Victory Funds

Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund ("Fund")

Supplement dated May 17, 2021 to the Prospectus dated May 1, 2021 ("Prospectus")

The following supplements the section titled "Principal Investment Strategy" found on page 7 of the Prospectus:

Since August 21, 2020, the Fund typically invests in 30-40 companies that the Adviser believes will produce sustainable earnings growth over a multi-year horizon.

If you wish to obtain more information, please call the Victory Funds at 800-539-3863.

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR YOUR FUTURE REFERENCE.



May 1, 2021



Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund

Member Class RMOMX

Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund

Member Class RSMMX

As permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Victory Funds' shareholder reports may no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Victory Funds or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank. Instead, the reports will be made available on www.VictoryFunds.com, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report. If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change, and you need not take any action.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your reports. If you invest directly with the Victory Funds, you can call 800-539-3863 or send an e-mail request to TA.Processing@FISGlobal.com. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Victory Funds you hold directly or through your financial intermediary.

As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined whether this Prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

www.vcm.com 800-235-8396



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Investment Objective

The Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund (the "Fund") seeks to provide long-term capital growth.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay, directly or indirectly, to invest in the Fund. The annual fund operating expenses for the Fund are based on expenses incurred during the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
	Member Class
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the lower of purchase or sale price)	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.85%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	3.12%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.97%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	(2.92)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ¹	1.05%

¹ Victory Capital Management Inc., the Fund's investment adviser, ("Adviser") has contractually agreed to waive its management fee and/or reimburse expenses so that the total annual operating expenses (excluding certain items such as interest, taxes and brokerage commissions) do not exceed 1.05% of the Fund's Member Class shares through at least April 30, 2022. The Adviser is permitted to recoup advisory fees waived and expenses reimbursed for up to three years after the date of the waiver or reimbursement, subject to the lesser of any operating expense limits in effect at the time of: (a) the original waiver or expense reimbursement; or (b) the recoupment, after giving effect to the recoupment amount. This agreement may only be terminated by the Fund's Board of Trustees.

Example:

The following example is designed to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods shown and then sell or continue to hold all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The amounts shown reflect any fee waiver/expense reimbursement in place through its expiration date. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Member Class	\$107	\$941	\$1,792	\$3,998

Portfolio Turnover:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover will generally indicate higher transaction costs , resulting in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not

reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal period, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 92% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy

The Adviser pursues the Fund's investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its assets in securities of companies considered by the Adviser to be (at the time of purchase) mid-capitalization companies. The Fund principally invests in equity securities. The Fund typically invests in equity securities of U.S. companies but will also invest any portion of its assets in foreign securities, including depositary receipts such as American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs).

A company is considered to be a mid-capitalization company if it has a market capitalization of between \$1 billion and 120% of the market capitalization of the largest company included in the Russell Midcap[®] Index ("Index") (currently, approximately \$63.6 billion, based on the size of the largest company in the Index on March 31, 2021). The size of companies in the Index changes with market conditions and the composition of the Index.

The Adviser employs both fundamental analysis and quantitative screening in seeking to identify companies that it believes will produce sustainable earnings growth over a multi-year horizon. Investment candidates typically exhibit some or all of the following key criteria: strong organic revenue growth, expanding margins and profitability, innovative products or services, defensible competitive advantages, growing market share, and experienced management teams. Valuation is an integral part of the investment process and purchase decisions are based on the Adviser's expectation of the potential reward relative to risk of each security based in part on its proprietary earnings calculations.

The Adviser regularly reviews the Fund's investments and will sell securities when the Adviser believes the securities are no longer attractive because (1) of a deterioration in rank of the security in accordance with the Adviser's process, (2) of price appreciation, (3) of a change in the fundamental outlook of the company or (4) other investments available are considered to be more attractive.

As a result of the Adviser's investment process, the Fund's investments may be focused in one or more economic sectors from time to time, including the information technology sector.

The Adviser may from time to time generate portfolio turnover in excess of 100%.

Principal Risks

Equity Risk — The value of the equity securities in which the Fund invests may decline in response to developments affecting individual companies and/or general economic conditions in the United States or abroad. A company's earnings or dividends may not increase as expected (or may decline) because of poor management, competitive pressures, reliance on particular suppliers or geographical regions, labor problems or shortages, corporate restructurings, fraudulent disclosures, man-made or natural disasters, military confrontations or wars, terrorism, public health crises, or other events, conditions and factors. Price changes may be temporary or last for extended periods.

Stock Market Risk — Overall stock market risks may affect the value of the Fund. Domestic and international factors such as political events, war, trade disputes, interest rate levels and other fiscal and monetary policy changes, pandemics and other public health crises and related geopolitical events, as well as environmental disasters such as earthquakes, fires and floods, may add to instability in world economies and markets generally. The impact of these and other factors may be short-term or may last for extended periods.

Mid-Capitalization Stock Risk — Mid-sized companies may be subject to a number of risks not associated with larger, more established companies, potentially making their stock prices more volatile and increasing the risk of loss.

Foreign Securities Risk — Foreign securities (including depositary receipts) are subject to political, regulatory, and economic risks not present in domestic investments. Foreign securities could be affected by factors not present in the U.S., including expropriation, confiscation of property, and difficulties in enforcing contracts. Compared to U.S. companies, there generally is less publicly available information about foreign companies and there may be less governmental regulation and supervision of foreign companies. Foreign securities generally experience more volatility than their domestic counterparts. In addition, to the extent investments are made in a limited number of countries, events in those countries will have a more significant impact on the Fund. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies, currency exchange control regulations, and restrictions or prohibitions on the repatriation of foreign currencies may negatively affect an investment.

Sector Focus Risk — While the Fund reserves the right to dynamically allocate its assets across economic sectors, listed below are some of the risks associated with investments in the sectors in which the Fund has made significant investments as of the date of this Prospectus. Market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund's investments and could make the Fund's performance more volatile.

• Information Technology Risk — Information Technology companies tend to significantly rely on technological events or advances in their product development, production or operations and are particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technological product cycles, government regulation and competition.

Investment Style Risk — Different types of investment styles, for example growth or value, tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions. As a result, the Fund's performance may at times be worse than the performance of other mutual funds that invest more broadly or that have different investment styles.

Portfolio Turnover Risk — Higher portfolio turnover ratios resulting from additional purchases and sales of portfolio securities will generally result in higher transaction costs and Fund expenses and can lead to distribution of additional short-term capital gains to investors, which are taxed as ordinary income.

Management Risk — The portfolio managers may not execute the Fund's principal investment strategy effectively.

You may lose money by investing in the Fund. There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective. An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency.

By itself, the Fund does not constitute a complete investment plan and should be considered a long-term investment for investors who can afford to weather changes in the value of their investment.

Investment Performance

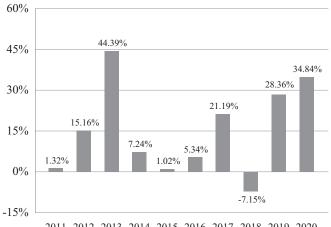
The bar chart and table that follow are intended to help you understand some of the risks of investing in the Fund.The information presented is for that of the Fund's Class Y shares (which are not offered by this prospectus). The bar chart shows you how the Fund's calendar year performance has varied over the past 10 years (or the life of the Fund if shorter). The table compares the average annual total returns of the Fund's Class Y shares over the same period to a broad measure of market performance. We assume reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

While no information is shown for the Member Class shares (because they do not yet have a full calendar year of performance), annual returns for Member Class shares would have been substantially similar to those shown here. Member Class shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses.

Performance information for the Fund's Class Y shares prior to July 30, 2016 reflects the historical performance of the Class Y shares of the RS Mid Cap Growth Fund, a series of RS Investment Trust (the predecessor to the Fund managed by RS Investment Management Co. LLC) (the "predecessor fund"). The Fund's performance has not been restated to reflect any differences in expenses paid by the predecessor fund and those paid by the Fund.

Calendar Year Returns for Class Y Shares

(The annual return in the bar chart is for the Fund's Class Y shares.)



2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

During the periods shown in the chart:	Returns	(Quarter end	led
Highest Quarter	30.91%		June 30, 202	20
Lowest Quarter	-19.77%	I	March 31, 20	020
Average Annual Total Returns (For the Periods Ended December 31, 2020)		1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS Y Before Taxes		34.84%	15.46%	14.12%
CLASS Y After Taxes on Distributions		33.61%	13.74%	13.26%
CLASS Y After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares		21.48%	11.55%	11.45%
Index				
Russell Midcap [®] Growth Index reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes.		35.59%	18.66%	15.04%

After-tax returns use the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the effect of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant if you own your Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for only one share class. The after-tax returns for other classes will vary.

Management of the Fund

Investment Adviser

Victory Capital Management Inc. ("Adviser") serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The portfolio managers primarily responsible for day-to-day management of the Fund are members of the Adviser's RS Investments investment franchise.

Investment Team

	Title	Tenure with the Fund
D. Scott Tracy, CFA	Chief Investment Officer	Since 2008
Stephen J. Bishop	Portfolio Manager	Since 2008
Melissa Chadwick-Dunn	Portfolio Manager	Since 2008
Christopher W. Clark, CFA	Portfolio Manager	Since 2014
Paul Leung, CFA	Portfolio Manager	Since 2018

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Investment Minimums	Member Class
Minimum Initial Investment	\$3,000
Minimum Subsequent Investments	\$ 50

You may redeem your shares on any day the Fund is open for business. Redemption requests may be made by telephone (with prior appropriate approval) or by mail.

When you buy and redeem shares, the Fund will price your transaction at the next-determined net asset value ("NAV") after the Fund receives your request in good order, which means that your request contains all the required documentation, and that all documents contain required signatures or signature guarantees from a financial institution.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable whether you receive them in cash, additional shares of the Fund or you reinvest them in shares of another Victory Fund, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Taxes may be imposed on withdrawals from tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the financial intermediary and its financial advisor to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Investment Objective

The Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund (the "Fund") seeks to provide long-term capital growth.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay, directly or indirectly, to invest in the Fund. The annual fund operating expenses for the Fund are based on expenses incurred during the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
	Member Class
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the lower of purchase or sale price)	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.75%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	3.16%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.91%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	(2.76)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ¹	1.15%

¹ Victory Capital Management Inc., the Fund's investment adviser, ("Adviser") has contractually agreed to waive its management fee and/or reimburse expenses so that the total annual operating expenses (excluding certain items such as interest, taxes and brokerage commissions) do not exceed 1.15% of the Fund's Member Class shares through at least April 30, 2022. The Adviser is permitted to recoup advisory fees waived and expenses reimbursed for up to three years after the date of the waiver or reimbursement, subject to the lesser of any operating expense limits in effect at the time of: (a) the original waiver or expense reimbursement; or (b) the recoupment, after giving effect to the recoupment amount. This agreement may only be terminated by the Fund's Board of Trustees.

Example:

The following example is designed to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods shown and then sell or continue to hold all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The amounts shown reflect any fee waiver/expense reimbursement in place through its expiration date. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Member Class	\$117	\$938	\$1,777	\$3,956

Portfolio Turnover:

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover will generally indicate higher transaction costs , resulting in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not

reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal period, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 157% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy

The Adviser pursues the Fund's investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of small-capitalization companies, which may include common stocks, preferred stocks, or other securities convertible into common stock. The Fund typically invests in equity securities of U.S. companies but may also invest any portion of its assets in foreign securities, including depositary receipts such as American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs).

The Adviser currently considers a company to be a small-capitalization company if its market capitalization (at the time of purchase) is less than \$3 billion or 120% of the market capitalization of the largest company included in the Russell 2000[®] Index ("Index") (currently, approximately \$21.9 billion, based on the size of the largest company in the Index on March 31, 2021), whichever is greater. The size of companies in the Index changes with market conditions and the composition of the Index.

The Adviser employs both fundamental analysis and quantitative screening in seeking to identify companies that the Adviser believes will produce sustainable earnings growth over a multi-year horizon. Investment candidates typically exhibit some or all of the following key criteria: strong organic revenue growth, expanding margins and profitability, innovative products or services, defensible competitive advantages, growing market share, and experienced management teams. The Adviser seeks to categorize each potential investment based on its view of a company's stage of development on a spectrum that identifies companies as promising, developing, or proven. Valuation is an integral part of the growth investment process. Purchase decisions are based on the Adviser's expectation of the potential reward relative to risk of each security based in part on the Adviser's proprietary earnings calculations.

The Adviser regularly reviews the Fund's investments and will sell securities when the Adviser believes the securities are no longer attractive because (1) of a deterioration in rank of the security in accordance with the Adviser's process, (2) of price appreciation, (3) of a change in the fundamental outlook of the company or (4) other investments available are considered to be more attractive.

As a result of the Adviser's investment process, the Fund's investments may be focused in one or more economic sectors from time to time, including the information technology sector.

Principal Risks

The Fund's investments are subject to the following principal risks:

Equity Risk — The value of the equity securities in which the Fund invests may decline in response to developments affecting individual companies and/or general economic conditions in the United States or abroad. A company's earnings or dividends may not increase as expected (or may decline) because of poor management, competitive pressures, reliance on particular suppliers or geographical regions, labor problems or shortages, corporate restructurings, fraudulent disclosures, man-made or natural disasters, military confrontations or wars, terrorism, public health crises, or other events, conditions and factors. Price changes may be temporary or last for extended periods.

Stock Market Risk — Overall stock market risks may affect the value of the Fund. Domestic and international factors such as political events, war, trade disputes, interest rate levels and other fiscal and monetary policy changes, pandemics and other public health crises and related geopolitical events, as well as environmental disasters such as earthquakes, fires and floods, may add to instability in world economies and markets generally. The impact of these and other factors may be short-term or may last for extended periods.

Small-Capitalization Stock Risk — Small-size capitalization companies are subject to a number of risks not associated with larger, more established companies, potentially making their stock prices more volatile and increasing the risk of loss. Smaller companies may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies.

Limited Portfolio Risk — To the extent the Fund invests its assets in a more limited number of issuers than many other mutual funds, a decline in the market value of a particular security may affect the Fund's value more than if the Fund invested in a larger number of issuers.

Foreign Securities Risk — Foreign securities (including depositary receipts) are subject to political, regulatory, and economic risks not present in domestic investments. Foreign securities could be affected by factors not present in the U.S., including expropriation, confiscation of property, and difficulties in enforcing contracts. Compared to U.S. companies, there generally is less publicly available information about foreign companies and there may be less governmental regulation and supervision of foreign companies. Foreign securities generally experience more volatility than their domestic counterparts. In addition, to the extent investments are made in a limited number of countries, events in those countries will have a more significant impact on the Fund. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies, currency exchange control regulations, and restrictions or prohibitions on the repatriation of foreign currencies may negatively affect an investment.

Sector Focus Risk — While the Fund reserves the right to dynamically allocate its assets across economic sectors, listed below are some of the risks associated with investments in the sectors in which the Fund has made significant investments as of the date of this Prospectus. Market or economic factors impacting those sectors could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund's investments and could make the Fund's performance more volatile.

• Information Technology Risk — Information Technology companies tend to significantly rely on technological events or advances in their product development, production or operations and are particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technological product cycles, government regulation and competition.

Liquidity Risk — Lack of a ready market or restrictions on resale may limit the ability of the Fund to dispose of certain holdings quickly or at prices that represent true market value in the judgment of the Adviser. In addition, the Fund, by itself or together with other accounts managed by the Adviser, may hold a position in a security that is large relative to the typical trading volume for that security, which can make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of the position at an advantageous time or price. Illiquid investments and relatively less liquid investments may also be difficult to value. Liquidity risk may also refer to the risk that the Fund may not be able to pay redemption proceeds within the allowable time period because of unusual market conditions, unusually high volume of redemptions, or other reasons. To meet redemption requests or to raise cash to pursue other investment opportunities, the Fund may be forced to sell securities at an unfavorable time and/or under unfavorable conditions, which may adversely affect the Fund.

Investment Style Risk — Different types of investment styles, for example growth or value, tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions. As a result, the Fund's performance may at times be worse than the performance of other mutual funds that invest more broadly or that have different investment styles.

Management Risk — The portfolio managers may not execute the Fund's principal investment strategy effectively.

You may lose money by investing in the Fund. There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective. An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency.

By itself, the Fund does not constitute a complete investment plan and should be considered a long-term investment for investors who can afford to weather changes in the value of their investment.

Investment Performance

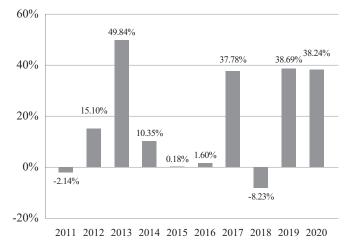
The bar chart and table that follow are intended to help you understand some of the risks of investing in the Fund. The information presented is for that of the Fund's Class Y shares (which are not offered by this prospectus). The bar chart shows you how the Fund's calendar year performance has varied over the past 10 years (or the life of the Fund if shorter). The table compares the average annual total returns of the Fund's Class Y shares over the same period to a broad measure of market performance. We assume reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

While no information is shown for the Member Class shares (because they do not yet have a full calendar year of performance), annual returns for Member Class shares would have been substantially similar to those shown here. Member Class shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses.

Performance information for the Fund's Class Y shares prior to July 30, 2016 reflects the historical performance of the Class Y shares of the RS Small Cap Equity Fund, a series of RS Investment Trust (the predecessor to the Fund managed by RS Investment Management Co. LLC) (the "predecessor fund"). The Fund's performance has not been restated to reflect any differences in expenses paid by the predecessor fund and those paid by the Fund.

Calendar Year Returns for Class Y Shares

(The annual return in the bar chart is for the Fund's Class Y shares.)



During the periods shown in the chart:	Returns	Quarter ended
Highest Quarter	35.62%	June 30, 2020
Lowest Quarter	-24.21%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns (For the Periods Ended December 31, 2020)	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS Y Before Taxes	38.24%	19.75%	16.47%
CLASS Y After Taxes on Distributions	32.28%	16.43%	12.99%
CLASS Y After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	26.65%	15.29%	12.61%
Index			
Russell 2000 [®] Growth Index reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes.	34.63%	16.36%	13.48%

After-tax returns use the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the effect of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant if you own your Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for only one share class. The after-tax returns for other classes will vary.

Management of the Fund

Investment Adviser

Victory Capital Management Inc. ("Adviser") serves as the Fund's investment adviser. The portfolio managers primarily responsible for day-to-day management of the Fund are members of the Adviser's RS Investments investment franchise.

Investment Team

	Title	Tenure with the Fund
D. Scott Tracy, CFA	Chief Investment Officer	Since 2009
Stephen J. Bishop	Portfolio Manager	Since 2009
Melissa Chadwick-Dunn	Portfolio Manager	Since 2009
Christopher W. Clark, CFA	Portfolio Manager	Since 2014
Paul Leung, CFA	Portfolio Manager	Since 2018

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The RS Small Cap Equity Fund is currently offered (by purchase or exchange) only to existing shareholders, employees of the Adviser and its affiliates and their family members, and to current and former Trustees of the Trust and their family members. The Victory Funds may impose additional limitations on the purchase of shares at any time in its discretion, and may waive or eliminate any limitation at any time without notice. Contact the Victory Funds for more information.

Investment Minimums	Member Class
Minimum Initial Investment	\$3,000
Minimum Subsequent Investments	\$ 50

You may redeem your shares on any day the Fund is open for business. Redemption requests may be made by telephone (with prior appropriate approval) or by mail.

When you buy and redeem shares, the Fund will price your transaction at the next-determined net asset value ("NAV") after the Fund receives your request in good order, which means that your request contains all the required documentation, and that all documents contain required signatures or signature guarantees from a financial institution.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable whether you receive them in cash, additional shares of the Fund or you reinvest them in shares of another Victory Fund, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Taxes may be imposed on withdrawals from tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the financial intermediary and its financial advisor to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Additional Fund Information

Victory Capital Management Inc., which we refer to as the "Adviser" throughout the Prospectus, manages each Fund.

Each Fund is managed by the Adviser, who also manages other funds, each having distinct investment management objectives, strategies, risks, and policies. Together, these funds are referred to in this Prospectus as the "Victory Funds" or, more simply, the "Funds."

The following section describes additional information about the principal investment strategy the Funds will use under normal market conditions to pursue their investment objective, as well as any secondary strategies the Funds may use, and the related risks. This Prospectus does not attempt to describe all of the various investment techniques and types of investments that the Adviser may use in managing the Funds. The SAI includes more information about the Funds, their investments, and the related risks. Under adverse, unstable or abnormal market conditions, a Fund may be unable to pursue or achieve its investment objective and, for temporary purposes, may invest some or all of its assets in a variety of instruments or assets, including high-quality fixed-income securities, cash and cash equivalents. For cash management purposes, each Fund may hold all or a portion of its assets in cash, short-term money market instruments or shares of other investment companies. This may reduce the benefit from any upswing in the market, cause a Fund to fail to meet its investment objective and increase a Fund's expenses.

Each Fund's investment objective and policy to invest at least 80% of its assets in the type of securities suggested by the Fund's name is non-fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval upon at least 60 days' written notice to shareholders. For purposes of a Fund's 80% investment policy, "assets" means the Fund's net assets plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, but exclusive of any collateral held from securities lending.

If you would like to receive additional copies of any materials, please call the Victory Funds at 800-235-8396 or please visit VictoryFunds.com. The following describes the types of securities each Fund may purchase under normal market conditions to achieve its principal investment strategy. The Funds will not necessarily buy all of the securities listed below.

U.S. Equity Securities

Can include common stock, preferred stock, and securities that are convertible or exchangeable into common stock of U.S. corporations.

Foreign Securities

Can include common stock and convertible preferred stock of non-U.S. corporations. Also may include American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs), which are receipts issued by a bank or trust company and evidence ownership of underlying securities issued by foreign corporations, and exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") that invest in foreign corporations.

The Adviser may use other types of investment strategies in pursuing each Fund's overall investment objective. The following describes the types of securities that the Adviser may purchase or investment techniques the Adviser may employ that are not considered to be a part of the Funds' principal investment strategies. Additional securities and techniques are described in the Funds' SAI.

Investment Companies

A Fund may invest in securities of other investment companies, including ETFs, if those companies invest in securities consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policies. ETFs are investment companies the shares of which are bought and sold on a securities exchange.

Securities Lending

To enhance the return on its portfolio, a Fund may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and financial institutions to realize additional income under guidelines adopted by the Board. Each loan will be secured continuously by collateral in the form of cash, securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities, letters of credit, and certificates of deposit.

The following provides additional information about the Funds' principal risks and supplements those risks discussed in each Fund's Fund Summary section of this Prospectus.

By matching your investment objective with an acceptable level of risk, you can create your own customized investment plan.

	Mid Cap Growth	Small Cap Equity
Equity Risk	Х	Х
Foreign Securities Risk	Х	Х
IPO Risk		Х
Investment Style Risk	Х	Х
Limited Portfolio Risk		Х
Liquidity Risk		Х
Management Risk	Х	Х
Portfolio Turnover Risk	Х	
Sector Focus Risk	Х	Х
Smaller-Company Stock Risk	Х	Х
Stock Market Risk	Х	Х

Equity Risk — The market prices of equity securities, which may include common stocks and other stock-related securities such as preferred stocks may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. The value of a security may decline for reasons that directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage, and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services or due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. Unlike debt securities, which have preference to a company's assets in case of liquidation, equity securities are entitled to the residual value after the company meets its other obligations. A Fund may continue to accept new subscriptions and to make additional investments in equity securities even under general market conditions that a Fund's investment team views as unfavorable for equity securities.

Foreign Securities Risk

- Foreign Investments Risk Foreign investments involve certain special risks. For example, compared to U.S. companies, there generally is less publicly available information about foreign companies and there may be less governmental regulation and supervision of foreign stock exchanges, brokers, and listed companies. Foreign issuers may not be subject to the uniform accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and practices prevalent in the U.S. Investments in foreign countries could be affected by factors not present in the U.S., including expropriation, confiscation of property, and difficulties in enforcing contracts. These factors can make foreign investments more volatile than U.S. investments. Investments in depositary receipts (such as ADRs and GDRs) may also involve additional risks associated with the non-uniform terms that apply to depositary receipt programs, credit exposure to the depository bank and to the sponsors and other parties with whom the depository bank establishes the programs, currency risk and the risk of an illiquid market for depositary receipts. Certain of these risks may also apply to some extent to U.S. investments that are denominated in foreign currencies and to investments in U.S. companies that have significant foreign operations.
- **Political Risk** Foreign securities markets may be more volatile than their counterparts in the U.S. Investments in foreign countries could be affected by factors not present in the U.S., including expropriation, confiscation of property, and difficulties in enforcing contracts.

Foreign settlement procedures may also involve additional risks, and foreign issuers can be impacted by changes to trade policies and trade disputes. These factors can make foreign investments more volatile than U.S. investments.

- Liquidity Risk Securities that trade less frequently or with lower trade volume can be more difficult or more costly to buy or sell than more liquid or active investments. Liquidity risk is a factor of the trading volume of a particular investment, as well as the size and liquidity of the entire local market. On the whole, foreign exchanges are smaller and less liquid than U.S. exchanges. See also Liquidity Risk.
- **Currency Risk** Fluctuations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies may negatively affect an investment. Adverse changes in exchange rates, currency exchange control regulations, and restrictions or prohibitions on the repatriation of foreign currencies may erode or reverse any gains produced by investments denominated in foreign currencies and may widen any losses.
- Legal Risk Legal remedies for investors in foreign countries may be more limited than the legal remedies available in the U.S.

IPO Risk — Investments in IPOs may result in increased transaction costs and expenses and the realization of short-term capital gains and distributions. In addition, in the period immediately following an IPO, investments may be subject to more extreme price volatility than that of other equity investments. A Fund may lose all or part of its investment if the companies making their IPOs fail and their product lines fail to achieve an adequate level of market recognition or acceptance. IPOs may not be available to a Fund at all times, and a Fund may not always invest in IPOs offered to it. Investments in IPOs may have a substantial beneficial effect on a Fund's investment performance. A Fund's investment return earned during a period of substantial investment in IPOs may not be sustained during other periods when the Fund makes more limited, or no, investments in IPOs.

Investment Style Risk — Different types of investment styles, for example growth or value, tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions. As a result, a Fund's performance may at times be worse than the performance of other mutual funds that invest more broadly or that have different investment styles.

Limited Portfolio Risk — A Fund may hold a smaller number of portfolio securities than many other mutual funds. To the extent a Fund invests in a relatively small number of issuers, a decline in the market value of a particular security held by the Fund may affect its value more than if it invested in a larger number of issuers.

Liquidity Risk — Liquidity risk exists when particular investments cannot be disposed of quickly in the normal course of business. The ability of the Fund to dispose of such securities or other instruments at advantageous prices may be greatly limited, and the Fund may have to continue to hold such securities or instruments during periods when the adviser would otherwise have sold them (in order, for example, to meet redemption requests or to take advantage of other investment opportunities). Adverse market or economic conditions independent of any specific adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer, including rising interest rates, may adversely affect the liquidity of the Fund's investments and may lead to increased redemptions. Some securities held by the Fund may be restricted as to resale, and there is often no ready market for such securities. In addition, the Fund, by itself or together with other accounts managed by the adviser, may hold a position in a security that is large relative to the typical trading volume for that security, which can make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of the position at an advantageous time or price. It may also be the case that other market participants may be attempting to liquidate a security of a particular issuer or type of issuer at the same time as the Fund is attempting to liquidate such security, causing increased supply in the market and contributing to liquidity risk and downward pricing pressure. Market values for illiquid securities may not be readily available, and there can be no assurance that any fair value assigned to an illiquid

Risk Factors

security at any time will accurately reflect the price the Fund might receive upon the sale of that security. It is possible that, during periods of extreme market volatility or unusually high and unanticipated levels of redemptions, the Fund may be forced to sell large amounts of securities more quickly than it normally would in the ordinary course of business. In such cases the sale proceeds received by the Fund may be substantially less than if the Fund had been able to sell the securities in more-orderly transactions, and the sale price may be substantially lower than the price previously used by the Fund to value the securities for purposes of determining the Fund's net asset value ("NAV").

Management Risk — The investment process used by the investment team may produce incorrect judgments about the value of a particular asset or the team may implement its investment strategy in a way that may not produce the desired results.

Portfolio Turnover Risk — Portfolio turnover generally involves a number of direct and indirect costs and expenses to a Fund, including, for example, dealer mark-ups and bid/asked spreads and transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestment in other securities. Such costs are not reflected in the Funds' Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses set forth under "Fees and Expenses" but do have the effect of reducing a Fund's investment return. Such sales may result in the realization of taxable capital gains, including short-term capital gains, which are generally taxed to shareholders at ordinary income tax rates.

Sector Focus Risk — While the Fund reserves the right to dynamically allocate its assets across economic sectors, the Fund may make significant investments in one or more sectors, each of which entails associated risks. Additionally, the Fund's performance may be more volatile when the Fund's investments are focused in a particular sector. Since benchmark sector weights influence the Fund's sector exposure, the Fund may tend to be more heavily weighted in companies in those sectors included in the benchmark.

- **Consumer Discretionary Risk** Companies in the consumer discretionary sector are subject to the performance of the overall international economy, interest rates, competition and consumer confidence. Success depends heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending. Also, companies in the consumer discretionary sector may be subject to severe competition, which may have an adverse impact on their profitability. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and success of, consumer products and services in the marketplace.
- Energy Risk Energy companies develop and produce oil, gas and consumable fuels and provide drilling and other energy resources production and distribution related services. Stock prices for these types of companies are affected by supply and demand, exploration and production spending, world events and economic conditions, swift price and supply fluctuations, energy conservation, the success of exploration projects, liabilities for environmental damage and general civil liabilities and tax and other governmental regulatory policies. Weak demand for energy companies' products or services or for energy products and services in general, as well as negative developments in these other areas, including natural disasters or terrorist attacks, would adversely impact the Fund's performance.
- Financials Risk A Fund's investments in companies within the financials sector means that market or economic factors impacting that sector could have a significant effect on the value of a Fund's investments and could make a Fund's performance more volatile. Financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation, which may limit both the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments they can make, the interest rates and fees they can charge, the scope of their activities, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. Profitability is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds and can fluctuate significantly when interest rates change or due to increased competition. In addition, deterioration of the credit markets generally may cause an

adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of borrowers and financial losses associated with investment activities can negatively impact the sector. Insurance companies may be subject to severe price competition. Adverse economic, business or political developments could adversely affect financial institutions engaged in mortgage finance or other lending or investing activities directly or indirectly connected to the value of real estate.

- Healthcare Risk To the extent the Fund focuses on the healthcare sector, the Fund may be more susceptible to the particular risks that may affect companies in the healthcare sector than if it were invested in a wider variety of companies in unrelated sectors. The profitability of companies in the healthcare sector may be adversely affected by the following factors, among others: extensive government regulations, restrictions on government reimbursement for medical expenses, rising costs of medical products and services, pricing pressure, an increased emphasis on outpatient services, changes in the demand for medical products and services, a limited number of products, industry innovation, changes in technologies and other market developments. A number of issuers in the healthcare sector have recently merged or otherwise experienced consolidation. The effects of this trend toward consolidation are unknown and may be far-reaching. Many healthcare companies are heavily dependent on patent protection. The expiration of a company's patents may adversely affect that company's profitability. Many healthcare companies are subject to extensive litigation based on product liability and similar claims. Healthcare companies are subject to competitive forces that may make it difficult to raise prices and, in fact, may result in price discounting. Many new products in the healthcare sector may be subject to regulatory approvals. The process of obtaining such approvals may be long and costly, and such efforts ultimately may be unsuccessful. Companies in the healthcare sector may be thinly capitalized and may be susceptible to product obsolescence. In addition, a number of legislative proposals concerning healthcare have been considered by the U.S. Congress in recent years. It is unclear what proposals will ultimately be enacted, if any, and what effect they may have on companies in the healthcare sector.
- Information Technology Risk Information technology companies tend to significantly rely on technological events or advances in their product development, production or operations and are particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technological product cycles, government regulation and competition. Information technology companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources and fewer experienced management or marketing personnel. Information technology company stocks, especially those which are internet-related, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that are often unrelated to their operating performance.
- **Producer Durables Risk** Many companies in the producer durables sector convert unfinished goods into finished durables used to manufacture other goods or provide services, including electrical equipment and components, industrial products, manufactured housing and telecommunications equipment. General risks of these companies include intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity, consumer demand and spending trends and the general state of the economy. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

Smaller-Company Stock Risk — Small- or mid-sized companies often have more limited managerial and financial resources than larger, more established companies and, therefore, may be more susceptible to market downturns or changing economic conditions. In addition, such companies may have been recently organized and have little or no track record of success. Also, the Adviser may not

Risk Factors

have had an opportunity to evaluate such newer companies' performance in adverse or fluctuating market conditions. The securities of smaller-sized companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volume than more widely held securities. Prices of small- or mid-sized companies tend to be more volatile than those of larger companies and small- or mid-sized issuers may be subject to greater degrees of changes in their earnings and prospects. Since smaller company stocks typically have narrower markets and are traded in lower volumes than larger company stocks, they may be often more difficult to purchase and sell.

Stock Market Risk — Stock market risk refers to the fact that stock (equity securities) prices typically fluctuate more than the values of other types of securities, typically in response to changes in the particular company's financial condition and factors affecting the market in general. Over time, the stock market tends to move in cycles, with periods when stock prices rise, and periods when stock prices decline. A slower-growth or recessionary economic environment could have an adverse effect on stock prices. Consequently, a broad-based market drop may also cause a stock's price to fall. Portfolio securities may also decline in value due to factors affecting securities markets generally, such as real or perceived adverse economic, political or regulatory conditions, inflation, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment, or due to factors affecting particular industries represented in the securities markets, such as competitive conditions. Changes in the financial condition of a single issuer can impact a market as a whole, and adverse market conditions may be prolonged and may not have the same impact on all types of securities. In addition, the markets may not favor a particular kind of security, including equity securities. Values of securities may fall due to factors affecting a particular issuer, industry or the securities market as a whole.

Market turmoil may be reflected in perceptions of economic uncertainty, price volatility in the equity and debt markets, and fluctuating trading liquidity. In response, governments may adopt a variety of fiscal and monetary policy changes, including but not limited to, direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs, and lower interest rates. These policies may not be successful and any unexpected or quick reversal of these policies could increase volatility in the equity and debt markets. Market conditions and economic risks could have a significant effect on domestic and international economies and could add significantly to the risks of increased volatility and decreased liquidity for a Fund's portfolio.

- Geopolitical/Natural Disaster Risk Global economies and financial markets are increasingly interconnected, which increases the possibilities that conditions in one country or region might adversely affect issuers in another country or region. Geopolitical and other risks, including war, terrorism, trade disputes, political or economic dysfunction within some nations, public health crises and related geopolitical events, as well as environmental disasters such as earthquakes, fires and floods, may add to instability in world economies and markets generally. Changes in trade policies and international trade agreements could affect the economies of many countries in unpredictable ways. Epidemics and/or pandemics, such as the coronavirus (or COVID-19), may result in, among other things, closing borders, disruptions to healthcare service preparation and delivery, quarantines, cancellations, disruptions to supply chains and consumer activity, as well as general concern and uncertainty. The impact may last for extended periods.
- Information Technology and Operational Risk Markets and market participants are increasingly reliant upon both publicly available and proprietary information data systems. Data imprecision, software or other technology malfunctions, programming inaccuracies, unauthorized use or access, and similar circumstances may impair the performance of these systems and may have an adverse impact upon a single issuer, a group of issuers, or the market at large. The information technology and other operational systems upon which a Fund's service providers rely may be subject to cyber attack or other technological disruptions, and could otherwise disrupt the ability of these service providers to perform essential tasks for

a Fund. In certain cases, an exchange or market may close or issue trading halts on either specific securities or even the entire market, which may result in a Fund being, among other things, unable to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments or accurately price its investments.

The Adviser may use several types of investment strategies in pursuing the Fund's overall investment objective. The following risks are those that the Adviser does not consider to be principal risks of the Funds. Additional risks are included in the Funds' SAI.

Investment Company Risk— The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective may be directly related to the ability of other investment companies (including ETFs) held by the Fund to meet their investment objectives. In addition, shareholders of the Fund will indirectly bear the fees and expenses of the underlying investment companies. Lack of liquidity in an ETF could result in an ETF being more volatile than the underlying portfolio of securities.

Securities Lending Risk — The risk in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consists of the possibility of loss to a Fund due to (1) the inability of the borrower to return the securities, (2) a delay in receiving additional collateral to adequately cover any fluctuations in the value of securities on loan, (3) a delay in recovery of the securities, or (4) the loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower fail financially. These events could trigger adverse tax consequences for a Fund. In addition, a Fund is responsible for any loss that might result from its investment of the borrower's collateral. In determining whether to lend securities, the Adviser or a Fund's securities lending agent will consider relevant facts and circumstances, including the creditworthiness of the borrower.

An investment in the Fund is not a complete investment program.

The following example is intended to help you assess the impact of the operating expenses of the Fund on the Fund's potential returns. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for a 10-year period, and that your investment earns a 5% return each year. The example reflects the impact of sales loads and the impact of any fee waiver/expense reimbursement agreement in place for the Fund through its expiration date, as detailed in the Annual Fund Operating Expenses table of the Fund. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

Based on these assumptions, the following table shows, for each year and cumulatively for all 10 years (1) the fees and the costs (the "Expenses") associated with your investment and (2) the difference (the "Impact on Return") between your return if the Fund had not incurred the Expenses and your return after giving effect to the Expenses.

Example of the Impact of Annual Fund Operating Expenses on Fund Returns (based on a \$10,000 investment and a 5% annual return)

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Cumulative 10-Year
Victory RS Mid Cap Growth	n Fund										
Member Class Shares											
Expenses	\$107	\$415	\$419	\$423	\$428	\$432	\$437	\$441	\$446	\$450	\$3,998
Impact on Return	\$105	\$418	\$443	\$470	\$497	\$527	\$557	\$590	\$624	\$659	\$4,890

Organization and Management of the Funds

The Funds' Board of Trustees has the overall responsibility for overseeing the management of each Fund.

The Investment Adviser

The Adviser serves as the investment adviser to each of the Victory Funds pursuant to an investment management agreement. The Adviser oversees the operations of the Funds according to investment policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees. The Adviser is a New York corporation that is registered as an investment adviser with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). As of March 31, 2021, the Adviser managed and advised assets totaling in excess of \$154.3 billion for individual and institutional clients. The Adviser's principal address is 15935 La Cantera Parkway, San Antonio, TX 78256.

The Adviser is a diversified global asset manager comprised of multiple investment teams, referred to as investment franchises, each of which utilizes an independent approach to investing. RS Investments, a Victory Capital investment franchise, is responsible for the day-to-day investment management of the Funds.

Advisory fees to be paid annually, before waivers, will be equal to the following:

Fund	Advisory Fee
Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund	0.85%
Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund	0.75%

See "Fund Fees and Expenses" for information about any contractual agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses with respect to a Fund. From time to time, the Adviser also may voluntarily waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in amounts exceeding those required to be waived or reimbursed under any contractual agreement that may be in place with respect to a Fund.

A discussion of the Board's most recent considerations in approving the Advisory Agreement is included in each Fund's annual report for the period ended December 31.

Portfolio Management

Stephen J. Bishop has been a member of the RS Growth team since 1996 and has been with the Adviser since 2016. Mr. Bishop has been a co-portfolio manager and analyst of **Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2008, **Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2009. From 1996 to 2016, Mr. Bishop was a research analyst primarily covering the technology sector with RS Investment Management Co. LLC, which was acquired by the Adviser in 2016. Prior to joining RS Investments, he worked as an analyst in the corporate finance department of Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc., for two years.

Melissa Chadwick-Dunn has been a member of the RS Growth team since 2001. She has been a co-portfolio manager and analyst of **Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2008 and **Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2009. From 2001 to 2016, she was an investment professional with RS Investment Management Co. LLC, which was acquired by the Adviser in 2016. Before joining RS Investments, she was an equity analyst at Putnam Investments for two years, covering international small-cap stocks. Prior to that, she spent four years in investment banking, working on corporate finance and mergers-and-acquisition transactions for Lehman Brothers and McDaniels S.A.

Christopher W. Clark has been a co-portfolio manager of **Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund** and **Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund** (including their predecessor funds) since 2014. From 2007 to 2016, he was an analyst with RS Investment Management Co. LLC, which was acquired by the Adviser in 2016. Before joining RS Investments, he was a research associate at TIAA-CREF for three years,

where he focused on global portfolio management and the health care sector. Prior to that, he was a research assistant at Dresdner RCM Global Investors for three years. Mr. Clark is a CFA charterholder.

Paul Leung has been a co-portfolio manager of **Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund** and **Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund** since May 2018. Mr Leung has been an analyst with the RS Growth team since 2012. Mr. Leung joined the Adviser in 2016 in connection with the Adviser's acquisition of RS Investments. Prior to that, he worked as a senior investment analyst at Ashfield Capital Partners where he focused on the technology sector. Previously, he held research and financial analyst positions at Sterling Johnston Capital Management, from 2002 to 2010, and Citigroup, from 1999 to 2001. Mr. Leung is a CFA charterholder.

D. Scott Tracy is the Chief Investment Officer of the RS Growth team and has been a co-portfolio manager and analyst of **Victory RS Mid Cap Growth Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2008, and **Victory RS Small Cap Equity Fund** (including its predecessor fund) since 2009. From 2001 to 2016, he was with RS Investment Management Co. LLC, which was acquired by the Adviser in 2016. Before joining RS Investments, he spent three years at Shoreline Investment Management, the in-house asset management arm of Hewlett-Packard, where his research focus included technology and industrial companies. He has also served as an equity analyst at Montgomery Securities. Mr. Tracy is a CFA charterholder.

The Funds' SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' method of compensation, other accounts they manage and any ownership interests they may have in the Funds.

Investing with the Victory Funds

All you need to do to get started is to fill out an application.

If you are looking for a convenient way to open an account or to add money to an existing account, we can help. The sections that follow will serve as a guide to your investments with the Victory Funds. The following sections describe how to open an account, how to access information about your account, and how to buy, exchange, and sell shares of a Victory Fund.

Only Member Class shares are offered in this Prospectus. Member Class shares are available for purchase only by eligible shareholders. The Funds offer other share classes in different prospectuses.

We want to make it simple for you to do business with us. If you have questions about any of this information, please call your Investment Professional or one of our customer service representatives at 800-235-8396. They will be happy to assist you.

An Investment Professional is an investment consultant, salesperson, financial planner, investment adviser, or trust officer who provides you with investment information. Your Investment Professional also can help you decide which share class is best for you. Investment Professionals and other intermediaries may charge fees for their services. The daily NAV is useful to you as a shareholder because the NAV, multiplied by the number of Fund shares you own, gives you the value of your investment.

Each Victory Fund calculates its share price, called its net asset value ("NAV"), each business day as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. ("NYSE"), which is normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time. In the event of an emergency or other disruption in trading on the NYSE, a Fund's share price will be determined based upon the close of the NYSE. You may buy, exchange, and sell your shares on any business day at a price that is based on the NAV that is next calculated after you place your order. A business day is a day on which the NYSE is open.

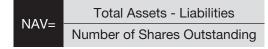
To the extent a Fund's investments include securities that are primarily traded in foreign markets, the value of those securities may change on days when shareholders are unable to purchase and redeem a Fund's shares, such as on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares.

Each Fund prices its investments based on market value when market quotations are readily available. When these quotations are not readily available, a Fund will price its investments at fair value according to procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. A Fund will fair value a security when:

- Trading in the security has been halted;
- The market quotation for the security is clearly erroneous due to a clerical error;
- The security's liquidity decreases such that, in the Adviser's opinion, the market quotation has become stale; or
- An event occurs after the close of the trading market (but before the Fund's NAV is calculated) that, in the Adviser's opinion, materially affects the value of the security.

The use of fair value pricing may minimize arbitrage opportunities that attempt to exploit the differences between a security's market quotation and its fair value. The use of fair value pricing may not, however, always reflect a security's actual market value in light of subsequent relevant information, and the security's opening price on the next trading day may be different from the fair value price assigned to the security.

Each Victory Fund calculates the NAV of each share class by adding up the total value of the investments and other assets of that class, subtracting its liabilities, and then dividing that figure by the number of outstanding shares of the class.



You may be able to find a Fund's NAV each day in The Wall Street Journal and other newspapers. Newspapers do not normally publish fund information until a fund reaches a specific number of shareholders or level of assets. You may also find a Fund's NAV by calling 800-235-8396 or by visiting the Funds' website at VictoryFunds.com. This Prospectus offers Member Class shares of the Funds. The Funds offer other classes of shares in a separate prospectus.

When you purchase shares of a Fund, you must choose a share class. Each share class represents an interest in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes differ in the sales charges, if any, and expenses that apply to your investment, allowing you and your Investment Professional to choose the class that best suits your investment needs. Not all Victory Funds offer all classes of shares, and some classes of shares are available for purchase only by eligible shareholders. The Victory Funds may offer additional classes of shares in the future.

The Funds reserve the right to change the eligibility criteria for purchasing a particular share class. The Funds may also waive any applicable eligibility criteria or investment minimums at its discretion.

Any Fund or share class may be closed at any time for failure to achieve an economical level of assets or for other reasons.

MEMBER CLASS SHARES

- No front-end sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC). All your money goes to work for you right away.
- Member Class shares are only available to certain investors.
- Member Class shares do not pay any ongoing distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees.

Eligibility Requirements to Purchase Member Class Shares

Member Class shares may only be purchased by USAA members or individuals investing directly with Victory or a Victory sponsored product or by agreement.

Eligibility of Individuals Associated with the Victory Funds and Fund Service Providers

Current and retired Victory Fund trustees and the officers, directors, trustees, employees, and family members of employees of the Adviser or Affiliated Providers are eligible to purchase the lowest expense share class offered by a Fund. In the case of Class A shares, such purchases are not subject to a front-end sales charge. "Affiliated Providers" are affiliates of the Adviser and organizations that provide services to the Trust. Member Class shares are primarily intended for purchase directly from the Victory Funds. In the event you purchase the Fund or hold your shares through an Investment Professional, a broker dealer, or other financial intermediary, the Fund may pay for sub-transfer agent, recordkeeping and/or similar administrative services. In addition, the Adviser (and its affiliates) may make substantial payments out of its own resources, including the profits from the advisory fees the Adviser receives from the Funds, to affiliated and unaffiliated dealers or other Investment Professionals and service providers for distribution, administrative and/or shareholder servicing activities. The Adviser also may reimburse the Distributor (or the Distributor's affiliates) for making these payments. Some of these distribution-related payments may be made to dealers or other Investment Professionals for marketing, promotional or related expenses; these payments are often referred to as "revenue sharing."

In some circumstances, these types of payments may create an incentive for a dealer or Investment Professional or its representatives to recommend or offer shares of the Victory Funds to its customers. You should ask your dealer or Investment Professional for more details about any such payments it receives.

Opening an Account

If you would like to open an account, you will first need to complete an Account Application.

You can obtain an Account Application by calling Victory Funds Customer Service at 800-235-8396. You can also download an Account Application by visiting the Victory Funds' website, VictoryFunds.com, and clicking on the Victory Funds Account Application link. Send the completed Account Application, along with a check made payable to the Victory Funds, at the following address:

Victory Funds P.O. Box 182903 Columbus, OH 43218-2903

You can also obtain an Account Application by contacting your Investment Professional. When you invest through an Investment Professional, the procedures for buying, selling, and exchanging shares and the account features and policies may differ. In addition to any limitations described in this Prospectus, an Investment Professional or other intermediary may also place other limits on your ability to use the services of a Fund. Sometimes an Investment Professional will charge you for its services. This fee will be in addition to, and unrelated to, the fees and expenses charged by the Funds.

Mutual funds must obtain and verify information that identifies investors opening new accounts. If the Funds are unable to collect the required information, you may not be able to open your account. Additional details about the Funds' Customer Identification Program are available in the section "Important Fund Policies."

If you participate in a retirement plan that offers one of the Victory Funds as an option, please consult your employer for information on how to purchase shares of the Victory Funds through the plan, including any restrictions or limitations that may apply.

Paying for Your Initial Purchase

If you wish to make an investment directly into the Victory Funds, make your check payable to the "Victory Funds." All checks must be drawn on U.S. banks. If your check is returned as uncollectible for any reason, you will be charged for any resulting fees and/or losses. The Fund does not accept cash, money orders, traveler's checks, credit card convenience checks, or third party checks. Additionally, bank starter checks are not accepted for the shareholder's initial investment into the Funds. All payments must be denominated in U.S. dollars.

Minimum Investments

If you would like to buy Member Class shares, you must first be an Eligible Investor, as discussed in the section *Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility Requirements to Purchase*. There is a \$3,000 minimum investment amount required for Member Class shares beyond those set forth in the *Eligibility Requirements to Purchase*.

If your account falls below the minimum investment amount, we may ask you to reestablish the minimum investment. If you do not do so within 60 days, we may close your account and send you the value of your account.

The minimum investment required to open an account may be waived or lowered for employees and immediate family members of the employees, of the Adviser, the Administrator, and their affiliates. In addition, the minimum investment required may be waived when a Fund is purchased through an Advisory Program, within qualified retirement plans or in other similar circumstances. Although the Funds may sometimes waive the minimum investment, when they do so, they always reserve the right to reject initial investments under the minimum at their discretion.

There is no minimum investment required to open an account or for additional investments in Victory Simple IRAs.

A Fund reserves the right to change the criteria for eligible investors and the investment minimums.

Purchasing Additional Shares

Once you have an existing account, you can make additional investments at any time in any amount (subject to any minimums) in the following ways:

By Mail

To ensure that your additional investment is properly credited to your account, use the Investment Stub attached to your confirmation statement and send it with your check to the address indicated.

By Telephone

If you have an existing account that has been set up to receive electronic transfers, you can buy additional shares by calling Victory Funds Customer Service at 800-235-8396 between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. (Eastern Time), Monday through Friday.

By Exchange

You may purchase shares of a Fund using the proceeds from the simultaneous redemption of shares of another Victory Fund if it is eligible for an exchange with your Fund. You may initiate an exchange online (if you are a registered user of VictoryFunds.com), by telephone, or by mail. See the section "Exchanging Shares."

Via the Internet

If you are a registered user, you may request a purchase of shares through our website at VictoryFunds.com. Your account must be set up for Automated Clearing House ("ACH") payment in order to execute online purchases.

By ACH

Your account must be set up for ACH payment in order to execute purchases online or by telephone. It takes about 15 days to set up an ACH account and only domestic member banks may be used. After your account is set up, your purchase amount can be transferred by ACH. Currently, the Funds do not charge a fee for ACH transfers but they reserve the right to charge for this service in the future. Your originating bank may charge a fee for ACH transfers.

■ By Wire

You may buy Fund shares by bank wire transfer of same day funds. Please call Victory Funds Customer Service at 800-235-8396 between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. (Eastern Time), Monday through Friday for wiring instructions. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds by wire.

Although the transfer agent does not currently charge you for receiving same-day funds, it reserves the right to charge for this service in the future. Your bank may charge you for wiring same-day funds. You cannot buy shares for tax-qualified retirement plans by wire transfer.

By Systematic Investment Plan

To enroll in the Systematic Investment Plan, you should check this box on the Account Application or on the Account Maintenance Form. We will need your bank information and the amount (\$50 or more) and frequency of your investment. You can select monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual investments. You should attach a voided personal check so the proper information can be obtained. You must first meet the minimum investment requirement before we will make automatic withdrawals from your bank account and invest it in shares of a Fund.

Other Purchase Rules You Should Know

The Funds reserve the right to refuse a purchase order for any reason, including if they believe that doing so would be in the best interest of a Fund or its shareholders. The Funds also reserve the right, without notice, to increase or decrease the minimum amount required to open, convert shares to, or maintain a Fund account, or to add to an existing Fund account.

Keep these addresses handy for purchases, exchanges, or redemptions.

BY REGULAR U.S. MAIL	Victory Funds P.O. Box 182903 Columbus, OH 43218-2903
BY OVERNIGHT MAIL	Use the following address ONLY for overnight packages: Victory Funds c/o FIS TA Operations 4249 Easton Way, Suite 400 Columbus, OH 43219 PHONE: 800-235-8396
BY WIRE	Call 800-235-8396 BEFORE wiring money to notify the Fund that you intend to purchase shares by wire and to verify wire instructions.
BY TELEPHONE	800-235-8396
ON THE INTERNET	www.VictoryFunds.com

Statements and Reports

You will receive a periodic statement reflecting any transactions that affect the balance or registration of Fund shares in your account. You will receive a confirmation after any purchase, exchange, or redemption. If your account has been set up by an Investment Professional, Fund activity will be detailed in that account's statements. Share certificates are not issued. Twice a year, you will receive a financial report of the Fund. By February 15th of each year, you will be mailed an IRS form reporting distributions for the previous year, which also will be filed with the IRS.

Retirement Plans

You can use the Funds as part of your retirement portfolio. Your Investment Professional can set up your new account under one of several tax-deferred retirement plans. Please contact your Investment Professional or the Fund for details regarding an IRA or other retirement plan that works best for your financial situation.

There may be limits on the ability to exchange between certain Victory Funds. You can obtain a list of Victory Funds available for exchange by calling 800-235-8396 or by visiting VictoryFunds.com

The shares of any class of a Fund may be exchanged for the shares of any other class offered by the Fund or the same class, or any other class of any Victory Fund, either through your Investment Professional or directly through the Fund, subject to the conditions described below:

- Exchanges are subject to any CDSC, minimum investment limitation or eligibility requirements described in the applicable Prospectus and SAI. You may be required to provide sufficient information to establish eligibility to exchange into a new share class.
- To exchange with a Victory Fund, the other Victory Fund you wish to exchange into must be eligible for exchange with your Fund.
- Shares of the Victory Fund selected for exchange must be available for sale in your state of residence.

If you have questions about these, or any of the Funds' other exchange policies, please consult Victory Customer Service or your Investment Professional before requesting an exchange.

Before exchanging, you should read the Prospectus of the other Victory Fund you wish to exchange into, which may be subject to different risks, fees and expenses.

Processing Your Voluntary Exchange/Conversion

If your exchange or conversion request is received and accepted by the Funds, an Investment Professional or other intermediary by the close of trading as described in the section entitled, "Share Price," then your request will be processed the same day. If received after the close of trading, your request will be processed on the next business day. Please contact your financial intermediary regarding the tax consequences of any exchange or conversion.

Exchanges will occur at the respective NAVs of the Funds' share classes involved in the exchange next calculated after receipt and acceptance of your exchange request in good order, plus any applicable sales charge described in the Prospectus. Share class conversions will be based on the respective NAV of each class as of the trade date of the conversion. Consequently, you may receive fewer shares or more shares than originally owned, depending on that day's NAVs.

Requesting an Exchange

You can exchange shares of the Funds by telephone, by mail or via the Internet. You cannot exchange into an account with a different registration or tax identification number.

By Telephone

Unless you indicate otherwise on the account application, Victory Customer Service will be authorized to accept exchange instructions received by telephone.

By Mail

Send a letter of instruction signed by all registered owners or their legal representatives to the Victory Funds.

Via the Internet

You may also exchange shares via the Internet at VictoryFunds.com if you are a registered user.

Other Exchange Rules You Should Know

The Funds may refuse any exchange purchase request if the Adviser determines that the request is associated with a market timing strategy. The Funds may terminate or modify the exchange privilege at any time upon 60 days' notice to shareholders.

An exchange of Fund shares for shares of another Victory Fund constitutes a sale for tax purposes unless the exchange is made within an IRA or other tax-deferred account.

For information on how to exchange shares of a Fund that were purchased through your employer's retirement plan, including any restrictions and charges that the plan may impose, please consult your employer.

There are a number of convenient ways to sell your shares. You can use the same mailing addresses listed for purchases.

If your redemption request is received in good order by the close of trading on the NYSE, your redemption will be processed the same day. Your redemption will not be processed until the next business day if it is received after the close of trading on the NYSE. You cannot redeem your shares at www.VictoryFunds.com.

BY TELEPHONE

The easiest way to redeem shares is by calling 800-235-8396. When you fill out your original application, be sure to check the box marked "Telephone Authorization." Then when you are ready to sell, call and tell us which one of the following options you would like to use:

- Mail a check to the address of record;
- Wire funds to a previously designated domestic financial institution;
- Mail a check to a previously designated alternate address; or
- Electronically transfer your redemption via ACH to a previously designated domestic financial institution.

The transfer agent records all telephone calls for your protection and takes measures to verify the identity of the caller. If the transfer agent properly acts on telephone instructions and follows reasonable procedures to ensure against unauthorized transactions, none of the Trust, its servicing agents, the Adviser, or the transfer agent will be responsible for any losses. If the transfer agent does not follow these procedures, it may be liable to you for losses resulting from unauthorized instructions.

If there is an unusual amount of market activity and you cannot reach the transfer agent or your Investment Professional by telephone, consider placing your order by mail.

BY MAIL

Use the regular U.S. mail or overnight mail address to redeem shares. Send us a letter of instruction indicating your Fund account number, amount of redemption, and where to send the proceeds. A Medallion signature guarantee is required for the following redemption requests:

- Your account registration has changed within the last 15 business days;
- The check is not being mailed to the address on your account;
- The check is not being made payable to the owner of the account;
- The redemption proceeds are being transferred to another Victory Fund account with a different registration; or
- The check or wire is being sent to a different bank account than was previously designated.

You can get a Medallion signature guarantee from a financial institution — such as a commercial bank, broker dealer, credit union, clearing agency, or savings bank — that is a member of a Medallion signature guarantee program.

BY WIRE

If you want to receive your proceeds by wire, you must establish a Fund account that will accommodate wire transactions. If you call before the close of trading on the NYSE, your funds will be wired on the next business day.

BY ACH

Normally, your redemption will be processed on the same day, but will be processed on the next day if received after the close of trading on the NYSE. It will be transferred by ACH as long as the transfer is to a domestic bank.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan

If you check this box on the Account Application or on the Account Maintenance Form, we will send monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, or annual payments to the person you designate. The minimum withdrawal is \$25, and you must have a balance of \$5,000 or more at the time you establish the Systematic Withdrawal Plan. If the payment is to be sent to an account of yours, we will need a voided check to activate this feature. If the payment is to be made to an address different from your account address, we will need a Medallion signature guaranteed letter of instruction. You should be aware that each withdrawal may be a taxable transaction. Also, each withdrawal reduces your account balance, and eventually your account balance may be depleted. However, you cannot automatically close your account using the Systematic Withdrawal Plan. If your balance falls below the initial purchase minimum, we may ask you to bring the account back to the minimum balance. If you decide not to increase your account to the minimum balance, your account may be closed and the proceeds mailed to you.

Additional Information About Redemptions

- Redemption proceeds from the sale of Fund shares purchased by a check or through ACH will be held until the purchase check or ACH has cleared, which will take up to 10 business days.
- We typically expect to send the proceeds from your share redemption within one business day after we execute your order, but we may take up to seven business days to send redemption proceeds, regardless of payment type. When you sell shares through your financial intermediary, you can ask the intermediary to tell you when you can expect to receive the proceeds of your redemption.
- A Fund may suspend your right to redeem your shares in the following circumstances:
 - During non-routine closings of the NYSE;
 - When the SEC determines either that trading on the NYSE is restricted or that an emergency prevents the sale or valuation of the Fund's securities; or
 - When the SEC orders a suspension to protect the Fund's shareholders.
- A Fund typically uses cash and cash equivalents held in its portfolio or sells portfolio assets to meet redemption requests. In unusual circumstances or under stressed market conditions, the Fund may use other methods to raise cash to meet redemption requests. For example, the Fund may draw funds from a line of credit or borrow available cash held by other Victory Funds under an "interfund lending program" in reliance on an exemptive order from the SEC.
- A Fund will pay redemptions by any one shareholder during any 90-day period in cash up to the lesser of \$250,000 or 1.00% of the Fund's net assets. The Funds reserve the right to pay the remaining portion "in kind," that is, in portfolio securities rather than cash. Securities received pursuant to an in-kind redemption are subject to market risk until sold and may be subject to brokerage and other fees.
- If you choose to have your redemption proceeds mailed to you and either the U.S. Postal Service is unable to deliver the redemption check to you or the check remains outstanding for more than six months, the Funds reserve the right to reinvest the check in shares of the Fund at its then current NAV until you give the Fund different instructions. No interest will accrue on amounts represented by uncashed redemption checks.

Buying a dividend. You should check the Funds' distribution schedule before you invest. If you buy shares of a Fund shortly before it makes a distribution, some of your investment may come back to you as a taxable distribution.

As a shareholder, you are entitled to your share of net income and capital gains on a Fund's investments. Each Fund passes its earnings along to investors in the form of dividends. Dividends paid by a Fund represent the net income from dividends and interest earned on investments after expenses. Each Fund will distribute short-term gains, as necessary, and if the Fund makes a long-term capital gain distribution, it is normally paid once a year.

Ordinarily, each Fund declares and pays dividends annually. However, a Fund may not always pay a dividend or distribution for a given period. Each class of shares declares and pays dividends separately.

Distributions can be received in one of the following ways. Please check with your Investment Professional if you are unsure of which option is right for you.

Your choice of distribution should be set up on the original Account Application. If you would like to change the option you selected, please call 800-235-8396.

Reinvestment Option

You can have distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of your Fund. If you do not indicate another choice on your Account Application, you will be assigned this option automatically.

Cash Option

If you elect to receive your distributions by check, and the distribution amount is \$25 or less, the amount will automatically be reinvested in the Fund. Otherwise, a check will be mailed to you no later than seven days after the dividend payment date. If you choose to have your distribution proceeds mailed to you and either the U.S. Postal Service is unable to deliver the distribution check to you or the check remains outstanding for at least six months, the distribution option on your account will default to the reinvestment option as described above. Each Fund reserves the right to reinvest the check in shares of the Fund at its then current NAV until you give the Fund different instructions. No interest will accrue on amounts represented by uncashed distribution checks.

Income Earned Option

You can automatically reinvest your dividends in additional Fund shares and have your capital gains paid in cash, or reinvest capital gains and have your dividends paid in cash.

Directed Distributions Option

In most cases, you can automatically reinvest distributions in shares of another Victory Fund. If you reinvest your distributions in a different Victory Fund, you will pay a sales charge on the amount of reinvested distributions.

Directed Bank Account Option

In most cases, you can automatically transfer distributions to your bank checking or savings account. Under normal circumstances, the transfer agent will transfer your distributions within seven days of the dividend payment date. The bank account must have a registration identical to that of your Fund account.

Important Information About Taxes

The tax information in this Prospectus is provided as general information. You should consult your own tax adviser about the tax consequences of an investment in the Fund.

Each Fund expects to pay no federal income tax on the earnings and capital gains it distributes to shareholders.

- Qualified dividend income received from a Fund by noncorporate shareholders will be taxed at long-term capital gain rates to the extent attributable to qualified dividend income received by the Fund, subject to certain holding period requirements. Nonqualified dividends, dividends received by corporate shareholders and dividends from a Fund's short-term capital gains are taxable as ordinary income. Dividends from a Fund's long-term capital gains are taxable as long-term capital gains.
- You will pay tax on dividends from a Fund whether you receive them in cash, additional shares of the Fund or you reinvest them in shares of another Victory Fund.
- Dividends from a Fund that are attributable to interest on certain U.S. government obligations, if any, may be exempt from certain state and local income taxes. The extent to which ordinary dividends are attributable to these U.S. government obligations will be provided on the tax statements you receive from a Fund.
- An exchange of a Fund's shares for shares of another Victory Fund will be treated as a sale.
 When you sell or exchange shares of a Fund, you generally will recognize any gain or loss.
- An exchange of one class of a Fund's shares for shares of another class of the same Fund generally constitutes a nontaxable exchange.
- Distributions from a Fund and gains from the disposition of your shares may also be subject to state and local income tax.
- An additional 3.8% Medicare tax will be imposed on certain net investment income (which includes dividends and gain recognized on a disposition of shares) of certain U.S. individuals, estates, and trusts.
- Certain dividends paid to you in January will be taxable as if they had been paid to you the previous December.
- Tax statements will be mailed from each Fund by mid-February showing the amounts and tax status of distributions made to you in the prior calendar year.
- Because your tax treatment depends on your purchase price and tax position, you should keep your regular account statements for use in determining your tax.
- A Fund is generally required by law to provide you and the Internal Revenue Service with certain cost basis information related to the sale or redemption of any of your shares in the Fund acquired on or after January 1, 2012 (including distributions that are reinvested in additional shares of the Fund).
- A Fund may be required to withhold tax from dividends and redemption proceeds if you fail to give your correct social security or taxpayer identification number, fail to make required certifications, or the Fund is notified by the Internal Revenue Service that backup withholding is required.
- If you are a nonresident alien individual, foreign trust or estate, foreign corporation or foreign partnership, a Fund's ordinary income dividends may be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax. See the section entitled "TAXES—Foreign Shareholders" in the SAI for details.
- Under the "Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act," unless certain foreign entities comply with certain IRS requirements that generally require them to report information regarding U.S. persons investing in, or holding accounts with, such entities, a 30% U.S. withholding tax may

apply to dividends paid by a Fund to such entities. See the section entitled "TAXES—Foreign Shareholders" in the SAI for details.

- You should review the more detailed discussion of federal income tax considerations in the SAI and consult your tax adviser regarding the federal, state, local, or foreign tax consequences resulting from your investment in the Fund.
- The Funds may provide estimated capital gain distribution information through the website at VictoryFunds.com.

Customer Identification Program

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens a new account, and to determine whether such person's name appears on government lists of known or suspected terrorists and terrorist organizations.

As a result, the Victory Funds must obtain the following information for each person who opens a new account:

- Name;
- Date of birth (for individuals);
- Residential or business street address (although post office boxes are still permitted for mailing); and
- Social security number, taxpayer identification number, or other identifying number.

You may also be asked for a copy of your driver's license, passport or other identifying document in order to verify your identity. In addition, it may be necessary to verify your identity by cross-referencing your identification information with a consumer report or other electronic database. Additional information may be required to open accounts for corporations and other entities. Federal law prohibits the Victory Funds and other financial institutions from opening a new account unless they receive the minimum identifying information listed above. After an account is opened, the Victory Funds may restrict your ability to purchase additional shares until your identity is verified. The Victory Funds may close your account or take other appropriate action if it is unable to verify your identity within a reasonable time. If your account is closed for this reason, your shares will be redeemed at the NAV next calculated after the account is closed.

Account Maintenance Information

For the following non-financial transactions, the Victory Funds require proof that your signature authorizing a transaction is authentic. This verification can be provided in all cases by either a Signature Validation Program (SVP) stamp or a Medallion signature guarantee (MSG). In some instances a Notary Public stamp is an acceptable alternative. As with the MSG, a SVP stamp can also be obtained from a financial institution that is a member of the SVP program.

	Notary Public	SVP	MSG
Change of name	X	x	х
Add/change banking instructions		х	Х
Add/change beneficiaries	Х	х	Х
Add/change authorized account traders		Х	Х
Adding a Power of Attorney	Х	Х	Х
Add/change Trustee	Х	х	Х
Uniform Transfers to Minors Act/Uniform Gifts to Minors Act custodian change	х	х	х

Market Timing

The Victory Funds discourage frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares (market timing). Market timing allows investors to take advantage of market inefficiencies, sometimes to the disadvantage of other shareholders. Market timing increases Fund expenses to all shareholders by increasing portfolio turnover. In addition, market timing could potentially dilute share value for all other shareholders by requiring the Fund to hold more cash than it normally would.

The Funds' Board of Trustees has adopted policies and procedures with respect to market timing. In order to prevent or minimize market timing, the Funds will:

- Employ "fair value" pricing, as described in this Prospectus under Share Price, to minimize the discrepancies between a security's market quotation and its perceived market value, which often gives rise to market timing activity; and
- Monitor for suspected market timing based on "short-term transaction" activity, that is, a purchase or redemption of a Fund and, as applicable, a subsequent redemption or purchase of the same Fund, or an exchange of all or part of that same Fund.

In monitoring for market timing activity, we consider, among other things, the frequency of your trades and whether you acquired your Fund shares directly through the transfer agent or whether you combined your trades with a group of shareholders in an omnibus account or otherwise placed your order through a securities dealer or other financial intermediary.

Frequent trading by a shareholder is generally a characteristic of market timing. Therefore, any account in which Fund shares are acquired directly through the transfer agent, or where the Fund can adequately identify the shareholder, with a history of three short-term transactions within 90 days or less is suspected of market timing and the shareholder's trading privileges (other than redemption of Fund shares) will be suspended.

We may make exceptions to the "short-term transaction" policy for certain types of transactions if, in the opinion of the Adviser, under the oversight of the Board, the transactions do not represent short-term or excessive trading or are not abusive or harmful to the Funds, such as, but not limited to, systematic transactions, required minimum retirement distributions, transactions initiated by the Funds or administrator and transactions by certain qualified funds-of-funds.

If you acquired shares through an omnibus account or otherwise placed your order through a securities dealer or other financial intermediary (such as investment advisers, broker-dealers, third-party administrators or insurance companies), and market timing is suspected, different purchase and exchange limitations may apply. We may rely upon a financial intermediary's policy to deter short-term or excessive trading (i) if we believe that the financial intermediary's policy is reasonably designed to detect and deter transactions that are not in the best interests of the Funds, or (ii) if we receive an undertaking from the financial intermediary to enforce short-term or excessive trading policies on behalf of the Funds that provide a substantially similar level of protection for the Funds against such transactions. If you hold your Fund shares through a financial intermediary, you are advised to consult the intermediary to determine what purchase and exchange limitations apply to your account.

We reserve the right to reject or cancel a purchase or exchange order for any reason without prior notice. We will deny your request to purchase or exchange your shares if we believe that the transaction is part of a market timing strategy.

The Funds' market timing policies and procedures may be modified or terminated at any time under the oversight of the Board.

Portfolio Holdings Disclosure

A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Funds' portfolio securities is available in the Funds' SAI, which is available upon request and on the Funds' website at VictoryFunds.com.

Performance

The Victory Funds may advertise the performance of a Fund by comparing it to other mutual funds with similar objectives and policies. Performance information also may appear in various publications. Any fees charged by Investment Professionals may not be reflected in these performance calculations.

Advertising information may include the average annual total return of the Funds calculated on a compounded basis for specified periods of time. Total return information will be calculated according to rules established by the SEC. Such information may include performance rankings and similar information from independent organizations and publications.

Shareholder Communications

In order to eliminate duplicate mailings to an address at which two or more shareholders with the same last name reside, the Victory Funds may send only one copy of any shareholder reports, proxy statements, prospectuses and their supplements, unless you have instructed us to the contrary. You may request that the Victory Funds send these documents to each shareholder individually by calling the Victory Funds at 800-235-8396, and they will be delivered promptly.

While this Prospectus and the SAI of the Trust describe pertinent information about the Trust and the Funds, neither this Prospectus nor the SAI represents a contract between the Trust or the Funds and any shareholder.

Financial Highlights

The following financial highlights tables reflect historical information about shares of the Funds and are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the past five years, or, if shorter, the period of its operations. Certain information shows the results of an investment in one share of the Fund. To the extent a Fund invests in other funds, the Total Annual Operating Expenses included in a Fund's Fees and Expenses Table may not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets in the financial highlights below. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in each Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions).

The information presented for Class Y and Member Class shares of the Funds for the fiscal periods ended on or after December 31, 2019 has been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, are included in the Funds' annual report. The information for all years prior to December 31, 2019 has been audited by a different independent registered public accounting firm. The Funds' annual and semi-annual reports are available by calling the Victory Funds at 800-235-8396 and at www.VictoryFunds.com.

RS Mid Cap Growth Fund

			Class Y		
	Year Ended 12/31/20	Year Ended 12/31/19	Year Ended 12/31/18	Year Ended 12/31/17	Year Ended 12/31/16
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 26.61	\$ 20.73	\$ 26.54	\$ 21.90	\$ 20.79
Investment Activities					
Net Investment Income (Loss)(a)	(0.14)	(0.11)	(0.08)	(0.04)	(0.02)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	9.38	5.99	(1.85)	4.68	1.13
Total from Investment Activities	9.24	5.88	(1.93)	4.64	1.11
Distributions to Shareholders From					
Net Realized Gains from Investments	(1.35)	_	(1.17)	_	_
Return of Capital		_	(2.71)	—	_
Total Distributions	(1.35)	_	(3.88)	_	—
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 34.50	\$ 26.61	\$ 20.73	\$ 26.54	\$ 21.90
Total Return (Excludes Sales Charge)	34.84%	28.36%	(7.15)%	21.19%	5.34%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Net Expenses	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(0.50)%	(0.43)%	(0.27)%	(0.18)%	(0.10)%
Gross Expenses	1.10%	1.10%	1.05%	1.06%	1.05%
Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (000's)	\$466,342	\$395,586	\$243,009	\$310,050	\$168,936
Portfolio Turnover(b)	92%	86%	126%	86%	138%

(a) Per share net investment income (loss) has been calculated using the average daily shares method.(b) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis of the Fund as a whole without distinguishing between the classes of shares issued.

RS Mid Cap Growth Fund (Continued)

	Member Class
	11/3/20(a) through 12/31/20
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 29.16
Investment Activities	
Net Investment Income (Loss)(b)	(0.04)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	5.23
Total from Investment Activities	5.19
Distributions to Shareholders From	
Net Realized Gains from Investments	(1.35)
Total Distributions	(1.35)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 33.00
Total Return (Excludes Sales Charge)(c)	17.94%
Ratios to Average Net Assets	
Net Expenses(d)	1.05%
Net Investment Income (Loss)(d)	(0.71)%
Gross Expenses(d)	31.23%
Supplemental Data	
Net Assets, End of Period (000's)	\$ 109
Portfolio Turnover(c)(e)	92%

(a) Commencement of operations.
(b) Per share net investment income (loss) has been calculated using the average daily shares method.
(c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
(d) Annualized for periods less than one year.
(e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis of the Fund as a whole without distinguishing between the classes of shares issued.

RS Small Cap Equity Fund

			Class Y		
	Year Ended 12/31/20	Year Ended 12/31/19	Year Ended 12/31/18	Year Ended 12/31/17	Year Ended 12/31/16
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 16.52	\$ 13.29	\$ 19.20	\$ 14.62	\$ 14.39
Investment Activities					
Net Investment Income (Loss)(a)	(0.16)	(0.13)	(0.14)	(0.14)	(0.08)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	6.36	5.24	(1.49)	5.66	0.30
Total from Investment Activities	6.20	5.11	(1.63)	5.52	0.22
Distributions to Shareholders From					
Net Realized Gains from Investments	(4.01)	(1.88)	(4.28)	(0.94)	—
Total Distributions	(4.01)	(1.88)	(4.28)	(0.94)	_
Capital Contribution from Prior Custodian, Net	_	_	_	_	0.01
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 18.71	\$ 16.52	\$ 13.29	\$ 19.20	\$ 14.62
Total Return (Excludes Sales Charge)	38.24%	38.69%	(8.23)%	37.78%	1.60%(b)
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Net Expenses	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(0.95)%	(0.77)%	(0.69)%	(0.78)%	(0.64)%
Gross Expenses	1.58%	1.43%	1.68%	1.34%	1.24%
Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (000's)	\$ 4,449	\$ 3,275	\$ 2,750	\$ 6,398	\$ 1,834
Portfolio Turnover(c)	157%	89%	77%	79%	86%

(a) Per share net investment income (loss) has been calculated using the average daily shares method.
(b) The Fund received monies related to a nonrecurring refund from the prior Custodian. The corresponding impact to the total return was less than 0.05% for the period shown.
(c) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis of the Fund as a whole without distinguishing between the classes of shares issued.

RS Small Cap Equity Fund (Continued)

	Member Class
	11/3/20(a) through 12/31/20
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 17.72
Investment Activities	
Net Investment Income (Loss)(b)	(0.04)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	4.37
Total from Investment Activities	4.33
Distributions to Shareholders From	
Net Realized Gains from Investments	(4.01)
Total Distributions	(4.01)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 18.04
Total Return (Excludes Sales Charge)(c)	25.09%
Ratios to Average Net Assets	
Net Expenses(d)	1.15%
Net Investment Income (Loss)(d)	(1.14)%
Gross Expenses (d)	23.73%
Supplemental Data	
Net Assets, End of Period (000's)	\$ 218
Portfolio Turnover(c)(e)	157%

(a) Commencement of operations.
(b) Per share net investment income (loss) has been calculated using the average daily shares method.
(c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
(d) Annualized for periods less than one year.
(e) Portfolio turnover is calculated on the basis of the Fund as a whole without distinguishing between the classes of shares issued.



Statement of Additional Information (SAI): The SAI contains more information about the Funds' operations, investment restrictions, policies and practices. The SAI is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, which means that it is legally part of this Prospectus, even if you do not request a copy. Annual and Semi-Annual Reports: Annual and semi-annual reports contain more information about the Funds' investments and the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during the most recent fiscal period.

How to Obtain Information: You may obtain a free copy of the SAI or annual and semi-annual reports, and ask questions about a Fund or your accounts, online at VictoryFunds.com, by contacting the Victory Funds at the following address or telephone number, or by contacting your financial intermediary.

By telephone: Call Victory Funds at 800-235-8396

By mail: Victory Funds P.O. Box 182903 Columbus, OH 43218-2903

Edgar database at http://www.sec.gov or, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request sent to the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov. You also can get information about a Fund (including the SAI and other reports) from the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on the SEC's

On the Internet:

EDGAR database at sec.gov or by email request at publicinfo@sec.gov