

Prospectus

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

Class A, Class C, Class I & Class L* Shares
November 1, 2020

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VHIA; C/JGAC; I/JGAS

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Class/Ticker: A/OMEAX; C/OMEC; I/PGMIX

JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JCMAX; C/JMCC; I/VSNG

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: A/OSGIX; C/OMGC; I/HLGEX

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JAMCX; C/JCMV; I/JMVX; L/FLMV

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VSCOX; C/VSCC; I/JDSC

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VSSBX; C/VSSRX; I/VSSWX

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund*

Class/Ticker: A/VSEAX; C/JSEC; I/VSEIX

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: A/PGSG; C/OSGC; I/OGGF; L/JISGX

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: A/PSOAX; C/OSVC; I/PSOP

**JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund
(formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)**

Class/Ticker: A/PECAX; C/ODMC; I/WOOP

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JTUAX; C/JTUC; I/JSCS; L/JUSS

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JVAAX; C/JVAC; I/JVAS; L/JVAIX

* Closed to new investors.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website www.jpmorganfunds.com and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website to access the report. If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action.

You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Funds electronically anytime by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker dealer, bank, or retirement plan) or, if you are a direct investor, by going to www.jpmorganfunds.com/edelivery.

You may elect to receive paper copies of all future reports free of charge. Contact your financial intermediary or, if you invest directly with the Funds, email us at funds.website.support@jpmorganfunds.com or call 1-800-480-4111. Your election to receive paper reports will apply to all funds held within your account(s).

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

J.P.Morgan
Asset Management

J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

(a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

(All Share Classes)

Supplement dated March 24, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME, INVESTMENT POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

As indicated in a Supplement to the JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund's (the "Fund") Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated February 22, 2021 (the "February Supplement"), the Board of Trustees ("Board") approved changes to the name, investment policy and investment strategies of the Fund at its February 2021 meeting.

The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about July 1, 2021 (the "Effective Date") rather than May 1, 2021 as indicated in the February Supplement. On the Effective Date, the new prospectuses (each, a "New Prospectus") will replace the existing prospectuses for the Fund. You should refer to the New Prospectuses for the Fund, when they are available. Please note that the New Prospectuses reflecting changes for the Fund are not yet effective and that, prior to the Effective Date, this information may change, in which case additional notification may be provided.

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for a more complete discussion of the Fund's strategies after the Effective Date.

Name Change

The Fund's new name will be: JPMorgan Small Cap Sustainable Leaders Fund.

New 80% Policy

Under the existing 80% policy, under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies (the "Existing 80% Policy").

On the Effective Date, the Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with the following new 80% policy ("New 80% Policy"):

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies meeting the adviser's sustainability criteria.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Strategy Change

Currently, the Fund has an existing strategy to invest in equity securities of small cap companies. While the Fund will continue to invest in small cap companies after the Effective Date, the Fund's strategy will change to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's investment strategy will be changed to provide as follows:

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser's opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria and have attractive investment return potential. The adviser's sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser's subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The adviser's investment analysis is based on a proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability criteria and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental – companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social – companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, healthier products, impact on the community and human rights
- Governance – companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public policy.

Investment Process Change:

The Fund's investment process will change to reflect the Fund's new investment strategy to seek to invest in companies based on sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's Investment Process will change to provide as follows:

The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary fundamental analysis. In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive investment return potential.

The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of particular ESG characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular time. The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

Portfolio Manager Change

In addition, on the Effective Date, Robert Ippolito, Vice President, will be added as a portfolio manager of the Fund, replacing Jonathan Tse. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for more information about the Fund's portfolio managers after the Effective Date.

Sustainable Strategy Risk.

On the Effective Date, the Fund will be subject to Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk and the following will be added to the Fund's New Prospectuses:

Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk. The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

Transition Costs

As the Fund transitions to the new strategy, the Fund will sell a substantial portion of its existing investments and, as a result, incur higher portfolio turnover. The Fund will incur transaction costs, such as commissions, which will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund may also realize and/or distribute higher capital gains than might generally be expected under normal circumstances, a portion of which may be taxed as ordinary income for taxable accounts. The Fund's estimated capital gain distribution, if any, will be available on the Fund's website during the fourth quarter of 2021.

Expense Cap Changes.

On the Effective Date, the Fund's expense limitation agreement will be revised to lower the expense caps to provide as follows:

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64%, 0.89%, 1.39%, 1.14%, 0.89%, 0.70% and 0.65% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 6/30/2023, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

JPMORGAN TRUST I

JPMorgan Access Funds

JPMorgan Access Balanced Fund

JPMorgan Access Growth Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Income Funds

JPMorgan Managed Income Fund

Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan SmartRetirement Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Income Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2020 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2025 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2030 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2035 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2040 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2045 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2050 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2055 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Diversified Fund

JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund

JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund

JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund

JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. GARP Equity Fund (formerly

JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund)

JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund (formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund)

JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund (formerly

JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund)

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMORGAN TRUST II

J.P. Morgan Investor Funds

JPMorgan Investor Balanced Fund

JPMorgan Investor Conservative Growth Fund

JPMorgan Investor Growth Fund

JPMorgan Investor Growth & Income Fund

Prospectus dated March 1, 2021, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund

JPMorgan Equity Index Fund

JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund

JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (formerly

JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)

Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMORGAN TRUST IV

J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2015SM Fund

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2020SM Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan Hedged Equity 2 Fund

JPMorgan Hedged Equity 3 Fund

Prospectus dated February 16, 2021, as supplemented

J.P. MORGAN FLEMING MUTUAL FUND GROUP, INC.

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

**J.P. MORGAN MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENT
TRUST**

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

UNDISCOVERED MANAGERS FUNDS

JPMorgan Realty Income Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

Undiscovered Managers Behavioral Value
Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

*(Class A, Class C, Class I and Class L)
(each, a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”)*

Supplement dated March 1, 2021 to the Prospectuses as dated above

Effective April 1, 2021, the “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – **SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION – Repurchase Rights**” section of each Prospectus will be hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

Repurchase Rights

If you redeem shares in a mutual fund, Repurchase Rights may allow you to reinvest all or a portion of the redemption proceeds or repurchase shares at NAV if the purchase is made within 90 days of the sale or distribution. In order to take advantage of Repurchase Rights, you must inform your Financial Intermediary or J.P. Morgan Funds you wish to do so at the time of purchase. This policy does not apply to systematic purchases.

There is no sales charge on:

- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class A Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class I Shares or Class L Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class R6 Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund held in a fee-based advisory account
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan Money Market Fund, provided that the Morgan Shares were acquired from Class A Shares where a sales charge was paid or waived

In addition, if you repurchase Class C Shares within 90 days of a redemption, there will be no CDSC on the new Class C Shares.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE PROSPECTUSES FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

(a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

(All Share Classes)

Supplement dated February 22, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME, INVESTMENT POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

At its February 2021 meeting, the Board of Trustees (“Board”) approved changes to the name, investment policy and investment strategies of the JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (the “Fund”).

The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about May 1, 2021 (the “Effective Date”). On the Effective Date, the new prospectuses (each, a “New Prospectus”) will replace the existing prospectuses for the Fund. You should refer to the New Prospectuses for the Fund, when they are available. Please note that the New Prospectuses reflecting changes for the Fund are not yet effective and that, prior to the Effective Date, this information may change, in which case additional notification may be provided.

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for a more complete discussion of the Fund’s strategies after the Effective Date.

Name Change

The Fund’s new name will be: JPMorgan Small Cap Sustainable Leaders Fund.

New 80% Policy

Under the existing 80% policy, under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies (the “Existing 80% Policy”).

On the Effective Date, the Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with the following new 80% policy (“New 80% Policy”):

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies meeting the adviser’s sustainability criteria.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Strategy Change

Currently, the Fund has an existing strategy to invest in equity securities of small cap companies. While the Fund will continue to invest in small cap companies after the Effective Date, the Fund’s strategy will change to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund’s investment strategy will be changed to provide as follows:

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser’s opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria and have attractive investment return potential. The adviser’s sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser’s subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The adviser’s investment analysis is based on a proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability criteria and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental – companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social – companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, health-ier products, impact on the community and human rights
- Governance – companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public policy.

Investment Process Change:

The Fund's investment process will change to reflect the Fund's new investment strategy to seek to invest in companies based on sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's Investment Process will change to provide as follows:

The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary fundamental analysis. In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive investment return potential.

The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of particular ESG characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular time. The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

Portfolio Manager Change

In addition, on the Effective Date, Robert Ippolito, Vice President, will be added as a portfolio manager of the Fund, replacing Jonathan Tse. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for more information about the Fund's portfolio managers after the Effective Date.

Sustainable Strategy Risk.

On the Effective Date, the Fund will be subject to Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk and the following will be added to the Fund's New Prospectuses:

Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk. The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

Transition Costs

As the Fund transitions to the new strategy, the Fund will sell a substantial portion of its existing investments and, as a result, incur higher portfolio turnover. The Fund will incur transaction costs, such as commissions, which will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund may also realize and/or distribute higher capital gains than might generally be expected under normal circumstances, a portion of which may be taxed as ordinary income for taxable accounts. The Fund's estimated capital gain distribution, if any, will be available on the Fund's website during the fourth quarter of 2021.

Expense Cap Changes.

On the Effective Date, the Fund's expense limitation agreement will be revised to lower the expense caps to provide as follows:

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64%, 0.89%, 1.39%, 1.14%, 0.89%, 0.70% and 0.65% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 4/30/2023, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT WITH THE
SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

JPMORGAN TRUST I

JPMorgan Access Funds

JPMorgan Access Balanced Fund

JPMorgan Access Growth Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Income Funds

JPMorgan Corporate Bond Fund

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Debt Fund

JPMorgan Floating Rate Income Fund

JPMorgan Global Bond Opportunities Fund

JPMorgan Income Fund

JPMorgan Inflation Managed Bond Fund

JPMorgan Short Duration Core Plus Fund

JPMorgan Strategic Income Opportunities Fund

JPMorgan Total Return Fund

JPMorgan Unconstrained Debt Fund

Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Strategic Debt Fund

Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan International Equity Funds

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Equity Fund

JPMorgan Europe Dynamic Fund

JPMorgan International Advantage Fund

JPMorgan International Equity Fund

JPMorgan International Focus Fund

JPMorgan International Value Fund

Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan Global Allocation Fund

JPMorgan Income Builder Fund

Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds

JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund

JPMorgan California Municipal Money Market Fund

JPMorgan Federal Money Market Fund

JPMorgan New York Municipal Money Market Fund

JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund

JPMorgan Tax Free Money Market Fund

Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Municipal Bond Funds

JPMorgan California Tax Free Bond Fund

JPMorgan High Yield Municipal Fund

JPMorgan Intermediate Tax Free Bond Fund

JPMorgan New York Tax Free Bond Fund

Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan Tax Aware Funds

JPMorgan Tax Aware Equity Fund

JPMorgan Tax Aware Real Return Fund

Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan SmartRetirement Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Income Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2020 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2025 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2030 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2035 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2040 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2045 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2050 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2055 Fund

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund

Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Diversified Fund

JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund

JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund

JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund

JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund

JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan Opportunistic Equity Long/Short Fund
*Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Specialty Funds

JPMorgan Research Market Neutral Fund
*Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

JPMORGAN TRUST II

J.P. Morgan Income Funds

JPMorgan Core Bond Fund
JPMorgan Core Plus Bond Fund
JPMorgan Government Bond Fund
JPMorgan High Yield Fund
JPMorgan Limited Duration Bond Fund
JPMorgan Mortgage-Backed Securities Fund
JPMorgan Short Duration Bond Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan International Equity Funds

JPMorgan International Research Enhanced
Equity Fund
*Prospectus dated March 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Investor Funds

JPMorgan Investor Balanced Fund
JPMorgan Investor Conservative Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth & Income Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds

JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund
JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market
Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Municipal Bond Funds

JPMorgan Sustainable Municipal Income
Fund

JPMorgan Short-Intermediate Municipal Bond
Fund

JPMorgan Tax Free Bond Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund
JPMorgan Equity Index Fund
JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index
Fund
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund
*Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

JPMORGAN TRUST IV

J.P. Morgan International Equity Funds

JPMorgan International Equity Plus Fund
JPMorgan International Hedged Equity Fund
*Prospectuses dated March 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan Macro Opportunities Fund
*Prospectus dated April 7, 2020, as
supplemented*

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2015SM Fund
JPMorgan SmartSpending 2020SM Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan Municipal Bond Funds

JPMorgan Ultra-Short Municipal Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

**J.P. MORGAN FLEMING MUTUAL FUND
GROUP, INC.**

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

**J.P. MORGAN MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENT
TRUST**

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund
*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

UNDISCOVERED MANAGERS FUNDS

JPMorgan Realty Income Fund
*Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

Undiscovered Managers Behavioral Value
Fund

*Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented*

*(Class A, Class C and Morgan Shares)
(each, a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”)*

Supplement dated January 15, 2021 to the Prospectuses as dated above

Effective January 15, 2021, the “**Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers – WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL**” section will be deleted and replaced with the following:

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Ameriprise Financial

The following information applies to Class A shares purchases if you have an account with or otherwise purchase Fund shares through Ameriprise Financial:

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an Ameriprise Financial retail brokerage account are eligible for the following front-end sales charge waivers, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund’s prospectus or SAI:

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund (but not any other fund within the same fund family).
- Shares exchanged by Ameriprise Financial from Class C Shares of the same Fund in the month of or following the 7-year anniversary of the purchase date. To the extent that this prospectus elsewhere provides for a waiver with respect to exchanges of Class C Shares or conversion of Class C Shares following a shorter holding period, that waiver will apply.
- Employees and registered representatives of Ameriprise Financial or its affiliates and their immediate family members.
- Shares purchased by or through qualified accounts (including IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, 401(k)s, 403(b) TSCAs subject to ERISA and defined benefit plans) that are held by a covered family member, defined as an Ameriprise financial advisor and/or the advisor’s spouse, advisor’s lineal ascendant (mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, great grandmother, great grandfather), advisor’s lineal descendant (son, step-son, daughter, step-daughter, grandson, granddaughter, great grandson, great granddaughter) or any spouse of a covered family member who is a lineal descendant.

- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e. Rights of Reinstatement).

Effective January 15, 2021, the “**Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers – WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH EDWARD JONES**” section or “**Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers – FEATURES AND WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH EDWARD JONES**” section, as applicable depending on the prospectus, will be deleted and replaced with the following information that is applicable to Class A and Class C Shares and which has been provided by Edward Jones:

POLICIES REGARDING TRANSACTIONS THROUGH EDWARD JONES

Effective on or after January 15, 2021, the following information supersedes prior information with respect to transactions and positions held in fund shares through an Edward Jones system. Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as “shareholders”) purchasing fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as “breakpoints”) and waivers, which can differ from discounts and waivers described elsewhere in this Fund prospectus or statement of additional information (“SAI”) or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder’s responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of J.P. Morgan Funds, or other facts qualifying the purchaser for discounts or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance. Shareholders should contact Edward Jones if they have questions regarding their eligibility for these discounts and waivers.

Breakpoints

- Breakpoint pricing, otherwise known as volume pricing, at dollar thresholds as described in the prospectus.

Rights of Accumulation (“ROA”)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A Shares is determined by taking into account all share classes (except certain money market funds and any assets held in group retirement plans) of the J.P. Morgan Funds held by the shareholder or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations (“pricing groups”). If grouping assets as a shareholder, this includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the ROA calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Money market funds are included only if such shares were sold with a sales charge at the time of purchase or acquired in exchange for shares purchased with a sales charge.
- The employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan may elect to establish or change ROA for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping as opposed to including all share classes at a shareholder or pricing group level.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost minus redemptions or market value (current shares x NAV).

Letter of Intent (“LOI”)

- Through a LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not adjusted under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

- If the employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan has elected to establish or change ROA for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping, LOIs will also be at the plan-level and may only be established by the employer.

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing and remains in good standing pursuant to Edward Jones' policies and procedures.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of the same fund family so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same share class and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual retirement account with proceeds from liquidations in a non-retirement account.
- Shares exchanged into Class A Shares from another share class so long as the exchange is into the same Fund and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in a Fund's prospectus.
- Exchanges from Class C Shares to Class A Shares of the same Fund, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ("CDSC") Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the shareholder.
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value.
- Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA).
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations.
- Shares sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones.
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable.
- Shares acquired through NAV reinstatement.
- Shares redeemed at the discretion of Edward Jones for Minimum Balances, as described below.

Other Important Information Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- Initial purchase minimum: \$250
- Subsequent purchase minimum: none

Minimum Balances

Edward Jones has the right to redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following are examples of accounts that are not included in this policy:

- A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
- A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform

- An account with an active systematic investment plan or LOI

Exchanging Share Classes

- At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings in a Fund to Class A Shares of the same Fund.

Finally, effective on or about February 22, 2021, the “**Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers**” section of each Prospectus will be amended to include a sub-section titled “**WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH U.S. BANCORP INVESTMENTS**” with the following new waiver applicable to purchases of Class A Shares:

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH U.S. BANCORP INVESTMENTS

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a U.S. Bancorp Investments (USBI) platform or account or who own shares for which USBI is the broker-dealer of record and where the shares are held in an omnibus account at the Fund will be eligible for the following additional sales charge waiver.

Front-end Sales Load Waiver on Class A Shares available at U.S. Bancorp Investments

Class C Shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and that are exchanged by USBI to the Class A Shares of the same Fund pursuant to USBI's share class exchange policy.

All other sales charge waivers and reductions described elsewhere in a Fund's Prospectus or SAI still apply.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE PROSPECTUSES FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

(the “Fund”)

(All Share Classes)

(a series of JPMorgan Trust II)

Supplement dated January 5, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statements of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

Effective as of the close of business on February 5, 2021 (the “Closing Date”), the JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (the “Fund”) will be offered on a limited basis and investors are not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, except as described below. In addition, both before and after the Closing Date, the Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on the Fund’s net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into the Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

The following groups will be permitted to continue to purchase Fund shares. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the applicable closing date are permitted to continue to purchase:

- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to continue to purchase additional shares in their existing Fund accounts and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund;
- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from other J.P. Morgan Funds;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the glossary) (and their successor, related and affiliated plans), which have the Fund available to participants on or before the Closing Date may continue to open accounts for new participants and can purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. A new Group Retirement Plan may establish a new account with the Fund only if the Plan has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by May 31, 2021, and the plan’s account with the Fund must be either funded by the plan or available to participant directed investments by July 30, 2021;
- Institutional investors (including successor, related, or affiliated accounts) may establish a new account with the Fund only if the account has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date, and the account with the Fund must be funded by July 30, 2021 (Institutional investors include, but are not limited to, corporations, qualified non-profit organizations, charitable trusts, foundations and endowments, governmental entities, municipalities, and hospitals investing for their own account. These accounts may not be held for the benefit of multiple underlying, unrelated investors.);
- Fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs, where investment discretion (fund and investment allocations) solely reside with the Financial Intermediary’s home office and where the Financial Intermediary’s home office has full authority to make investment changes without approval from the shareholder, may continue to utilize the Fund for new and existing program accounts. These programs must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date. Additionally, after the Closing Date, new fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs may utilize the Fund for program accounts only with the approval by the Fund and its distributor;
- Registered Investment Advisory firms who have included the Fund in their discretionary models by the closing date and utilize an approved clearing platform may continue to make Fund shares available to new and existing accounts. These particular firms must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor on or before the Closing Date;
- Other fee-based advisory programs (including Rep as Advisor and Portfolio Manager programs) may continue to utilize the Fund for existing program accounts, but will not be able to open new program accounts after the Closing Date;

- Model portfolios directed by J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (“JPMIM”), and J.P. Morgan Funds that are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds, may purchase shares of the Fund; and
- Named investment professionals listed in the Fund’s prospectus may utilize the Fund for both new accounts and existing Fund accounts.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENTS OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

JPMORGAN TRUST I

JPMorgan Access Funds

JPMorgan Access Balanced Fund
JPMorgan Access Growth Fund
Prospectus dated November 1, 2020

JPMorgan SmartRetirement Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Income Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2020 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2025 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2030 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2035 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2040 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2045 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2050 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2055 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

JPMorgan SmartRetirement Blend Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend Income Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2020 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2025 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2030 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2035 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2040 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2045 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2050 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2055 Fund
JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2060 Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Diversified Fund
JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund
JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund
JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund
JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund
(formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund)

JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund
(formerly JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund)
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

JPMORGAN TRUST II

J.P. Morgan Investor Funds

JPMorgan Investor Balanced Fund
JPMorgan Investor Conservative Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth & Income Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund
JPMorgan Equity Index Fund
JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund
(formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

JPMORGAN TRUST IV

J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2015SM Fund
JPMorgan SmartSpending 2020SM Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

J.P. MORGAN FLEMING MUTUAL FUND GROUP, INC.

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

**J.P. MORGAN MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENT
TRUST**

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds
JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

UNDISCOVERED MANAGERS FUNDS

Undiscovered Managers Behavioral
Value Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

(All Share Classes)

**Supplement dated November 1, 2020
to the Prospectuses as dated above**

Effective immediately, shareholder servicing representatives will be available from 8:00 am to 6:00 pm ET by calling the service center at 1-800-480-4111. This schedule will be in place until further notice.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE PROSPECTUSES FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

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JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VHIX; C/JGACX; I/JGASX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees¹	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.35	0.35	0.34
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses ²	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.09</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.15	1.65	0.89
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements³	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>NONE</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements³	1.14	1.64	0.89

- ¹ "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- ² "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- ³ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64% and 0.89% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	870	1,124	1,848
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	267	519	896	1,954
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	870	1,124	1,848
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	167	519	896	1,954
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund (continued)

performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 47% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund will invest primarily in common stocks of companies across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large capitalization companies.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund invests in companies that the adviser believes have strong earnings growth potential. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks,

growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Because the Fund may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller cap companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss

increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

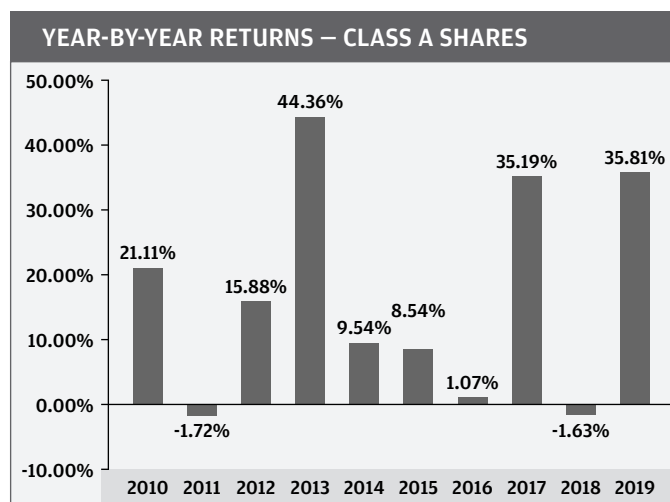
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 3000® Growth Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2012 **19.72%**

Worst Quarter 4th quarter, 2018 **-17.91%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 33.03%.

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.68%	13.43%	15.14%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.85	12.05	14.16
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	18.91	10.56	12.60
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	34.12	14.09	15.18
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	36.13	14.91	16.00
RUSSELL 3000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	35.85	14.23	15.05

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Timothy Parton	2002	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2020	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50
For Class I Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Class/Ticker: A/OMEAX; C/OMECX; I/PGMIX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of an index that tracks the performance of the small- and mid-capitalization equity markets.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION" on page 97 and in "Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers" in Appendix A of the prospectus and in "PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES" in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	<u>Class A</u>	<u>Class C</u>	<u>Class I</u>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	<u>Class A</u>	<u>Class C</u>	<u>Class I</u>
Management Fees	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.38	0.39	0.37
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.12</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.88	1.39	0.62
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	<u>(0.28)</u>	<u>(0.29)</u>	<u>(0.27)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	0.60	1.10	0.35

- ¹ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.60%, 1.10% and 0.35% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund (continued)

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	583	764	961	1,528
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	212	412	733	1,643
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	36	171	319	749

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	583	764	961	1,528
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	112	412	733	1,643
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	36	171	319	749

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will hold at least 80% of its Assets in stocks in the S&P 1000 Index¹. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The S&P 1000 Index is an index which includes stocks of small- and mid-capitalization companies. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 1000 ranged from \$90 million to \$13.3 billion. These securities trade on national exchanges, as well as over-the-counter as part of the National Market System. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 1000 Index are included in the Fund, and the Fund’s position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. In addition, the Fund may modestly overweight or underweight the sectors and industries within the index. The Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 1000 Index over the long term with a modest divergence to the benchmark. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy that seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of the S&P 1000 Index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks S&P 1000 Index stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency within constraints on sector and industry weights and position sizes. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer included in the S&P 1000 Index.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as

¹ “S&P 1000 Index,” is a registered service marks of Standard & Poor’s Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund. The S&P 1000 Index is a market capitalization weighted combination of the Standard & Poor’s SmallCap 600 and the Standard & Poor’s MidCap 400 Indexes.

changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Index Investing Risk. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, securities may be purchased, retained and sold by the Fund at times when a more actively managed fund would not do so. If the value of securities that are heavily weighted in the index changes, you can expect a greater risk of loss than would be the case if the Fund were not invested in such securities. There is also the risk that the Fund's performance may not correlate with the performance of the index.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies) may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less

frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interest. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely

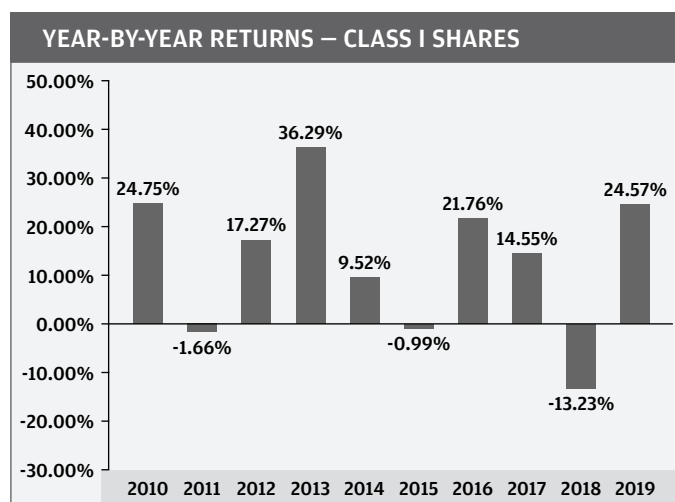
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund (continued)

affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 1000 Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **14.36%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-20.45%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -13.22%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.57%	8.34%	12.35%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	22.78	5.35	9.92
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.76	6.10	9.81
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	17.78	6.92	11.47
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.67	7.45	11.37
S&P 1000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.14	9.19	12.92

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2013	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account \$1,000

To add to an account \$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account \$1,000,000

To add to an account No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary

- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JCMAX; C/JMCCX; I/VSNGX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund's objective is long-term capital growth.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION" on page 97 and in "Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers" in Appendix A of the prospectus and in "PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES" in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, Shown as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.36	0.36	0.36
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.11	0.11	0.11
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.26	1.76	1.01
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	(0.12)	(0.12)	(0.12)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.14	1.64	0.89

- ¹ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64% and 0.89% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	892	1,169	1,958
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	267	542	943	2,063
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	310	546	1,225

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	892	1,169	1,958
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	167	542	943	2,063
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	310	546	1,225

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Index securities at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio management team employs an investment process that seeks to identify both growth and value securities for the Fund. The team seeks to identify companies with leading competitive positions, talented management teams and durable business models. In addition, the team will invest in companies that it believes either have the capacity to achieve a sustainable level of above average growth or have sustainable free cash flow generation with management committed to increasing shareholder value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in

JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund (continued)

response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund invests in both growth and value securities, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. To the extent the Fund invests in growth securities, it will be subject to risks related to growth investing. Specifically, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. To the extent the Fund invests in value securities, it will be subject to risks related to value investing. Specifically, a value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests.

These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

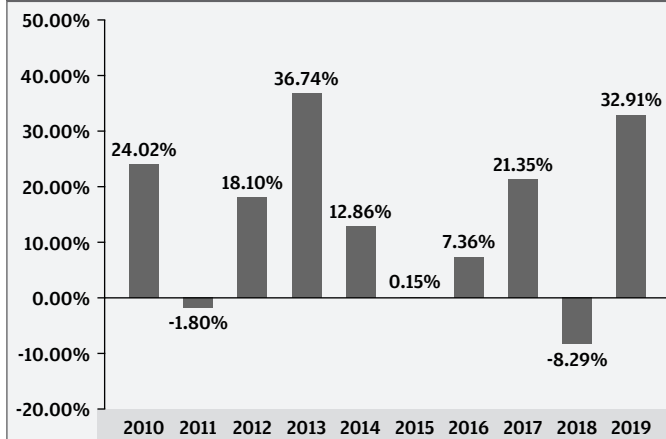
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

YEAR-BY-YEAR RETURNS — CLASS I SHARES



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **18.06%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-19.00%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 2.28%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	32.91%	9.73%	13.44%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	30.15	7.93	12.08
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	21.13	7.36	10.94
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	25.59	8.21	12.46
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	30.89	8.84	12.51
RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	30.54	9.33	13.19

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2002	Managing Director
Timothy Parton	2010	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2020	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2020	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: A/OSGIX; C/OMGCX; I/HLGEX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks growth of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.35	0.35
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.10	0.10
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.27	1.75	1.00
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	(0.03)	NONE	(0.07)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	1.24	1.75	0.93

¹ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.24% and 0.93% of the average daily net assets of Class A and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	904	1,183	1,976
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	278	551	949	2,062
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	95	311	546	1,218

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	904	1,183	1,976
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	178	551	949	2,062
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	95	311	546	1,218

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 63% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of mid cap companies, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stocks that are convertible to common stocks. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks of mid cap companies which the Fund's adviser believes are capable of achieving sustained growth. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund (continued)

response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

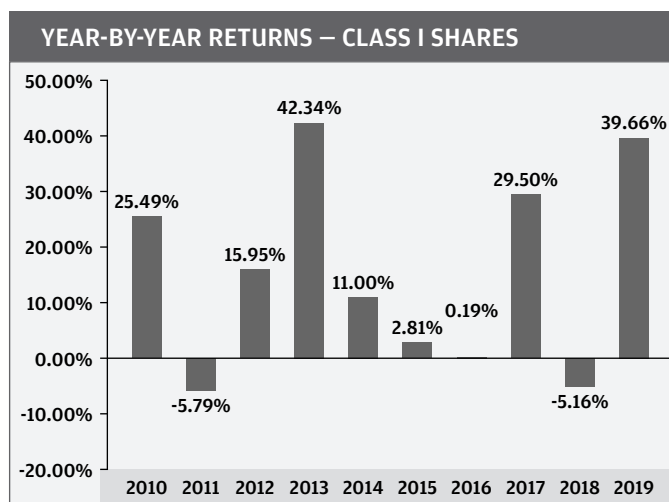
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **21.41%**
Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-22.27%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 23.08%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.66%	12.06%	14.36%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	37.37	10.74	12.91
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	25.07	9.39	11.70
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	31.94	10.52	13.39
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	37.55	11.16	13.44
RUSSELL MIDCAP GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	35.47	11.60	14.24

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Timothy Parton	2004	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2015	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**Purchase minimums**

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account \$1,000

To add to an account \$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account \$1,000,000

To add to an account No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JAMCX; C/JCMVX; I/JMVXS

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks growth from capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.34	0.34	0.34
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.09	0.09	0.09
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.24	1.74	0.99

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes

that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	898	1,170	1,946
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	277	548	944	2,052
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	315	547	1,213

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	898	1,170	1,946
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	177	548	944	2,052
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	315	547	1,213

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Value Index and/or between \$1 billion and \$20 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$38.6 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser

looks for quality companies, which appear to be undervalued and to have the potential to grow intrinsic value per share. Quality companies generally have a sustainable competitive position, relatively lower levels of business cyclicality, high returns on invested capital and strong experienced management teams. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other

asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund (continued)

fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

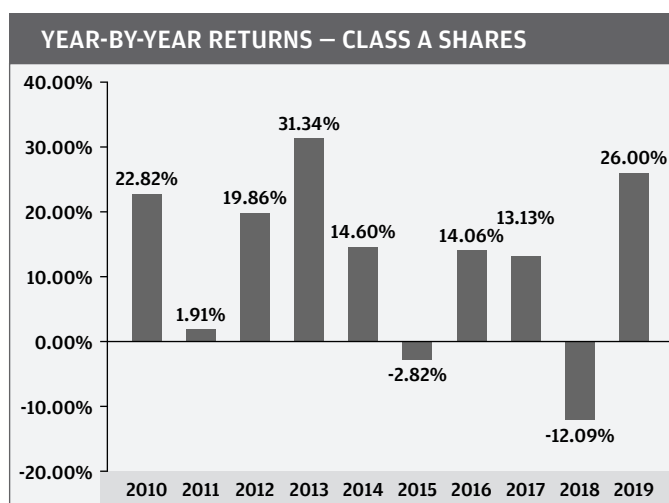
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Value Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **14.55%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-16.11%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -16.19%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.37%	5.65%	11.51%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	18.03	4.33	10.42
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.40	4.23	9.39
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.35	6.25	11.54
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.34	7.07	12.39
RUSSELL MIDCAP VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	27.06	7.62	12.41

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	1997	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2004	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**Purchase minimums**

For Class A and Class C Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50
For Class I Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: L/FLMVX

Currently, Class L Shares of the Fund are publicly offered only on a limited basis. (See “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds –FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus for more information.)

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks growth from capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Class L</u>
Management Fees	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.19
Service Fees	0.10
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.09</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.84
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	<u>(0.09)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	0.75

¹ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.75% of the average daily net assets of Class L Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimburse-

ments shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS L SHARES (\$)	77	259	457	1,029

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Value Index and/or between \$1 billion and \$20 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$38.6 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser looks for quality companies, which appear to be undervalued and to have the potential to grow intrinsic value per share. Quality companies generally have a sustainable competitive position, relatively lower levels of business cyclicality, high returns on invested capital and strong experienced management teams. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in

which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the

occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund (continued)

derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

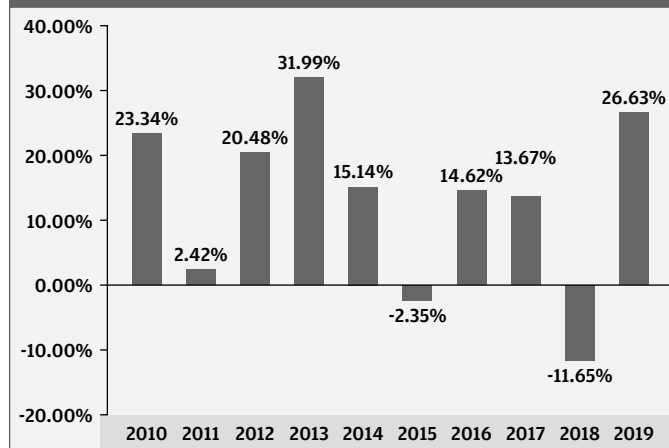
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class L Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Value Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of

the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

YEAR-BY-YEAR RETURNS – CLASS L SHARES



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **14.68%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-16.04%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -15.91%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS L SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.63%	7.32%	12.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.11	5.88	11.46
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.82	5.54	10.38
RUSSELL MIDCAP VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	27.06	7.62	12.41

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	1997	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2004	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Class L Shares of the Fund are no longer generally available to new purchasers. Existing Class L shareholders can still purchase additional shares, reinvest their dividends and exchange into the Class L Shares from Class L Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds. In addition, certain group employer benefit plans, certain fee-based advisory programs, college savings plans and other J.P. Morgan Funds can continue to purchase shares as described in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus.

Purchase minimums

For Class L Shares

To establish an account	\$3,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VSCOX; C/VSCCX; I/JDSCX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

“Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund’s net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund’s prospectus.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.42	0.40	0.40
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.17	0.15	0.15
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.33	1.81	1.06
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	<u>(0.09)</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.24	1.74	0.99

- ¹ The Fund’s adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.24%, 1.74% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund’s adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund’s investment in such money market funds for all Share Classes. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund’s investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	916	1,207	2,035
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	277	563	973	2,121
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	330	578	1,288

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	916	1,207	2,035
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	177	563	973	2,121
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	330	578	1,288

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses, or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 48% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

The Fund is a small cap equity portfolio which is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to proactively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The portfolio managers will consider various factors when making overall allocation decisions for the Fund, including the relative attractiveness of growth and value securities and the relative valuations and fundamentals of companies in the small cap growth and value universes. Based on these considerations, the size of the allocation of the Fund to either growth or value securities may range from 30 to 70 percent of the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000 Index and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$5 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the Fund’s adviser seeks to outperform the Fund’s benchmark. The adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify both growth and value securities.

In selecting growth securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies that have a history of above-average growth or that the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. The adviser believes that investing in high quality growth companies whose long-term growth rates are underappreciated by the market will lead to attractive returns. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions, predictable and durable business models and management that can achieve sustained growth.

In selecting value securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and that the adviser believes to be attractively valued and to have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand.

As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a security that it believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund’s assets between growth and value securities.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund (continued)

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which

the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities, depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Specifically, growth securities may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other securities, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Specifically, a value security may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the security price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value

will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

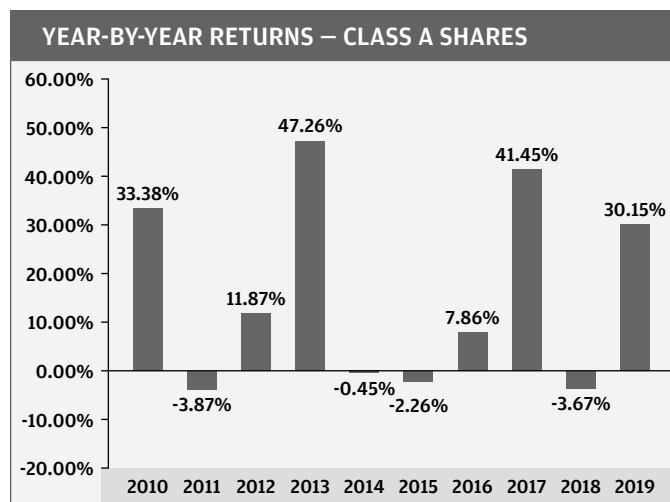
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000 Index and the Russell 2000 Growth Index, both broad-based securities market indexes. As of 6/1/18, the Fund changed its investment strategies and certain investment policies. In view of these changes, the Fund's performance record prior to this period might be less pertinent for investors considering whether to purchase shares of the Fund. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2010 **18.90%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-24.50%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -2.46%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.32%	12.11%	14.06%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	22.40	8.26	11.50
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	14.45	8.66	11.04
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.60	12.77	14.08
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	30.51	13.62	15.00
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83
RUSSELL 2000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	28.48	9.34	13.01

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund (continued)

tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Eytan Shapiro	2004	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2018	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VSSBX; C/VSSRX; I/VSSWX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.48	0.42	0.41
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.16</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.38	1.82	1.06
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	<u>(0.14)</u>	<u>(0.08)</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.24	1.74	0.99

- ¹ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.24%, 1.74% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	926	1,228	2,084
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	277	565	978	2,131
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	330	578	1,288

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	645	926	1,228	2,084
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	177	565	978	2,131
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	330	578	1,288

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 102% of the average value of its portfolio.

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (continued)

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000 Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000 Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and

negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

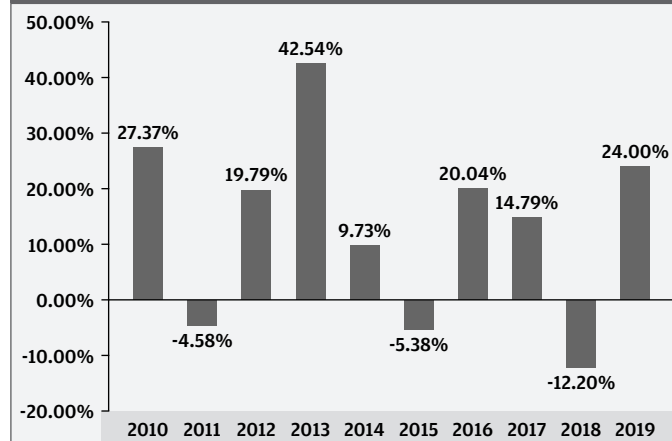
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. The performance for Class A and Class C Shares prior to their inception is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus). The actual returns of the Class A and Class C Shares would be lower because each of these classes has higher expenses than Class R5 Shares. The performance for Class I Shares prior to their inception is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus). The actual returns of the Class I Shares would be different than those shown for Class R5 Shares because Class I Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (continued)

YEAR-BY-YEAR RETURNS — CLASS A SHARES



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **17.09%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-24.62%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -13.87%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	17.50%	6.10%	11.84%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	16.43	4.04	10.25
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	11.11	4.40	9.50
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.36	6.87	12.25
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.31	7.47	12.56
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2010	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: A/VSEAX; C/JSECX; I/VSEIX

Currently, the Fund is publicly offered on a limited basis. (See “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus for more information.)

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

“Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund’s net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund’s prospectus.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.35	0.34
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.10	0.09
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.28	1.76	1.00
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.27	1.75	0.99

- ¹ The Fund’s adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class I Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund’s adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund’s investment in such money market funds for all Share Classes. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund’s investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (continued)

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	648	909	1,189	1,988
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	278	553	953	2,072
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	317	551	1,224

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	648	909	1,189	1,988
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	178	553	953	2,072
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	317	551	1,224

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 23% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of

environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund’s securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value

of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

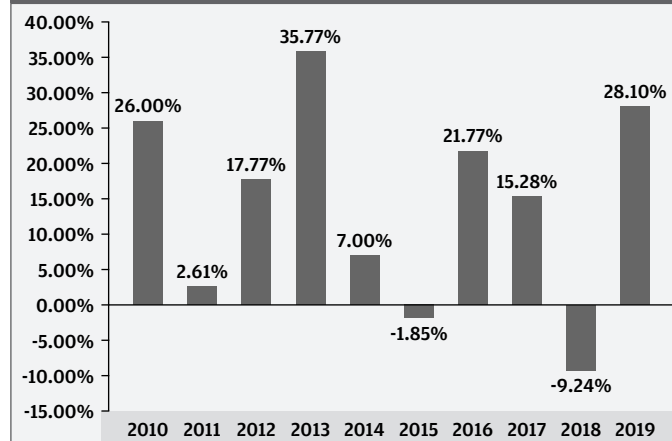
The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (continued)

YEAR-BY-YEAR RETURNS — CLASS A SHARES



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **15.88%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-18.52%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -5.92%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	21.37%	8.71%	12.87%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.98	7.21	11.27
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.61	6.60	10.36
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.45	9.34	12.92
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.40	10.19	13.81
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Don San Jose	2007	Managing Director
Daniel J. Percella	2014	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Shares of the Fund are no longer generally available to new purchasers. Existing shareholders can still purchase additional shares, reinvest their dividends and exchange into the Fund from other J.P. Morgan Funds. In addition, certain group employer benefit plans, certain discretionary fee-based advisory programs, college savings plans, approved brokerage programs and other J.P. Morgan Funds can continue to purchase shares as described in "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING" in the prospectus.

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or

financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: A/PGSGX; C/OSGCX; I/OGGFX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily by investing in a portfolio of equity securities of small-capitalization and emerging growth companies.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

“Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund’s net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund’s prospectus.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.37	0.36
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.12	0.11
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.28	1.78	1.02
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	<u>(0.03)</u>	<u>(0.03)</u>	<u>(0.02)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.25	1.75	1.00

- ¹ The Fund’s adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.24%, 1.74% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund’s adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund’s investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund’s investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	646	907	1,188	1,987
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	278	557	962	2,092
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	102	323	561	1,246

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	646	907	1,188	1,987
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	178	557	962	2,092
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	102	323	561	1,246

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 51% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s Assets will be invested in the securities of small capitalization companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Growth Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund will invest primarily in common stocks. Typically, the Fund invests in securities of companies with a history of above-average growth, as well as companies expected to have above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for

the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund’s securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades,

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (continued)

embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of

certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

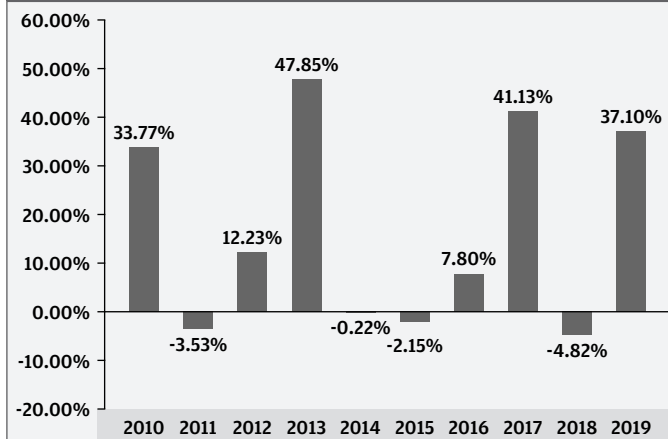
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Growth Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.

YEAR-BY-YEAR RETURNS — CLASS A SHARES



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **23.40%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-24.49%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 22.99%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	29.93%	12.98%	14.68%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	28.10	10.86	12.91
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	19.00	9.85	11.85
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	35.46	13.63	14.71
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	37.48	14.48	15.59
RUSSELL 2000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	28.48	9.34	13.01

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Eytan Shapiro	2004	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2016	Managing Director
Matthew Cohen	2016	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account \$1,000

To add to an account \$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account \$1,000,000

To add to an account No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: L/JISGX

Currently, Class L Shares of the Fund are publicly offered only on a limited basis. (See “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds –FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus for more information.)

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily by investing in a portfolio of equity securities of small-capitalization and emerging growth companies.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. “Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund’s net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund’s prospectus.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Class L</u>
Management Fees	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.21
Service Fees	0.10
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.11
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.87

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS L SHARES (\$)	89	278	482	1,073

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 51% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s Assets will be invested in the securities of small capitalization companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Growth Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund will invest primarily in common stocks. Typically, the Fund invests in securities of companies with a history of above-average growth, as well as companies expected to have above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and

negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (continued)

of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

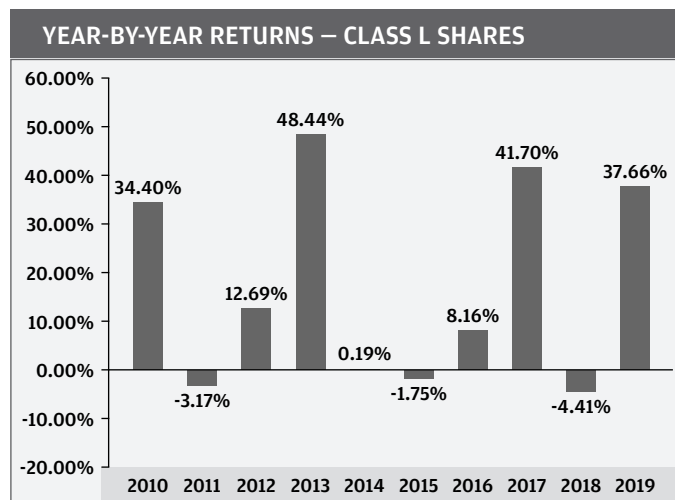
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class L Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Growth Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 **23.50%**
Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-24.40%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 23.35%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS L SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	37.66%	14.66%	15.76%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	35.94	12.74	14.14
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	23.49	11.29	12.87
RUSSELL 2000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	28.48	9.34	13.01

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Eytan Shapiro	2004	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2016	Managing Director
Matthew Cohen	2016	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Class L Shares of the Fund are no longer generally available to new purchasers. Existing Class L shareholders can still purchase additional shares, reinvest their dividends and exchange into the Class L Shares from Class L Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds. In addition, certain group employer benefit plans, certain fee-based advisory programs, college savings plans and other J.P. Morgan Funds can continue to purchase shares as described in "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING" in the prospectus.

Purchase minimums

For Class L Shares

To establish an account \$3,000,000
 To add to an account No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary

- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: A/PSOAX; C/OSVCX; I/PSOPX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily by investing in equity securities of small-capitalization companies.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.38	0.36
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.13	0.11
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.27	1.78	1.01
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	NONE	(0.04)	(0.02)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ¹	1.27	1.74	0.99

1 The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.74% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	648	907	1,185	1,978
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	277	556	961	2,091
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	320	556	1,234

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	648	907	1,185	1,978
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	177	556	961	2,091
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	101	320	556	1,234

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 42% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Value Index stocks at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$50 million to \$7.02 billion. In reviewing investment opportunities for the Fund, its adviser uses a value-oriented approach. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund’s equity investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utiliz-

ing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund’s securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund (continued)

expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associ-

ated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund, will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

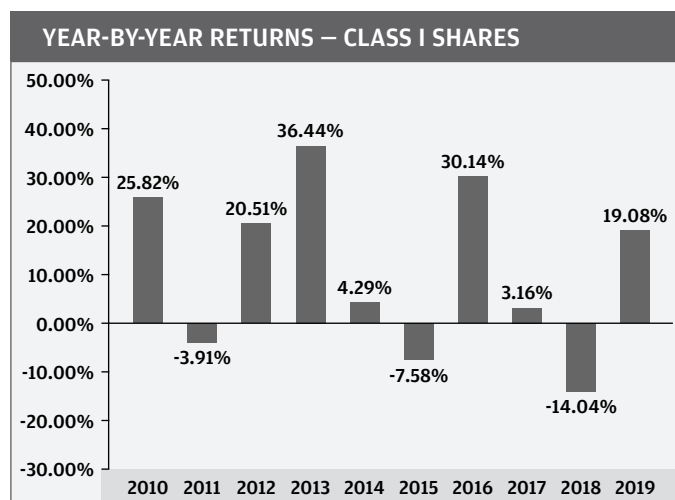
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past

ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Value Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **17.67%**
Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-22.22%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -20.46%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.08%	4.90%	10.17%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.34	3.32	9.03
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.50	3.69	8.27
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	12.61	3.53	9.30
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	17.20	4.07	9.25
RUSSELL 2000 VALUE INDEX (Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)			
	22.39	6.99	10.56

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact

of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2005	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund

(formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)

Class/Ticker: A/PECAX; C/ODMCX; I/WOOPX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of companies with intermediate capitaliza-tions.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More informa-tion about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSA-TION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees ¹	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.41	0.41	0.39
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses ²	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.14</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.21	1.71	0.94
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ³	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>(0.05)</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimburse-ments ³	1.14	1.64	0.89

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64% and 0.89% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's invest-ment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/22, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lend-ing, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimburse-ments shown in the fee table through 10/31/22 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	875	1,142	1,902
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	267	525	915	2,007
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	289	510	1,145

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	875	1,142	1,902
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	167	525	915	2,007
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	289	510	1,145

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 92% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s Assets will be invested in equity securities of small- to mid-cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small- to mid-cap companies are generally considered to be those companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2500® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2500® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$19.4 billion. The Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes are attractive based on certain characteristics, including valuation and momentum. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks. The Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process and seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks to invest the Fund’s assets in companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in a company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity. The adviser will also seek to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund’s securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (continued)

asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller and Mid-Sized Company Risk. Investments in smaller and mid-sized companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of such companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the

Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

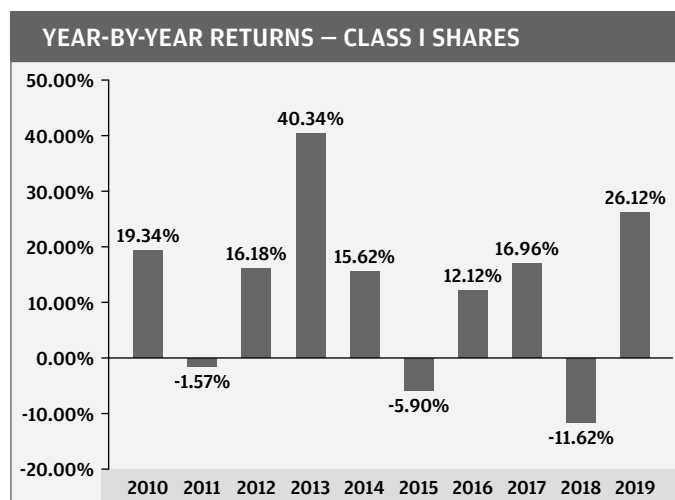
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of

the Russell Mid Cap Index and the Russell 2500® Index. Effective 11/1/20, the Fund's investment strategies changed. The Fund's past performance would have been different if the Fund were managed using the current strategies. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2013 **14.61%**
Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-20.95%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -6.29%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.12%	6.58%	11.78%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	23.03	4.03	9.99
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	17.63	4.72	9.48
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.22	5.17	10.91
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.18	5.72	10.84
RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX¹ (Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)			
	30.54	9.33	13.19
RUSSELL 2500 INDEX¹ (Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)			
	27.77	8.93	12.58

- ¹ Effective 11/1/2020 the Fund's Benchmark changed from Russell Midcap Index to Russell 2500® Index because the adviser believes that the Russell 2500® Index is a more appropriate comparison in light of the Fund's new name and investment strategies, which were also adopted 11/1/2020.

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Don San Jose	2020	Managing Director
Daniel J. Percella	2020	Managing Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account \$1,000
 To add to an account \$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account \$1,000,000
 To add to an account No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (continued)

create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JTUAX; C/JTUCX; I/JSCSX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide high total return from a portfolio of small company stocks.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION” on page 97 and in “Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers” in Appendix A of the prospectus and in “PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES” in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.38	0.39	0.36
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.11</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.23	1.74	0.96

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	644	895	1,165	1,935
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	277	548	944	2,052
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	98	306	531	1,178

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	644	895	1,165	1,935
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	177	548	944	2,052
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	98	306	531	1,178

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 52% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap U.S. companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000® Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000® Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund (continued)

managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting

individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value

will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

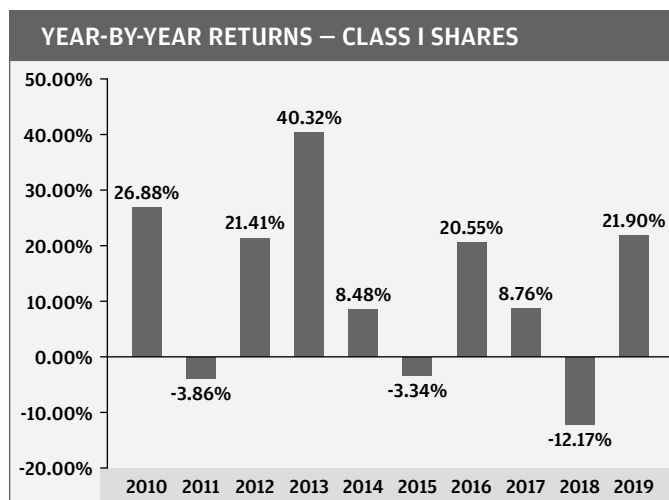
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the performance of the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **15.86%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-23.49%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -8.76%.

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	21.90%	6.29%	11.83%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	21.75	5.02	10.96
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.08	4.67	9.66
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	15.22	4.89	10.94
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.98	5.49	10.98
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class I Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2010	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50
For Class I Shares	
To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

Class/Ticker: L/JUSSX

Currently, Class L Shares of the Fund are publicly offered only on a limited basis. (See “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds –FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus for more information.)

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide high total return from a portfolio of small company stocks.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Class L</u>
Management Fees	0.60%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.21
Service Fees	0.10
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.11</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.81

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS L SHARES (\$)	83	259	450	1,002

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 52% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap U.S. companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000® Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000® Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund (continued)

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and

negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

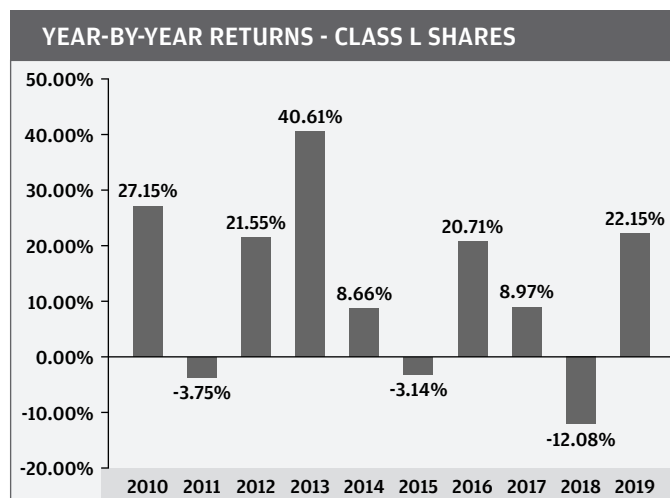
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class L Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the performance of the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **15.90%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-23.44%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -8.67%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS L SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.15%	6.47%	12.02%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	21.95	5.15	11.10
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.26	4.80	9.81
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund (continued)

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2010	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Class L Shares of the Fund are no longer generally available to new purchasers. Existing Class L shareholders can still purchase additional shares, reinvest their dividends and exchange into the Class L Shares from Class L Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds. In addition, certain group employer benefit plans, certain fee-based advisory programs, college savings plans and other J.P. Morgan Funds can continue to purchase shares as described in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus.

Purchase minimums

For Class L Shares	
To establish an account	\$3,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: A/JVAAX; C/JVACX; I/JVASX

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term total return from a combination of income and capital gains.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the J.P. Morgan Funds. *More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION" on page 97 and in "Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers" in Appendix A of the prospectus and in "PURCHASES, REDEMPTIONS AND EXCHANGES" in Appendix A to Part II of the Statement of Additional Information.* You may be required to pay a commission to your Financial Intermediary for purchases of Class I Shares. Such commissions are not reflected in the tables or the example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES (Fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases, as % of the Offering Price	5.25%	NONE	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load), as % of Original Cost of the Shares	NONE (under \$1 million)	1.00%	NONE

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class I
Management Fees¹	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25	0.75	NONE
Other Expenses	0.35	0.35	0.34
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25
Remainder of Other Expenses²	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.09</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.15	1.65	0.89
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements³	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>NONE</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements³	1.14	1.64	0.89

- ¹ "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- ² "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- ³ The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64% and 0.89% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund (continued)

IF YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	870	1,124	1,848
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	267	519	896	1,954
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096

IF YOU DO NOT SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS A SHARES (\$)	635	870	1,124	1,848
CLASS C SHARES (\$)	167	519	896	1,954
CLASS I SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the Fund’s most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 29% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund’s main investment strategies?

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large-capitalization companies. Equity securities in which the Fund primarily invests include common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser’s aim is to identify undervalued companies that have the potential to grow their intrinsic values per share and to purchase these companies at a discount. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be

negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund’s Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser’s expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company’s financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund’s portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund’s securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund’s investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Because the Fund may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in

economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

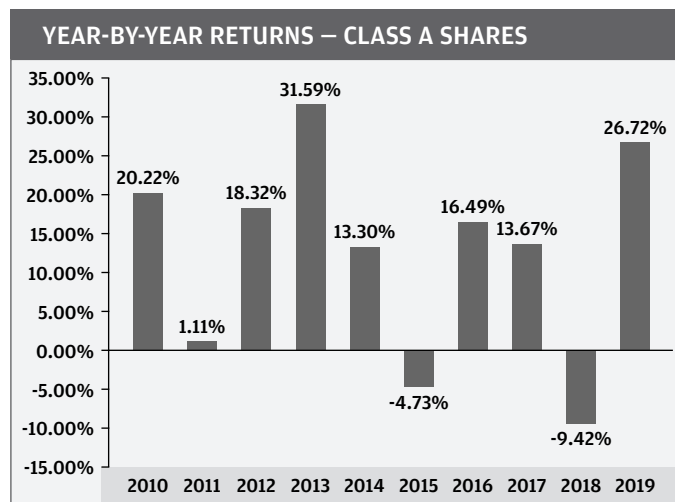
The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund (continued)

Russell 3000® Value Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*

The performance figures in the bar chart do not reflect any deduction for the front-end sales load, which is assessed on Class A Shares. If the load were reflected, the performance figures would have been lower.



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **13.25%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-14.84%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -18.17%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
CLASS A SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	20.08%	6.53%	11.39%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.04	5.80	10.77
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.62	5.03	9.37
CLASS C SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	25.09	7.15	11.44
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.03	7.95	12.27
RUSSELL 3000 VALUE INDEX (Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)			
	26.26	8.20	11.71

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class A Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual

federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2005	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2005	Managing Director
Graham Spence	2020	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class A and Class C Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000
To add to an account	\$50

For Class I Shares

To establish an account	\$1,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: L/JVAIX

Currently, Class L Shares of the Fund are publicly offered only on a limited basis. (See "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds –FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING" in the prospectus for more information.)

What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term total return from a combination of income and capital gains.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Class L</u>
Management Fees ¹	0.55%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.19
Service Fees	0.10
Remainder of Other Expenses ²	<u>0.09</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.74

1 "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.

2 "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
CLASS L SHARES (\$)	76	237	411	918

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's

performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 29% of the average value of its portfolio.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large-capitalization companies. Equity securities in which the Fund primarily invests include common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser's aim is to identify undervalued companies that have the potential to grow their intrinsic values per share and to purchase these companies at a discount. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund (continued)

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Because the Fund may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and credit-worthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due

to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

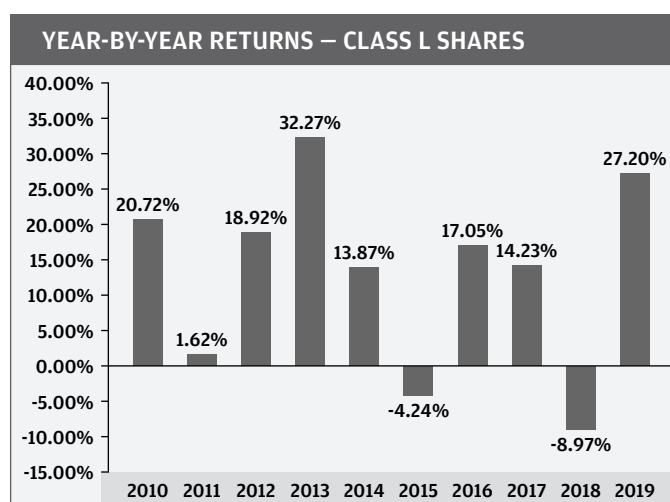
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class L Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 3000® Value Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.*



Best Quarter 4th quarter, 2011 **13.41%**

Worst Quarter 3rd quarter, 2011 **-14.76%**

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -17.93%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS L SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.20%	8.17%	12.52%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.99	7.32	11.80
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.95	6.33	10.35
RUSSELL 3000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	26.26	8.20	11.71

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund (continued)

Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2005	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2005	Managing Director
Graham Spence	2020	Executive Director

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Class L Shares of the Fund are no longer generally available to new purchasers. Existing Class L shareholders can still purchase additional shares, reinvest their dividends and exchange into the Class L Shares from Class L Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds. In addition, certain group employer benefit plans, certain fee-based advisory programs, college savings plans and other J.P. Morgan Funds can continue to purchase shares as described in “Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds – FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING” in the prospectus.

Purchase minimums

For Class L Shares	
To establish an account	\$3,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

More About the Funds

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS' INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Each of the Funds

Each Fund will invest primarily in equity securities as described below. Each Fund invests in **common stock** as a main strategy. Although not a main strategy, a Fund's investment in equity securities may also include:

- preferred stock
- convertible securities
- trust or partnership interests
- warrants and rights to buy common stock
- equity securities purchased in initial public offerings
- master limited partnerships.

All of these securities may be included as equity securities for the purpose of calculating a Fund's 80% policy.

The following investments may be part of a Fund's main investment strategies:

- real estate investment trusts (REITs) which are pooled vehicles which invest primarily in income-producing real estate or loans related to real estate
- derivatives, including futures contracts, options and swaps. In connection with its main investment strategies, a Fund may use futures to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash position. Each Fund is also permitted to use derivatives such as futures, options and swaps in order to hedge various investments, for risk management and to opportunistically enhance the Fund's returns. Under certain market conditions, a Fund's use of derivatives for cash management or other investment management purposes could be significant.

Although not main strategies, the Funds may also utilize the following, some of which may be equity securities:

- other investment companies
 - exchange-traded funds (ETFs)
 - affiliated money market funds
- foreign securities, often in the form of depositary receipts
- securities lending.

ETFs, which are pooled investment vehicles whose ownership interests are purchased and sold on a securities exchange, may be passively or actively managed. Passively managed ETFs generally seek to track the performance of a particular market index, including broad-based market indexes, as well as indexes relating to particular sectors, markets, regions or industries. Actively managed ETFs do not seek to track the performance of a particular market index. Ordinarily, a Fund must limit its investments in a single non-affiliated ETF to 5% of its total assets and in all non-affiliated ETFs to 10% of its total assets. The Securities and Exchange Commission has issued exemptive orders to many ETFs that currently allow any fund investing in such ETFs to disregard these 5% and 10% limitations, subject to certain conditions. If a Fund invests in ETFs that have received such exemptive orders, it may invest any amount of its total assets in a single ETF or in multiple ETFs. ETFs that are not structured as investment companies as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 are not subject to these percentage limitations. The price movement of an index-based ETF may not track the underlying index and may result in a loss. In addition, ETFs may trade at a price above (premium) or below (discount) their net asset value, especially during periods of significant market volatility or stress, causing investors to pay significantly more or less than the value of the ETF's underlying portfolio.

The Funds will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in their 80% investment policies as described below.

The frequency with which each Fund buys and sells securities will vary from year to year, depending on market conditions.

FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

An investment objective is fundamental if it cannot be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund. The investment objectives for Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Blend Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund are fundamental. The investment objectives for the remaining Funds can be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of that Fund.

More About the Funds (continued)

Securities Lending. Each Fund may engage in securities lending to increase its income. Securities lending involves the lending of securities owned by a Fund to financial institutions such as certain broker-dealers in exchange for cash collateral. The Fund will invest cash collateral in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates and from which the adviser or its affiliates may receive fees. During the term of the loan, the Fund is entitled to receive amounts equivalent to distributions paid on the loaned securities as well as the return on the cash collateral investments. Upon termination of the loan, the Fund is required to return the cash collateral to the borrower plus any agreed upon rebate. Cash collateral investments will be subject to market depreciation or appreciation, and a Fund will be responsible for any loss that might result from its investment of cash collateral. If the adviser determines to make securities loans, the value of the securities loaned may not exceed 33⅓% of the value of total assets of a Fund. Loan collateral (including any investment of that collateral) is not subject to the percentage limitations regarding a Fund's investments described elsewhere in this prospectus.

Growth Advantage Fund

The Fund will invest primarily in common stocks of companies across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large capitalization companies.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund invests in companies that the adviser believes have strong earnings growth potential. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will hold at least 80% of its Assets in stocks in the S&P 1000 Index¹. The S&P 1000 Index is a market capitalization weighted combination of the S&P SmallCap 600¹ and S&P MidCap 400¹ Indexes. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The S&P 1000 Index is an index which includes stocks of small- and mid-capitalization companies. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 1000 Index ranged from \$90 million to \$13.3 billion. These securities trade on national exchanges, as well as over-the-counter as part of the National Market System. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 1000 Index are included in the Fund, and the Fund's position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. In addition, the Fund may modestly overweight or underweight the sectors and industries within the index. The Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 1000 Index over the long term with a modest divergence to the benchmark. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy that seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of the S&P 1000 Index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks S&P 1000 Index stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency within constraints on sector and

¹ "S&P 1000 Index," "S&P SmallCap 600" and "S&P MidCap 400" are registered service marks of Standard & Poor's Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund.

industry weights and position sizes. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer included in the S&P 1000 Index.

Mid Cap Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Index securities at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio management team employs an investment process that seeks to identify both growth and value securities for the Fund. The team seeks to identify companies with leading competitive positions, talented management teams and durable business models. In addition, the team will invest in companies that it believes either have the capacity to achieve a sustainable level of above average growth or have sustainable free cash flow generation with management committed to increasing shareholder value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Mid Cap Growth Fund

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of mid cap companies, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stocks that are convertible to common stocks. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks of mid cap companies which the Fund's adviser believes are capable of achieving sustained growth. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

More About the Funds (continued)

Mid Cap Value Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Value Index and/or between \$1 billion and \$20 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$38.6 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund’s investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser looks for quality companies, which appear to be undervalued and to have the potential to grow intrinsic value per share. Quality companies generally have a sustainable competitive position, relatively lower levels of business cyclicality, high returns on invested capital and strong experienced management teams. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Small Cap Blend Fund

The Fund is a small cap equity portfolio which is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to proactively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The portfolio managers will consider various factors when making overall allocation decisions for the Fund, including the relative attractiveness of growth and value securities and the relative valuations and fundamentals of companies in the small cap growth and value universes. Based on these considerations, the size of the allocation of the Fund to either growth or value securities may range from 30 to 70 percent of the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. “Assets” means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000 Index and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$5 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the Fund’s adviser seeks to outperform the Fund’s benchmark. The adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify both growth and value securities.

In selecting growth securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies that have a history of above-average growth or that the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. The adviser believes that investing in high quality growth companies whose long-term growth rates are underappreciated by the market will lead to attractive returns. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions, predictable and durable business models and management that can achieve sustained growth.

In selecting value securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and that the adviser believes to be attractively valued and to have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand.

As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a security that it believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund's assets between growth and value securities.

Small Cap Core Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000 Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000 Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

Small Cap Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

More About the Funds (continued)

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Small Cap Growth Fund

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the securities of small capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Growth Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund will invest primarily in common stocks. Typically, the Fund invests in securities of companies with a history of above-average growth, as well as companies expected to have above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Small Cap Value Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Value Index stocks at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$50 million to \$7.02 billion. In reviewing investment opportunities for the Fund, its adviser uses a value-oriented approach. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's equity investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

SMID Cap Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of small- to mid-cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small- to mid-cap companies are generally considered to be those companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2500® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2500® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$19.4 billion. The Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes are attractive based on certain characteristics, including valuation, and momentum. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks. The Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process and seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks to invest the Fund's assets in companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in a company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity. The adviser will also seek to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

U.S. Small Company Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000® Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000® Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

More About the Funds (continued)

Value Advantage Fund

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large-capitalization companies. Equity securities in which the Fund primarily invests include common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser’s aim is to identify undervalued companies that have the potential to grow their intrinsic values per share, and to purchase these companies at a discount. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company’s fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Value Advantage Fund may sell covered call options as an additional strategy. When it does so, the purchaser of the option has the right to buy that security at a predetermined price (exercise price) during the life of the option. If the purchaser exercises the option, the Fund must sell the stock to purchaser at the exercise price. The option is “covered” because the Fund owns the stock at the time it sells the option. As the seller of the option, the Fund receives a premium from the purchaser of the call option, which may provide additional returns to the Fund.

INVESTMENT RISKS

There can be no assurance that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives.

The main risks associated with investing in each Fund are summarized in the “Risk/Return Summaries” at the front of this prospectus. In addition to each Fund’s main risks, each Fund may be subject to additional risks in connection with investments and strategies used by each Fund from time to time. The table below identifies main risks and some of the additional risks for each Fund.

Please note that each Fund also may use strategies that are not described herein, but which are described in the Statement of Additional Information.

An investment in a Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in a Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if a Fund is suitable for you.

The Funds are subject to the risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect a Fund’s net asset value (NAV), performance and ability to meet its investment objective. Each Fund may also be subject to additional risks that are not described herein but which are described in the Statement of Additional Information.

	Growth Advantage Fund	Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	Mid Cap Equity Fund	Mid Cap Growth Fund	Mid Cap Value Fund	Small Cap Blend Fund	Small Cap Core Fund	Small Cap Equity Fund	Small Cap Growth Fund	Small Cap Value Fund	SMID Cap Equity Fund	U.S. Small Company Fund	Value Advantage Fund
Convertible Securities Risk	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Covered Call Option Risk													○
Derivatives Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Equity Market Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Exchange-Traded Fund (ETF) and Other Investment Company Risk	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
General Market Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Growth Investing Risk	●			●					●				
Index Investing Risk		●											
Industry and Sector Focus Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Initial Public Offering (IPO) Risk	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Large Cap Company Risk	●												●
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) Risk	○				○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○
Preferred Stock Risk	○				○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○
Prepayment Risk		○	○								○		
Real Estate Securities Risk		●	●	○	●	●	●			●	●	●	●
Securities Lending Risk	○				○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Short Selling Risk		○	○	○									
Smaller and/or Mid-Sized Company Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Strategy Risk			●			●							
Transactions and Liquidity Risk	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Value Investing Risk					●					●			●
Volcker Rule Risk	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

● Main Risks

○ Additional Risks

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for a Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. Equity securities are subject to "stock market risk" meaning that stock prices in general (or in particular, the prices of the types of securities in which a Fund invests) may decline over short or extended periods of time. When the value of a Fund's portfolio securities goes down, your investment in that Fund decreases in value.

More About the Funds (continued)

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in a Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Growth Investing Risk Growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks. The value of these stocks generally is much more sensitive to current or expected earnings than stocks of other types of companies. Short-term events, such as a failure to meet industry earnings expectations, can cause dramatic decreases in the growth stock price compared to other types of stock. Growth stocks may also trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. A Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on value stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Value Investing Risk. Value investing attempts to identify companies that, according to the adviser's estimate of their true worth, are undervalued. The adviser selects stocks at prices that it believes are temporarily low relative to factors such as the company's earnings, cash flow or dividends. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur. A Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on growth stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Smaller and/or Mid-Sized Company Risk (Small Cap Company and/or Mid Cap Company Risk). Investments in smaller and mid-sized companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments larger, more-established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. In addition, smaller companies may be more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of large capitalization companies, especially over the short term. Because smaller companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources or may depend on a few key employees, they may be more susceptible to particular economic events or competitive factors than large capitalization companies. This may cause unexpected and frequent decreases in the value of a Fund's investments. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Large Cap Company Risk. If a Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when a Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times a Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that a Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, the value of a Fund's shares may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The value of real estate securities in general, and REITs in particular, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages which include, but are not limited to, sensitivity to changes in real estate values and property taxes, interest rate risk, tax and regulatory risk, fluctuations in rent schedules and operating expenses, adverse changes in local, regional or general economic conditions, deterioration of the real estate market and the financial circumstances of tenants and sellers, unfavorable changes in zoning, building, environmental and other laws, the need for unanticipated renovations, unexpected

increases in the cost of energy and environmental factors. The underlying mortgage loans may be subject to the risks of default or of prepayments that occur earlier or later than expected, and such loans may also include so-called “sub-prime” mortgages. The value of REITs will also rise and fall in response to the management skill and creditworthiness of the issuer. In particular, the value of these securities may decline when interest rates rise and will also be affected by the real estate market and by the management of the underlying properties. REITs may be more volatile and/or more illiquid than other types of equity securities. Each Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of a Fund.

Transactions and Liquidity Risk. A Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders, and its liquidity may be negatively impacted. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are large or frequent, occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices for the securities sold, or when the securities a Fund wishes to, or is required to, sell are illiquid. To the extent a large proportion of shares of a Fund are held by a small number of shareholders (or a single shareholder) including funds or accounts over which the adviser or its affiliates have investment discretion, the Fund is subject to the risk that these shareholders will purchase or redeem Fund shares in large amounts rapidly or unexpectedly, including as a result of an asset allocation decision made by the adviser or its affiliates. In addition to the other risks described in this section, these transactions could adversely affect the ability of the Fund to conduct its investment program. A Fund may be unable to sell illiquid securities at its desired time or price or the price at which the securities have been valued for purposes of the Fund’s net asset value. Illiquidity can be caused by a drop in overall market trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or legal restrictions on the securities’ resale. Certain securities that were liquid when purchased may later become illiquid, particularly in times of overall economic distress. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect a Fund’s performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. Large redemptions also could accelerate the realization of capital gains, increase a Fund’s transaction costs and impact the Fund’s performance.

Derivatives Risk. A Fund may use derivatives in connection with their investment strategies. Derivatives may be riskier than other types of investments because they may be more sensitive to changes in economic or market conditions than other types of investments and could result in losses that significantly exceed a Fund’s original investment. Derivatives are subject to the risk that changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index. The use of derivatives may not be successful, resulting in losses to a Fund and the cost of such strategies may reduce a Fund’s returns. Certain derivatives also expose a Fund to counterparty risk (the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations), including credit risk of the derivative counterparty. In addition, a Fund may use derivatives for non-hedging purposes, which increases that Fund’s potential for loss. Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, a Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk.

WHAT IS A DERIVATIVE?

Derivatives are securities or contracts (like futures and options) that derive their value from the performance of underlying assets or securities.

Investing in derivatives and engaging in short sales will result in a form of leverage. Leverage involves special risks. A Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund’s portfolio securities. Registered investment companies are limited in their ability to engage in derivative transactions and are required to identify and earmark assets to provide asset coverage for derivative transactions.

The possible lack of a liquid secondary market for derivatives and the resulting inability of a Fund to sell or otherwise close a derivatives position could expose the Fund to losses and could make derivatives more difficult for the Fund to value accurately.

A Fund’s transactions in futures contracts, swaps and other derivatives could also affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to shareholders, which may result in the Fund realizing more short-term capital gain and ordinary income subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates than it would if it did not engage in such transactions, which may adversely impact the Fund’s after-tax return.

Index Investing Risk. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, securities may be purchased, retained and sold by the Fund at times when a more actively managed fund would not do so. If the value of securities that are heavily weighted in the index changes, you can expect a greater risk of loss than would be the case if the Fund were not invested in such securities. There is also the risk that the Fund’s performance may not correlate with the performance of the index.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities, depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

More About the Funds (continued)

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of securities. The value of these securities generally is more sensitive to current or expected earnings than securities of other types of companies. Short-term events, such as a failure to meet industry earnings expectations, can cause dramatic decreases in the growth security price compared to other types of securities. Growth securities may also trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other securities, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on growth securities, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on value securities or that have a broader investment style.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Value investing attempts to identify companies that, according to the adviser's estimate of their true worth, are undervalued. The adviser selects securities at prices that it believes are temporarily low relative to factors such as the company's earnings, cash flow or dividends. A value security may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the security price to increase do not occur. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on value securities, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on growth securities or that have a broader investment style.

Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks. To the extent a Fund invests in foreign securities (including depositary receipts), these investments are subject to special risks in addition to those of U.S. investments. These risks include political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment, and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of a Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," a Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

Securities registration, custody, and settlement may in some instances be subject to delays and legal and administrative uncertainties. Foreign investment in the securities markets of certain foreign countries is restricted or controlled to varying degrees. These restrictions or controls may at times limit or preclude investment in certain securities and may increase the costs and expenses of a Fund. In addition, the repatriation of investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities from certain of the countries is controlled under regulations, including in some cases the need for certain advance government notification or authority, and if a deterioration occurs in a country's balance of payments, the country could impose temporary restrictions on foreign capital remittances. A Fund also could be adversely affected by delays in, or a refusal to grant, any required governmental approval for repatriation, as well as by the application to it of other restrictions on investment. The Equity Index Fund's Underlying Index (and therefore the Equity Index Fund) does not directly weight securities on the basis of investor protection considerations and/or the availability and quality of information regarding issuers.

Certain of the Funds may invest in securities in "emerging markets," but these are not principal investments for any of the Funds. The risks associated with foreign securities are magnified in countries in "emerging markets." These countries may have relatively unstable governments and less-established market economies than developed countries. Emerging markets may face greater social, economic, regulatory and political uncertainties. These risks make emerging market securities more volatile and less liquid than securities issued in more developed countries and you may sustain sudden, and sometimes substantial, fluctuations in the value of your investments. A Fund's investments in foreign and emerging market securities may also be subject to foreign withholding and/or other taxes, which would decrease a Fund's yield on those securities. Certain emerging market countries may be subject to less stringent requirements regarding accounting, auditing, financial reporting and record keeping and therefore, material information related to an investment may not be available or reliable. In addition, a Fund is limited in its ability to exercise its legal rights or enforce a counterparty's legal obligations in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States, in particular, in emerging markets countries. In addition, due to jurisdictional limitations, U.S. regulators may be limited in their ability to enforce regulatory or legal obligations in emerging market countries.

Securities Lending Risk. A Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves counterparty risk, including the risk that the loaned securities may not be returned in a timely manner or at all, and/or a loss of rights in the collateral if the borrower or the lending agent defaults. This risk is increased when a Fund's loans are concentrated with a single or limited number of borrowers. In addition, a Fund bears the risk of loss in connection with its investment of the cash collateral it receives from a borrower. To the extent that the value or return of a Fund's investment of the cash collateral declines below the amount owed to the borrower, a Fund

may incur losses that exceed the amount it earned on lending the security. In situations where the adviser does not believe that it is prudent to sell an investment made with the cash collateral in the market, a Fund may borrow money to repay the applicable borrower the amount of cash collateral owed to the borrower upon return of the loaned securities. This will cause a Fund to incur financial leverage, which may cause a Fund to be more volatile because financial leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of a Fund's portfolio securities.

Exchange-Traded Fund (ETF) and Other Investment Company Risk. A Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies and ETFs. Shareholders bear both their proportionate share of a Fund's expenses and similar expenses of the underlying investment company or ETF when a Fund invests in shares of another investment company or ETF. A Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ETF or investment company's investments. The price and movement of an ETF designed to track an index may not track the index and may result in a loss. In addition, ETFs may trade at a price above (premium) or below (discount) their net asset value, especially during periods of significant market volatility or stress, causing investors to pay significantly more or less than the value of the ETF's underlying portfolio. Certain ETFs traded on exchanges may be thinly traded and experience large spreads between the "ask" price quoted by a seller and the "bid" price offered by a buyer.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted certain regulatory changes and took other actions related to the ability of an investment company to invest in another investment company, including the rescission of exemptive relief issued by the SEC permitting such investments in excess of statutory limits. These regulatory changes may adversely impact each Fund's investment strategies and operations.

Convertible Securities Risk. A convertible security generally entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt securities or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities generally have characteristics similar to both debt and equity securities. The value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. Convertible securities are usually subordinated to comparable nonconvertible securities. Convertible securities generally do not participate directly in any dividend increases or decreases of the underlying securities, although the market prices of convertible securities may be affected by any dividend changes or other changes in the underlying securities.

Initial Public Offering (IPO) Risk. IPO securities have no trading history, and information about the companies may be available for very limited periods. The prices of securities sold in IPOs may be highly volatile and their purchase may involve high transaction costs. At any particular time or from time to time, a Fund may not be able to invest in securities issued in IPOs, or invest to the extent desired, because, for example, only a small portion (if any) of the securities being offered in an IPO may be made available to a Fund. In addition, under certain market conditions, a relatively small number of companies may issue securities in IPOs. Similarly, as the number of purchasers to which IPO securities are allocated increases, the number of securities issued to a Fund may decrease. The performance of a Fund during periods when it is unable to invest significantly or at all in IPOs may be lower than during periods when a Fund is able to do so. In addition, as a Fund increases in size, the impact of IPOs on the Fund's performance will generally decrease.

Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) Risk. A Fund may invest in MLPs whose ownership interests are publicly traded and that primarily derive their income from, among other industries, the mining, production, transportation or processing of minerals or natural resources, although they may also finance entertainment, research and development, real estate and other projects. Investments held by an MLP may be relatively illiquid, limiting the MLP's ability to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. In addition, MLPs may have limited financial resources, their securities may trade infrequently and in limited volume and they may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than securities of larger or more broadly-based companies. The risks of investing in an MLP are generally those inherent in investing in a partnership as opposed to a corporation. For example, state law governing partnerships is often less restrictive than state law governing corporations. Accordingly, there may be fewer protections afforded investors in an MLP than investors in a corporation. Additional risks involved with investing in an MLP are risks associated with the specific industry or industries in which the partnership invests, such as the risks of investing in real estate, or oil and gas industries.

Preferred Stock Risk. Preferred stock generally has a preference as to dividends and liquidations over an issuer's common stock but ranks junior to debt securities in an issuer's capital structure. Unlike interest payments on debt securities, preferred stock dividends are payable only if declared by the issuer's board of directors. Because preferred stocks generally pay dividends only after the issuing company makes required payments to holders of its bonds and other debt, the value of preferred stocks generally is more sensitive than bonds and other debt to actual or perceived changes in the company's financial condition or prospects. Preferred stock also may be subject to optional or mandatory redemption provisions.

Volcker Rule Risk. Pursuant to section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and certain rules promulgated thereunder known as the Volcker Rule, if the adviser and/or its affiliates own 25% or more of the outstanding ownership interests of a Fund after the permitted seeding period from the implementation of a Fund's investment strategy, a Fund could be subject to restrictions on trading that would adversely impact the Fund's ability to execute its investment strategy. Generally, the permitted seeding period is three years from the implementation of a Fund's investment strategy. As a result, the adviser and/or its

More About the Funds (continued)

affiliates may be required to reduce their ownership interests in a Fund at a time that is sooner than would otherwise be desirable, which may result in the Fund's liquidation or, if the Fund is able to continue operating, may result in losses, increased transaction costs and adverse tax consequences as a result of the sale of portfolio securities.

Covered Call Option Risk. When the Fund sells covered call options, it receives cash but limits its opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of the security beyond the exercise price (plus the premium received). The gain on an underlying stock will be equal to the difference between the exercise price and the original purchase price of the underlying security, plus the premium received. In a rising market, the option may require the Fund to sell a security at an exercise price that is lower than the Fund would receive if the security was sold at the market price. If a call expires unexercised, the Fund realizes a gain in the amount of the premium received, although there may have been a decline (unrealized loss) in the market value of the underlying security during the option period which may exceed such gain. If the underlying security should decline by more than the option premium the Fund received, there will be a loss on the overall position.

For more information about risks associated with the types of investments that a Fund purchases, please read the "Risk/ Return Summary" in the prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

An investment in a Fund is subject to a number of actual or potential conflicts of interest. For example, the Adviser and/or its affiliates provide a variety of different services to a Fund, for which the Fund compensates them. As a result, the Adviser and/or its affiliates have an incentive to enter into arrangements with a Fund, and face conflicts of interest when balancing that incentive against the best interests of a Fund. The Adviser and/or its affiliates also face conflicts of interest in their service as investment adviser to other clients, and, from time to time, make investment decisions that differ from and/or negatively impact those made by the Adviser on behalf of a Fund. In addition, affiliates of the Adviser provide a broad range of services and products to their clients and are major participants in the global currency, equity, commodity, fixed-income and other markets in which a Fund invests or will invest. In certain circumstances, by providing services and products to their clients, these affiliates' activities will disadvantage or restrict the Funds and/or benefit these affiliates. The Adviser may also acquire material non-public information which would negatively affect the Adviser's ability to transact in securities for a Fund. JPMorgan and the Funds have adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to appropriately prevent, limit or mitigate conflicts of interest. In addition, many of the activities that create these conflicts of interest are limited and/or prohibited by law, unless an exception is available. For more information about conflicts of interest, see the Potential Conflicts of Interest section in the Statement of Additional Information.

TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE AND CASH POSITIONS

For liquidity and to respond to unusual market conditions, the Funds may invest all or most of their total assets in cash and cash equivalents for temporary defensive purposes. In addition, Certain Funds may invest in cash and cash equivalents as a principal investment strategy. These investments may result in a lower yield than lower-quality or longer-term investments.

WHAT IS A CASH EQUIVALENT?

Cash equivalents are highly liquid, high-quality instruments with maturities of three months or less on the date they are purchased. They include securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market mutual funds and bank deposit accounts.

While the Funds are engaged in a temporary defensive position, they may not meet their investment objectives. These investments may also be inconsistent with a Fund's main investment strategies. Therefore, the Funds will pursue a temporary defensive position only when market conditions warrant.

Whether engaging in temporary defensive purposes or otherwise, the Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund may not hold more than 10% of its total assets in cash and cash equivalents. These amounts are in addition to assets held for derivative margin deposits or other segregated accounts.

EXPENSE LIMITATIONS

Mid Cap Value Fund

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.24%, 1.75% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class A,

Class C and Class I Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

Value Advantage Fund

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.75% of the average daily net assets of Class L Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

ADDITIONAL FEE WAIVER AND/OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

Service providers to a Fund may, from time to time, voluntarily waive all or a portion of any fees to which they are entitled and/or reimburse certain expenses as they may determine from time to time. A Fund's service providers may discontinue or modify these voluntary actions at any time without notice. Performance for the Funds reflects the voluntary waiver of fees and/or the reimbursement of expenses, if any. Without these voluntary waivers and/or expense reimbursements, performance would have been less favorable.

ADDITIONAL HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Small Cap Core Fund

Historical performance shown for Class A Shares prior to 1/1/17 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 5/31/16 in the table is based on the Fund's Class R5 Shares, which invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. Class C Shares also commenced operations on 5/31/16 and their performance prior to their inception is based on Class R5 Shares. The actual returns of the Class A and Class C Shares would be lower than those shown because they have higher expenses than Class R5 Shares. The actual returns of the Class I Shares would be different than those shown for Class A Shares because Class I Shares have different expenses than Class A Shares.

The Funds' Management and Administration

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust I (JPMT I), a Delaware statutory trust:

Mid Cap Equity Fund
Small Cap Blend Fund
Small Cap Core Fund
U.S. Small Company Fund
Value Advantage Fund

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust II (JPMT II), a Delaware statutory trust:

Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund
Mid Cap Growth Fund
Small Cap Growth Fund
Small Cap Value Fund
SMID Cap Equity Fund

Growth Advantage Fund is a series of J.P. Morgan Mutual Fund Investment Trust (JPMMFIT), a Massachusetts business trust.

Mid Cap Value Fund is a series of J.P. Morgan Fleming Mutual Fund Group, Inc. (JPMFMFG), a Maryland corporation.

The Board of Trustees of each trust and the Board of Directors of JPMFMFG are responsible for overseeing all business activities of their respective Funds.

Each of the Funds operates in a multiple class structure. A multiple class fund is an open-end investment company that issues two or more classes of shares representing interests in the same investment portfolio.

Each class in a multiple class fund can set its own transaction minimums and may vary with respect to expenses for distribution, administration and shareholder services. This means that one class could offer access to a Fund on different terms than another class. Certain classes may be more appropriate for a particular investor.

Each Fund may issue other classes of shares that have different expense levels and performance and different requirements for who may invest. Call 1-800-480-4111 to obtain more information concerning all of the Funds' other share classes. A Financial Intermediary who receives compensation for selling Fund shares may receive a different amount of compensation for sales of different classes of shares.

The Funds' Investment Adviser

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (JPMIM) is the investment adviser to the Funds and makes the day-to-day investment decisions for the Funds.

JPMIM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Asset Management Holdings Inc., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. (JPMorgan Chase), a bank holding company. JPMIM is located at 383 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10179.

During the fiscal year ended 6/30/20, JPMIM was paid management fees (net of waivers), as shown below, as a percentage of average daily net assets:

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund	0.55%
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	0.18
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund	0.58
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund	0.65
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund	0.61
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund	0.61
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund	0.64
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund	0.52
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund	0.60
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund	0.55

A discussion of the basis the Board of Trustees of each Trust used in reapproving the investment advisory agreements for the Funds is available in the semi-annual report for the most recent fiscal period ended December 31.

The Portfolio Managers

Growth Advantage Fund Mid Cap Growth Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Timothy Parton, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder and Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Parton is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Mr. Parton has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM or its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1988 and has been employed by the firm since 1986. Ms. Agranoff is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. An employee since 2004, Ms. Agranoff has been a portfolio manager since 2015 and has been a research analyst in the firm's U.S. Equity Group since 2004.

Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund Small Cap Core Fund Small Cap Value Fund U.S. Small Company Fund

The portfolio management team for the Fund utilizes a team-based approach and uses the models, insights and recommendations of the broader U.S. Structured Equity Team. The portfolio management team is comprised of Phillip D. Hart, Lindsey Houghton, Wonseok Choi, Jonathan Tse and Akash Gupta. Mr. Hart, a Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is the lead portfolio manager for the Fund and is primarily responsible for portfolio construction. Mr. Hart has worked as a portfolio manager for the U.S. Structured Equity Team at JPMIM since 2009 and has been employed by the firm since 2003. Prior to becoming a portfolio manager, he was a qualitative research analyst within this group. Mr. Houghton, Executive Director, is a research analyst and portfolio manager on the U.S. Structured Equity team. An employee since 2006, Mr. Houghton is responsible for coverage of the small and mid cap consumer and financial sectors. Previously, he worked as a senior analyst on Bear Stearns' Quantitative Equity team. Prior to joining Bear Stearns, Mr. Houghton was a research analyst at BKF Asset Management and a portfolio manager assistant at ING Investment Management. Mr. Choi, Managing Director and director of U.S. equity quantitative research, is responsible for Strategic Quantitative Research. This entails all aspects of process enhancements including, but not limited to: factors to be included into the investment process as well as refinements to existing factors, portfolio construction as well as our big data efforts. Mr. Tse, Executive Director and a member of the team since 2004, is responsible for Tactical Quantitative Research. This entails the active monitoring of current market conditions in order to identify opportunities and risks to make temporal adjustments to the Fund's positioning. Mr. Gupta, Executive Director, is a research analyst and portfolio manager on the U.S. Structured Equity team. An employee since 2004, Mr. Gupta previously spent over three years in the sell-side Equity Research Group, focusing on the electronics manufacturing supply chain sector. He is also a CFA charterholder and a certified Financial Risk Manager (FRM).

Mid Cap Equity Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, Timothy Parton, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Simon and Mr. Playford are primarily responsible for the Fund's value investments while Mr. Parton and Ms. Agranoff are primarily responsible for the Fund's growth investments.

Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund's value investments and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford is a co-portfolio manager on the Fund's value investments and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Simon has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM and its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1987 and has been employed by the firm since 1980. An employee of JPMIM or its affiliates since 1993, Mr. Playford, a CFA charterholder and CPA, is the Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Value team. He joined the team as a research analyst in 2003 and became a portfolio manager in 2004.

Mr. Parton is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund's growth investments and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Ms. Agranoff is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management on the Fund's growth investments. Information about Mr. Parton and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

Mid Cap Value Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM. Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford is a co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Information about Messrs. Simon and Playford is discussed earlier in this section.

The Funds' Management and Administration (continued)

Small Cap Blend Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, and Eytan Shapiro, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Playford leads the team primarily responsible for the Fund's value investments while Mr. Shapiro leads the team primarily responsible for the Fund's growth investments. Mr. Shapiro is Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Growth and Small Cap portfolio management teams. Mr. Shapiro has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM or its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1989 and has been employed by the firm since 1985.

Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, and Matthew Cohen, M.D., Managing Director of JPMIM, are also research analysts with respect to the growth portion of the Fund. They provide research and advice on the purchases and sales of individual securities and portfolio risk assessment. An employee since 2005, Dr. Cohen has been a portfolio manager since 2015 and a research analyst in the firm's U.S. Equity Group since 2005. Information about Mr. Playford and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

Small Cap Equity Fund SMID Cap Equity Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Don San Jose, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Daniel J. Percella, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. San Jose is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Small Cap portfolio management team. Mr. Percella is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. San Jose joined the U.S. Small Cap Equity Group as an analyst in 2004 and became a portfolio manager in 2007. Mr. San Jose has been employed by the firm since 2000. Mr. Percella has been a portfolio manager since 2014, and prior to that time he was a research analyst on the Small Cap Active Core Team. Mr. Percella has been an employee of JPMIM since 2008.

Small Cap Growth Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Eytan Shapiro, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder and Matthew Cohen, M.D., Managing Director of JPMIM. Mr. Shapiro is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Growth and Small Cap portfolio management teams. The other members are portfolio managers and research analysts for the Fund, providing research and advice on the purchases and sales of individual securities, and portfolio risk assessment. Information about Messrs. Shapiro and Cohen, and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

Value Advantage Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and Graham Spence, Executive Director of JPMIM. Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford and Graham Spence are co-portfolio managers and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Spence joined the U.S. Equity Value team in 2013 as a portfolio analyst dedicated to the multi-cap value strategy. Information about Messrs. Simon and Playford is discussed earlier in this section.

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds.

The Funds' Administrator

JPMIM (the Administrator) provides administration services and oversees each Fund's other service providers. The Administrator receives the following annual fee from each Fund for administration services: 0.075% of the first \$10 billion of average daily net assets of the Fund, plus 0.050% of average daily net assets of the Fund between \$10 billion and \$20 billion, plus 0.025% of average daily net assets of the Fund between \$20 billion and \$25 billion, plus 0.010% of the average daily net assets of the Fund over \$25 billion.

The Funds' Shareholder Servicing Agent

The Trusts and JPMFMG, on behalf of the Funds, have entered into shareholder servicing agreements with JPMorgan Distribution Services, Inc. (JPMDS) under which JPMDS has agreed to provide certain support services to the Funds' shareholders. For performing these services, JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, receives an annual fee of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class A, Class C and Class I Shares of each Fund, as applicable, and an annual fee of up to 0.10% of the average daily net assets of the Class L Shares of each Fund, as applicable. JPMDS may enter into service agreements with Financial Intermediaries under which it will pay all or a portion of the annual fee to such Financial Intermediaries for performing shareholder and administrative services.

The Funds' Distributor

JPMDS (the Distributor) is the distributor for the Funds. The Distributor is an affiliate of JPMIM.

Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries

JPMIM, JPMDS and, from time to time, other affiliates of JPMorgan Chase may also, at their own expense and out of their own legitimate profits, provide additional cash payments to Financial Intermediaries whose customers invest in shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds. For this purpose, Financial Intermediaries include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with JPMDS. These additional cash payments are payments over and above any sales charges (including Rule 12b-1 fees) and service fees (including, sub-transfer agency and/or networking fees) that are paid to such Financial Intermediaries, as described elsewhere in this prospectus. These additional cash payments are generally made to Financial Intermediaries that provide shareholder, sub-transfer agency or administrative services or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and Financial Intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the J.P. Morgan Funds on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs and/or for training and educating a Financial Intermediary's employees. These additional cash payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the Financial Intermediary provides shareholder services to J.P. Morgan Fund shareholders. JPMIM and JPMDS may also pay cash compensation in the form of finders' fees that vary depending on the J.P. Morgan Fund and the dollar amount of shares sold. Such additional compensation may provide such Financial Intermediaries with an incentive to favor sales of shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds over other investment options they make available to their customers. See the Statement of Additional Information for more information.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds

CHOOSING A SHARE CLASS

Each share class represents an investment in the same portfolio of securities, but each has different availability and eligibility criteria, sales charges, expenses, dividends and distributions. These arrangements allow you to choose the available class that best meets your needs. You should read this section carefully to determine which share class is best for you. Factors you should consider in choosing a share class include:

- The amount you plan to invest;
- The length of time you expect to hold your investment;
- The total costs associated with your investment, including any sales charges that you pay when you buy or sell your Fund shares and expenses that are paid out of Fund assets over time;
- Whether you qualify for any reduction or waiver of sales charges;
- Whether you plan to take any distributions in the near future;
- The availability of the share class;
- The services that will be available to you;
- The amount of compensation that your Financial Intermediary will receive; and
- The advantages and disadvantages of each share class.

Please read this prospectus carefully, and then select the Fund and share class most appropriate for you and decide how much you want to invest. Each Fund may offer other classes of shares not included in this prospectus that have different expense levels, performance and eligibility requirements from the share classes offered in this prospectus. Call 1-800-480-4111 to obtain more information concerning these or other share classes. A Financial Intermediary may receive different compensation based on the share class sold.

Additional Information that Applies to All Accounts: If your identity or the identity of any other person(s) authorized to act on your behalf cannot be verified, or if potentially criminal activity is identified, the J.P. Morgan Funds and the Distributor reserve the right to reject opening an account for you, close your account, or take such other action they deem reasonable or required by law.

Shares of the Funds have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. This prospectus is not intended for distribution to prospective investors outside of the United States. The Funds generally do not market or sell shares to investors domiciled outside of the United States, even, with regard to individuals, if they are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States.

	Class A	Class C	Class I	Class L
Eligibility ^{1,2,3}	May be purchased by the general public ⁴	May be purchased by the general public ⁵	May be purchased by: • Institutional Investors who meet the minimum investment requirements; • Individuals purchasing directly from the Fund through JPMorgan Distribution Services, Inc. (the “Distributor”) and meeting the investment minimum requirements; • Financial Intermediaries or any other organization, including affiliates of JPMorgan Chase & Co. (JPMorgan Chase), authorized to act in a fiduciary, advisory or custodial capacity for its clients or customers; • Brokerage program of a Financial Intermediary that has entered into a written agreement with the Distributor to offer such shares (“Eligible Brokerage Program”); and • Employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds.⁶	Limited to certain investors, including: ¹¹ • Purchases directly from the Fund through the Distributor by institutional investors such as corporations, pension and profit sharing plans and foundations that meet the minimum investment requirements; and • Purchases through your Financial Intermediary or any other organization, including affiliates of JPMorgan Chase authorized to act in a fiduciary, advisory or custodial capacity for its clients or customers.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

	Class A	Class C	Class I	Class L
Minimum Investment ^{1, 7, 8}	\$1,000 for each Fund or \$50, if establishing a monthly \$50 Systematic Investment Plan ⁹	\$1,000 for each Fund or \$50, if establishing a monthly \$50 Systematic Investment Plan ⁹	\$1,000,000 - An investor can combine purchases of Class I Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds in order to meet the minimum. \$1,000 for each Fund or \$50, if establishing a monthly \$50 Systematic Investment Plan for investments through an Eligible Brokerage Program. \$1,000 for each Fund or \$50 if establishing a monthly \$50 Systematic Investment Plan⁹ for investments by employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds.⁶	\$3,000,000 - An investor can combine purchases of Class L Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds in order to meet the minimum.
Minimum Subsequent Investments ¹	\$50 ¹⁰	\$50 ¹⁰	No minimum except \$50 for investments by employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds and investments through an Eligible Brokerage Program.	No minimum
Systematic Investment Plan	Yes	Yes	No, except for investments by employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds and investments through an Eligible Brokerage Program.	No
Systematic Redemption Plan	Yes	Yes	No, except for investments by employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds.	No

	Class A	Class C	Class I	Class L
Front-End Sales Charge (refer to Sales Charges and Financial Intermediary Compensation Section for more details)	Up to 5.25% reduced or waived for large purchases and certain investors, eliminated for purchases of \$1 million or more.	None	None	None
Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) (refer to Sales Charges and Financial Intermediary Compensation Section for more details)	On purchases of \$1 million or more: • 1.00% on redemptions made within 12 months after purchase. • 0.50% on redemptions made between 12 and 18 months after purchase. Waived under certain circumstances.	• 1.00% on redemptions made within 12 months after purchase. Waived under certain circumstances.	None	None
Distribution (12b-1) Fee	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.75% of the average daily net assets.	None	None
Service Fee	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.10% of the average daily net assets.
Redemption Fee	None	None	None	None
Conversion Feature¹²	None	Class C Shares will be converted to Class A Shares in the following instances: • If an investor is eligible to purchase Class A Shares, then their Class C Share positions will convert to Class A Shares after 8 years, calculated from the first day of the month of purchase and processed on the tenth business day of the anniversary month. • If Class C Shares held in an account with a third party broker of record are transferred to an account with the Distributor, those Class C Shares will be converted to Class A Shares on the tenth business day of the month following the transfer.	None	None

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

	Class A	Class C	Class I	Class L
Advantages	If you are eligible to have the sales charge reduced or eliminated or you have a long-term investment horizon, these shares have lower distribution fees over a longer term investment horizon than Class C Shares.	No front-end sales charge is assessed so you own more shares initially. These shares may make sense for investors who have a shorter investment horizon relative to Class A Shares.	No front-end sales charge or CDSC is assessed so you own more shares initially. In addition, Class I Shares have lower fees than Class A and Class C Shares.	No front-end sales charge or CDSC is assessed so you own more shares initially. In addition, Class L Shares have the lowest fee structure of the shares offered in this prospectus.
Disadvantages	A front-end sales charge is generally assessed, diminishing the number of shares owned. If you are eligible to have the sales charge reduced or eliminated, you may be subject to a CDSC. Class A Shares may not make sense for investors who have a shorter investment horizon relative to Class C Shares.	Shares are subject to CDSC and have higher ongoing distribution fees. This means that over the long term Class C Shares accrue higher fees than Class A Shares.	Limited availability and higher minimum initial investment than Class A and Class C Shares.	Limited availability and higher minimum initial investment than Class A, Class C and Class I Shares. Not all Funds have Class L Shares.

- ¹ Financial Intermediaries or other organizations making the Funds available to their clients or customers may impose minimums which may be different from the requirements for investors purchasing directly from the Fund.
- ² Certain Retirement Plans may purchase Shares. For more information, see "ELIGIBLE RETIREMENT PLANS" below.
- ³ Certain Funds and/or classes are subject to limited offering. Please see the FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING section for more information about applicable limited offerings.
- ⁴ Effective November 2, 2020, employees of JPMorgan Chase and its affiliates and officers or trustees of the J.P. Morgan Funds are no longer eligible to purchase Class A Shares in accounts where the Distributor is broker of record. Employees for this purpose include officers, directors, trustees, retirees and employees and their immediate family members (i.e., spouses, domestic partners, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents and any dependent of the person, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code) of J.P. Morgan Funds or JPMorgan Chase and its subsidiaries and affiliates.
- ⁵ Investors who hold shares in accounts where the Distributor is broker of record are no longer eligible to purchase Class C Shares. In addition, shareholders are ineligible to hold Class C Shares if they are eligible for conversion to Class A Shares.
- ⁶ Must be purchased directly from the Funds or on approved JPMorgan Chase & Co. affiliated platforms. Employees for this purpose include officers, directors, trustees, retirees and employees and their immediate family members (i.e., spouses, domestic partners, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents and any dependent of the person, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code) of J.P. Morgan Funds or JPMorgan Chase and its subsidiaries and affiliates. Approved affiliated platforms may impose minimums which may be different from the requirements for investors purchasing directly from the Fund.
- ⁷ Investment minimums may be waived for certain types of Group Retirement Plans, as well as for certain fee-based programs. The Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to waive any initial or subsequent investment minimum.
- ⁸ Please see "MINIMUM ACCOUNT BALANCE" for more information about minimum balance requirements.
- ⁹ You are eligible for the lower \$50 initial investment amount as long as you agree to make regular monthly investments of at least \$50 until you reach the required \$1,000 investment amount per fund. Once the required amount is reached, you must maintain the minimum \$1,000 investment in the Fund.
- ¹⁰ Minimum subsequent investment amount for Systematic Investment Plans established before 3/1/15 is \$25.
- ¹¹ The Class L Shares are publicly offered on a limited basis. Please see "Limited Offering of the Class L Shares" for more information.
- ¹² Please see "Class C Shares Conversion Feature" for more information about the conversion feature.

ELIGIBLE RETIREMENT PLANS

The only Retirement Plans that are eligible to purchase Class A, Class C, Class I and Class L Shares are the following:

- Employer sponsored retirement, deferred compensation, employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans held directly at a broker dealer or financial intermediary (that is outside of retirement plan record)

keeping or third party administrator platform). Employer sponsored plans include 401(k) plans, 457 plans, 403(b) plans, profit-sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, retiree health benefit plans, group annuity separate accounts offered to retirement plans, and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. Purchases may be subject to applicable sales charges as described in this prospectus.

- Group Retirement Plans (and their successor, related, and affiliated plans) which have these share classes available to participants on or before 4/3/2017, may continue to open accounts for new participants in such share classes of the Fund and purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts.
- Group Retirement Plans (or financial intermediary platforms available to Group Retirement Plans) that were approved by a Fund and the Distributor after 4/3/2017 and before 12/31/18 because the particular Group Retirement Plan had operational difficulties in implementing the eligibility restrictions may continue to purchase Class A, Class C, Class I or Class L Shares of the Funds.
- Select Financial Intermediaries, which have received written approval from a Fund on behalf of existing Group Retirement Plan Participants that hold Class C shares, may purchase Class A shares.

All other new Group Retirement Plans are no longer eligible to purchase these share classes.

SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION

The following section describes the various sales charges and other fees that you will pay if you purchase shares of the Funds. In addition, it describes the types of compensation paid to Financial Intermediaries for the sale of Fund shares and related services. The Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to change sales charges, commissions and finder's fees at any time.

To obtain information regarding sales charges and the reduction, and elimination or waiver of sales charges on Class A and Class C Shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds, see below, visit www.jpmorganfunds.com or call 1-800-480-4111. You may contact your Financial Intermediary about the reduction, elimination or waiver of sales charges. You may also contact your Financial Intermediary about any commissions charged by them on your purchase of Class I Shares.

Class A Shares

The public offering price of Class A Shares of each Fund is the net asset value (NAV) per share plus the applicable sales charge, unless you qualify for a waiver of the sales charge. The sales charge is allocated between your Financial Intermediary and the Distributor as shown in the tables below, except if the Distributor, in its discretion, re-allows the entire amount to your Financial Intermediary. In those instances in which the entire amount is re-allowed, such Financial Intermediaries may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act of 1933.

The table below shows the front-end sales charge you would pay at different levels of investment, the commission paid to Financial Intermediaries, any finder's fees paid to Financial Intermediaries and any applicable CDSC. Purchases at certain dollar levels, known as "breakpoints," allow for a reduction in the front-end sales charge.

Class A Shares Amount of Investment (All Funds)	Sales Charge as a % of Offering Price	Sales Charge as a % of your Investment¹	Commission as a % of Offering Price²	CDSC
Less than \$50,000	5.25	5.54	4.75	0.00
\$50,000 to \$99,999	4.50	4.71	4.05	0.00
\$100,000 to \$249,999	3.50	3.63	3.05	0.00
\$250,000 to \$499,999	2.50	2.56	2.05	0.00
\$500,000 to \$999,999	2.00	2.04	1.60	0.00

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

Amount of Investment	Sales Charge as a % of Offering Price	Sales Charge as a % of your Investment	Finder's Fee as a % of your Investment ³	CDSC as a % of your Redemption ^{3,4}
For All Funds except Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund				
\$1,000,000 to \$3,999,999	0.00	0.00	1.00	0-12 months – 1.00% 12-18 months – 0.50%
\$4,000,000 to \$9,999,999	0.00	0.00	0.75	
\$10,000,000 to \$49,999,999	0.00	0.00	0.50	
\$50,000,000 or more	0.00	0.00	0.25	
For Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund				
\$1,000,000 or more	0.00	0.00	0.25	0-12 months – 0.25%

¹ The actual sales charge you pay may differ slightly from the rates disclosed above due to rounding calculations.

² The sales charge is allocated between your Financial Intermediary and the Distributor. The Distributor, at its discretion, may re-allow the entire sales charge to your Financial Intermediary; in those instances such Financial Intermediaries may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act of 1933.

³ The Distributor or its affiliates pays any finder's fee to your Financial Intermediary. The Distributor or its affiliates may withhold finder's fees with respect to short-term investments.

⁴ Please see the "Exchanging Fund Shares" section for details regarding CDSC and exchanges.

The Distributor may also pay Financial Intermediaries a finder's fee on sales to defined contribution plans with no minimum investment amount.

Finder's Fee Schedule for Defined Contribution Plans (All Funds except Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund)

Class A Shares Amount of Investment	Sales Charge as a % of Offering Price	Sales Charge as a % of your Investment	Finder's Fee as a % of your Investment	CDSC as a % of your Redemption ¹
\$0 to \$3,999,999	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
\$4,000,000 to \$9,999,999	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
\$10,000,000 to \$49,999,999	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
\$50,000,000 or more	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00

Finder's Fee Schedule for Defined Contribution Plans (Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund)

Class A Shares Amount of Investment	Sales Charge as a % of Offering Price	Sales Charge as a % of your Investment	Finder's Fee as a % of your Investment	CDSC as a % of your Redemption ¹
All Investments	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00

¹ If a plan redeems the shares of certain funds for which a finder's fee has been paid within 18 months (12 months for Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund) of the purchase date, no CDSC is charged; however, the Distributor reserves the right to reclaim the finder's fee paid to the Financial Intermediary.

Class C Shares

The table below shows the amount of sales charge, commission paid and any CDSC that may be charged.

Class C Shares Amount of Investment	Sales Charge as a % of Offering Price	Sales Charge as a % of your Investment	Commission as a % of Offering Price	CDSC as a % of your Redemption
All Investments	0.00	0.00	1.00	0-12 months –1.00%

Class I and Class L Shares

There is no sales charge, commission or CDSC associated with Class I or Class L Shares.

Reducing Your Class A Sales Charges

Each Fund permits you to reduce the front-end sales charge you pay on Class A Shares by exercising your Rights of Accumulation or Letter of Intent privileges. Both of these are described below.

Rights of Accumulation: For Class A Shares, a front-end sales charge can be reduced by breakpoint discounts based on the amount of a single purchase or through Rights of Accumulation. By using Rights of Accumulation, you may combine the current market value of any existing qualifying holdings and account types (as described below) with the amount of the current purchase to qualify for a breakpoint and reduced sales charge on the current purchase.

The amount of the sales charge will be calculated based on the higher of (a) the market value of your qualified holdings as of the last calculated NAV prior to your investment or (b) if you purchased shares after July 3, 2017, the initial value of total share purchases, or if you already held shares on July 3, 2017, the market value of the shares on that date, provided that, in either case, the value will be reduced by the market value on the applicable redemption date of any shares you have redeemed. Depending on their operational capabilities, Financial Intermediaries may utilize one or both of the methods described above so your holdings could be valued differently depending on where you hold your shares.

Letter of Intent: By signing a Letter of Intent, you may combine the current market value of any existing qualifying holdings and account types with the value that you intend to buy over a 13 month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase that you make during that 13 month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The 13 month Letter of Intent period commences on the day that the Letter of Intent is received by the J.P. Morgan Funds or your Financial Intermediary, and you must inform your Financial Intermediary or the J.P. Morgan Funds that you have a Letter of Intent each time you make an investment. Purchases submitted prior to the date on which the Letter of Intent is received by the J.P. Morgan Funds or your Financial Intermediary are considered only in determining the level of sales charge that will be paid. The Letter of Intent will not result in a reduction in the amount of any previously paid sales charges.

A percentage of your investment will be held in escrow until the full amount covered by the Letter of Intent has been invested. If the terms of the Letter of Intent are not fulfilled by the end of the 13th month, you must pay the Distributor the difference between the sales charges applicable to the purchases at the time they were made and the reduced sales charges previously paid or the Distributor will liquidate sufficient escrowed shares to obtain the difference and/or adjust the shareholder's account to reflect the correct number of shares that would be held after deduction of the sales charge. The Letter of Intent will be considered completed if the shareholder dies within the 13 month period covered by the Letter of Intent. Commissions to dealers will not be adjusted or paid on the difference between the Letter of Intent amount and the amount actually invested before the shareholder's death. Calculations made to determine whether a Letter of Intent commitment has been fulfilled will be made on the basis of the amount invested prior to the deduction of any applicable sales charge.

Below are the qualifying holdings and account types that may be aggregated in order to exercise your Rights of Accumulation and Letter of Intent privileges to qualify for a reduced front-end sales charge on Class A Shares.

Qualifying Holdings: Class A, Class C, Class I, Class L Shares and Class R6 Shares (only when used in advisory programs) of the J.P. Morgan Funds and Class A, Class C and the Advisor Class units in New York's 529 Advisor-Guided College Savings Program (NY 529 Advisor-Guided Plan). Investments in the JPMorgan 529 U.S. Government Money Market Portfolio are not included.

Qualifying Accounts:

1. Your account(s);
2. Account(s) of your spouse or domestic partner;
3. Account(s) of children under the age of 21 who share your residential address;
4. Trust accounts established by any of the individuals in items (1) through (3) above. If the person(s) who established the trust is deceased, the trust account may be aggregated with the account(s) of the primary beneficiary of the trust;
5. Solely controlled business accounts; and
6. Single-participant retirement plans of any of the individuals in items (1) through (3) above.

You may use your qualifying holdings and account types even if they are held at different Financial Intermediaries. **In order to obtain any reduction in the sales charge by utilizing either the Rights of Accumulation or Letter of Intent privileges, you must, before each purchase of Class A Shares, inform your Financial Intermediary or the J.P. Morgan Funds if you have any existing holdings that may be aggregated with your current purchase in order to qualify for a reduced front-end sales charge.**

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

In order to verify your eligibility for a reduced sales charge, you may be required to provide appropriate documentation, such as an account statement or the social security or tax identification number on an account, so that J.P. Morgan Funds may confirm (1) the value of each of your accounts invested in J.P. Morgan Funds or in the NY 529 Advisor-Guided Plan and (2) the value of the accounts owned by your spouse or domestic partner and by children under the age of 21 who share your residential address.

Certain Financial Intermediaries may not participate in extending the Rights of Accumulation or Letter of Intent privileges to your holdings in the NY 529 Advisor-Guided Plan. Please check with your Financial Intermediary to determine whether the Financial Intermediary makes these privileges available with respect to NY 529 Advisor-Guided Plan investments.

Additional information regarding the reduction of Class A sales charges is available in each Fund's Statement of Additional Information. To determine if you are eligible for Rights of Accumulation or Letter of Intent privileges or to request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, call 1-800-480-4111. These programs may be terminated or amended at any time.

Sales Charge Waivers

The availability of certain sales charge waivers and discounts will depend on whether you purchase your shares directly from a Fund or on a Financial Intermediary platform. Financial Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load ("CDSC") waivers, which are discussed in Appendix A. Except as described in Appendix A, purchases will be subject to the waivers or discounts discussed below.

Waiver of the Class A Sales Charge

No sales charge is imposed on Class A Shares of the Funds if the shares were:

1. Bought with the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions.
2. Acquired in exchange for shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund if a comparable sales charge has been paid for the exchanged shares.
3. Effective November 2, 2020, bought through a Financial Intermediary and not directly from the Funds by officers, directors, trustees, retirees and employees, and their immediate family members (i.e., spouses, domestic partners, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents and any dependent of the person, as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code) of:
 - J.P. Morgan Funds.
 - JPMorgan Chase and its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Former employees and their immediate family members can make subsequent purchases in accounts established during the employees' employment. Officers, directors, trustees, retirees and employees, and their immediate family members of J.P. Morgan Funds and JPMorgan Chase and its subsidiaries and affiliates may open new Class I Share accounts subject to a \$1,000 minimum investment requirement provided such accounts are opened directly from the Funds and not through a Financial Intermediary. Class I Shares have lower expenses than Class A Shares. Please call 1-800-480-4111 for more information concerning all of the Funds' other share classes.

4. Bought by employees of:
 - DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates.
 - Financial Intermediaries or financial institutions that have entered into dealer agreements with the Funds or the Distributor and their subsidiaries and affiliates (or otherwise have an arrangement with a Financial Intermediary or financial institution with respect to sales of Fund shares). This waiver includes the employees' immediate family members (i.e., spouses, domestic partners, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents and any dependent of the employee, as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code).
5. Bought by:
 - Employer sponsored retirement, deferred compensation, employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans. Employer sponsored plans include 401(k) plans, 457 plans, 403(b) plans, profit-sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, retiree health benefit plans and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. Traditional IRAs, Roth IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, SEPs, SARSEPs, SIMPLE IRAs and KEOGHs plans do not qualify under this waiver.

- Financial Intermediaries, including affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, who have a dealer arrangement with the Distributor, act in a custodial capacity, or who place trades for their own accounts or for the accounts of their clients and who charge a management, asset allocation, consulting, or other fee for their services.
 - Financial Intermediaries who have entered into an agreement with the Distributor and have been approved by the Distributor to offer Fund shares to investment brokerage programs in which the end shareholder makes investment decisions independent of a financial advisor; these programs may or may not charge a transaction fee.
 - Tuition programs that qualify under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - A bank, trust company or thrift institution which is acting as a fiduciary exercising investment discretion, provided that appropriate notification of such fiduciary relationship is reported at the time of the investment to the Fund or the Fund's Distributor.
6. Bought in connection with plans of reorganization of a J.P. Morgan Fund, such as mergers, asset acquisitions and exchange offers to which the Fund is a party. However, you may pay a CDSC when you redeem the Fund shares you received in connection with the plan of reorganization.
 7. Purchased in Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs) established prior to September 2, 2014:
 - i. That were established through a rollover from a qualified retirement plan for which J.P. Morgan Retirement Plan Services LLC had a contractual relationship to provide recordkeeping for the plan (an "RPS Rollover IRA") or an IRA that was subsequently established in connection with the RPS Rollover IRA;
 - ii. Where JPMorgan Institutional Investments Inc. continues to be the broker of record for the IRA; and
 - iii. Where UMB Bank, n.a. continues to serve as custodian for the IRA.
 8. Purchased in an account where the Distributor is the broker of record as of April 10, 2017.

To determine if you qualify for a sales charge waiver, call 1-800-480-4111 or contact your Financial Intermediary. These waivers may not continue indefinitely and may be discontinued at any time without notice.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC)

Certain redemptions of Class A and Class C Shares are subject to a CDSC. Please see "SALES CHARGES AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION" for the amount of the applicable CDSC. The CDSC is calculated by multiplying the original cost of the shares by the CDSC rate. For Class A Shares, the CDSC is calculated from the date of the purchase of the applicable shares. For Class C Shares, the Fund assumes that all purchases made in a given month were made on the first day of the month.

No CDSC is imposed on share appreciation, nor is a CDSC imposed on shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends or capital gains distributions.

To keep your CDSC as low as possible, the Funds will first redeem any shares that are not subject to a CDSC (i.e., shares that have been held for longer than the CDSC period or shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends or capital gains distributions), followed by the shares held for the longest time. You should retain any records necessary to substantiate historical costs because the Distributor, the Funds, the transfer agent and your Financial Intermediary may not maintain such information.

If you received Fund shares in connection with a fund reorganization, the CDSC applicable to your original shares (including the period of time you have held those shares) will be applied to the shares received in the reorganization.

Waiver of the Class A and Class C CDSC

No CDSC is imposed on redemptions of shares:

1. If you participate in a Systematic Redemption Plan and withdraw no more than the amount permitted to be withdrawn without a CDSC. Please refer to Systematic Redemption Plan in the "HOW TO REDEEM" table below.
2. Made due to the death or disability of a shareholder. For shareholders that become disabled, the redemption must be made within one year of initial qualification for Social Security disability payments or within one year of becoming disabled as defined in section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code. This waiver is only available for accounts opened prior to the shareholder's disability. In order to qualify for the waiver, the Distributor must be notified of the death or disability at the time of the redemption order and be provided with satisfactory evidence of such death or disability.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

- 3. That represent a Required Minimum Distribution from your IRA Account or other qualifying retirement plan. The waiver only applies to the pro rata required minimum distribution amount from the assets invested in one or more of the J.P. Morgan Funds.
- 4. That are part of a J.P. Morgan Fund-initiated event, such as mergers, liquidations, asset acquisitions, and exchange offers to which the Fund is a party, or result from a failure to maintain the required minimum balance in an account. However, you may pay a sales charge when you redeem the Fund shares you received in connection with the Fund-initiated event.
- 5. Exchanged into the same share class of other J.P. Morgan Funds. Your new Fund will be subject to the CDSC of the Fund from which you exchanged and the current holding period is carried over to your new shares. Please read “Exchanging Fund Shares” for more information.
- 6. For Class C Shares only, if your Financial Intermediary has notified the Distributor before you invest that it is waiving its commission.
- 7. Sold as a return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- 8. Sold to pay the Distributor or a Financial Intermediary account-related fees (only if the transaction is initiated by the Distributor or the Financial Intermediary).

To see if you qualify for a CDSC waiver, call 1-800-480-4111 or contact your Financial Intermediary. These waivers may not continue indefinitely and may be discontinued at any time without notice.

Repurchase Rights

If you redeem shares in a mutual fund, Repurchase Rights may allow you to reinvest or repurchase shares at NAV if the purchase is made within 90 days of the sale or distribution. For purposes of this policy, automatic transactions (for example, systematic purchases and systematic redemptions) are not eligible. Appropriate documentation may be required.

There is no sales charge on:

- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class A Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class I Shares or Class L Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Class R6 Shares of a J.P. Morgan Fund held in a fee-based advisory account
- Class A Shares if they are bought with proceeds from the sale of Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan Money Market Fund, provided that the Morgan Shares were acquired from Class A Shares where a sales charge was paid or waived

In addition, if you repurchase Class C Shares within 90 days of a redemption, there will be no CDSC on the new Class C Shares.

Rule 12b-1 Fees

Each Fund described in this prospectus has adopted a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 with respect to Class A and Class C Shares that allows it to pay distribution fees for the sale and distribution of these shares of the Funds. These fees are called “Rule 12b-1 fees.” Rule 12b-1 fees are paid by the Funds to the Distributor as compensation for its services and expenses in connection with the sale and distribution of Fund shares. The Distributor in turn pays all or part of these Rule 12b-1 fees to Financial Intermediaries that have agreements with the Distributor to sell shares of the Funds. The Distributor may pay Rule 12b-1 fees to its affiliates. Payments are not tied to actual expenses incurred.

The Rule 12b-1 fees (based on average daily net assets of the share class) vary by share class as follows:

Class	Rule 12b-1 Fee
Class A	0.25%
Class C	0.75%
Class I	None
Class L	None

Rule 12b-1 fees, together with the CDSC, help the Distributor sell Class C Shares without an upfront sales charge by defraying the costs of advancing brokerage commissions and other expenses paid to Financial Intermediaries.

Because Rule 12b-1 fees are paid out of Fund assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. With respect to Class A Shares transactions, for purchases at NAV where the Distributor paid a finder's fee at the time of the purchase, the selling Financial Intermediary will start to receive the applicable Rule 12b-1 fee in the 13th month after the sale and the Distributor will retain the Rule 12b-1 fees during such period. This will apply to applicable purchases beginning with transactions effected on or after July 1, 2020.

Service Fees

JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, receives an annual fee of up to the following fee (based on the average daily net assets of the applicable class of a Fund).

Class	Service Fee
Class A	0.25%
Class C	0.25%
Class I	0.25%
Class L	0.10%

JPMDS may enter into service agreements with Financial Intermediaries under which it will pay all or a portion of that fee to such Financial Intermediaries for performing shareholder and administrative services.

Networking and Sub-Transfer Agency Fees

JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, has entered into agreements with Financial Intermediaries pursuant to which the Financial Intermediary is paid for services such as networking or sub-transfer agency (collectively, the "Sub-TA Agreements"). Sub-TA Agreement payments are generally based on either (1) a percentage of the average daily net assets of clients serviced by such Financial Intermediary up to a set maximum dollar amount per shareholder account serviced, or (2) a per account fee based on the number of accounts serviced by such Financial Intermediary. Sub-TA Agreement payments are in addition to, rather than in lieu of, Rule 12b-1 fees the Financial Intermediary may also be receiving pursuant to agreements with the Distributor for classes with Rule 12b-1 fees. Payments to Financial Intermediaries for sub-transfer agency services will be made by JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, from the service fee. From time to time, JPMIM or its affiliates may pay a portion of the sub-transfer agency fees at its or their own expense and out of its or their legitimate profits.

Conversion Feature for Certain Class A Shares Held by Employees

Effective November 2, 2020, employees will no longer be eligible to purchase Class A Shares in accounts where the Distributor is broker of record. Therefore, Class A Shares held by employees in such accounts with the Distributor will be converted to Class I Shares beginning on November 6, 2020. Employees include officers, directors, trustees, retirees and employees, and their immediate family members (i.e., spouses, domestic partners, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents and any dependent of the person, as defined in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code) of J.P. Morgan Funds and JPMorgan Chase and its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Because the share price of the Class I Shares may be higher than that of the Class A Shares at the time of conversion, you may receive fewer Class I Shares; however, the dollar value will be the same. After conversion, your new shares will no longer be subject to Rule 12b-1 fees charged on Class A Shares. You will not be assessed any sales charges, fees or other charges for the conversion of the shares, nor will you be subject to any federal income tax as a result of the conversion.

Class C Shares Conversion Feature

Class C Shares will be converted to Class A Shares in the following instances:

- If an investor is eligible to purchase Class A Shares, then their Class C Share positions will convert to Class A Shares after 8 years, calculated from the first day of the month of purchase and processed on the tenth business day of the anniversary month.
- If Class C Shares held in an account with a third party broker of record are transferred to an account with the Distributor, those Class C Shares will be converted to Class A Shares on the tenth business day of the month following the transfer.

Because the share price of the Class A Shares may be higher than that of the Class C Shares at the time of conversion, you may receive fewer Class A Shares; however, the dollar value will be the same.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

After conversion, your new shares will be subject to the lower Rule 12b-1 fees charged on Class A Shares. You will not be assessed any sales charges, fees or other charges for the conversion of shares, nor will you be subject to any federal income tax as a result of the conversion. You will not pay any CDSC when you sell Class A Shares that have converted from Class C Shares.

PURCHASING FUND SHARES

You may purchase shares directly from the J.P. Morgan Funds through the Distributor or through your Financial Intermediary.

This prospectus offers multiple share classes. Each share class has different sales charges and/or expenses. When deciding what share class to buy, you should consider the amount of your investment, the length of time you intend to hold the shares, the sales charges and expenses applicable to each share class and whether you qualify for any sales charge discounts. Please refer to “Choosing a Share Class” for investment minimums for initial and subsequent purchases and to help you determine which share class would be best for you.

Purchase and redemption orders will be accepted only on days that J.P. Morgan Funds are open for business. The Funds are open for business on each day the NYSE is open for trading. The NYSE is closed for trading on the following holidays: New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. A purchase or redemption order received by the Funds prior to the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. ET) (“Fund Close”), on a day the Funds are open for business, will be effected at that day’s NAV. The Funds will **not** treat an intraday unscheduled disruption or closure in NYSE trading as a closure of the NYSE and will calculate NAV as of 4:00 p.m. ET, if the particular disruption or closure directly affects only the NYSE. An order received after the Fund Close will generally be effected at the NAV determined on the next business day. However, orders received by Financial Intermediaries on a business day prior to the Fund Close and communicated to the Funds prior to such time as agreed upon by the Funds and the Financial Intermediary will be effected at the NAV determined on the business day the order was received by the Financial Intermediary.

A purchase order must be supported by all appropriate documentation and information in the proper form. The Funds may refuse to honor incomplete purchase orders.

Share ownership is electronically recorded; therefore, no certificate will be issued. A shareholder who purchases shares of a Fund that accrues dividends daily will not accrue a dividend on the day of the purchase.

If you purchase shares through your Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for its requirements and procedures. If a Financial Intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the Financial Intermediary to send your purchase order to the Fund. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for purchase orders.

If you purchase shares directly with the Funds, see the information below.

HOW TO PURCHASE DIRECTLY WITH THE J.P. MORGAN FUNDS		
	Opening a New Account	Purchasing into an Existing Account
By Phone or Online 1-800-480-4111 Shareholder Services representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 7:00 pm ET. www.jpmmorganfunds.com Note: Certain account types are not available for online account access. Please call for additional information.	A new account generally may not be opened by phone or online. Employees of JPMorgan Chase & Co. may open a new account online. A new fund position can be added to an existing account by phone or online if you have bank information on file. The minimum initial investment requirement must be met.	You must already have bank information on file. If we do not have bank information on file, you must submit written instructions. Please call for instructions on how to add bank information to your account.

HOW TO PURCHASE DIRECTLY WITH THE J.P. MORGAN FUNDS		
	Opening a New Account	Purchasing into an Existing Account
By Mail Regular mailing address: J.P. Morgan Funds Services P.O. Box 219143 Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 Overnight mailing address: J.P. Morgan Funds Services 430 W 7 th Street, Suite 219143 Kansas City, MO 64105-1407	Mail the completed and signed application with a check to our Regular or Overnight mailing address. Refer to the Additional Information Regarding Purchases section.	Please mail your check and include your name, the Fund name, and your fund account number.
	All checks must be made payable to one of the following: - J.P. Morgan Funds; or - The specific Fund in which you are investing. Please include your existing account number, if applicable. All checks must be in U.S. dollars. The J.P. Morgan Funds do not accept credit cards, cash, starter checks, money orders or credit card checks. The Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to refuse “third-party” checks and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions even if payment may be effected through a U.S. financial institution. Checks made payable to any individual or company and endorsed to J.P. Morgan Funds or a Fund are considered third-party checks.	
By ACH or Wire¹ 1-800-480-4111 Wire Instructions: DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc. 2000 Crown Colony Drive Quincy, MA 02169 Attn: J.P. Morgan Funds Services ABA: 021 000 021 DDA: 323 125 832 FBO: Fund Name Fund: Fund # Account: Your Account # and Your Account Registration	You may include bank information on your application for your initial purchase to be processed via Automated Clearing House (ACH) rather than sending a check. New accounts cannot be opened by wire purchase.	Purchase by ACH: To process a purchase via ACH using bank information on file you may call us or process the purchase online. Purchase by Wire: If you choose to pay by wire, please call to notify the Fund of your purchase. You must also initiate the wire with your financial institution.
Systematic Investment Plan¹	You may include instructions to set up a Systematic Investment Plan on your application. Bank Information must be included. <i>Refer to Choosing A Share Class for fund minimums.</i>	If bank information is on file, you may call, go online or mail written instructions to start, edit or delete a Systematic Investment Plan. You cannot have a Systematic Investment Plan and a Systematic Redemption Plan or Systematic Exchange Plan on the same fund account. If bank information is not on file, you will be required to submit a completed form with your bank information and Systematic Investment Plan details.

¹ The Funds currently do not charge for these services, but may impose a charge in the future. However, your bank may impose a charge for debiting your bank account.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

Transactions by phone, fax or the Internet

You may access your account and conduct certain transactions using phone, fax or the J.P. Morgan Funds website. Phone conversations are recorded. The J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents use reasonable procedures to verify the identity of the shareholder. If these procedures are followed, the J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents are not liable for any losses, liability, cost or expenses (including attorney fees) that may occur from acting on unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. Therefore please take precautions to protect your account information and immediately review account statements or other information provided to you. In addition, a confirmation is sent promptly after a transaction. Please review it carefully and contact J.P. Morgan Funds Services or your Financial Intermediary immediately about any transaction you believe to be unauthorized. You may revoke your right to make purchases over the phone or by mailing written instructions to us.

You may not always reach J.P. Morgan Funds Services by phone or online. This may be true at times of unusual market changes and shareholder activity. You can mail us your instructions or contact your Financial Intermediary. We may modify or cancel the ability to purchase or redeem shares online or by phone without notice.

Additional Information Regarding Purchases

Federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you open an account, we will ask for your name, residential or business street address, date of birth (for an individual), and other information that will allow us to identify you, including your social security number, tax identification number or other identifying number. The J.P. Morgan Funds cannot waive these requirements. A Fund is required by law to reject your Account Application if the required identifying information is not provided.

We will attempt to collect any missing information required on the Account Application by contacting either you or your Financial Intermediary. If we cannot obtain this information within the established time frame, your Account Application will be rejected. Amounts received prior to receipt of the required information will be held uninvested and will be returned to you without interest if your Account Application is rejected. If the required information is obtained, your investment will be accepted and you will pay the NAV per share next calculated after all of the required information is received, plus any applicable sales charge.

Once we have received all of the required information, federal law requires us to verify your identity. After an account is opened, we may restrict your ability to purchase additional shares until your identity is verified. If we are unable to verify your identity within a reasonable time, the Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to close your account at the current day's NAV per share. If your account is closed for this reason, your shares will be redeemed at the NAV per share next calculated after the account is closed, less any applicable CDSC or fees. In addition, you will not be entitled to recoup any sales charges paid to a Fund in connection with your purchase of Fund shares.

Purchases by wire may be canceled if J.P. Morgan Funds Services does not receive payment by 4:00 p.m. ET on the settlement date. You will be responsible for any expenses and/or losses to the Funds.

EXCHANGING FUND SHARES

An exchange is selling shares of one J.P. Morgan Fund and taking the proceeds to simultaneously purchase shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund. Before making an exchange request, you should read the prospectus of the J.P. Morgan Fund whose shares you would like to purchase by exchange. You can obtain a prospectus for any J.P. Morgan Fund by contacting your Financial Intermediary, by visiting www.jpmmorganfunds.com, or by calling 1-800-480-4111.

EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES

Class A Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class A Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund,
- Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan money market fund (except for JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund), or
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class C Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class C Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund (except for JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund). Your new Class C Shares will be subject to the CDSC of the Fund from which you exchanged, and the current holding period for your exchanged Class C Shares is carried over to your new shares.
- Class I, Class L or Class R6 Shares, if available, of the same Fund, provided you meet the eligibility requirements for the class you are exchanging into. In addition, the Class C Shares that you wish to exchange must not currently be subject to any CDSC.

Class I Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class I Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund,
- Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan money market fund (except for JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund), or
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class L Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class L Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund, or
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

The following rules and procedures apply to exchanges:

- All exchanges are subject to meeting any investment minimum or eligibility requirements of the new Fund and class.
- The J.P. Morgan Funds will provide 60 days' written notice of any termination of or material change to your exchange privilege.
- All exchanges are based upon the net asset value that is next calculated after the Fund receives your order, provided the exchange out of one Fund must occur before the exchange into the other Fund.
- In order for an exchange to take place on the date that the order is submitted, the order must be received prior to the close of both the Fund that you wish to exchange into and the Fund that you wish to exchange out of, otherwise, the exchange will occur on the following business day on which both Funds are open.
- A shareholder that exchanges into shares of a Fund that accrues dividends daily, including a money market fund, will not accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange. A shareholder that exchanges out of shares of a Fund that accrues a daily dividend will accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange.
- The exchange privilege is not intended as a way for you to speculate on short-term movements in the market. Therefore, to prevent disruptions in the management of J.P. Morgan Funds, certain J.P. Morgan Funds limit excessive exchange activity as described in the "Frequent Trading Policy" section. Your exchange privilege will be limited or revoked if the exchange activity is considered excessive. In addition, any J.P. Morgan Fund may reject any exchange request for any reason, including if it is not in the best interests of the Fund and/or its shareholders to accept the exchange.
- For Class A and Class C Shares only, you can set up a systematic exchange program to automatically exchange shares on a regular basis. However, you cannot have simultaneous systematic investment plans for the same Fund. You may call 1-800-480-4111 for complete instructions.

Generally, you will not pay a sales charge on an exchange except as specified below.

If you exchange Class A or Class C Shares of a Fund that are subject to a CDSC for Class A (Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan money market fund) or Class C Shares, respectively, of another Fund, you will not pay a CDSC at the time of the exchange, however:

1. Your new Class A (Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan money market fund) or Class C Shares will be subject to the CDSC of the Fund from which you exchanged, and
2. The current holding period for your exchanged Class A (Morgan Shares of a J.P. Morgan money market fund) or Class C Shares, is carried over to your new shares.

Following an exchange, the fees and expenses of the new share class may be higher than those of the class you previously held. You should carefully review the prospectus for the new share class, including information on the fees, expenses and exchange features of the new share class, or contact your Financial Intermediary for more information.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

Tax Consequences on Exchanges

Generally, an exchange between J.P. Morgan Funds is considered a sale and generally results in a capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. An exchange between classes of shares of the same Fund is generally not taxable for federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making an exchange.

REDEEMING FUND SHARES

If you sell shares through your Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for its requirements and procedures. If a Financial Intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the Financial Intermediary to send your redemption order to the Fund. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for redemption orders.

If you sell shares directly with a Fund, see the information below.

Your redemption proceeds may be mailed to you at your address of record¹, wired, or sent by ACH to a pre-existing bank account on file.

HOW TO REDEEM	
By Phone or Online Note: <i>Certain account types are not available for online account access.</i>	Call us at 1-800-480-4111 Shareholder Services representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 7:00 pm ET. www.jpmmorganfunds.com
By Mail	Regular mailing address: J.P. Morgan Funds Services P.O. Box 219143 Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 Overnight mailing address: J.P. Morgan Funds Services 430 W 7 th Street, Suite 219143 Kansas City, MO 64105-1407
Systematic Redemption Plan ^{2,3} Note: <i>The Funds currently do not charge for this service, but may impose a charge in the future.</i>	You may include instructions to set up a Systematic Redemption Plan on your application. Payment instructions must be included. You may call, or mail written instructions to start, edit or delete a Systematic Redemption Plan. You may send a written redemption request to your Financial Intermediary, if applicable, or to the Fund at the following address: J.P. Morgan Funds Services P.O. Box 219143 Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 You may redeem over the phone. Please see “Can I redeem by phone?” for more information. If you own Class A or Class C Shares, the applicable CDSC will be deducted from those payments unless such payments are made: ⁴ • Monthly and constitute no more than 1/12 of 10% of your then-current balance in the Fund each month; or • Quarterly and constitute no more than 1/4 of 10% of your then-current balance in the Fund each quarter. It may not be in your best interest to buy additional Class A Shares while participating in a Systematic Redemption Plan. This is because Class A Shares have an upfront sales charge.

¹ You cannot request a redemption by check to be sent to an address updated within 15 days.

² If the amount of the systematic payment exceeds the income earned by your account since the previous payment under the Systematic Redemption Plan, payments will be made by redeeming some of your shares. This will reduce the amount of your investment, up to possibly closing your account.

³ The Funds currently do not charge for these services, but may impose a charge in the future. However, your bank may impose a charge for crediting your bank account.

⁴ Your current balance in the Fund for purposes of these calculations will be determined by multiplying the number of shares held by the last calculated NAV per share of the applicable class.

You may redeem some or all of your shares on any day that the Funds are open for business. You will not be permitted to enter a redemption order for shares purchased directly through J.P. Morgan Funds Services by check or through an ACH transaction for five business days following the acceptance of a purchase order unless you provide satisfactory proof that your purchase check or ACH transaction has cleared (sometimes referred to as uncollected shares).

If a Fund or Financial Intermediary receives your redemption order before the close of the NYSE (normally 4 p.m. ET or before 4:00 p.m. ET, if the NYSE closes before 4:00 p.m. ET), you will receive the NAV per share calculated after your redemption order is received in good order (meaning that it includes the information required by, and complies with security requirements implemented by, the Fund's transfer agent or the Fund), minus the amount of any applicable CDSC or fees. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for redemption orders and may charge a fee to process redemption of shares. A shareholder that redeems out of shares of a Fund that accrues a daily dividend will accrue a dividend on the day of the redemption.

All redemption requests must be supported by valid identity authentication, the appropriate documentation (if applicable) and any necessary information in good order. Additional information may be required depending on the situation.

For accounts held directly with the Funds, the length of time that the Funds typically expect to pay redemption proceeds depends on whether payment is made by ACH, wire or check. The Funds typically expect to make payments of redemption proceeds by wire or ACH on the next business day following receipt of the redemption order by the Funds. For payment by check, the Funds typically expect to mail the check on the next business day following receipt of the redemption order by the Funds.

For accounts held through Financial Intermediaries, the length of time that the Funds typically expect to pay redemption proceeds depends on the method of payment and the agreement between the Financial Intermediary and the Funds. For redemption proceeds that are paid directly to you by the Fund, the Fund typically expects to make payments by wire or ACH or by mailing a check on the next business day following the Fund's receipt of a redemption order from the Financial Intermediary. For payments that are made to your Financial Intermediary for transmittal to you, the Funds expect to pay redemption proceeds to the Financial Intermediary within 1 to 3 business days following the Fund's receipt of the redemption order from the Financial Intermediary.

Payment of redemption proceeds may take longer than the time a Fund typically expects and may take up to seven days as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Transactions by phone, fax or the Internet

You may access your account and conduct certain transactions using phone, fax or the J.P. Morgan Funds website. Phone conversations are recorded. The J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents use reasonable procedures to verify the identity of the shareholder. If these procedures are followed, the J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents are not liable for any losses, liability, cost or expenses (including attorney fees) that may occur from acting on unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. Therefore please take precautions to protect your account information and immediately review account statements or other information provided to you. In addition, a confirmation is sent promptly after a transaction. Please review it carefully and contact J.P. Morgan Funds Services or your Financial Intermediary immediately about any transaction you believe to be unauthorized. You may revoke your right to make redemptions over the phone or by mailing written instructions to us.

You may not always reach J.P. Morgan Funds Services by phone or online. This may be true at times of unusual market changes and shareholder activity. You can mail us your instructions or contact your Financial Intermediary. We may modify or cancel the ability to purchase or redeem shares online or by phone without notice.

Additional Information Regarding Redemptions

Medallion signature guarantees may be required if:

- You want to redeem shares with a value of \$50,000 or more and you want to receive your proceeds in the form of a check; or
- You want your payment sent to an address, bank account or payee other than the one currently designated on your Fund account.

The Fund may refuse to honor incomplete redemption orders.

The Fund may suspend your ability to redeem when:

1. Trading on the NYSE is restricted;

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

2. The NYSE is closed (other than weekend and holiday closings);
3. Federal securities laws permit;
4. The SEC has permitted a suspension; or
5. An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC.

You generally will recognize a gain or loss on a redemption for federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making a redemption.

Generally, all redemptions will be for cash. The J.P. Morgan Funds typically expect to satisfy redemption requests by selling portfolio assets or by using holdings of cash or cash equivalents. On a less regular basis, the Funds may also satisfy redemption requests by borrowing from another Fund, by drawing on a line of credit from a bank, or using other short-term borrowings from its custodian. These methods may be used during both normal and stressed market conditions. In addition to paying redemption proceeds in cash, if you redeem shares worth \$250,000 or more, the J.P. Morgan Funds reserve the right to pay part or all of your redemption proceeds in readily marketable securities instead of cash. If payment is made in securities, the Fund will value the securities selected in the same manner in which it computes its NAV. This process minimizes the effect of large redemptions on the Fund and its remaining shareholders. If you receive a redemption in-kind, securities received by you may be subject to market risk and you could incur taxable gains and brokerage or other charges in converting the securities to cash. While the J.P. Morgan Funds do not routinely use redemptions in-kind, the Funds reserve the right to use redemptions in-kind to manage the impact of large redemptions on the Funds. Redemption in-kind proceeds will typically be made by delivering a pro-rata amount of a Fund's holdings that are readily marketable securities to the redeeming shareholder within seven days after the Fund's receipt of the redemption order.

The Funds and their service providers may temporarily hold redemption proceeds from accounts maintained directly with the Funds if there is a reasonable belief that financial exploitation of a Specified Adult has occurred, is occurring, has been attempted, or will be attempted. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "Specified Adult" refers to an individual who is (A) a natural person age 65 and older; or (B) a natural person age 18 and older who the member reasonably believes has a mental or physical impairment that renders the individual unable to protect his or her own interests.

MINIMUM ACCOUNT BALANCE

Due to the relatively high cost associated with maintaining small accounts J.P. Morgan Funds has established minimum balance requirements for each Fund held in your accounts. Minimum investment amounts per Fund are described earlier within the Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds section of this prospectus. If a shareholder does not maintain the required minimum balance in each Fund, J.P. Morgan Funds may either 1) redeem all remaining shares in that Fund or 2) charge a \$10 below minimum balance fee per Fund. To collect the fee, the Fund will redeem \$10 worth of shares from your account. The Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to determine whether we redeem all remaining shares and close your account or charge the annual below minimum account fee. You will not be charged a CDSC, if applicable, for these actions. Shareholders will receive written notice and be given 60 days to bring Fund balances above minimum requirements before action is taken on your account.

If your account is below the minimum balance, you are participating in a systematic investment plan, and you are not actively selling shares, it will be excluded from the minimum balance requirements as long as the systematic payments will increase your Fund value above the required minimum balance within 18 months of the date that the account was established. Once the required minimum account balance is reached, you must maintain the minimum investment amount in that Fund.

Investors in Class A or Class C Shares, employees investing in Class I Shares, as well as investors in the Premier and Morgan share classes of the J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds cannot combine investments for purposes of meeting the minimum.

Certain Financial Intermediaries or other organizations making the J.P. Morgan Funds available to their clients or customers impose minimum account balances that may be different than the requirements for investors purchasing directly from the Funds. If a shareholder purchases shares through such an intermediary and does not maintain the required minimum balance imposed by that intermediary, the intermediary may redeem the investor's shares or impose a fee consistent with the terms of the investment arrangement with the investor. Please contact your intermediary for more information.

Closings, Reorganizations and Liquidations

To the extent authorized by law, each Fund reserves the right to discontinue offering shares at any time, to merge or reorganize itself or a share class, or to cease operations and liquidate at any time.

FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING

Certain Funds and Class L Shares are offered on a limited basis as described below. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders permitted to continue to purchase include shareholders of record and if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the effective date of the limited offering.

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

Effective as of the close of business on December 30, 2016 (the “Closing Date”), the JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (the “Fund”) is offered on a limited basis and investors are not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, except as described below. In addition, both before and after the Closing Date, the Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on the Fund’s net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into the Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

The following groups will be permitted to continue to purchase Fund shares. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the applicable closing date are permitted to continue to purchase:

- Shareholders of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to continue to purchase additional shares in their existing Fund accounts either through J.P. Morgan Funds Services or a Financial Intermediary and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund;
- Shareholders of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from other J.P. Morgan Funds;
- Approved fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs, where investment discretion (fund and investment allocations) solely reside with the Financial Intermediary’s home office and where the Financial Intermediary’s home office has full authority to make investment changes without approval from the shareholder, may continue to utilize the Fund for new and existing program accounts. These programs must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date. Additionally, after the Closing Date, new fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs may utilize the Fund for program accounts only with the approval by the Fund and its distributor;
- Other fee-based advisory programs (including Rep as Advisor and Portfolio Manager programs) may continue to utilize the Fund for existing program accounts, but will not be able to open new program accounts after the Closing Date;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the Glossary) (and their successor, related and affiliated plans), which have the Fund available to participants on or before February 17, 2017 may continue to open accounts for new participants and can purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. New Group Retirement Plans may only establish new accounts with the Fund provided the Group Retirement Plan has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by February 17, 2017 and the plan’s account with the Fund must be funded by December 31, 2017;
- Section 529 college savings plans may utilize the Fund for new and existing accounts. In order to be eligible, the plan must hold their shares through plan level or omnibus accounts held on the books of the Fund; or
- Current and future J.P. Morgan Funds which are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds may purchase shares of the Fund.
- Current and future investment companies not affiliated with JPMIM if they receive prior approval of the Fund and its Distributor.
- After May 22, 2017, new Section 529 college savings plans may utilize the Fund for program accounts with approval by the Fund and the Distributor.
- Named investment professionals listed in the Fund’s prospectus may utilize the Fund for both new accounts and existing Fund accounts.

Limited Offering of the Class L Shares

The Funds’ Class L Shares are publicly offered only on a limited basis. Investors are not eligible to purchase Class L Shares of the Funds except as described below. In addition, a Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on a Fund’s net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into a Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase Class L Shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of December 1, 2016 (“the Transition Date”) are permitted to continue to purchase Class L Shares.

- Existing shareholders of Class L Shares of a Fund are able to continue to purchase additional Class L Shares of that Fund in their existing Fund accounts either through J.P. Morgan Funds Services or a Financial Intermediary and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund;

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

- Existing shareholders of Class L Shares of a Fund are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from Class L Shares of other Funds;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the Glossary) may continue to use the Class L Shares of a Fund under certain circumstances. Effective April 3, 2017, new Group Retirement Plans are not eligible to purchase Class L Shares. Group Retirement Plans (and their successor, related and affiliated plans) which have Class L Shares of a Fund available to participants on or before April 3, 2017, may continue to open accounts for new participants in Class L Shares of a Fund and purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. In addition, new Group Retirement Plans may purchase Class L Shares of a Fund until December 31, 2018, if it is determined that the particular Group Retirement Plan is having operational difficulties in implementing the new eligibility restrictions and receives the approval of the particular Fund and its Distributor;
- Current and future J.P. Morgan Funds that are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds may purchase Class L Shares of a Fund;
- New York's 529 Advisor-Guided College Savings Program may continue to utilize Class L Shares for new and existing program accounts;
- Registered investment advisors using an approved custodial platform may utilize Class L Shares of any Fund in fee-based advisory programs for both new and existing program accounts;
- Banks and trust companies acting as a fiduciary and using an approved custodial platform may continue to utilize Class L Shares of any Fund for new and existing customer accounts. New banks or trust companies may utilize a Fund only with the approval of that Fund and its Distributor; and
- Other fee-based advisory programs currently utilizing a Fund may continue to utilize the Class L Shares of that particular Fund for new and existing program accounts and any new affiliated program.

Additional information that applies to all limited offerings:

If all shares of a Fund (or a Class subject to a limited offering) in an existing shareholder's account are voluntarily redeemed or involuntarily redeemed (due to instances when a shareholder does not meet aggregate account balance minimums or when participants in Systematic Investment Plans do not meet minimum investment requirements), then the shareholder's account will be closed. Such former Fund shareholders will not be able to buy additional Fund shares or reopen their accounts in the Fund unless a former shareholder makes his or her repurchase within 90 days of the redemption. Repurchases during this 90 day period will not be subject to any applicable sales charges if such sales charges are normally waived for repurchases within 90 days of the redemption as described in the "Repurchase Rights" section above. However, these repurchase restrictions do not apply to Group Retirement Plans that are eligible to continue to invest under the limited offerings as described above. If shares are purchased through a Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for their requirements and procedures.

If a Fund receives a purchase order directly from an investor who is not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, after the limited offering dates outlined above, J.P. Morgan Funds Services will attempt to contact the investor to determine whether he or she would like to purchase shares of another Fund or would prefer that the investment be refunded. If J.P. Morgan Funds Services cannot contact the investor within 30 days, the entire investment will be refunded.

The J.P. Morgan Funds reserves the right to change these policies at any time.

FREQUENT TRADING POLICY

J.P. Morgan Funds do not authorize market timing and, except for the Funds identified below, use reasonable methods to identify market timers and to prevent such activity. However, there can be no assurance that these methods will prevent market timing or other trading that may be deemed abusive. Market timing is an investment strategy using frequent purchases, redemptions and/or exchanges in an attempt to profit from short-term market movements. Market timing may result in dilution of the value of Fund shares held by long-term shareholders, disrupt portfolio management and increase Fund expenses for all shareholders. Although market timing may affect any Fund, these risks may be higher for Funds that invest significantly in non-U.S. securities or thinly traded securities (e.g., certain small cap securities), such as international, global or emerging market funds or small cap funds. For example, when a Fund invests in securities trading principally in non-U.S. markets that close prior to the close of the NYSE, market timers may seek to take advantage of the difference between the prices of these securities at the close of their non-U.S. markets and the value of such securities when the Fund calculates its net asset value.

J.P. Morgan Funds or the Distributor will prohibit any purchase order (including exchanges) with respect to one investor, a related group of investors or their agent(s) where they detect a pattern of either purchases and sales of one of the J.P. Morgan Funds, or exchanges between or among J.P. Morgan Funds, that indicates market timing or trading that they determine is abusive.

Although J.P. Morgan Funds use a variety of methods to detect and deter market timing, there is no assurance that the Funds' own operational systems and procedures will identify and eliminate all market timing strategies. For example, certain accounts, which are known as omnibus accounts, include multiple investors and such accounts typically provide the Funds with a net purchase or redemption order on any given day where purchasers of Fund shares and redeemers of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identity of individual purchasers and redeemers are not known by the Funds. While the Funds seek to monitor for market timing activities in omnibus accounts, the netting effect limits the Funds' ability to locate and eliminate individual market timers. As a result, the Funds are often dependent upon Financial Intermediaries who utilize their own policies and procedures to identify market timers. These policies and procedures may be different than those utilized by the Funds.

The Boards of J.P. Morgan Funds have adopted various policies and procedures to identify market timers, including reviewing "round trips" in and out of J.P. Morgan Funds by investors. A "round trip" includes a purchase or exchange into a Fund followed or preceded by a redemption or exchange out of the same Fund. If the Distributor detects that you have completed two round trips within 60 days in the same Fund, the Distributor will reject your purchase and exchange orders for a period of at least 90 days. For subsequent violations, the Distributor may, in its sole discretion, reject your purchase and exchange orders temporarily or permanently. In identifying market timers, the Distributor may also consider activity of accounts that it believes to be under common ownership or control.

J.P. Morgan Funds have attempted to put safeguards in place to assure that Financial Intermediaries have implemented procedures designed to deter market timing and abusive trading. Despite these safeguards, there is no assurance that the Funds will be able to effectively identify and eliminate market timing and abusive trading in the Funds particularly with respect to omnibus accounts.

J.P. Morgan Funds will seek to apply the Funds' market timing policies and restrictions as uniformly as practicable to accounts with the Funds, except with respect to the following:

1. Trades that occur through omnibus accounts at Financial Intermediaries as described above;
2. Purchases, redemptions and exchanges made on a systematic basis;
3. Automatic reinvestments of dividends and distributions;
4. Purchases, redemptions or exchanges that are part of a rebalancing program, such as a wrap, advisory or bona fide asset allocation program, which includes investment models developed and maintained by a financial intermediary;
5. Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees;
6. Transactions initiated by the trustee or adviser to a donor-advised charitable gift fund;
7. Transactions in Section 529 college savings plans;
8. Transactions in Fund of Fund Products; and
9. Transactions within a Retirement account such as:
 - Shares redeemed to return an excess contribution;
 - Transactions initiated by sponsors of group employee benefit plans or other related accounts;
 - Retirement plan contributions, loans, distributions, and hardship withdrawals;
 - IRA re-characterizations and conversions; and
 - IRA purchases of shares by asset transfer or direct rollover.

In addition to rejecting purchases in connection with suspected market timing activities, the Distributor can reject a purchase (including purchases for the Funds listed below) for any reason, including purchases that it does not think are in the best interests of a Fund and/or its shareholders or if it determines the trading to be abusive. Your Financial Intermediary may also have additional procedures for identifying market timers and rejecting or otherwise restricting purchases and/or exchanges.

Certain J.P. Morgan Funds are intended for short-term investment horizons and do not monitor for market timers or prohibit such short-term trading activity. Those Funds are the JPMorgan Short Duration Bond Fund, JPMorgan Short Duration Core Plus Fund, JPMorgan Short-Intermediate Municipal Bond Fund, JPMorgan Limited Duration Bond Fund, JPMorgan Managed Income Fund, JPMorgan Ultra-Short Municipal Fund and the J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds. Although these Funds are managed in a manner that is consistent with their investment objectives, frequent trading by shareholders may disrupt their management and increase their expenses.

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

VALUATION

Shares are purchased at NAV per share, plus a sales charge. This is also known as the offering price. Shares are also redeemed at NAV, minus any applicable CDSC. The NAV of each class within a Fund varies, primarily because each class has different class-specific expenses such as distribution and service fees.

The NAV per share of a class of a Fund is equal to the value of all the assets attributable to that class, minus the liabilities attributable to that class, divided by the number of outstanding shares of that class. The following is a summary of the procedures generally used to value J.P. Morgan Funds' investments.

Securities for which market quotations are readily available are generally valued at their current market value. Other securities and assets, including securities for which market quotations are not readily available; market quotations are determined not to be reliable; or, their value has been materially affected by events occurring after the close of trading on the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded but before a Fund's NAV is calculated, may be valued at fair value in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the J.P. Morgan Funds' Board of Trustees. Fair value represents a good faith determination of the value of a security or other asset based upon specifically applied procedures. Fair valuation may require subjective determinations. There can be no assurance that the fair value of an asset is the price at which the asset could have been sold during the period in which the particular fair value was used in determining a Fund's NAV.

Equity securities listed on a North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchange are generally valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which the security is principally traded. Other foreign equity securities are fair valued using quotations from an independent pricing service, as applicable. The value of securities listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. is generally the NASDAQ official closing price.

Fixed income securities are valued using prices supplied by an approved independent third party or affiliated pricing services or broker/dealers. Those prices are determined using a variety of inputs and factors as more fully described in the Statement of Additional Information.

Assets and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies are converted into U.S. dollars at the prevailing market rates from an approved independent pricing service as of 4:00 p.m. ET.

Shares of ETFs are generally valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which the ETF is principally traded. Shares of open-end investment companies are valued at their respective NAVs.

Options traded on U.S. securities exchanges are valued at the composite mean price, using the National Best Bid and Offer quotes.

Options traded on foreign exchanges are valued at the settled price, or if no settled price is available, at the last sale price available prior to the calculation of a Fund's NAV and will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable, for any options involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges.

Exchange traded futures are valued at the last sale price available prior to the calculation of a Fund's NAV. Any futures involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable.

Non-listed over-the-counter options and futures are valued utilizing market quotations provided by approved pricing services.

Swaps and structured notes are priced generally by an approved independent third party or affiliated pricing service or at an evaluated price provided by a counterparty or broker/dealer.

Any derivatives involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable.

NAV is calculated each business day as of the close of the NYSE, which is typically 4:00 p.m. ET. On occasion, the NYSE will close before 4:00 p.m. ET. When that happens, NAV will be calculated as of the time the NYSE closes. The Funds will **not** treat an intraday unscheduled disruption or closure in NYSE trading as a closure of the NYSE and will calculate NAV as of 4:00 p.m. ET, if the particular disruption or closure directly affects only the NYSE. The price at which a purchase is effected is based on the next calculation of NAV after the order is received in proper form in accordance with this prospectus. To the extent a Fund invests in securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges or other markets that trade on weekends or other days when a Fund does not price its shares, the value of a Fund's shares may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem your shares.

DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

Each Fund has elected to be treated and intends to qualify each taxable year as a regulated investment company. A regulated investment company is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed to shareholders. Each Fund's failure to qualify as a regulated investment company would result in corporate-level taxation and, consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

Each Fund can earn income and realize capital gain. Each Fund deducts any expenses and then pays out the earnings, if any, to shareholders as distributions.

The Growth Advantage Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Equity Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Mid Cap Value Fund, Small Cap Blend Fund, Small Cap Core Fund, Small Cap Equity Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, SMID Cap Equity Fund, U.S. Small Company Fund and Value Advantage Fund generally distribute net investment income, if any, at least annually. The Small Cap Value Fund generally distributes net investment income, if any, at least quarterly. The Funds will distribute net realized capital gains, if any, at least annually. For each taxable year, each Fund will distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net realized capital gains.

You have the following options for your distributions. You may:

- Reinvest all distributions in additional Fund shares;
- Take distributions of net investment income in cash and reinvest distributions of net capital gain in additional shares;
- Take distributions of net capital gain in cash and reinvest distributions of net investment income; or
- Take all distributions in cash.

If you do not select an option when you open your account, we will reinvest all distributions. If your distributions are reinvested, they will be in the form of shares of the same class without a sales charge. If you take your distributions in cash, you can choose to have a check mailed to your address of record or you can have them deposited into a pre-assigned bank account. The taxation of the dividends will not be affected whether you have them deposited into a bank account or sent by check.

Distributions of net investment income generally are taxable as ordinary income. Dividends of net investment income paid to a non-corporate U.S. shareholder that are properly reported as qualified dividend income generally will be taxable to such shareholder at preferential rates. The maximum individual federal income tax rate applicable to "qualified dividend income" is either 15% or 20%, depending on whether the individual's income exceeds certain threshold amounts. The amount of dividend income that may be so reported by a Fund generally will be limited to the aggregate of the eligible dividends received by each Fund. In addition, a Fund must meet certain holding period and other requirements with respect to the shares on which the Fund received the eligible dividends, and the non-corporate U.S. shareholder must meet certain holding period and other requirements with respect to the Fund. The amount of a Fund's distributions that would otherwise qualify for this favorable tax treatment may be reduced as a result of the Fund's securities lending activities or high portfolio turnover rate. Dividends of net investment income that are not reported as qualified dividend income and dividends of net short-term capital gain will be taxable to a U.S. shareholder as ordinary income.

Distributions of net capital gain (that is, the excess of the net gains from the sale of investments that a Fund owned for more than one year over the net losses from investments that the Fund owned for one year or less) that are properly reported by a Fund as capital gain dividends will be taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long you have held your shares in the Fund. The maximum individual federal income tax rate applicable to long-term capital gains is generally either 15% or 20%, depending on whether the individual's income exceeds certain threshold amounts. Distributions of net short-term capital gain (that is, the excess of any net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss), if any, will be taxable to U.S. shareholders as ordinary income. Capital gain of a corporate shareholder is taxed at the same rate as ordinary income.

An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from a Fund and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Fund shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's "modified adjusted gross income" (in the case of an individual) or "adjusted gross income" (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds certain threshold amounts.

If you buy shares of a Fund just before a distribution, you will be subject to tax on the entire amount of the taxable distribution you receive. Distributions are taxable to you even if they are paid from income or gains earned by a Fund before your investment (and thus were included in the price you paid for your Fund shares). Any gain resulting from the sale or exchange of Fund shares generally will be taxable as long-term or short-term gain, depending upon how long you have held your shares.

A Fund's investments in certain debt securities and derivative instruments may cause the Fund to accrue and distribute income not yet received. In order to generate sufficient cash to make the requisite distributions, a Fund may be required to liquidate other investments in its portfolio that it otherwise would have continued to hold, including when it is not advantageous to do so. A Fund's investment in REIT securities also may result in the Fund's receipt of cash in excess of the REIT's earnings; if the Fund distributes such

Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds (continued)

amounts, such distributions could constitute a return of capital to Fund shareholders for federal income tax purposes.

A Fund's transactions in futures contracts, short sales, swaps and other derivatives will be subject to special tax rules, the effect of which may be to accelerate income to the Fund, defer losses to the Fund, cause adjustments in the holding periods of the Fund's securities, and convert short-term capital losses into long-term capital losses. These rules could therefore affect the amount, timing and character of distributions from the Fund, and, therefore, may increase the amount of taxes payable by shareholders. A Fund's use of these types of transactions may result in the Fund realizing more short-term capital gain and ordinary income subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates than it would if it did not engage in such transactions.

The extent to which a Fund can invest in master limited partnerships is limited by the Fund's intention to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code.

Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional discussion of the tax consequences of the above-described and other investments to each Fund and its shareholders.

The dates on which net investment income and capital gain dividends, if any, will be distributed are available online at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

Early in each calendar year, each Fund will send you a notice showing the amount of distributions you received during the preceding calendar year and the tax status of those distributions.

The Funds are not intended for foreign shareholders. Any foreign shareholders would generally be subject to U.S. tax-withholding on distributions by the Funds, as discussed in the Statement of Additional Information.

Distributions by a Fund to retirement plans and other entities that qualify for tax-exempt or tax-deferred treatment under federal income tax laws will generally not be taxable. Special tax rules apply to investments through such plans. The tax considerations described in this section do not apply to such tax-exempt or tax-deferred entities or accounts. You should consult your tax advisor to determine the suitability of a Fund as an investment and the tax treatment of distributions.

Any investor for whom a Fund does not have a valid Taxpayer Identification Number may be subject to backup withholding.

The above is a general summary of tax implications of investing in the Funds. Because each investor's tax consequences are unique, please consult your tax advisor to see how investing in a Fund and, for individuals and S corporations, selection of a particular cost method of accounting will affect your own tax situation.

IMPORTANT TAX REPORTING CONSIDERATIONS

Your Financial Intermediary or the Fund (if you hold your shares in the Fund direct account) will report gains and losses realized on redemptions of shares for shareholders who are individuals and S corporations purchased after January 1, 2012 to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). This information will also be reported to you on Form 1099-B and the IRS each year. In calculating the gain or loss on redemptions of shares, the average cost method will be used to determine the cost basis of Fund shares purchased after January 1, 2012 unless you instruct the Fund in writing at J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 that you want to use another available method for cost basis reporting (for example, First In, First Out (FIFO), Last In, First Out (LIFO), Specific Lot Identification (SLID) or High Cost, First Out (HIFO)). If you designate SLID as your cost basis method, you will also need to designate a secondary cost basis method (Secondary Method). If a Secondary Method is not provided, the Fund will designate FIFO as the Secondary Method and will use the Secondary Method with respect to systematic redemptions.

Not all cost basis methods are available. Please contact the Fund at J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 for more information on the available methods for cost basis reporting. To determine which available cost basis method is best for you, you should consult with your tax advisor. Please note that you will be responsible for calculating and reporting gains and losses on redemptions of shares purchased prior to January 1, 2012 to the IRS as such information will not be reported by the Fund and may not be maintained by your Financial Intermediary.

Your Financial Intermediary or the Fund (if you hold your shares in the Fund direct account) is also required to report gains and losses to the IRS in connection with redemptions of shares by S corporations. If a shareholder is a corporation and has not instructed the Fund that it is a C corporation in its account application or by written instruction to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143, the Fund will treat the shareholder as an S corporation and file a Form 1099-B.

SHAREHOLDER STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

The J.P. Morgan Funds or your Financial Intermediary will send you transaction confirmation statements and quarterly account statements. Please review these statements carefully. The Funds will correct errors if notified within one year of the date printed on the transaction confirmation or account statement, except that, with respect to unfulfilled Letters of Intent, the Funds may process corrections up to 15 months after the date printed on the transaction confirmation or account statement. Your Financial Intermediary may have a different cut-off time. J.P. Morgan Funds will charge a fee for requests for statements that are older than two years. Please retain all of your statements, as they could be needed for tax purposes.

To reduce expenses and conserve natural resources, the J.P. Morgan Funds will deliver a single copy of prospectuses and financial reports to individual investors who share a residential address, provided they have the same last name or the J.P. Morgan Funds reasonably believe they are members of the same family. If you would like to receive separate mailings, please call 1-800-480-4111 and the Fund will begin individual delivery within 30 days. If you would like to receive these documents by e-mail, please visit www.jpmorganfunds.com and sign up for electronic delivery.

If you hold your Fund shares directly, you may access your account statements at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

After each fiscal half year you will receive a financial report from the Funds. In addition, the Funds will periodically send you proxy statements and other reports.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please write to J.P. Morgan Funds Services at P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143, call 1-800-480-4111 or visit www.jpmorganfunds.com.

AVAILABILITY OF PROXY VOTING RECORD

The Trustees for each Fund have delegated the authority to vote proxies for securities owned by the Funds to the Funds' adviser. A copy of each Fund's voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or on J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com no later than August 31 of each year. Each Fund's proxy voting record will include, among other things, a brief description of the matter voted on for each portfolio security, and will state how each vote was cast, for example, for or against the proposal.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

No sooner than 15 days after the end of each month, each Fund will make available upon request the uncertified, complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that month.

Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, each Fund will make available upon request a complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that quarter.

Each Fund will post these quarterly schedules on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

In addition, from time to time, the Fund may post portfolio holdings on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website on a more frequent basis.

Each Fund may disclose the Fund's 10 largest portfolio holdings and the percentage that each of these 10 holdings represent of the Fund's portfolio as of the most recent month's end, online at www.jpmorganfunds.com, no sooner than 5 calendar days after month's end.

In addition, the top five holdings that contributed to Fund performance and top five holdings that detracted from Fund performance may be posted on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com no sooner than 5 calendar days after month end.

Shareholders may request portfolio holdings schedules at no charge by calling 1-800-480-4111. A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of a Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information.

Glossary of Common Investment Terminology

For the purpose of the “INVESTING WITH J.P. MORGAN FUNDS” section, references to “account” and “Fund” are not interchangeable. Fund refers to an individual mutual fund position. An account may be invested in a single Fund or multiple Funds.

Breakpoints – Differences in sales charges that are assessed based on the amount of purchases. The larger the investment, the lower the sales charge.

Capital Gains Distribution – Payment to mutual fund shareholders of gains realized on securities that a Fund has sold at a profit, minus any realized losses.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) – A back-end sales charge imposed when shares are redeemed from a Fund. This fee usually declines over time.

Dividend Distribution – Payment to mutual fund shareholders of income from interest or dividends generated by a Fund’s investments.

Financial Intermediaries – Include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with the Distributor and/or shareholder servicing agent. Shares purchased this way will typically be held for you by the Financial Intermediary.

Group Retirement Plans – Refers to employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans. To satisfy eligibility requirements, the plan must be a group plan (more than one participant), the shares cannot be held in a commission-based brokerage account and

- Shares must be held at a plan level or
- Shares must be held at the Fund level through an omnibus account of a retirement plan recordkeeper.

Group Retirement Plans include group employer-sponsored 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit-sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, retiree health benefit plans, group annuity separate accounts offered to retirement plans and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. Group Retirement Plans do not include traditional IRAs, Roth IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, SEPs, SARSEPs, SIMPLE IRAs, KEOGHs, individual 401(k) or individual 403(b) plans.

Institutional Investors – Include fee-based “wrap” account sponsors (provided they have an agreement covering the arrangement with the Distributor), corporations, qualified nonprofit organizations, charitable trusts, foundations and endowments, state, county, city or any instrumentality, department, authority or agency thereof, and banks, trust companies or other depository institutions investing for their own account or on behalf of their clients.

Letter of Intent (LOI) – A Letter of Intent is signed by an investor stating the investor’s intention to buy a specified amount over a period of 13 months in order to receive a reduced front-end sales charge. Each purchase the investor makes during the 13 month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount specified in the Letter of Intent. If the amount is not met within the 13 month period, the investor must pay the Distributor the difference between the sales charges applicable to the purchases at the time they were made and the reduced sales charges previously paid. A Letter of Intent shall be based on the sales charge and breakpoint schedules in effect when the initial shares were purchased.

Medallion Signature Guarantee – A special stamp used to verify the authenticity of certain documents. It is a guarantee by a financial institution that the signature is genuine and the financial institution accepts liability for any forgery. Medallion signature guarantees protect shareholders by preventing unauthorized transfer of assets that could result in monetary losses to the investor due to fraud. Medallion guarantee stamps can be obtained at many bank branches or brokerage firms.

Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) – Refers to the annual amounts that must be withdrawn from pre-tax retirement accounts (such as Traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs) in or after the year the shareholder reaches the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations.

Rights of Accumulation (ROA) – When utilizing “rights of accumulation,” the investor can combine the current market value of any existing qualifying holdings and account types with the amount of the current purchase to qualify for a breakpoint and reduced front-end sales charge on the current purchase. Rights of Accumulation shall be based on the sales charge and breakpoint schedules in effect when the initial shares were purchased.

Uncollected Shares – Shares purchased directly through J.P. Morgan Funds Services by check or through an ACH transaction are not available for redemption for up to five business days following the acceptance of a purchase order unless you provide satisfactory proof that your purchase check or ACH transaction has cleared.

Wire or ACH – Refers to the method used for payment or redemptions. Movement of money by wire is typically faster than money sent by ACH (Automated Clearing House). While J.P. Morgan Funds does not charge for either method, your bank may charge a fee for these services.

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Financial Highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for each share class for the past five fiscal years or the period of a Fund's operations, as applicable. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information for each period presented has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose reports, along with each Fund's financial statements, are included in the respective Fund's annual report, which is available upon request.

To the extent a Fund invests in other funds, the Total Annual Operating Expenses included in the Fee Table will not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets in the financial highlights below.

	Per share operating performance				
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions
		Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net realized gain
JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund					
Class A					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 21.78	\$(0.08)	\$ 5.74	\$ 5.66	\$ (2.17)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	21.73	(0.08)	1.89	1.81	(1.76)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	17.95	(0.12)	4.74	4.62	(0.84)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.42	(0.09)	3.62	3.53	—
Year Ended June 30, 2016	15.74	(0.08)	(0.71)	(0.79)	(0.53)
Class C					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	18.86	(0.16)	4.89	4.73	(2.17)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.16	(0.16)	1.62	1.46	(1.76)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.99	(0.19)	4.20	4.01	(0.84)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.91	(0.15)	3.23	3.08	—
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.22	(0.14)	(0.64)	(0.78)	(0.53)
Class I					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	22.53	(0.02)	5.95	5.93	(2.17)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.36	(0.03)	1.96	1.93	(1.76)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.40	(0.07)	4.87	4.80	(0.84)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.75	(0.05)	3.70	3.65	—
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.06	(0.06)	(0.72)	(0.78)	(0.53)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$25.27	27.87%	\$2,032,870	1.14%	(0.36)%	1.16%	47%
21.78	9.63	1,825,607	1.14	(0.38)	1.25	40
21.73	26.22	1,724,681	1.16	(0.57)	1.25	31
17.95	24.48	1,550,092	1.24	(0.56)	1.32	34
14.42	(5.07)	1,643,136	1.25	(0.55)	1.35	46
21.42	27.20	942,512	1.64	(0.86)	1.66	47
18.86	9.06	793,489	1.64	(0.88)	1.75	40
19.16	25.60	740,817	1.66	(1.07)	1.76	31
15.99	23.86	605,999	1.74	(1.06)	1.82	34
12.91	(5.55)	594,190	1.75	(1.04)	1.85	46
26.29	28.15	2,827,894	0.89	(0.11)	0.90	47
22.53	9.91	2,107,041	0.89	(0.12)	1.00	40
22.36	26.56	1,753,505	0.92	(0.32)	1.00	31
18.40	24.75	1,691,899	1.00	(0.31)	1.04	34
14.75	(4.91)	922,981	1.08	(0.41)	1.09	46

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 9.88	\$ 0.10	\$(0.98)	\$(0.88)	\$ (0.11)	\$(0.51)	\$(0.62)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	11.75	0.10	(0.65)	(0.55)	(0.09)	(1.23)	(1.32)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	11.52	0.10	1.46	1.56	(0.08)	(1.25)	(1.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	10.64	0.10	1.92	2.02	(0.08)	(1.06)	(1.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	12.98	0.09	(0.21)	(0.12)	(0.08)	(2.14)	(2.22)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	8.02	0.04	(0.78)	(0.74)	(0.07)	(0.51)	(0.58)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	9.83	0.04	(0.56)	(0.52)	(0.06)	(1.23)	(1.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	9.85	0.03	1.24	1.27	(0.04)	(1.25)	(1.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	9.27	0.03	1.65	1.68	(0.04)	(1.06)	(1.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	11.62	0.01	(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.03)	(2.14)	(2.17)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	10.06	0.12	(0.99)	(0.87)	(0.13)	(0.51)	(0.64)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	11.92	0.13	(0.67)	(0.54)	(0.09)	(1.23)	(1.32)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	11.66	0.13	1.48	1.61	(0.10)	(1.25)	(1.35)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	10.75	0.13	1.94	2.07	(0.10)	(1.06)	(1.16)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	13.09	0.12	(0.21)	(0.09)	(0.11)	(2.14)	(2.25)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 8.38	(9.97)%	\$ 96,485	0.60%	1.08%	0.88%	49%
9.88	(3.69)	129,406	0.60	0.98	0.88	36
11.75	14.02	171,304	0.60	0.85	0.88	33
11.52	19.37	162,853	0.62	0.87	0.93	30
10.64	0.22	99,397	0.69	0.81	0.98	39
6.70	(10.43)	19,697	1.10	0.57	1.39	49
8.02	(4.21)	29,952	1.10	0.49	1.38	36
9.83	13.46	36,618	1.10	0.34	1.38	33
9.85	18.58	37,529	1.17	0.32	1.44	30
9.27	(0.43)	24,343	1.39	0.12	1.52	39
8.55	(9.68)	171,771	0.35	1.32	0.62	49
10.06	(3.56)	264,415	0.34	1.14	0.61	36
11.92	14.31	864,316	0.35	1.10	0.61	33
11.66	19.66	788,063	0.38	1.13	0.62	30
10.75	0.47	800,082	0.44	1.04	0.63	39

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
		Investment operations			Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$50.52	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.91	\$(0.30)	\$(3.93)	\$(4.23)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	51.57	0.18	4.04	4.22	(0.13)	(5.14)	(5.27)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.53	—(d)	5.89	5.89	—	(2.85)	(2.85)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	42.95	(0.02)	7.02	7.00	(0.05)	(1.37)	(1.42)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	47.12	(0.01)	(2.02)	(2.03)	(0.03)	(2.11)	(2.14)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	48.32	(0.10)	0.71	0.61	(0.05)	(3.93)	(3.98)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	49.66	(0.04)	3.84	3.80	—	(5.14)	(5.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	47.05	(0.24)	5.70	5.46	—	(2.85)	(2.85)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	41.85	(0.25)	6.82	6.57	—	(1.37)	(1.37)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	46.16	(0.23)	(1.97)	(2.20)	—	(2.11)	(2.11)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	51.35	0.25	0.80	1.05	(0.40)	(3.93)	(4.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.32	0.33	4.07	4.40	(0.23)	(5.14)	(5.37)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	49.13	0.14	5.97	6.11	(0.07)	(2.85)	(2.92)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	43.41	0.14	7.09	7.23	(0.14)	(1.37)	(1.51)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	47.47	0.11	(1.99)	(1.88)	(0.07)	(2.11)	(2.18)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 47.20	2.20%	\$ 405,857	1.14%	0.28%	1.26%	49%
50.52	9.92	451,118	1.13	0.37	1.26	34
51.57	12.37	402,897	1.17	0.01	1.25	31
48.53	16.61	378,055	1.24	(0.05)	1.37	38
42.95	(4.17)	335,424	1.25	(0.03)	1.43	39
44.95	1.69	20,753	1.64	(0.23)	1.76	49
48.32	9.37	24,071	1.63	(0.09)	1.76	34
49.66	11.83	27,666	1.67	(0.50)	1.76	31
47.05	16.01	30,596	1.74	(0.56)	1.92	38
41.85	(4.64)	32,045	1.75	(0.54)	1.96	39
48.07	2.46	341,317	0.89	0.53	1.01	49
51.35	10.20	301,071	0.88	0.65	1.00	34
52.32	12.68	326,026	0.89	0.26	1.00	31
49.13	17.01	778,378	0.89	0.30	1.08	38
43.41	(3.81)	622,440	0.90	0.25	1.20	39

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance				
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions
		Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net realized gain
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund					
Class A					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 32.94	\$(0.20)	\$ 6.50	\$ 6.30	\$(2.81)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.84	(0.17)	4.42	4.25	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	27.99	(0.19)	5.18	4.99	(2.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	23.43	(0.14)	4.71	4.57	(0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	27.71	(0.15)	(2.67)	(2.82)	(1.46)
Class C					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	25.34	(0.28)	4.90	4.62	(2.81)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	24.37	(0.25)	3.37	3.12	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	22.64	(0.27)	4.14	3.87	(2.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	19.05	(0.22)	3.82	3.60	(0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	22.93	(0.22)	(2.20)	(2.42)	(1.46)
Class I					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.37	(0.12)	7.67	7.55	(2.81)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.44	(0.09)	5.17	5.08	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	31.79	(0.10)	5.89	5.79	(2.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	26.52	(0.07)	5.35	5.28	(0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	31.06	(0.09)	(2.99)	(3.08)	(1.46)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$36.43	20.30%	\$ 1,141,467	1.24%	(0.62)%	1.27%	63%
32.94	15.37	1,012,686	1.23	(0.56)	1.28	54
30.84	18.39	934,982	1.23	(0.62)	1.30	56
27.99	19.52	915,226	1.23	(0.56)	1.36	41
23.43	(10.29)	949,148	1.24	(0.59)	1.40	56
27.15	19.72	86,046	1.74	(1.12)	1.75	63
25.34	14.78	83,558	1.73	(1.06)	1.75	54
24.37	17.76	82,939	1.73	(1.12)	1.76	56
22.64	18.92	90,640	1.73	(1.06)	1.85	41
19.05	(10.70)	96,729	1.74	(1.08)	1.90	56
43.11	20.70	1,205,433	0.93	(0.31)	1.00	63
38.37	15.73	1,085,728	0.92	(0.25)	1.00	54
35.44	18.72	1,140,704	0.92	(0.30)	1.00	56
31.79	19.92	1,050,151	0.92	(0.25)	1.08	41
26.52	(10.01)	929,489	0.93	(0.31)	1.13	56

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$38.02	\$ 0.33	\$(5.35)	\$(5.02)	\$(0.33)	\$(1.55)	\$(1.88)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	39.24	0.45	0.87	1.32	(0.38)	(2.16)	(2.54)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	37.80	0.20	2.14	2.34	(0.18)	(0.72)	(0.90)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	35.41	0.17	4.60	4.77	(0.14)	(2.24)	(2.38)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	36.98	0.19	0.33	0.52	(0.14)	(1.95)	(2.09)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	36.44	0.14	(5.14)	(5.00)	(0.12)	(1.55)	(1.67)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	37.68	0.26	0.83	1.09	(0.17)	(2.16)	(2.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	36.35	(0.02)	2.07	2.05	—	(0.72)	(0.72)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	34.17	(0.02)	4.44	4.42	—	(2.24)	(2.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.79	0.01	0.32	0.33	—	(1.95)	(1.95)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.48	0.43	(5.42)	(4.99)	(0.43)	(1.55)	(1.98)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	39.70	0.54	0.88	1.42	(0.48)	(2.16)	(2.64)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.24	0.30	2.16	2.46	(0.28)	(0.72)	(1.00)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	35.79	0.27	4.66	4.93	(0.24)	(2.24)	(2.48)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	37.36	0.28	0.33	0.61	(0.23)	(1.95)	(2.18)
Class L							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.99	0.52	(5.48)	(4.96)	(0.52)	(1.55)	(2.07)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	40.21	0.62	0.90	1.52	(0.58)	(2.16)	(2.74)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.70	0.40	2.20	2.60	(0.37)	(0.72)	(1.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	36.19	0.36	4.71	5.07	(0.32)	(2.24)	(2.56)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	37.76	0.37	0.33	0.70	(0.32)	(1.95)	(2.27)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 31.12	(14.13)%	\$ 1,171,139	1.24%	0.93%	1.24%	18%
38.02	4.12	1,662,841	1.23	1.20	1.25	11
39.24	6.20	1,967,162	1.23	0.51	1.26	13
37.80	13.83	2,149,689	1.23	0.45	1.36	23
35.41	1.85	2,302,567	1.24	0.54	1.41	20
29.77	(14.58)	84,827	1.73	0.42	1.74	18
36.44	3.59	149,839	1.73	0.72	1.74	11
37.68	5.65	214,331	1.74	(0.06)	1.75	13
36.35	13.27	452,351	1.74	(0.06)	1.80	23
34.17	1.35	549,619	1.75	0.03	1.83	20
31.51	(13.93)	2,164,300	0.98	1.20	0.99	18
38.48	4.38	2,662,983	0.98	1.41	0.99	11
39.70	6.44	2,985,882	0.98	0.77	1.00	13
38.24	14.15	2,902,646	0.98	0.72	1.07	23
35.79	2.11	2,332,160	0.99	0.80	1.11	20
31.96	(13.71)	5,976,033	0.75	1.41	0.84	18
38.99	4.63	8,996,364	0.74	1.61	0.85	11
40.21	6.73	11,795,588	0.74	1.00	0.86	13
38.70	14.39	12,478,637	0.74	0.96	0.91	23
36.19	2.35	10,313,629	0.75	1.04	0.94	20

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
		Investment operations			Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 19.78	\$ 0.04	\$(0.04)	\$ —(d)	\$(0.02)	\$(0.65)	\$(0.67)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	26.65	—(d)	(0.63)	(0.63)	—	(6.24)	(6.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	22.03	(0.20)	7.54	7.34	—	(2.72)	(2.72)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	19.14	(0.16)	6.24	6.08	—	(3.19)	(3.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	26.04	(0.16)	(3.52)	(3.68)	—	(3.22)	(3.22)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	12.90	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.06)	—	(0.65)	(0.65)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.89	(0.08)	(0.67)	(0.75)	—	(6.24)	(6.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	17.12	(0.24)	5.73	5.49	—	(2.72)	(2.72)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.58	(0.21)	4.94	4.73	—	(3.19)	(3.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	21.97	(0.22)	(2.95)	(3.17)	—	(3.22)	(3.22)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	23.75	0.10	(0.06)	0.04	(0.05)	(0.65)	(0.70)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.53	0.05	(0.59)	(0.54)	—	(6.24)	(6.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	24.83	(0.15)	8.57	8.42	—	(2.72)	(2.72)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	21.17	(0.12)	6.97	6.85	—	(3.19)	(3.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	28.34	(0.14)	(3.81)	(3.95)	—	(3.22)	(3.22)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

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(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 19.11	(0.24)%	\$ 132,674	1.24%	0.19%	1.32%	48%
19.78	0.70	116,751	1.24	(0.01)	1.37	75
26.65	35.55	85,586	1.24	(0.81)	1.36	89
22.03	34.99	66,189	1.25	(0.78)	1.48	41
19.14	(14.42)	55,583	1.25	(0.76)	1.51	56
12.19	(0.83)	24,323	1.74	(0.31)	1.80	48
12.90	0.25	38,625	1.74	(0.53)	1.85	75
19.89	34.88	40,470	1.74	(1.31)	1.83	89
17.12	34.25	36,707	1.74	(1.28)	2.04	41
15.58	(14.80)	32,734	1.75	(1.27)	2.12	56
23.09	(0.02)	148,443	0.99	0.44	1.05	48
23.75	0.94	110,123	0.99	0.20	1.10	75
30.53	35.91	92,701	0.99	(0.56)	1.08	89
24.83	35.29	67,496	1.00	(0.53)	1.18	41
21.17	(14.19)	64,589	1.00	(0.57)	1.09	56

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$49.98	\$ 0.15	\$(6.00)	\$(5.85)	\$(0.15)	\$(1.86)	\$(2.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.16	0.11	(3.52)	(3.41)	(0.02)	(3.75)	(3.77)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	52.32	0.04(f)	9.19	9.23	(0.01)	(4.38)	(4.39)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.88	(0.04)	11.81	11.77	(0.20)	(5.13)	(5.33)
May 31, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2016	45.81	0.02(f)	0.05	0.07	—	—	—
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	49.27	(0.07)	(5.93)	(6.00)	—	(1.86)	(1.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	56.67	(0.15)	(3.50)	(3.65)	—	(3.75)	(3.75)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	52.14	(0.24)(f)	9.15	8.91	—	(4.38)	(4.38)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.86	(0.24)	11.74	11.50	(0.09)	(5.13)	(5.22)
May 31, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2016	45.81	—(f)(h)	0.05	0.05	—	—	—
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	50.25	0.28	(6.03)	(5.75)	(0.29)	(1.86)	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.44	0.23	(3.55)	(3.32)	(0.12)	(3.75)	(3.87)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	52.58	0.17(f)	9.24	9.41	(0.17)	(4.38)	(4.55)
January 3, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2017	50.44	0.07	2.07	2.14	—	—	—

(a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

(b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

(d) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(f) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

(g) Commencement of offering of class of shares.

(h) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets (a)			
			Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$42.12	(12.40)%	\$ 4,127	1.24%	0.33%	1.38%	102%
49.98	(5.48)	5,896	1.23	0.21	1.36	74
57.16	18.37	4,624	1.24	0.07(f)	1.41	39
52.32	26.29	2,203	1.24	(0.07)	1.45	61
45.88	0.15	23	1.25	0.56(f)	1.39	58
41.41	(12.84)	1,690	1.74	(0.16)	1.82	102
49.27	(5.97)	2,307	1.73	(0.30)	1.86	74
56.67	17.79	1,816	1.74	(0.45)(f)	1.90	39
52.14	25.68	1,017	1.74	(0.47)	1.96	61
45.86	0.11	20	1.74	0.06(f)	1.89	58
42.35	(12.18)	13,264	0.99	0.61	1.06	102
50.25	(5.24)	13,211	0.98	0.45	1.09	74
57.44	18.64	15,557	0.99	0.32(f)	1.12	39
52.58	4.24	3,545	0.99	0.26	1.21	61

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$50.05	\$ 0.12	\$ (1.95)	\$ (1.83)	\$ (0.15)	\$(2.38)	\$(2.53)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.43	0.12	0.95	1.07	(0.06)	(3.39)	(3.45)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.63	0.10	6.67	6.77	(0.10)	(2.87)	(2.97)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	41.68	0.11	8.21	8.32	(0.12)	(1.25)	(1.37)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	44.68	0.13(d)	0.08	0.21	(0.14)	(3.07)	(3.21)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	36.25	(0.08)	(1.35)	(1.43)	(0.02)	(2.38)	(2.40)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	39.12	(0.09)	0.61	0.52	—	(3.39)	(3.39)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	37.07	(0.12)	5.04	4.92	—	(2.87)	(2.87)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	32.21	(0.09)	6.31	6.22	(0.11)	(1.25)	(1.36)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.32	(0.06)(d)	0.02	(0.04)	—	(3.07)	(3.07)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	58.34	0.30	(2.30)	(2.00)	(0.26)	(2.38)	(2.64)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	60.52	0.29	1.12	1.41	(0.20)	(3.39)	(3.59)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	55.69	0.26	7.67	7.93	(0.23)	(2.87)	(3.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	47.50	0.28	9.37	9.65	(0.21)	(1.25)	(1.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	50.31	0.25(d)	0.17	0.42	(0.16)	(3.07)	(3.23)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$45.69	(4.11)%	\$ 653,887	1.26%	0.25%	1.27%	23%
50.05	2.82	791,846	1.23	0.24	1.25	23
52.43	14.33	1,095,395	1.24	0.19	1.26	17
48.63	20.14	1,135,394	1.29	0.24	1.35	21
41.68	1.10	736,629	1.29	0.31 (d)	1.38	32
32.42	(4.56)	80,258	1.74	(0.24)	1.75	23
36.25	2.31	111,453	1.73	(0.25)	1.75	23
39.12	13.76	143,030	1.74	(0.32)	1.76	17
37.07	19.53	171,352	1.79	(0.25)	1.84	21
32.21	0.63	70,176	1.79	(0.20)(d)	1.85	32
53.70	(3.83)	3,240,725	0.98	0.54	0.99	23
58.34	3.05	2,720,056	0.98	0.51	1.00	23
60.52	14.61	2,868,739	0.98	0.45	1.00	17
55.69	20.50	2,722,213	0.99	0.54	1.07	21
47.50	1.41	1,261,772	0.99	0.54(d)	1.14	32

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 17.00	\$ (0.11)	\$ 2.88	\$ 2.77	\$ —	\$ (1.07)	\$ (1.07)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	18.45	(0.11)	0.67	0.56	—	(2.01)	(2.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	14.81	(0.14)(d)	5.11	4.97	—	(1.33)	(1.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	11.43	(0.10)	3.94	3.84	—	(0.46)	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.50	(0.09)	(1.94)	(2.03)	—	(1.04)	(1.04)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	11.78	(0.13)	1.95	1.82	—	(1.07)	(1.07)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	13.55	(0.14)	0.38	0.24	—	(2.01)	(2.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	11.23	(0.16)(d)	3.81	3.65	—	(1.33)	(1.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	8.82	(0.13)	3.00	2.87	—	(0.46)	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	11.50	(0.12)	(1.52)	(1.64)	—	(1.04)	(1.04)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	19.05	(0.07)	3.24	3.17	(0.01)	(1.07)	(1.08)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.35	(0.08)	0.79	0.71	—	(2.01)	(2.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	16.18	(0.11)(d)	5.61	5.50	—	(1.33)	(1.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.42	(0.07)	4.29	4.22	—	(0.46)	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	15.61	(0.07)	(2.08)	(2.15)	—	(1.04)	(1.04)
Class L							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	19.71	(0.04)	3.36	3.32	(0.03)	(1.07)	(1.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.95	(0.05)	0.82	0.77	—	(2.01)	(2.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	16.60	(0.08)(d)	5.76	5.68	—	(1.33)	(1.33)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.72	(0.05)	4.39	4.34	—	(0.46)	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	15.93	(0.05)	(2.12)	(2.17)	—	(1.04)	(1.04)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 18.70	16.92%	\$ 500,357	1.24%	(0.63)%	1.27%	51%
17.00	5.08	400,127	1.24	(0.68)	1.27	58
18.45	35.14	337,933	1.24	(0.83)(d)	1.29	58
14.81	34.36	196,403	1.24	(0.75)	1.40	42
11.43	(14.17)	179,093	1.25	(0.77)	1.50	47
12.53	16.32	62,434	1.74	(1.13)	1.77	51
11.78	4.51	58,288	1.74	(1.17)	1.77	58
13.55	34.56	43,116	1.74	(1.32)(d)	1.77	58
11.23	33.51	20,352	1.74	(1.25)	1.85	42
8.82	(14.50)	18,218	1.75	(1.27)	1.91	47
21.14	17.19	466,094	0.99	(0.37)	1.01	51
19.05	5.36	289,094	0.99	(0.43)	1.02	58
20.35	35.45	268,082	0.99	(0.57)(d)	1.02	58
16.18	34.69	110,644	1.00	(0.50)	1.12	42
12.42	(13.92)	102,174	1.00	(0.52)	1.18	47
21.93	17.40	735,649	0.84	(0.23)	0.86	51
19.71	5.51	568,539	0.84	(0.27)	0.86	58
20.95	35.65	434,286	0.84	(0.43)(d)	0.86	58
16.60	34.82	360,044	0.85	(0.35)	0.93	42
12.72	(13.76)	271,369	0.85	(0.35)	0.96	47

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$23.65	\$ 0.16	\$(3.82)	\$(3.66)	\$(0.18)	\$(1.33)	\$(1.51)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.42	0.21	(3.28)	(3.07)	(0.24)	(3.46)	(3.70)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	29.18	0.20(d)	3.01	3.21	(0.23)	(1.74)	(1.97)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	24.64	0.11(d)	4.58	4.69	(0.13)	(0.02)	(0.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	26.65	0.17	(0.94)	(0.77)	(0.15)	(1.09)	(1.24)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	18.90	0.04	(2.97)	(2.93)	(0.12)	(1.33)	(1.45)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	25.21	0.07	(2.73)	(2.66)	(0.19)	(3.46)	(3.65)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	24.55	0.04(d)	2.50	2.54	(0.14)	(1.74)	(1.88)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	20.82	(0.05)(d)	3.87	3.82	(0.07)	(0.02)	(0.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	22.77	0.02	(0.82)	(0.80)	(0.06)	(1.09)	(1.15)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	25.32	0.23	(4.11)	(3.88)	(0.23)	(1.33)	(1.56)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	32.25	0.31	(3.48)	(3.17)	(0.30)	(3.46)	(3.76)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.80	0.30(d)	3.18	3.48	(0.29)	(1.74)	(2.03)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	25.97	0.20(d)	4.81	5.01	(0.16)	(0.02)	(0.18)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	28.00	0.23	(0.97)	(0.74)	(0.20)	(1.09)	(1.29)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

Ratios/Supplemental data

Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets				Portfolio turnover rate
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits		
\$ 18.48	(16.78)%	\$ 123,496	1.25%	0.74%	1.27%		42%
23.65	(9.73)	193,505	1.24	0.80	1.26		60
30.42	11.41	336,054	1.24	0.67(d)	1.30		39
29.18	19.01	518,464	1.24	0.39(d)	1.44		41
24.64	(2.54)	551,313	1.25	0.69	1.53		46
14.52	(17.14)	9,340	1.74	0.23	1.78		42
18.90	(10.18)	18,088	1.74	0.33	1.77		60
25.21	10.80	25,885	1.75	0.14(d)	1.78		39
24.55	18.32	40,349	1.85	(0.21)(d)	1.86		41
20.82	(3.12)	41,161	1.86	0.07	1.94		46
19.88	(16.55)	131,992	0.99	0.98	1.01		42
25.32	(9.49)	287,014	0.99	1.10	1.01		60
32.25	11.70	336,366	0.99	0.96(d)	1.01		39
30.80	19.30	344,875	0.99	0.67(d)	1.11		41
25.97	(2.28)	263,436	1.00	0.88	1.18		46

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
		Investment operations			Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$18.24	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.71)	\$(0.60)	\$(0.09)	\$(2.03)	\$ (2.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.76	0.10	(0.28)	(0.18)	(0.08)	(4.26)	(4.34)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	22.11	0.15	2.29	2.44	(0.13)	(1.66)	(1.79)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	19.48	0.08	2.62	2.70	(0.07)	—(d)	(0.07)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	21.82	0.15	(0.64)	(0.49)	(0.13)	(1.72)	(1.85)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	14.64	0.01	(0.52)	(0.51)	(0.02)	(2.03)	(2.05)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.23	—(d)	(0.30)	(0.30)	(0.03)	(4.26)	(4.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.90	0.04	1.96	2.00	(0.01)	(1.66)	(1.67)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	16.72	(0.04)	2.24	2.20	(0.02)	—(d)	(0.02)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	19.07	0.03	(0.58)	(0.55)	(0.08)	(1.72)	(1.80)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	19.48	0.16	(0.78)	(0.62)	(0.12)	(2.03)	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	24.01	0.16	(0.29)	(0.13)	(0.14)	(4.26)	(4.40)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	23.22	0.22	2.41	2.63	(0.18)	(1.66)	(1.84)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	20.43	0.14	2.75	2.89	(0.10)	—(d)	(0.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	22.77	0.19	(0.64)	(0.45)	(0.17)	(1.72)	(1.89)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

(e) Amount rounds to less than 0.005%.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$ 15.52	(4.62)%	\$ 154,019	1.14%	0.62%	1.22%	92%
18.24	0.81	204,131	1.14	0.49	1.31	82
22.76	11.18	314,171	1.14	0.65	1.29	62
22.11	13.91	304,927	1.14	0.40	1.38	70
19.48	(1.71)	311,724	1.15	0.77	1.44	78
12.08	(5.06)	27,417	1.64	0.10	1.73	92
14.64	0.24	42,429	1.64	0.00(e)	1.79	82
19.23	10.69	62,925	1.64	0.18	1.78	62
18.90	13.20	81,761	1.74	(0.21)	1.87	70
16.72	(2.35)	89,071	1.79	0.15	1.96	78
16.71	(4.40)	119,926	0.89	0.85	0.96	92
19.48	1.05	188,694	0.89	0.75	1.04	82
24.01	11.47	296,876	0.89	0.91	1.02	62
23.22	14.17	310,316	0.89	0.65	1.11	70
20.43	(1.48)	258,866	0.90	0.93	1.13	78

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 15.96	\$ 0.03	\$ (1.10)	\$(1.07)	\$(0.04)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.05)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.60	0.03	(1.81)	(1.78)	—	(1.86)	(1.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.10	—(d)(e)	2.69	2.69	—	(1.19)	(1.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.09	—(d)(e)	3.02	3.02	(0.01)	—(d)	(0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.96	0.02	(1.20)	(1.18)	(0.02)	(0.67)	(0.69)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.06	(0.05)	(1.04)	(1.09)	—	(0.01)	(0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	18.70	(0.06)	(1.72)	(1.78)	—	(1.86)	(1.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	17.40	(0.09)(e)	2.58	2.49	—	(1.19)	(1.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.57	(0.08)(e)	2.91	2.83	—	—(d)	—(d)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.46	(0.05)	(1.17)	(1.22)	—	(0.67)	(0.67)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	16.40	0.07	(1.12)	(1.05)	(0.09)	(0.01)	(0.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.05	0.07	(1.84)	(1.77)	(0.02)	(1.86)	(1.88)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.47	0.05(e)	2.75	2.80	(0.03)	(1.19)	(1.22)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.40	0.04(e)	3.08	3.12	(0.05)	—(d)	(0.05)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	17.29	0.06	(1.22)	(1.16)	(0.06)	(0.67)	(0.73)
Class L							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	16.38	0.10	(1.12)	(1.02)	(0.12)	(0.01)	(0.13)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.05	0.10	(1.86)	(1.76)	(0.05)	(1.86)	(1.91)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.46	0.08(e)	2.76	2.84	(0.06)	(1.19)	(1.25)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.39	0.08(e)	3.08	3.16	(0.09)	—(d)	(0.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	17.28	0.10	(1.24)	(1.14)	(0.08)	(0.67)	(0.75)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

(e) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

(f) Amount rounds to less than 0.005%.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$14.84	(6.76)%	\$ 94,883	1.22%	0.18%	1.23%	52%
15.96	(8.77)	136,432	1.22	0.16	1.22	64
19.60	15.40	210,050	1.22	0.00(e)(f)	1.23	52
18.10	20.04	244,958	1.25	(0.01)(e)	1.35	53
15.09	(6.86)	226,309	1.26	0.15	1.44	49
13.96	(7.25)	18,297	1.74	(0.34)	1.74	52
15.06	(9.22)	28,451	1.72	(0.35)	1.73	64
18.70	14.85	45,633	1.73	(0.50)(e)	1.73	52
17.40	19.43	49,946	1.75	(0.51)(e)	1.85	53
14.57	(7.35)	45,932	1.76	(0.34)	1.91	49
15.25	(6.51)	160,892	0.96	0.44	0.96	52
16.40	(8.49)	273,370	0.96	0.41	0.96	64
20.05	15.73	433,317	0.96	0.27(e)	0.97	52
18.47	20.29	387,043	1.01	0.25(e)	1.05	53
15.40	(6.63)	289,631	1.00	0.42	1.11	49
15.23	(6.37)	302,427	0.81	0.60	0.81	52
16.38	(8.42)	433,521	0.81	0.58	0.81	64
20.05	15.95	554,361	0.81	0.42(e)	0.82	52
18.46	20.50	711,139	0.82	0.43(e)	0.87	53
15.39	(6.48)	587,279	0.82	0.63	0.90	49

Financial Highlights (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund							
Class A							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$35.46	\$0.49	\$(5.04)	\$(4.55)	\$(0.45)	\$(0.93)	\$ (1.38)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.38	0.55	1.68	2.23	(0.46)	(1.69)	(2.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.40	0.35(d)	2.26	2.61	(0.28)	(0.35)	(0.63)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	28.66	0.27	4.77	5.04	(0.30)	—	(0.30)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	29.84	0.27	(0.99)	(0.72)	(0.17)	(0.29)	(0.46)
Class C							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.29	0.32	(5.04)	(4.72)	(0.26)	(0.93)	(1.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.20	0.38	1.68	2.06	(0.28)	(1.69)	(1.97)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.20	0.18(d)	2.24	2.42	(0.07)	(0.35)	(0.42)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	28.52	0.11	4.74	4.85	(0.17)	—	(0.17)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	29.72	0.14	(0.99)	(0.85)	(0.06)	(0.29)	(0.35)
Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.67	0.57	(5.06)	(4.49)	(0.54)	(0.93)	(1.47)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.60	0.62	1.70	2.32	(0.56)	(1.69)	(2.25)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.62	0.44(d)	2.28	2.72	(0.39)	(0.35)	(0.74)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	28.86	0.35	4.80	5.15	(0.39)	—	(0.39)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	29.99	0.33	(0.98)	(0.65)	(0.19)	(0.29)	(0.48)
Class L							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.69	0.63	(5.07)	(4.44)	(0.59)	(0.93)	(1.52)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.62	0.72	1.64	2.36	(0.60)	(1.69)	(2.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.63	0.50(d)	2.29	2.79	(0.45)	(0.35)	(0.80)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	28.86	0.41	4.82	5.23	(0.46)	—	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	30.06	0.43	(1.02)	(0.59)	(0.32)	(0.29)	(0.61)

(a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

(b) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transactions.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.

Ratios/Supplemental data						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (excludes sales charge) (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Ratios to average net assets			
			Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$29.53	(13.60)%	\$ 736,715	1.14%	1.45%	1.16%	29%
35.46	7.00	1,231,325	1.14	1.59	1.25	15
35.38	7.81	1,346,080	1.17	1.01(d)	1.25	23
33.40	17.60	1,432,370	1.24	0.85	1.36	24
28.66	(2.34)	2,045,698	1.24	0.98	1.43	26
29.38	(14.04)	332,229	1.64	0.94	1.66	29
35.29	6.45	522,878	1.64	1.08	1.75	15
35.20	7.27	591,602	1.67	0.51(d)	1.75	23
33.20	17.02	746,521	1.74	0.34	1.81	24
28.52	(2.82)	728,800	1.74	0.49	1.85	26
29.71	(13.39)	2,047,640	0.89	1.70	0.90	29
35.67	7.28	2,445,747	0.89	1.76	0.99	15
35.60	8.07	2,296,056	0.92	1.26(d)	1.00	23
33.62	17.89	2,165,577	0.99	1.09	1.04	24
28.86	(2.10)	1,414,635	0.99	1.16	1.05	26
29.73	(13.26)	1,593,954	0.74	1.85	0.75	29
35.69	7.41	2,569,596	0.74	2.04	0.84	15
35.62	8.29	3,255,993	0.74	1.42(d)	0.85	23
33.63	18.17	3,643,327	0.75	1.32	0.87	24
28.86	(1.87)	5,901,818	0.74	1.50	0.88	26

Additional Fee and Expense Information

ADDITIONAL FEE AND EXPENSE INFORMATION FOR THE JPMT II FUNDS AND FORMER ONE GROUP MUTUAL FUNDS

In connection with the 2004 final settlement between Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation (BOIA), subsequently known as JPMorgan Investment Advisors Inc. (JPMIA*), with the New York Attorney General arising out of market timing of certain mutual funds advised by BOIA, BOIA agreed, among other things, to disclose hypothetical information regarding investment and expense information to Fund shareholders. The hypothetical examples are provided for JPMT II Funds or those Funds that have acquired the assets and liabilities of a JPMT II Fund or a series of One Group Mutual Funds.

The “Gross Expense Ratio” includes the contractual expenses that make up the investment advisory, administration and service fees, Rule 12b-1 distribution fees, fees paid to vendors not affiliated with JPMIM that provide services to the Funds and other fees and expenses of the Funds. The “Net Expense Ratio” is Gross Expenses less any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates, as applicable.

The table below shows the ratios for Class A, Class C, Class I and Class L Shares of the affected Funds offered in this prospectus.

	<u>Class</u>	<u>Net Expense Ratio</u>	<u>Gross Expense Ratio</u>
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	A	0.60%	0.88%
	C	1.10%	1.39%
	I	0.35%	0.62%
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund	A	1.24%	1.27%
	C	1.75%	1.75%
	I	0.93%	1.00%
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund	A	1.24%	1.24%
	C	1.74%	1.74%
	I	0.99%	0.99%
	L	0.75%	0.84%
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	A	1.25%	1.28%
	C	1.75%	1.78%
	I	1.00%	1.02%
	L	0.87%	0.87%
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund	A	1.27%	1.27%
	C	1.74%	1.78%
	I	0.99%	1.01%
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund	A	1.14%	1.21%
	C	1.64%	1.71%
	I	0.89%	0.94%

* Effective January 1, 2010, the investment advisory business of JPMorgan Investment Advisors Inc. (JPMIA), which was the adviser for certain of the J.P. Morgan Funds, was transferred to JPMIM and JPMIM became the investment adviser for certain J.P. Morgan Funds that were previously advised by JPMIA.

A Fund’s annual return is reduced by its fees and expenses for that year. The examples below are intended to help you understand the annual and cumulative impact of the Fund’s fees and expenses on your investment through a hypothetical investment of \$10,000 held for the next 10 years. The examples assume the following:

- On 11/1/20, you invest \$10,000 in the Fund and you will hold the shares for the entire 10 year period;
- Your investment has a 5% return each year;
- The Fund’s operating expenses remain at the levels discussed below and are not affected by increases or decreases in Fund assets over time;
- At the time of purchase, any applicable initial sales charges (loads) are deducted; and
- There is no sales charge (load) on reinvested dividends.
- The annual costs are calculated using the Net Expense Ratios for the period through the expiration of any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates; and the Gross Expense Ratios thereafter.

“Gross Cumulative Return” shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each 12 month period (year) ended October 31 would be if Fund expenses are not deducted. “Net Cumulative Return” shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each year would be assuming Fund expenses are deducted each year in the amount shown under “Annual Costs.” “Net Annual Return” shows what effect the “Annual Costs” will have on the assumed 5% annual return for each year.

Your actual costs may be higher or lower than those shown.

Additional Fee and Expense Information (continued)

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$583	-0.51%	-1.08%	-1.08%	\$ 112	5.00%	3.90%	3.90%
October 31, 2022	89	4.46	2.99	4.12	147	10.25	7.65	3.61
October 31, 2023	93	9.68	7.24	4.12	152	15.76	11.54	3.61
October 31, 2024	96	15.17	11.66	4.12	158	21.55	15.56	3.61
October 31, 2025	100	20.93	16.26	4.12	164	27.63	19.74	3.61
October 31, 2026	104	26.97	21.05	4.12	169	34.01	24.06	3.61
October 31, 2027	109	33.32	26.03	4.12	176	40.71	28.54	3.61
October 31, 2028	113	39.99	31.23	4.12	182	47.75	33.18	3.61
October 31, 2029	118	46.99	36.63	4.12	188	55.13	37.98	3.61
October 31, 2030	123	54.34	42.26	4.12	195	62.89	42.97	3.61

¹ The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$212	4.00%	2.90%	2.90%

Period Ended	Class I			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$36	5.00%	4.65%	4.65%
October 31, 2022	66	10.25	9.23	4.38
October 31, 2023	69	15.76	14.02	4.38
October 31, 2024	72	21.55	19.01	4.38
October 31, 2025	75	27.63	24.22	4.38
October 31, 2026	79	34.01	29.67	4.38
October 31, 2027	82	40.71	35.35	4.38
October 31, 2028	86	47.75	41.27	4.38
October 31, 2029	90	55.13	47.46	4.38
October 31, 2030	93	62.89	53.92	4.38

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$645	-0.51%	-1.69%	-1.69%	\$ 178	5.00%	3.25%	3.25%
October 31, 2022	127	4.46	1.98	3.73	184	10.25	6.61	3.25
October 31, 2023	132	9.68	5.78	3.73	190	15.76	10.07	3.25
October 31, 2024	137	15.17	9.73	3.73	196	21.55	13.65	3.25
October 31, 2025	142	20.93	13.82	3.73	202	27.63	17.34	3.25
October 31, 2026	147	26.97	18.07	3.73	209	34.01	21.15	3.25
October 31, 2027	153	33.32	22.47	3.73	215	40.71	25.09	3.25
October 31, 2028	158	39.99	27.04	3.73	222	47.75	29.16	3.25
October 31, 2029	164	46.99	31.78	3.73	230	55.13	33.36	3.25
October 31, 2030	170	54.34	36.69	3.73	237	62.89	37.69	3.25

1 The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$278	4.00%	2.25%	2.25%

Period Ended	Class I			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 95	5.00%	4.07%	4.07%
October 31, 2022	106	10.25	8.23	4.00
October 31, 2023	110	15.76	12.56	4.00
October 31, 2024	115	21.55	17.06	4.00
October 31, 2025	119	27.63	21.75	4.00
October 31, 2026	124	34.01	26.62	4.00
October 31, 2027	129	40.71	31.68	4.00
October 31, 2028	134	47.75	36.95	4.00
October 31, 2029	140	55.13	42.43	4.00
October 31, 2030	145	62.89	48.12	4.00

Additional Fee and Expense Information (continued)

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$645	-0.51%	-1.69%	-1.69%	\$ 177	5.00%	3.26%	3.26%
October 31, 2022	124	4.46	2.01	3.76	183	10.25	6.63	3.26
October 31, 2023	129	9.68	5.84	3.76	189	15.76	10.10	3.26
October 31, 2024	134	15.17	9.82	3.76	195	21.55	13.69	3.26
October 31, 2025	139	20.93	13.95	3.76	201	27.63	17.40	3.26
October 31, 2026	144	26.97	18.24	3.76	208	34.01	21.23	3.26
October 31, 2027	149	33.32	22.68	3.76	214	40.71	25.18	3.26
October 31, 2028	155	39.99	27.30	3.76	221	47.75	29.26	3.26
October 31, 2029	161	46.99	32.08	3.76	229	55.13	33.47	3.26
October 31, 2030	167	54.34	37.05	3.76	236	62.89	37.82	3.26

¹ The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$277	4.00%	2.26%	2.26%

Period Ended	Class I				Class L			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 101	5.00%	4.01%	4.01%	\$ 77	5.00%	4.25%	4.25%
October 31, 2022	105	10.25	8.18	4.01	89	10.25	8.59	4.16
October 31, 2023	109	15.76	12.52	4.01	93	15.76	13.10	4.16
October 31, 2024	114	21.55	17.03	4.01	97	21.55	17.81	4.16
October 31, 2025	118	27.63	21.72	4.01	101	27.63	22.71	4.16
October 31, 2026	123	34.01	26.60	4.01	105	34.01	27.81	4.16
October 31, 2027	128	40.71	31.68	4.01	110	40.71	33.13	4.16
October 31, 2028	133	47.75	36.96	4.01	114	47.75	38.67	4.16
October 31, 2029	138	55.13	42.45	4.01	119	55.13	44.44	4.16
October 31, 2030	144	62.89	48.17	4.01	124	62.89	50.45	4.16

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$646	-0.51%	-1.70%	-1.70%	\$178	5.00%	3.25%	3.25%
October 31, 2022	128	4.46	1.96	3.72	187	10.25	6.57	3.22
October 31, 2023	133	9.68	5.75	3.72	193	15.76	10.01	3.22
October 31, 2024	138	15.17	9.69	3.72	199	21.55	13.55	3.22
October 31, 2025	143	20.93	13.77	3.72	205	27.63	17.20	3.22
October 31, 2026	148	26.97	18.00	3.72	212	34.01	20.98	3.22
October 31, 2027	154	33.32	22.39	3.72	219	40.71	24.87	3.22
October 31, 2028	160	39.99	26.94	3.72	226	47.75	28.90	3.22
October 31, 2029	166	46.99	31.66	3.72	233	55.13	33.05	3.22
October 31, 2030	172	54.34	36.56	3.72	241	62.89	37.33	3.22

1 The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$278	4.00%	2.25%	2.25%

Period Ended	Class I				Class L			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$102	5.00%	4.00%	4.00%	\$ 89	5.00%	4.13%	4.13%
October 31, 2022	108	10.25	8.14	3.98	92	10.25	8.43	4.13
October 31, 2023	112	15.76	12.44	3.98	96	15.76	12.91	4.13
October 31, 2024	117	21.55	16.92	3.98	100	21.55	17.57	4.13
October 31, 2025	122	27.63	21.57	3.98	104	27.63	22.43	4.13
October 31, 2026	126	34.01	26.41	3.98	109	34.01	27.48	4.13
October 31, 2027	132	40.71	31.44	3.98	113	40.71	32.75	4.13
October 31, 2028	137	47.75	36.67	3.98	118	47.75	38.23	4.13
October 31, 2029	142	55.13	42.11	3.98	123	55.13	43.94	4.13
October 31, 2030	148	62.89	47.77	3.98	128	62.89	49.89	4.13

Additional Fee and Expense Information (continued)

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$648	-0.51%	-1.72%	-1.72%	\$ 177	5.00%	3.26%	3.26%
October 31, 2022	127	4.46	1.95	3.73	187	10.25	6.58	3.22
October 31, 2023	132	9.68	5.75	3.73	193	15.76	10.02	3.22
October 31, 2024	137	15.17	9.70	3.73	199	21.55	13.56	3.22
October 31, 2025	142	20.93	13.79	3.73	205	27.63	17.22	3.22
October 31, 2026	147	26.97	18.03	3.73	212	34.01	20.99	3.22
October 31, 2027	153	33.32	22.44	3.73	219	40.71	24.89	3.22
October 31, 2028	158	39.99	27.00	3.73	226	47.75	28.91	3.22
October 31, 2029	164	46.99	31.74	3.73	233	55.13	33.06	3.22
October 31, 2030	170	54.34	36.65	3.73	241	62.89	37.34	3.22

¹ The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$277	4.00%	2.26%	2.26%

Period Ended	Class I			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$101	5.00%	4.01%	4.01%
October 31, 2022	107	10.25	8.16	3.99
October 31, 2023	111	15.76	12.48	3.99
October 31, 2024	116	21.55	16.96	3.99
October 31, 2025	120	27.63	21.63	3.99
October 31, 2026	125	34.01	26.48	3.99
October 31, 2027	130	40.71	31.53	3.99
October 31, 2028	135	47.75	36.78	3.99
October 31, 2029	141	55.13	42.24	3.99
October 31, 2030	147	62.89	47.91	3.99

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund

Period Ended	Class A				Class C ¹			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$635	-0.51%	-1.59%	-1.59%	\$167	5.00%	3.36%	3.36%
October 31, 2022	114	4.46	2.21	3.86	172	10.25	6.83	3.36
October 31, 2023	126	9.68	6.08	3.79	186	15.76	10.35	3.29
October 31, 2024	131	15.17	10.10	3.79	192	21.55	13.98	3.29
October 31, 2025	136	20.93	14.27	3.79	198	27.63	17.73	3.29
October 31, 2026	141	26.97	18.60	3.79	205	34.01	21.60	3.29
October 31, 2027	146	33.32	23.10	3.79	211	40.71	25.60	3.29
October 31, 2028	152	39.99	27.76	3.79	218	47.75	29.73	3.29
October 31, 2029	158	46.99	32.61	3.79	225	55.13	34.00	3.29
October 31, 2030	163	54.34	37.63	3.79	233	62.89	38.41	3.29

¹ The disclosure and numbers for Class C Shares shown above assume that the shareholder did not redeem the shares. With redemption, the numbers for Class C Shares for the first year (period ended October 31, 2021) would be as follows:

Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
\$267	4.00%	2.36%	2.36%

Period Ended	Class I			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 91	5.00%	4.11%	4.11%
October 31, 2022	95	10.25	8.39	4.11
October 31, 2023	104	15.76	12.79	4.06
October 31, 2024	108	21.55	17.37	4.06
October 31, 2025	113	27.63	22.13	4.06
October 31, 2026	117	34.01	27.09	4.06
October 31, 2027	122	40.71	32.25	4.06
October 31, 2028	127	47.75	37.62	4.06
October 31, 2029	132	55.13	43.21	4.06
October 31, 2030	137	62.89	49.02	4.06

Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers

Each Financial Intermediary below is responsible for the implementation or administration of the applicable waivers, discounts, and/or other platform or account features on its platform or for its accounts, as described below.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL

Front-end Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares available at Ameriprise Financial

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an Ameriprise Financial platform or account are eligible only for the following Class A waivers, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in a Fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify Ameriprise Financial at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers. Ameriprise Financial is responsible for the implementation on the Ameriprise Financial platform or accounts.

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEPs, Simple IRAs, SARSEPs or Keogh plans.
- Shares purchased through an Ameriprise Financial investment advisory program (if an advisory or similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Ameriprise Financial's platform (if an advisory or similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund (but not any other fund within the same fund family).
- Shares exchanged from Class C Shares of the same fund in the month of or following the 10-year anniversary of the purchase date.
- Employees and registered representatives of Ameriprise Financial or its affiliates and their immediate family members.
- Shares purchased by or through qualified accounts (including IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, 401(k)s, 403(b) TSCAs subject to ERISA and defined benefit plans) that are held by a covered family member, defined by Ameriprise as an Ameriprise Financial advisor and/or the advisor's spouse, advisor's lineal ascendant (mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, great grandmother, great grandfather), advisor's lineal descendant (son, daughter, step son, step daughter, grandson, granddaughter, great grandson, great granddaughter) or any spouse of a covered family member who is a lineal descendant.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e. Ameriprise Rights of Reinstatement).

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH D.A. DAVIDSON

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares including existing Fund shareholders through a D.A. Davidson & Co. ("D.A. Davidson") platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment advisor for which D.A. Davidson provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, where the account is held omnibus at the Fund, will be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

Front-end sales charge waivers on Class A Shares available at D.A. Davidson

- Shares purchased within the same fund family through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of D.A. Davidson or its affiliates and their family members as designated by D.A. Davidson.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in a Fund's Class C Shares will have their shares exchanged at net asset value to Class A Shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the exchange is consistent with D.A. Davidson's policies and procedures.

CDSC Waivers on Class A and C Shares available at D.A. Davidson

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus.

- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA or other qualifying retirement accounts as described in the Fund's prospectus.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-end sales charge discounts available at D.A. Davidson: breakpoints, rights of accumulation and/or letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at D.A. Davidson. Eligible fund family assets not held at D.A. Davidson may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at D.A. Davidson may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH EDWARD JONES

Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "shareholders") purchasing Fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from breakpoints and waivers described elsewhere in this Fund prospectus or Statement of Additional Information or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of J.P. Morgan Funds or other facts qualifying the purchaser for breakpoints or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance. Shareholders should contact Edward Jones to determine their eligibility for these waivers and discounts.

Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A Shares is determined by taking into account all share classes (except any money market funds and retirement plan share classes) of the J.P. Morgan Funds held by the shareholder or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the rights of accumulation calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value (current shares x NAV).

Letter of Intent (LOI)

- Through a LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the frontend sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not covered under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.

Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers

(continued)

- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of the same fund family so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same share class and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual retirement account with proceeds from liquidations in a non-retirement account.
- Shares exchanged into Class A Shares from another share class so long as the exchange is into the same Fund and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in a Fund's prospectus.
- Exchanges from Class C Shares to Class A Shares of the same Fund, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the shareholder
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value
- Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations
- Shares sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable
- Shares acquired through NAV reinstatement

Other Important Information

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- \$250 initial purchase minimum
- \$50 subsequent purchase minimum

Minimum Balances

- Edward Jones has the right to redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following are examples of accounts that are not included in this policy:
 - A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - An account with an active systematic investment plan or letter of intent (LOI)

Changing Share Classes

- At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings in a Fund to Class A Shares.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH JANNEY MONTGOMERY SCOTT LLC

If you purchase Fund shares through a Janney Montgomery Scott LLC ("Janney") brokerage account where the shares are held in an omnibus account at the Fund, you will be eligible for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC"), or back-end sales charge, waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in the Funds' prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

Front-end sales charge waivers on Class A Shares available at Janney

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund (but not any other Fund within the fund family).
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Janney or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Janney.

- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within ninety (90) days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e., right of reinstatement).
- Shares purchased through Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- Class C Shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are exchanged into Class A Shares of the same Fund pursuant to Janney's policies and procedures.

CDSC waivers on Class A and C Shares available at Janney

- Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in a Fund's Prospectus.
- Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and other retirement accounts as described in a Fund's Prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Janney fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Janney.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- Shares exchanged into the same share class of a different Fund within the fund family.

Front-end sales charge discounts available at Janney: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, and/or letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in a Fund's Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation ("ROA"), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Janney. Eligible fund family assets not held at Janney may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at Janney may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH LPL FINANCIAL

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through LPL Financial's Mutual Fund Only Platform are eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers for Class A Shares, which differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information:

Sales charges will be waived for Class A Shares bought by clients of LPL Financial who are accessing the J.P. Morgan Funds through LPL Financial's mutual fund only platform.

For accounts where LPL Financial is listed as the broker dealer, the following waiver replaces the first bullet point under item five in "Waiver of the Class A Sales Charge" under the "Sales Charges and Financial Intermediary Compensation" section of each prospectus:

Class A Shares may be purchased without a sales charge by Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the Glossary) which are employer sponsored retirement, deferred compensation, employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans. Please note that no new Group Retirement Plans will be permitted to invest in Class A Shares after April 3, 2017.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH MERRILL LYNCH

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Merrill Lynch platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify Merrill Lynch at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. With regard to these waivers and discounts, Merrill Lynch is responsible for the implementation on the Merrill Lynch platform or accounts.

Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers

(continued)

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at Merrill Lynch

Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan.

Shares purchased by a 529 Plan (does not include 529 Plan units or 529-specific share classes or equivalents).

Exchanges as described in this prospectus.

Shares purchased through a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program.

Shares exchanged due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers.

Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Merrill Lynch's platform.

Shares of funds purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform.

Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund (but not any other Fund within the fund family).

Shares exchanged from Class C (i.e. level-load) shares of the same Fund pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers.

Employees and registered representatives of Merrill Lynch or its affiliates and their family members as defined by Merrill Lynch.

Directors or Trustees of the Fund, and employees of the Fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus.

Eligible shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement). Automated transactions (i.e. systematic purchases and withdrawals) and purchases made after shares are automatically sold to pay Merrill Lynch's account maintenance fees are not eligible for reinstatement.

CDSC Waivers on Class A and Class C Shares available at Merrill Lynch

Death or disability of the shareholder.

Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus.

Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.

Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.

Shares sold to pay Merrill Lynch fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Merrill Lynch.

Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Shares held in retirement brokerage accounts, that are exchanged for a lower cost share class due to transfer to certain fee-based accounts or platforms.

Shares received through an exchange due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers.

Front-end Load Discounts available at Merrill Lynch: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation and Letters of Intent

Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.

Rights of Accumulation (ROA) which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts as described in the Fund's prospectus will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts (including 529 program holdings, where applicable) within the purchaser's household at Merrill Lynch. Eligible fund family assets not held at Merrill Lynch may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

Letters of Intent (LOI) which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through Merrill Lynch, over a 13-month period of time.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH TRANSACTIONAL BROKERAGE ACCOUNTS AT MORGAN STANLEY WEALTH MANAGEMENT

Front-end Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares available at Morgan Stanley Wealth Management

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Morgan Stanley Wealth Management transactional brokerage account will be eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers with respect to Class A Shares, which may differ from and may be more limited than those disclosed elsewhere in a Fund's Prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEPs, Simple IRAs, SARSEPs or Keogh plans.
- Morgan Stanley employees and employee-related accounts according to Morgan Stanley's account linking rules.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions when purchasing shares of the same fund.
- Shares purchased through a Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage account.
- Class C (i.e., level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are exchanged into Class A Shares of the same fund pursuant to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's share class conversion program.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (i) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (ii) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (iii) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH OPPENHEIMER & CO. INC.

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. ("OPCO") platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at OPCO

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan.
- Shares purchased through a OPCO affiliated investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Restatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares exchanged at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the exchange is in line with the policies and procedures of OPCO.
- Employees and registered representatives of OPCO or its affiliates and their family members.
- Directors or Trustees of the Fund, and employees of the Fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus.

CDSC Waivers on A and C Shares available at OPCO

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA or other qualifying retirement accounts as described in the Fund's prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay OPCO fees but only if the transaction is initiated by OPCO.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-end load Discounts Available at OPCO: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.

Appendix A – Financial Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Waivers

(continued)

- Rights of Accumulation (“ROA”) and Letters of Intent (“LOI”), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser’s household at OPCO. Eligible fund family assets not held at OPCO may be included in the ROA or LOI calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH RAYMOND JAMES

Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Raymond James Financial Services, Inc. and each entity’s affiliates are defined as Raymond James.

Shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in the Funds’ prospectus or Statement of Additional Information.

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at Raymond James

- Shares purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased within the same fund family through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in a Fund’s Class C Shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A Shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Class A and Class C Shares available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Funds’ prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the Funds’ prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-end Load Discounts available at Raymond James: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation, and/or Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser’s household at Raymond James. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO. INC.

Shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Robert W. Baird & Co. Inc. (“Baird”) platform or account will only be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and CDSC waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the Statement of Additional Information.

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Baird

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund.

- Shares purchased by employees and registers representatives of Baird or its affiliate and their family members as designated by Baird.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as rights of reinstatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C Shares will have their shares exchanged at net asset value to Class A Shares of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to CDSC and the exchange is in line with the policies and procedures of Baird.
- Employer-sponsored retirement plans or charitable accounts in a transactional brokerage account at Baird, including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs.

CDSC Waivers on Class A and Class C Shares Available at Baird

- Shares sold due to death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's Prospectus.
- Shares bought due to returns of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA or other qualifying retirement accounts as described in the Fund's prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Baird fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Baird.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-End Sales Charge Discounts Available at Baird: Breakpoints and/or Rights of Accumulations

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of accumulations which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Baird. Eligible fund family assets not held at Baird may be included in the rights of accumulations calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of Intent (LOI) allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through Baird, over a 13-month period of time.

WAIVERS APPLICABLE TO PURCHASES THROUGH STIFEL, NICOLAUS & COMPANY, INC.

Shareholders purchasing Fund Shares through a Stifel, Nicolaus & Company ("Stifel") platform or account or who own shares for which Stifel or an affiliate is the broker-dealer of record are eligible for the following additional sales charge waiver.

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Stifel

Class C Shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and that are exchanged to Class A Shares of the same Fund pursuant to Stifel's policies and procedures.

All other sales charge waivers and reductions described elsewhere in a Fund's prospectus or Statement of Additional Information still apply.

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HOW TO REACH US

For investors who want more information on these Funds the following documents are available free upon request:

ANNUAL AND SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS

Our annual and semi-annual reports contain more information about each Fund's investments and performance. The annual report also includes details about the market conditions and investment strategies that had a significant effect on each Fund's performance during the last fiscal year.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (SAI)

The SAI contains more detailed information about the Funds and their policies. They are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This means, by law, they are considered to be part of this prospectus.

You can get a free copy of these documents and other information, or ask us any questions, by calling us at 1-800-480-4111 or writing to:

J.P. Morgan Funds Services
P.O. Box 219143
Kansas City, MO 64121-9143

If you buy your shares through a Financial Intermediary, you should contact that Financial Intermediary directly for this information. You can also find information online at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

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You can write or e-mail the SEC's Public Reference Section and ask them to mail you information about the Funds, including the SAIs. They will charge you a copying fee for this service.

Public Reference Section
Washington, DC 20549-1520
Email: publicinfo@sec.gov

Reports, a copy of the SAIs and other information about the Funds are also available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Investment Company Act File No. for each of the Funds except Growth Advantage Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Value Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund is 811-21295.

Investment Company Act File No. for Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund is 811-4236.

Investment Company Act File No. for Growth Advantage Fund is 811-5526.

Investment Company Act File No. for Mid Cap Value Fund is 811-8189.

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Asset Management