0.5 indicates that the Annualized Alpha and Beta are not reliable performance statistics.

Russell/Nom Mid Small Cap: The Russell/Nomura Mid-Small Cap Index[™] is a market capitalization-weighted index of common stocks domiciled in Japan that measures the performance of small and medium-sized companies representing approximately the bottom 50% of the total market capitalization of the investable Japanese securities.

Sharpe Ratio - Arithmetic: The Sharpe ratio is a measure of historical risk-adjusted performance. It is calculated by dividing the fund's excess returns (the fund's average annual return for the period minus the 3-month "risk free" return rate) and dividing it by the standard deviation of the fund's returns. The higher the ratio, the better the fund's return per unit of risk. The three month "risk free" rate used is the 90-day Treasury Bill rate.

Standard Deviation: Statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted.

Turnover Rate: The lesser of amounts of purchases or sales of long-term portfolio securities divided by the monthly average value of long-term securities owned by the fund.

Important Information

Before investing, consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the fund or annuity and its investment options. Contact Fidelity for a free prospectus and, if available, summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully.

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1. No Transaction Fee Fidelity funds are available without paying a trading fee to Fidelity or a sales load to the fund. However, the fund may charge a short-term trading or redemption fee to protect the interests of long-term shareholders of the fund. Shares are subject to the fund's management and operating expenses. See Expenses & Fees for more information.

2. The Morningstar Category Average is the average return for the peer group based on the returns of each individual fund within the group, for the period shown. This average assumes reinvestment of dividends.

3. This chart illustrates the performance of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment made in this investment product (and a benchmark or category average, if shown) from the beginning date shown or on the inception date of the product (whichever is later). The inception date used for products with underlying funds, or multiple shares classes, or are offered as a separate account, strategy or sub account, may be the inception date of the underlying fund, the earliest share class of the product, or the date composite performance for the product was first made available. The product's returns may not reflect all its expenses. Any fees not reflected would lower the returns. Benchmark returns include reinvestment of capital gains and dividends, if any, but do not reflect any fees or expenses. It is not possible to invest in an index. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This chart is not intended to imply any future performance of the investment product.

4. Risk of this Category: Morningstar calculates these risk levels by looking at the Morningstar Risk of the funds in the Category over the previous 5-year period. Morningstar Risk is the difference between the Morningstar Return, based on fund total returns, and the Morningstar Risk Adjusted Return, based on fund total returns adjusted for performance volatility. The Category Risk Level is based on the equal weighted average Morningstar Risk of the funds in the category. Morningstar's Research Committee evaluates the Category Morningstar Risk and assigns the Category Risk Level after further qualitative judament.

Overall Rating: The Overall Morningstar Rating[™] for a fund is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its 3-, 5-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics, which are based on risk-adjusted returns, as of the date stated.

Returns: This rating is based on a fund's Morningstar Return (its annualized return in excess to the return of the 90-day U.S. Treasury bill over a three-, five-, or ten-year period). The Morningstar Returns in each category are then scored against each other on a bell curve. In each Morningstar Category:

- top 10% - High - next 22.5% - Above Average

- middle 35% - Average

- next 22.5% Below Average
- bottom 10% Low

Expenses: This Morningstar data point compares the fund's net expense ratio to the net expense ratio of all the other funds within its Morningstar Category grouping.

5. Total returns are historical and may include change in share value and reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, if any. Cumulative total returns are reported as of the period indicated. Life of fund figures are reported as of the commencement date to the period indicated and are cumulative if the fund is less than one year old. Total returns do not reflect the fund's [%] sales charge. If sales charges were included, total returns would have been lower.

6. Percent Rank in Category is the fund's total-return percentile rank relative to all funds that have the same Morningstar Category. The highest (or most favorable) percentile rank is 1 and the lowest (or least favorable) percentile rank is 100. The top-performing fund in a category will always receive a rank of 1. % Rank in Category is based on total returns which include reinvested dividends and capital gains, if any, and exclude sales charges. Multiple share classes of a fund have a common portfolio but impose different expense structures. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.



7. Any holdings, asset allocation, diversification breakdowns or other composition data shown are as of the date indicated and are subject to change at any time. They may not be representative of the fund's current or future investments. The Top Ten Holdings and Top 5 Issuers do not include money market instruments or futures contracts, if any. Depository receipts are normally combined with the underlying security. Some breakdowns may be intentionally limited to a particular asset class or other subset of the fund's entire portfolio, particularly in multi-asset class funds where the attributes of the equity and fixed income portions are different.

Under the asset allocation section, international (or foreign) assets may be reported differently depending on how an investment option reports its holdings. Some do not report international (or foreign) holdings here, but instead report them in a "Regional Diversification" section. Some report them in this section in addition to the equity, bond and other allocation shown. Others report international (or foreign) holding as a subset of the equity and bond allocations shown. If the allocation without the foreign component equals (or rounds to) 100%, then international (or foreign) is a subset of the equity and bond allocations shown.

Any remaining country allocations comprising less than one percent of the portfolio are combined in the OTHER category.

8. Net Other Assets can include fund receivables, fund payables, and offsets to other derivative positions, as well as certain assets that do not fall into any of the Portfolio Composition categories. Depending on the extent to which the fund invests in derivatives and the number of positions that are held for future settlement, Net Other Assets can be a negative number.

9. The percent of net assets invested in both domestic and foreign Equities (common stocks, preferred stocks, rights and warrants, convertible preferred stocks and stock index futures and options), Bond (all debt instruments, including investment grade, non-investment grade, non-rated securities and convertible bonds), and Cash & Net Other Assets (cash, repurchase agreements, receivables and payables).

10. "Tax-Advantaged Domiciles" represent countries whose tax policies may be favorable for company incorporation.



Report as of 8/25/2021