# J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

Class R2. Class R3. Class R4. Class R5 & Class R6 Shares

November 1, 2020

JPMorgan Diversified Fund Class/Ticker: R6/JDVZX JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund Class/Ticker: R6/JPFRX JPMorgan Equity Income Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/OIEFX; R3/OIEPX; R4/OIEOX; R5/OIERX; R6/OIEJX

JPMorgan Equity Index Fund Class/Ticker: R6/OGFAX

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund Class/Ticker: R5/JEPSX; R6/JEPRX

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JGRJX; R3/JGTTX; R4/JGTUX; R5/JGVRX; R6/JGVVX JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: R5/JHQPX; R6/JHQRX JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JIGZX; R5/JGIRX; R6/JGISX

JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JIVZX; R5/JIVRX; R6/JIVMX

JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JLGZX; R3/JLGPX; R4/JLGQX; R5/JLGRX; R6/JLGMX

JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JLVZX; R3/OLVTX; R4/OLVRX; R5/JLVRX; R6/JLVMX

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMEZX; R6/OMYGX JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMCEX; R5/JMEEX; R6/JPPEX

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMGZX; R3/JMGPX; R4/JMGQX; R5/JMGFX;

R6/JMGMX

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMVZX; R3/JMVPX; R4/JMVQX; R5/JMVRX;

R6/JMVYX

\* Closed to new investors.

JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

Class/Ticker: R6/JSCHX
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JRJUX: R3/JGAUX: R4/JGREX: R5/VSSCX: R6/VSSLX

JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund\*

Class/Ticker: R2/JSEZX; R3/JSEPX; R4/JSEQX; R5/JSERX; R6/VSENX

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JSGZX; R3/JGRQX; R4/JGLYX; R5/JGSVX; R6/JGSMX

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JSVZX; R3/JSVPX; R4/JSVQX; R5/JSVRX; R6/JSVUX

JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund

(formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)

Class/Ticker: R3/W000X; R4/W00QX; R6/W00SX

JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JUEZX; R3/JUEPX; R4/JUEQX; R5/JUSRX; R6/JUEMX

JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund Class/Ticker: R2/JLPZX; R5/JCPRX; R6/JLPYX JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

Class/Ticker: R6/JDEUX

JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JSCZX; R3/JUSPX; R4/JUSQX; R5/JUSYX; R6/JUSMX

JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

(formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund)

Class/Ticker: R6/JIIGX JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund

(formerly, JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund)

Class/Ticker: R2/VGRTX; R3/JGAVX; R4/JGRUX; R5/VGIFX; R6/VGINX

JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JGAOX: R3/JVAPX: R4/JVAOX: R5/JVARX: R6/JVAYX

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website www.jpmorganfunds.com and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website to access the report. If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action.

You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Funds electronically anytime by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker dealer, bank, or retirement plan) or, if you are a direct investor, by going to www.jpmorganfunds.com/edelivery.

You may elect to receive paper copies of all future reports free of charge. Contact your financial intermediary or, if you invest directly with the Funds, email us at funds.website.support@jpmorganfunds.com or call 1-800-480-4111. Your election to receive paper reports will apply to all funds held within your account(s).

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



## J.P. MORGAN U.S EQUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund
JPMorgan U.S. GARP Equity Fund (formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund)
JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

(All Share Classes)
(each, a series of JPMorgan Trust I)
(the "Funds")

# Supplement dated May 25, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses and Prospectuses dated November 1, 2021, as supplemented

#### **INTREPID VALUE FUND**

Effective immediately, the portfolio manager information in the section titled "Management" in the Intrepid Value Fund's "Risk/Return Summary" of the prospectuses and in the summary prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Andrew Stern	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director

#### **U.S. GARP EQUITY FUND**

Effective immediately, the portfolio manager information in the section titled "Management" in the U.S. GARP Equity Fund's "Risk/Return Summary" of the prospectuses and in the summary prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Andrew Stern	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director

#### **U.S. SUSTAINABLE LEADERS FUND**

Effective immediately, the portfolio manager information in the section titled "Management" in the U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund's "Risk/Return Summary" of the prospectuses and in the summary prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Andrew Stern	2018	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director

## INTREPID VALUE FUND, U.S. GARP EQUITY FUND AND U.S. SUSTAINABLE LEADERS FUND

In addition, the paragraph in the section titled "The Funds' Management and Administration — The Portfolio Managers" for the Funds is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Intrepid Value Fund
U.S. GARP Equity Fund
U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

The portfolio management team for the Fund utilizes a team-based approach and is led by Andrew Stern, Wonseok Choi and Jonathan Tse. Mr. Stern, an Executive Director and a CFA charterholder, is a portfolio manager and a senior member of the U.S. Structured Equity portfolio management team, responsible for the day to day management of the portfolio. A member of the Structured Equity investment team since 2008, Mr. Stern was previously a research analyst on the team covering various industries. Mr. Choi, Managing Director and director of U.S. equity quantitative research, is responsible for Strategic Quantitative Research. This entails all aspects of process enhancements including, but not limited to: factors to be included into the investment process as well as refinements to existing factors, portfolio construction as well as our big data efforts. Mr. Tse, Executive Director and a member of the team since 2004, is responsible for Tactical Quantitative Research. This entails the active monitoring of current market conditions in order to identify opportunities and risks to make temporal adjustments to the Fund's positioning.

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

## JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

(a series of JPMorgan Trust I) (All Share Classes)

Supplement dated March 24, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME, INVESTMENT POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

As indicated in a Supplement to the JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund's (the "Fund") Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated February 22, 2021 (the "February Supplement"), the Board of Trustees ("Board") approved changes to the name, investment policy and investment strategies of the Fund at its February 2021 meeting.

The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about July 1, 2021 (the "Effective Date") rather than May 1, 2021 as indicated in the February Supplement. On the Effective Date, the new prospectuses (each, a "New Prospectus") will replace the existing prospectuses for the Fund. You should refer to the New Prospectuses for the Fund, when they are available. Please note that the New Prospectuses reflecting changes for the Fund are not yet effective and that, prior to the Effective Date, this information may change, in which case additional notification may be provided.

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for a more complete discussion of the Fund's strategies after the Effective Date.

## **Name Change**

The Fund's new name will be: JPMorgan Small Cap Sustainable Leaders Fund.

## **New 80% Policy**

Under the existing 80% policy, under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies (the "Existing 80% Policy).

On the Effective Date, the Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with the following new 80% policy ("New 80% Policy"):

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies meeting the adviser's sustainability criteria.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

#### **Strategy Change**

Currently, the Fund has an existing strategy to invest in equity securities of small cap companies. While the Fund will continue to invest in small cap companies after the Effective Date, the Fund's strategy will change to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's investment strategy will be changed to provide as follows:

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser's opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria and have attractive investment return potential. The adviser's sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser's subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The adviser's investment analysis is based on a proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability criteria and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this
  context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, healthier products, impact on the community and human rights
- Governance companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public policy.

## **Investment Process Change:**

The Fund's investment process will change to reflect the Fund's new investment strategy to seek to invest in companies based on sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's Investment Process will change to provide as follows:

The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary fundamental analysis. In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive investment return potential.

The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of particular ESG characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular time. The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

## **Portfolio Manager Change**

In addition, on the Effective Date, Robert Ippolito, Vice President, will be added as a portfolio manager of the Fund, replacing Jonathan Tse. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for more information about the Fund's portfolio managers after the Effective Date.

## Sustainable Strategy Risk.

On the Effective Date, the Fund will be subject to Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk and the following will be added to the Fund's New Prospectuses:

**Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk.** The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

#### **Transition Costs**

As the Fund transitions to the new strategy, the Fund will sell a substantial portion of its existing investments and, as a result, incur higher portfolio turnover. The Fund will incur transaction costs, such as commissions, which will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund may also realize and/or distribute higher capital gains than might generally be expected under normal circumstances, a portion of which may be taxed as ordinary income for taxable accounts. The Fund's estimated capital gain distribution, if any, will be available on the Fund's website during the fourth quarter of 2021.

## **Expense Cap Changes.**

On the Effective Date, the Fund's expense limitation agreement will be revised to lower the expense caps to provide as follows:

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64%, 0.89%, 1.39%, 1.14%, 0.89%, 0.70% and 0.65% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 6/30/2023, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### JPMORGAN TRUST I

## JPMorgan SmartRetirement Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Income Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2020 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2025 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2030 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2035 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2040 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2045 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2050 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2055 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Diversified Fund JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund JPMorgan U.S. GARP Equity Fund (formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund) JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund (formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund) JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund (formerly JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund) JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as

## JPMORGAN TRUST II

supplemented

## J.P. Morgan Investor Funds

JPMorgan Investor Balanced Fund
JPMorgan Investor Conservative Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth Fund
JPMorgan Investor Growth & Income Fund
Prospectus dated March 1, 2021, as
supplemented

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund JPMorgan Equity Index Fund

JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (formerly
JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as
supplemented

## JPMORGAN TRUST IV

## J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2015<sup>SM</sup> Fund JPMorgan SmartSpending 2020<sup>SM</sup> Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

JPMorgan Hedged Equity 2 Fund JPMorgan Hedged Equity 3 Fund Prospectus dated February 16, 2021, as supplemented

# J.P. MORGAN FLEMING MUTUAL FUND GROUP, INC.

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## J.P. MORGAN MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENT TRUST

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## **UNDISCOVERED MANAGERS FUNDS**

JPMorgan Realty Income Fund Prospectus dated July 1, 2020, as supplemented

Undiscovered Managers Behavioral Value Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

# (Class R6 Shares) (each, a "Fund" and together, the "Funds")

# Supplement dated March 1, 2021 to the Prospectuses as dated above

Effective immediately, the introductory paragraphs to the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION" section of each Prospectus will be hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

#### FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION

The following section describes the various fees that you will pay if you purchase shares of the Funds. In addition, it describes the types of compensation paid to Financial Intermediaries for the sale of Fund shares and related services.

Class R6 Shares are only available through a Financial Intermediary if the Financial Intermediary will not receive from the Fund assets or the Distributor's or an affiliate's resources any commission payments, service fees (including sub-transfer agent and networking fees), or distribution fees (including Rule 12b-1 fees) with respect to assets invested in Class R6 Shares. This restriction does not apply to fees paid to a Financial Intermediary by an affiliate of the Distributor from its fees for retirement plan recordkeeping services.

To obtain information, see below, visit www.jpmorganfunds.com or call 1-800-480-4111.

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

## JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

(a series of JPMorgan Trust I) (All Share Classes)

Supplement dated February 22, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME, INVESTMENT POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

At its February 2021 meeting, the Board of Trustees ("Board") approved changes to the name, investment policy and investment strategies of the JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (the "Fund").

The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about May 1, 2021 (the "Effective Date"). On the Effective Date, the new prospectuses (each, a "New Prospectus") will replace the existing prospectuses for the Fund. You should refer to the New Prospectuses for the Fund, when they are available. Please note that the New Prospectuses reflecting changes for the Fund are not yet effective and that, prior to the Effective Date, this information may change, in which case additional notification may be provided.

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for a more complete discussion of the Fund's strategies after the Effective Date.

## **Name Change**

The Fund's new name will be: JPMorgan Small Cap Sustainable Leaders Fund.

#### **New 80% Policy**

Under the existing 80% policy, under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies (the "Existing 80% Policy).

On the Effective Date, the Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with the following new 80% policy ("New 80% Policy"):

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies meeting the adviser's sustainability criteria.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

## **Strategy Change**

Currently, the Fund has an existing strategy to invest in equity securities of small cap companies. While the Fund will continue to invest in small cap companies after the Effective Date, the Fund's strategy will change to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's investment strategy will be changed to provide as follows:

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser's opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria and have attractive investment return potential. The adviser's sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser's subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The adviser's investment analysis is based on a proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability criteria and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, health-ier products, impact on the community and human rights
- Governance companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public policy.

## **Investment Process Change:**

The Fund's investment process will change to reflect the Fund's new investment strategy to seek to invest in companies based on sustainability criteria and financial characteristics. On the Effective Date, the Fund's Investment Process will change to provide as follows:

The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary fundamental analysis. In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive investment return potential.

The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of particular ESG characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular time. The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

## **Portfolio Manager Change**

In addition, on the Effective Date, Robert Ippolito, Vice President, will be added as a portfolio manager of the Fund, replacing Jonathan Tse. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for more information about the Fund's portfolio managers after the Effective Date.

## Sustainable Strategy Risk.

On the Effective Date, the Fund will be subject to Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk and the following will be added to the Fund's New Prospectuses:

**Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk.** The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

#### **Transition Costs**

As the Fund transitions to the new strategy, the Fund will sell a substantial portion of its existing investments and, as a result, incur higher portfolio turnover. The Fund will incur transaction costs, such as commissions, which will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund may also realize and/or distribute higher capital gains than might generally be expected under normal circumstances, a portion of which may be taxed as ordinary income for taxable accounts. The Fund's estimated capital gain distribution, if any, will be available on the Fund's website during the fourth quarter of 2021.

## **Expense Cap Changes.**

On the Effective Date, the Fund's expense limitation agreement will be revised to lower the expense caps to provide as follows:

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 1.64%, 0.89%, 1.39%, 1.14%, 0.89%, 0.70% and 0.65% of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 4/30/2023, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund (the "Fund")

(Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares) (a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

# Supplement dated February 22, 2021 to the Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

Effective March 1, 2021, the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Portfolio Holdings Disclosure" section of each Prospectus will be deleted and replaced with the following:

#### PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

On each business day, the Equity Premium Income Fund will disclose on its website a schedule of the portfolio holdings of the Fund as of the prior business day. To the extent shareholders have questions about the Fund's schedule of portfolio holdings, or wish to receive hard copies, they may call 1-800-480-4111 at no charge.

No sooner than 30 days for the Diversified Fund and 15 days for the remaining Funds, after the end of each month, each Fund will make available upon request the uncertified, complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that month.

Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, each Fund will make available upon request a complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that quarter.

Each Fund will post these quarterly schedules on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

In addition, from time to time, each Fund may post portfolio holdings on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website on a more frequent basis.

Each Fund may disclose the Fund's 10 largest portfolio holdings and the percentage that each of these 10 holdings represent of the Fund's portfolio as of the most recent month's end, online at www.jpmorganfunds.com, no sooner than 10 calendar days for the Diversified Fund and 5 calendar days for the remaining Funds, after month's end.

In addition, except for the Equity Premium Income Fund and Hedged Equity Fund, the top five holdings that contributed to Fund performance and top five holdings that detracted from Fund performance may be posted on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com no sooner than 10 calendar days for the Diversified Fund and 5 calendar days for the remaining Funds, after month end.

Shareholders may request portfolio holdings schedules at no charge by calling 1-800-480-4111. A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of a Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information.

INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT WITH THE PROSPECTUSES FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

# JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund (a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

(All Share Classes)

Supplement dated February 22, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

# IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME, INVESTMENT POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

At its February 2021 meeting, the Board of Trustees ("Board") approved changes to the name, investment policy and investment strategies of the JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund (the "Fund").

The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about July 1, 2021 (the "Effective Date"). On the Effective Date, the new prospectuses (each, a "New Prospectus") will replace the existing prospectuses for the Fund. You should refer to the New Prospectuses for the Fund, when they are available. Please note that the New Prospectuses reflecting changes for the Fund are not yet effective and that, prior to the Effective Date, this information may change, in which case additional notification may be provided.

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for a more complete discussion of the Fund's strategies after the Effective Date.

### **Name Change**

The Fund's new name will be: JPMorgan U.S. Applied Data Science Value Fund.

#### **New 80% Policy**

Under the existing 80% policy, under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies (the "Existing 80% Policy).

On the Effective Date, the Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with the following new 80% policy ("New 80% Policy"):

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies.

The Existing 80% Policy does not contain the "U.S." component of the New 80% Policy, although the Fund has historically invested at least 80% of its Assets in U.S. companies.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

## **Strategy Change**

Under the existing strategy, the adviser employs an investment process based on behavioral finance principles. Behavioral finance theorizes that investors behave irrationally in systematic and predictable ways because human psychology affects investment decision-making, and this behavior results in market inefficiencies that persist over time. The existing strategy seeks to capitalize on these market anomalies through a disciplined and dispassionate investment process.

Beginning on the Effective Date, in managing the Fund, the adviser will employ a data science driven investment approach that combines research, data insights, and risk management. The adviser defines data science as the discipline of extracting useful insights from collections of information. The adviser will analyze a wide variety of data sources, including the adviser's fundamental research, company fundamentals, and alternative data, in order to evaluate the financial prospects of each security. The adviser will utilize insights derived from the data sources to identify securities that are attractively priced relative to their associated levels of risk. Security-level insights will then be combined through a proprietary security selection process, constructing a portfolio that maximizes expected future financial performance while controlling for key risks identified by the adviser.

## **Portfolio Manager Change**

In addition, on the Effective Date, Lindsey Houghton, Executive Director and Eric Moreau, Vice President, will be added as portfolio managers of the Fund, replacing Jason Alonzo and Jonathan Tse. Please refer to the New Prospectuses, once available, for more information about the Fund's portfolio managers after the Effective Date.

#### **Transition Costs**

As the Fund transitions to the new strategy, the Fund will sell a substantial portion of its existing investments and, as a result, incur higher portfolio turnover. The Fund will incur transaction costs, such as commissions, which will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund may also realize and/or distribute higher capital gains than might generally be expected under normal circumstances, a portion of which may be taxed as ordinary income for taxable accounts. The Fund's estimated capital gain distribution, if any, will be available on the Fund's website during the fourth quarter of 2021.

## **Expense Cap Changes**

On the Effective Date, the Fund's expense limitation agreement will be revised to lower the expense caps for Class A, C and I Shares and extend the duration of the expense caps for all Shares as follows:

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.73%, 1.23%, 0.49%, 1.09%, 0.44% and 0.34%, of the average daily net assets of Class A, Class C, Class I, Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 6/30/2023, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EOUITY FUNDS

JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund (the "Fund")

(All Share Classes)
(a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

## Supplement dated February 17, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statements of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

Effective as of the close of business on March 12, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), the JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund (the "Fund") will be offered on a limited basis and investors will not be eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, except as described below. In addition, both before and after the Closing Date, the Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on the Fund's net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into the Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

The following groups will be permitted to continue to purchase Fund shares. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the applicable closing date are permitted to continue to purchase:

- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to continue to purchase additional shares in their existing Fund accounts and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund:
- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from other J.P. Morgan Funds;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the glossary) (and their successor, related and affiliated plans), which have the Fund available to participants on or before the Closing Date may continue to open accounts for new participants and can purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. A new Group Retirement Plan may establish a new account with the Fund only if the Plan has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by June 30, 2021, and the Plan's account with the Fund must be either funded by the Plan or available to participant directed investments by September 30, 2021;
- Institutional investors (including successor, related, or affiliated accounts) may establish a new account with the Fund only if the account has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date, and the account with the Fund must be funded by September 30, 2021 (Institutional investors include, but are not limited to, corporations, qualified non-profit organizations, charitable trusts, foundations and endowments, governmental entities, municipalities, and hospitals investing for their own account. These accounts may not be held for the benefit of multiple underlying, unrelated investors.);
- Fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs, where investment discretion (fund and investment allocations) solely resides with the Financial Intermediary's home office and where the Financial Intermediary's home office has full authority to make investment changes without approval from the shareholder, may continue to utilize the Fund for new and existing program accounts. These programs must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date. Additionally, after the Closing Date, new fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs may utilize the Fund for program accounts only with the approval by the Fund and its distributor;
- Registered Investment Advisory firms who have included the Fund in their discretionary models by the Closing Date and utilize an approved clearing platform may continue to make Fund shares available to new and existing accounts. These particular firms must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor on or before the Closing Date;
- Other fee-based advisory programs (including Rep as Advisor and Portfolio Manager programs) may continue to utilize the Fund for existing program accounts, but will not be able to open new program accounts after the Closing Date;
- Model portfolios directed by J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. ("JPMIM"), and J.P. Morgan Funds
  that are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds, may purchase shares of the Fund; and
- Named investment professionals listed in the Fund's prospectus may utilize the Fund for both new accounts and existing Fund accounts.

INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENTS OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

## JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

(the "Fund")

(All Share Classes) (a series of JPMorgan Trust II)

## Supplement dated January 5, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statements of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

Effective as of the close of business on February 5, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), the JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (the "Fund") will be offered on a limited basis and investors are not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, except as described below. In addition, both before and after the Closing Date, the Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on the Fund's net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into the Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

The following groups will be permitted to continue to purchase Fund shares. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the applicable closing date are permitted to continue to purchase:

- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to continue to purchase additional shares in their existing Fund accounts and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund:
- Shareholders of record of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from other J.P. Morgan Funds;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the glossary) (and their successor, related and affiliated plans), which have the Fund available to participants on or before the Closing Date may continue to open accounts for new participants and can purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. A new Group Retirement Plan may establish a new account with the Fund only if the Plan has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by May 31, 2021, and the plan's account with the Fund must be either funded by the plan or available to participant directed investments by July 30, 2021;
- Institutional investors (including successor, related, or affiliated accounts) may establish a new account with
  the Fund only if the account has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing
  Date, and the account with the Fund must be funded by July 30, 2021 (Institutional investors include, but are
  not limited to, corporations, qualified non-profit organizations, charitable trusts, foundations and endowments, governmental entities, municipalities, and hospitals investing for their own account. These accounts
  may not be held for the benefit of multiple underlying, unrelated investors.);
- Fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs, where investment discretion (fund and investment allocations) solely reside with the Financial Intermediary's home office and where the Financial Intermediary's home office has full authority to make investment changes without approval from the shareholder, may continue to utilize the Fund for new and existing program accounts. These programs must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date. Additionally, after the Closing Date, new fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs may utilize the Fund for program accounts only with the approval by the Fund and its distributor;
- Registered Investment Advisory firms who have included the Fund in their discretionary models by the closing
  date and utilize an approved clearing platform may continue to make Fund shares available to new and existing accounts. These particular firms must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor on or before the Closing Date;
- Other fee-based advisory programs (including Rep as Advisor and Portfolio Manager programs) may continue to utilize the Fund for existing program accounts, but will not be able to open new program accounts after the Closing Date;

•	Model portfolios directed by J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. ("JPMIM"), and J.P. Morgan Funds that
	are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds, may purchase shares of the Fund; and

• Named investment professionals listed in the Fund's prospectus may utilize the Fund for both new accounts and existing Fund accounts.

INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT
WITH THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENTS OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

### J.P. MORGAN U.S. EQUITY FUNDS

## JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund

(a series of JPMorgan Trust I)

(All Share Classes)

Supplement dated November 19, 2020 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information dated November 1, 2020, as supplemented

## IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CHANGES IN NAME AND INVESTMENT POLICY

At its November 2020 meeting, the Board of Trustees ("Board") approved changes to the name and investment policy of the JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund currently expects that these changes will become effective on or about February 1, 2021 (the "Effective Date").

The following is a brief summary of some of the changes that are anticipated to take effect on or after the Effective Date.

## **Name Change**

The Fund's new name will be: JPMorgan U.S. GARP Equity Fund.

### **New 80% Policy**

The new 80% policy ("New 80% Policy") will be: Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies located in the U.S. An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

The existing 80% policy (the "Existing 80% Policy") is: Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies. The Existing 80% Policy does not contain the "U.S." component of the New 80% Policy, although the Fund has historically invested at least 80% of its Assets in U.S. companies.

For purposes of both the Existing 80% Policy and the New 80% Policy, the term "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In addition, for purposes of both policies, the Fund generally defines large capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization over \$10 billion at the time of purchase, and mid capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization between \$1 billion and \$10 billion, at the time of purchase.

#### Changes to Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statements of Additional Information

In connection with the foregoing, on the Effective Date, the following changes will be made to the Fund's Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information:

All references to the name "JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund" will be replaced with "JPMorgan U.S. GARP Equity Fund."

All references to the Fund's Existing 80% Policy will be replaced with references to the New 80% Policy.

The "Risk/Return Summary — What are the Fund's main investment strategies?" section of the Summary Prospectuses and Prospectuses and the "More About the Funds — Additional Information About the Funds' Investment Strategies — Intrepid Growth Fund" section of the Prospectuses, as it relates to the Fund, will be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies located in the U.S. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund generally defines large capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization over \$10 billion at the time of purchase, and mid capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization between \$1 billion and \$10 billion, at the time of purchase. An issuer of a security will be

deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes have characteristics such as attractive valuations, high quality and/or strong momentum that should lead to relative outperformance. Generally these will be equity securities of companies within the Russell 1000 Growth Index. In implementing this strategy, the Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, focusing on growth companies that have strong fundamentals and are trading at what the adviser determines to be reasonable valuations. The adviser's determinations of valuation are based on price multiples based on fundamental data, such as information about earnings and cash flow. Because the adviser's approach to managing the Fund seeks to identify growth companies with reasonable valuations, it is generally characterized as GARP (Growth at a Reasonable Price).

In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies on a number valuation, momentum and quality characteristics which the adviser considers in evaluating investment opportunities. The adviser defines value, quality and momentum characteristics as follows:

- Value attractive valuations to identify underappreciated stocks
- Quality companies with conservative management teams and high quality earnings
- Momentum companies which have improving business fundamentals and which the market views positively

As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

### JPMORGAN TRUST I

## JPMorgan Access Funds

JPMorgan Access Balanced Fund JPMorgan Access Growth Fund Prospectus dated November 1, 2020

## JPMorgan SmartRetirement Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Income Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2020 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2025 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2030 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2035 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2040 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2045 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2050 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2055 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® 2060 Fund

## JPMorgan SmartRetirement Blend Funds

JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend Income Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2020 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2025 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2030 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2035 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2040 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2045 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2050 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2055 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2050 Fund JPMorgan SmartRetirement® Blend 2060 Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Diversified Fund
JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund
JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund
JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund
JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund
(formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable
Equity Fund)
JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund
(formerly JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund)
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund
Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

#### JPMORGAN TRUST II

## J.P. Morgan Investor Funds

JPMorgan Investor Balanced Fund JPMorgan Investor Conservative Growth Fund JPMorgan Investor Growth Fund JPMorgan Investor Growth & Income Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund JPMorgan Equity Index Fund JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (formerly JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund) Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

### JPMORGAN TRUST IV

## J.P. Morgan Funds

JPMorgan SmartSpending 2015<sup>SM</sup> Fund JPMorgan SmartSpending 2020<sup>SM</sup> Fund *Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020* 

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

# J.P. MORGAN FLEMING MUTUAL FUND GROUP, INC.

## J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

## J.P. MORGAN MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENT TRUST

J.P. Morgan U.S. Equity Funds

JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

## **UNDISCOVERED MANAGERS FUNDS**

Undiscovered Managers Behavioral Value Fund Prospectuses dated November 1, 2020

(All Share Classes)

# Supplement dated November 1, 2020 to the Prospectuses as dated above

Effective immediately, shareholder servicing representatives will be available from 8:00 am to 6:00 pm ET by calling the service center at 1-800-480-4111. This schedule will be in place until further notice.

## CONTENTS

Risk/Return Summaries:		JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund	120
JPMorgan Diversified Fund	1	More About the Funds	124
JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund	7	Additional Information About the Funds'	
JPMorgan Equity Income Fund	12	Investment Strategies	124
JPMorgan Equity Index Fund	17	Investment Risks	142
JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund	21	Conflicts of Interest	157
JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund	26	Temporary Defensive and Cash Positions	157
JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund	30	Additional Fee Waiver and/or Expense	
JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund	35	Reimbursement	158
JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund	39	Additional Historical Performance Information .	158
JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund	43	The Funds' Management and Administration	163
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund	47	Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds	170
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index		Choosing A Share Class	170
Fund	51	Financial Intermediary Compensation	173
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund	55	Purchasing Fund Shares	174
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund	59	Exchanging Fund Shares	177
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund	63	Redeeming Fund Shares	177
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund	67	Minimum Account Balance	179
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund	71	Funds Subject to a Limited Offering	180
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund	75	Frequent Trading Policy	181
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	79	Valuation	182
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund	84	Distributions and Taxes	183
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund	88	Shareholder Statements and Reports	185
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund	92	Availability of Proxy Voting Record	185
JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund	97	Portfolio Holdings Disclosure	186
JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund	102	Glossary of Common Investment Terminology	187
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund	106	Financial Highlights	188
JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund	110	Additional Fee and Expense Information	244
JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund	115	How to Reach Us	Back cover

## JPMorgan Diversified Fund

## Class/Ticker: R6/JDVZX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide a high total return from a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income investments.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.48%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.16
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.16
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.04
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.68
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.10)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee	
Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	0.58

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, extraordinary expenses and Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses relating to funds for which the Fund's adviser or an affiliate thereof is not the adviser) exceed 0.58% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares (the "fee limitation amount"). To the extent that the Fund invests in a fund for which the Fund's adviser or an affiliate thereof is the adviser (an "affiliated fund"), then the fee limitation amount will include, as applicable, (i) an amount sufficient to offset the respective net advisory, net administration and net shareholder servicing fees of that affiliated fund, or (ii) the management fee paid to the adviser pursuant to the affiliated fund's management agreement. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the

Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	59	207	369	837	

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses, or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 82% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Drawing on a variety of analytical tools, the Fund's adviser typically seeks to invest the Fund's assets among various types of asset classes based on the following allocations:

- 35%-80% equity securities
- 15%-65% fixed income securities
- 0%-10% convertible securities

The Fund invests in separate underlying strategies by investing directly in individual securities and/or in other J.P. Morgan Funds, across asset classes, including: U.S. equity and developed international equity across market capitalizations, emerging markets equity, domestic and foreign fixed income, high yield fixed income, emerging markets debt, and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

The adviser may periodically increase or decrease the Fund's actual asset allocations according to the relative attractiveness of each asset class.

## JPMorgan Diversified Fund (continued)

Within its equity allocations, the Fund primarily invests in the common stock of U.S. and foreign companies, REITs and J.P. Morgan equity funds. In this context, a J.P. Morgan fund will be considered an equity fund if its prospectus discloses that the fund invests primarily in equity securities, including REITs.

Within its fixed income allocations, the Fund primarily invests in corporate bonds, asset-backed, mortgage-related, and mortgage-backed securities, U.S. and foreign government securities, loan assignments and participations (Loans) and commitments to purchase loan assignments, emerging market debt and J.P. Morgan fixed income funds. In this context, a J.P. Morgan fund will be considered a fixed income fund if its prospectus discloses that the fund invests primarily in fixed income securities.

The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any credit quality but may only invest up to 25% of its total assets in certain below investment grade securities (also known as high yield securities or junk bonds). This limit on below investment grade securities will include all investments held either directly by the Fund or in J.P. Morgan funds held by the Fund which invest primarily in below investment grade securities (as disclosed in the underlying fund's prospectus). In addition, the Fund may invest in J.P. Morgan fixed income funds that may invest in fixed income securities of various credit qualities, including at times below investment grade securities, in order to expose the Fund to certain asset classes, such as emerging market debt. The remainder of the fixed income allocation will be invested directly in securities that, at the time of purchase are rated investment grade by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization or in securities that are unrated but are deemed by the Fund's adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any average weighted maturity or duration.

The Fund may invest up to 30% of its total assets in shares of other J.P. Morgan equity or fixed income funds (collectively, J.P. Morgan Funds) in order to expose the Fund to certain asset classes. These include both mutual funds and exchange-traded funds (ETFs) managed by the adviser or its affiliates. As a main investment strategy, the adviser expects to select only J.P. Morgan Funds without considering or canvassing the universe of unaffiliated underlying funds available even though there may (or may not) be one or more unaffiliated underlying funds that investors might regard are more attractive for the Fund or that have superior returns.

The Fund may also invest up to 10% of its assets in convertible securities.

In addition to direct investments in securities, derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument. exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. With respect to its fixed income allocations, the Fund may use futures contracts to manage and hedge interest rate risk associated with these investments, as well as to lengthen or shorten the duration of this portion of the portfolio. With respect to its equity and fixed

income allocations, the Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to all or a portion of the stock or fixed income markets, respectively and for cash management. The Fund may use forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge or manage its foreign currency risk, as well as to gain exposure to certain currencies.

Although the Fund will generally maintain its assets within the allocations above, the Fund may hold cash or cash equivalents for various purposes, including in connection with segregation for derivatives transactions, as collateral for derivatives transactions or for temporary defensive purposes.

The adviser establishes the strategic and tactical allocation for the Fund and makes the day-to-day decisions concerning strategies and overall construction of the Fund. As attractive investments arise across asset classes and strategies, the adviser attempts to capture these opportunities by allocating the Fund's assets among strategies and asset classes within predefined ranges.

Investment decisions within strategies and asset classes are implemented either by the portfolio managers of the Fund's underlying strategies who select individual securities for the Fund or with the Fund's purchase of other J.P. Morgan Funds.

The frequency with which the Fund buys and sells underlying investments will vary from year to year, depending on, but not limited to: market conditions, performance of the underlying investments, and changes in the adviser's investment views.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

The Fund is exposed to the risks summarized below through both its direct investments and its investments in underlying funds.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's

portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks. Investments in foreign issuers are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment, and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments is has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and

may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile. These risks are magnified in countries in "emerging markets." Emerging market countries typically have less-established market economies than developed countries and may face greater social, economic, regulatory and political uncertainties. In addition, emerging markets typically present greater illiquidity and price volatility concerns due to smaller or limited local capital markets and greater difficulty in determining market valuations of securities due to limited public information on issuers. Certain emerging market countries may be subject to less stringent requirements regarding accounting, auditing, financial reporting and record keeping and therefore, material information related to an investment may not be available or reliable. In addition, the Fund is limited in its ability to exercise its legal rights or enforce a counterparty's legal obligations in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States, in particular, in emerging markets countries.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in securities of smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than securities of larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, changes in the price of debt or equity issued by such companies may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Investments in J.P. Morgan Funds Risk. To the extent the Fund invests in underlying J.P. Morgan Funds, the Fund's investment performance and risks are directly related to the performance and risks of the underlying funds. Shareholders will indirectly bear the expenses charged by those underlying funds. Because the adviser or its affiliates provide services to and receive fees from the underlying funds, the Fund's investments in the underlying funds benefit the adviser and/or its affiliates. In addition, the Fund may hold a significant percentage of the shares of an underlying fund. As a result, the adviser's authority to allocate investments to J.P. Morgan Funds creates conflicts of interest. For example, investing in J.P. Morgan Funds could cause the Fund to incur higher fees and will cause the adviser and/or its affiliates to receive greater compensation, increase assets under management or support particular investment strategies or J.P. Morgan Funds.

Interest Rate Risk. The Fund's investments in bonds and other debt securities will change in value based on changes in interest rates. If rates increase, the value of these investments generally

## JPMorgan Diversified Fund (continued)

declines. Securities with greater interest rate sensitivity and longer maturities generally are subject to greater fluctuations in value. The Fund may invest in variable and floating rate Loans and other variable and floating rate securities. Although these instruments are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than fixed rate instruments, the value of floating rate Loans and other securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as quickly, or as much, as general interest rates. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy. During periods when interest rates are low or there are negative interest rates, the Fund's vield (and total return) also may be low or the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns.

Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Related and Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities including so-called "sub-prime" mortgages that are subject to certain other risks including prepayment and call risks. Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to certain other risks. The value of these securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the property market and the assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of declining asset values, difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, such securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. Additionally, asset-backed, mortgagerelated and mortgage-backed securities are subject to risks associated with their structure and the nature of the assets underlying the securities and the servicing of those assets. Certain asset-backed, mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities may face valuation difficulties and may be less liquid than other types of asset-backed, mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities, or debt securities.

The risk of default, as described under "Credit Risk," for "subprime" mortgages is generally higher than other types of mortgage-backed securities. The structure of some of these securities may be complex and there may be less available information than other types of debt securities.

Government Securities Risk. The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or

guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government-related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future.

Credit Risk. Some of the Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer and/or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Prices of the Fund's investments may be adversely affected if any of the issuers or counterparties it is invested in are subject to an actual or perceived deterioration in their credit quality. Credit spreads may increase, which may reduce the market values of the Fund's securities. Credit spread risk is the risk that economic and market conditions or any actual or perceived credit deterioration may lead to an increase in the credit spreads (i.e., the difference in yield between two securities of similar maturity but different credit quality) and a decline in price of the issuer's securities.

*Prepayment Risk.* The issuer of certain securities may repay principal in advance, especially when yields fall. Changes in the rate at which prepayments occur can affect the return on investment of these securities. When debt obligations are prepaid or when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield. The Fund also may fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher coupons, resulting in an unexpected capital

High Yield Securities and Loan Risk. Some of the Fund's investments are in securities and instruments that are issued by companies that are highly leveraged, less creditworthy or financially distressed (known as junk bonds). These investments are considered to be speculative and are subject to greater risk of loss, greater sensitivity to economic changes, valuation difficulties, and potential illiquidity. Such investments are subject to additional risks including subordination to other creditors, no collateral or limited rights in collateral, lack of a regular trading market, extended settlement periods, liquidity risks, prepayment risks, potentially less protections under the federal securities laws and lack of publicly available information. High yield securities and Loans that are deemed to be liquid at the time of purchase may become illiquid.

No active trading market may exist for some instruments and certain investments may be subject to restrictions on resale. In addition, the settlement period for Loans is uncertain as there is no standardized settlement schedule applicable to such investments. The inability to dispose of the underlying fund's securities and other investments in a timely fashion could result in losses to the Fund and underlying fund. Because some instruments may have a more limited secondary market, liquidity and valuation risk is more pronounced for certain underlying funds than for underlying funds that invest primarily in other types of fixed income instruments or equity securities. When Loans and other instruments are prepaid, an underlying fund may have to

reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for these securities. resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. Certain Loans may not be considered securities under the federal securities laws and. therefore, investments in such Loans may not be subject to certain protections under those laws. In addition, the adviser may not have access to material non-public information to which other investors may have access.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures and foreign currency exchange contracts, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund and/or an underlying fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Currency Risk. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of the Fund's securities and the price of the Fund's Shares. Generally, when the value of the U.S. dollar rises in value relative to a foreign currency, an investment impacted by that currency loses value because that currency is worth less in U.S. dollars. Devaluation of a currency by a country's government or banking authority also will have a significant impact on the value of any investments denominated in that currency. Currency markets generally are not as regulated as securities markets, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Although the Fund may attempt to hedge some or all of its currency exposure into the U.S. dollar, it may not be successful in reducing the effects of currency fluctuations. The Fund may also hedge from one foreign currency to another. In addition, the Fund's use of currency hedging may not be successful and the use of such strategies may lower the Fund's potential returns.

Transactions Risk. The Fund or an underlying fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, for both the Fund and underlying funds large purchases of a fund's shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

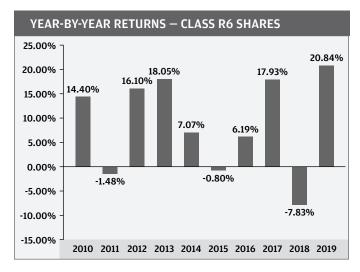
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) World Index (net of foreign withholding taxes), a broad-based securities market index, and the Diversified Composite Benchmark, a customized benchmark. The Diversified Composite Benchmark is a composite benchmark of unmanaged indexes that corresponds to the Fund's model allocation and that consists of MSCI World (60%) and Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate (40%) indexes. The performance in the table for Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class L Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different

## JPMorgan Diversified Fund (continued)

expenses than Class L Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111*.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 **10.19% Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 **-12.21%** 

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 3.77%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)				
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years	
CLASS R6 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	20.84%	6.71%	8.63%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.96	4.76	6.92	
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.83	4.81	6.52	
MSCI WORLD INDEX				
(Net of Foreign Withholding Taxes) (Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes, Except Foreign Withholding Taxes)	27.67	8.74	9.47	
DIVERSIFIED COMPOSITE BENCHMARK				
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	20.01	6.63	7.39	

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown.

The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Ро	rtfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jef	frey A. Geller	2019	Managing Director
Ga	ry Herbert	2020	Managing Director
Mc	rgan M. Moriarty	2019	Vice President

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account

\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City. MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund

## Class/Ticker: R6/JPFRX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long term capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES**

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.50%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.32
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.32
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.82
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.22)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	0.60

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.60% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## **Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years CLASS R6 SHARES (\$) 61 240 433 993

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 44% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to pro-actively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The Fund invests in a limited number of U.S. equity securities, generally not more than 40. In choosing securities, the Fund seeks to invest in companies with one or more of the following characteristics:

- A durable franchise
- A sustainable competitive position relative to its peers
- · A market leader
- A strong management team focused on increasing shareholder value
- A strong balance sheet.

The size of the allocation of the Fund to growth and value securities will vary based on market conditions, and the convictions of the adviser each ranging from 35% to 65% of the equity investments in the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund typically invests in equity securities with market capitalizations of \$1 billion or more. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs), but it may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in common stocks of foreign companies, including depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depository receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

## JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund (continued)

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

If the Fund's portfolio managers cannot find attractive investments, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in cash and cash equivalents until appropriate investments are identi-

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio managers employ a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection.

In selecting growth stocks, the adviser focuses on companies whose revenue growth potential is underappreciated by investors, specifically looking for companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. These companies have one or more of the following characteristics:

- A favorable supply/demand imbalance for the company's product or service
- Underappreciated growth opportunities
- Differentiated business model
- Ability to gain market share
- Growth opportunities in emerging industries or those that emerge from industry changes

In selecting value stocks, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and which appear to be undervalued and have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security due to a change in the company's fundamentals or a change in the original reason for purchase of an investment, or if the adviser no longer considers the security to be attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if a portfolio manager identifies a stock that he believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund's assets between growth and value securities.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and

negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Specifically, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Specifically, a value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in companies with capitalizations as low as \$1 billion may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities. especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in foreign issuers are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, expropriation and nationalization risks, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of the Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other

instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

## JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund (continued)

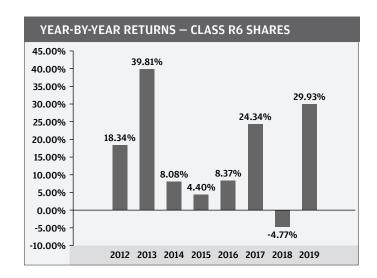
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past eight calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and life of the Fund. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index. The performance for the Class R6 is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. Subsequent to the inception of the Fund on 7/29/11 until 8/1/13, the Fund did not experience any shareholder purchase and sale activity. If such activity had occurred, the Fund's performance may have been impacted. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 18.58% **Worst Ouarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -13.81%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 7.16%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)						
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Life of Fund (since 10/01/2018)			
CLASS R6 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	29.93%	11.73%	13.58%			
Return After Taxes on Distributions	24.79	9.58	12.17			
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	20.97	9.06	11.06			
S&P 500 INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	13.87			

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2011	Managing Director
Timothy Parton	2017	Managing Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan **Funds – Choosing a Share Class – Eligibility"** section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

• Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund

- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan Equity Income Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/OIEFX; R3/OIEPX; R4/OIEQX; R5/OIERX; R6/OIEJX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital appreciation and current income.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
Distribution (Rule					
12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.17	0.07
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waivers and/or	1.24	0.98	0.73	0.58	0.48
Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense	1 22	0.07	0.72	0.57	0.47
Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.23	0.97	0.72	0.57	0.47

The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	125	392	680	1,499
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	99	311	541	1,200
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	74	232	405	906
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	58	185	323	725
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	48	153	268	603

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 22% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the equity securities of corporations that regularly pay dividends, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stock convertible to common stock. Although the Fund invests primarily in securities of large cap companies, it may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations. In implementing this strategy, the Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITs). "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund employs a fundamental bottom-up stock selection process to invest in common stock of corporations that regularly pay dividends and have favorable long-term fundamental characteristics. Because yield is a key consideration in selecting securities, the Fund may purchase stocks of companies that are out of favor in the financial community and, therefore, are selling below what the Fund's adviser believes to be their long-term investment value. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with durable franchises, strong management and the ability to grow their intrinsic value per share. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Value Strategy Risk. An undervalued stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Although the Fund invests primarily in securities of large cap companies, it may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations and, to the extent it does, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Smaller companies may be less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. The securities of smaller companies may trade less

## JPMorgan Equity Income Fund (continued)

frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund, will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

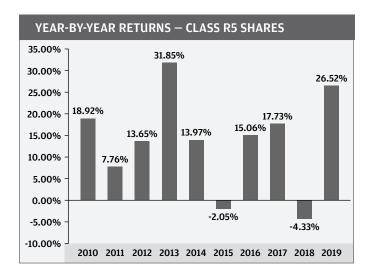
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Value Index. The performance for the Class R2. Class R4 and Class R5 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The performance for the Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. Prior class performance for Class R2 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between Class R2 and Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses to Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R5 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar than those shown because Class R3 Shares currently have the same expenses as Class A Shares. The performance in the table for the Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Fund's Class R5 and Class I Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns for Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 and Class I Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



12.94% **Best Quarter** 4th quarter, 2011 **Worst Ouarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -11.35%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -8.10%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	IS		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.52%	9.94%	13.40%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.60	9.09	12.60
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.28	7.73	11.07
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	25.67	9.18	12.65
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.02	9.47	12.91
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.31	9.73	13.21
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.60	10.04	13.45
RUSSELL 1000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	26.54	8.29	11.80

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax

returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Clare Hart	2004	Managing Director
David Silberman	2019	Managing Director
Andrew Brandon	2019	Managing Director

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 or Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or

# JPMorgan Equity Income Fund (continued)

financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan Equity Index Fund

## Class/Ticker: R6/OGFAX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks investment results that correspond to the aggregate price and dividend performance of securities in the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P 500 Index).

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R6
Management Fees	0.040%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.089
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.089
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.129
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.084)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee	
Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	0.045

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.045% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years CLASS R6 SHARES (\$) 5 33 64 157

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund invests in stocks included in the S&P 500 Index1 and also may invest in stock index futures. The Fund's adviser attempts to track the aggregate price and dividend performance of securities in the S&P 500 Index to achieve a correlation of at least 0.95 between the performance of the Fund and that of the index without taking into account the Fund's expenses. Perfect correlation would be 1.00.

The percentage of a stock that the Fund holds will be approximately the same percentage that the stock represents in the S&P 500 Index. The adviser generally picks stocks in the order of their weightings in the S&P 500 Index, starting with the heaviest weighted stock. The Fund may acquire, hold and dispose of the common stock of JPMorgan Chase & Co. for the sole purpose of maintaining conformity with the S&P 500 Index on which the Fund is based and measured. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in stocks of companies included in the index or indices identified by the Fund and in derivative instruments that provide exposure to stocks of such companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalization of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2.211.2 billion.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest

<sup>&</sup>quot;S&P 500" is a registered service mark of Standard & Poor's Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund.

## JPMorgan Equity Index Fund (continued)

incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the S&P 500 Index or in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-

existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

*Index Related Risk.* The Fund's return may not track the return of the S&P 500 Index for a number of reasons and therefore may not achieve its investment objective. For example, the Fund incurs a number of operating expenses not applicable to the index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities. especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the index. In addition, the Fund's return may differ from the return of the index as a result of, among other things, pricing differences and the inability to purchase certain securities included in the index due to regulatory or other restrictions.

The risk that the Fund may not track the performance of the S&P 500 Index may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions.

Passive Management Risk. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund is not "actively" managed. Therefore, it would not generally sell a security because the security's issuer was in financial trouble unless that security is removed from the S&P 500 Index. Therefore, the Fund's performance could be lower than funds that may actively shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the

Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the S&P 500 Index and the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the S&P 500 Index and the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

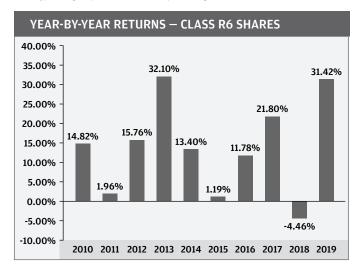
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index (including the aggregate price and dividend performance). The performance in the table for Class R6 Shares

is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 13.64% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -13.91%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 5.60%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)					
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years		
CLASS R6 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	31.42%	11.59%	13.39%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions	30.70	9.69	11.89		
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	19.04	8.68	10.76		
<b>S&amp;P 500 INDEX</b>					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	13.56		

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## JPMorgan Equity Index Fund (continued)

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Michael Loeffler	2004	Executive Director
Nicholas W. D'Eramo	2014	Executive Director
Oliver Furby	2019	Executive Director
Alex Hamilton	2019	Executive Director

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan **Funds – Choosing a Share Class – Eligibility"** section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas Citv. MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## **Tax Information**

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

# JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund

## Class/Ticker: R5/JEPSX; R6/JEPRX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks current income while maintaining prospects for capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

## ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.25%	0.25%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.58	0.34
Service Fees	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.48	0.34
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.06	0.06
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.89	0.65
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.39)	(0.25)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense		
Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	0.50	0.40

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.45% and 0.35% of the average daily net assets of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds for all Share Classes. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the

Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	51	245	455	1,060
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	41	183	337	787

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses, or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 236% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek current income while maintaining prospects for capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to provide the majority of the returns associated with the Fund's primary benchmark, the Standard & Poor's 500 Total Return Index (S&P 500 Index), while exposing investors to less risk through lower volatility and still offering incremental income. The Fund does this by creating a portfolio of equity securities with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index and also investing in equity-linked notes (ELNs). The Fund is managed in a way that seeks, under normal circumstances, to provide monthly distributions at a relatively stable level. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities (80% Policy). "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In calculating the 80% Policy, the Fund's equity investments will include common stocks and ELNs, as well as other equity securities.

In implementing the Fund's strategy, the Fund invests significantly in the equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500 Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap

## JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund (continued)

companies). The Fund may also invest in other equity securities not included in the S&P 500 Index. The Fund seeks to create a portfolio with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index.

Volatility is one way to measure risk and refers to the variability of the Fund's or the market's returns. If the Fund is successful in providing lower volatility, then the value of the Fund's portfolio will fluctuate less than the S&P 500 Index over a full market cycle (typically, a 3-5 year time horizon). The Fund may receive income to the extent it invests in equity securities of corporations that pay dividends; however, securities are not selected based on anticipated dividend payments.

In order to generate income, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in ELNs. ELNs are structured as notes that are issued by counterparties, including banks, broker-dealers or their affiliates, and that are designed to offer a return linked to the underlying instruments within the ELN. ELNs in which the Fund invests are derivative instruments that are specially designed to combine the economic characteristics of the S&P 500 Index and written call options in a single note form. The ELNs provide recurring cash flow to the Fund based on the premiums from the call options the ELNs write and are an important source of the Fund's return. The ELNs will be included as equity securities for purpose of calculating the 80% Policy. Investing in ELNs may reduce the Fund's volatility because the income from the ELNs would reduce potential losses incurred by the Fund's equity portfolio. However, because of the call options written within an ELN, the investment would also reduce the Fund's ability to fully profit from potential increases in the value of its equity portfolio.

Investment Process: In managing the equity portion of the Fund's portfolio the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The research findings allow the adviser to rank companies according to what it believes to be their relative value. The greater a company's estimated worth compared to the current market price of its stock, the more undervalued the company. The adviser's valuation rankings are produced with the help of a variety of models that quantify the research team's findings. After company securities are ranked, the adviser seeks to create a portfolio with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index. As a part of the research step of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The Fund buys and sells securities (stock selection) in accordance with its investment policies, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser selects securities that are identified as attractive and considers selling

them when they appear less attractive. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria including:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- impact on the overall risk of the portfolio
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by market overreac-

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in the Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if the Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the

occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Strategy Risk. The adviser may not be successful in managing the Fund's portfolio with a lower level of volatility than the S&P 500 Index. Depending on market conditions during a particular time in a market cycle, the Fund's volatility at that time may not be lower than that of the S&P 500 Index. Because the Fund seeks low volatility, the Fund may underperform the S&P 500 Index, particularly in rising markets. In addition, the Fund does not guarantee that distributions will always be paid or will be paid at a relatively stable level.

Equity-Linked Notes Risk. When the Fund invests in ELNs, it receives cash but limits its opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of the instrument because of the call options written within the particular ELN. Investing in ELNs may be more costly to the Fund than if the Fund had invested in the underlying instruments directly. Investments in ELNs often have risks similar to the underlying instruments, which include market risk. In addition, since ELNs are in note form, ELNs are subject to certain debt securities risks, such as credit or counterparty risk. Should the prices of the underlying instruments move in an unexpected manner, the Fund may not achieve the anticipated benefits of an investment in an ELN, and may realize losses, which could be significant and could include the Fund's entire principal investment. Investments in ELNs are also subject to liquidity risk, which may make ELNs difficult to sell and value. A lack of liquidity may also cause the value of the ELN to decline. In addition, ELNs may exhibit price behavior that does not correlate with the underlying securities. The Fund's ELN investments are subject to the risk that issuers and/or counterparties will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Prices of the Fund's ELN investments may

be adversely affected if any of the issuers or counterparties it is invested in are subject to an actual or perceived deterioration in their credit quality.

See "Call Options Risk" below for more information about risks of the options held within the ELNs.

Call Options Risk. When the Fund sells call options within an ELN, it receives cash but limits its opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of the underlying instrument to the exercise price (plus the premium received). The gain on an underlying instrument will be equal to the difference between the exercise price and the purchase price of the underlying instrument at the time the option is written, plus the premium received. In a rising market, the option may require the Fund to sell an instrument at an exercise price that is lower than the Fund would receive if the security was sold at the market price. If a call expires unexercised, the Fund realizes a gain in the amount of the premium received, although there may have been a decline (unrealized loss) in the market value of the underlying instrument during the option period which may exceed such gain. If the underlying security declines by more than the option premium the Fund receives, there will be a loss on the overall position.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. The Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in mid-cap companies. Investments in mid-cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, the value of the Fund's shares may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely

## JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund (continued)

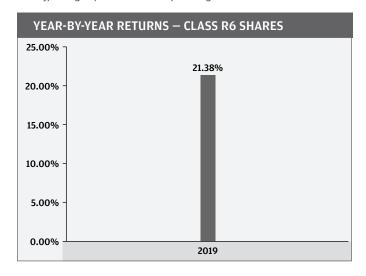
affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or anyother government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year over the past calendar year. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year and life of the Fund. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index and the ICE BofAML 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 10.24% 1st quarter, 2019 **Worst Quarter** 4th quarter, 2019 2.75%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -2.44%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)					
	Past 1 Year	Life of Fund (since 08/31/2018)			
CLASS R6 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	21.38%	9.59%			
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.78	6.29			
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.86	5.97			
CLASS R5 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	21.18	9.43			
S&P 500 INDEX					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	10.59			
ICE BOFAML 3-MONTH US TREASURY BILL INDEX					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	2.28	2.25			

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other class will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Hamilton Reiner	2018	Managing Director
Raffaele Zingone	2018	Managing Director

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors

\$15,000,000 for Other Investors

No minimum levels To add to an account

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

## JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JGRJX; R3/JGTTX; R4/JGTUX; R5/JGVRX; R6/JGVVX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

or your investment,					
	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Distribution (Rule					
12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.82	0.43	0.34	0.20	0.09
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.57	0.18	0.09	0.10	0.09
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waivers and/or Expense	1.87	1.23	0.89	0.75	0.64
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.48)	(0.09)	NONE	NONE	NONE
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense					
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	1.39	1.14	0.89	0.75	0.64

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.39% and 1.14% of the average daily net assets of Class R2 and Class R3 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:					
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	142	541	966	2,151	
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	116	381	667	1,481	
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096	
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	77	240	417	930	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	65	205	357	798	

## **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 47% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund will invest primarily in common stocks of companies across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large capitalization companies.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund invests in companies that the adviser believes have strong earnings growth potential. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve

sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regula-

tory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks. growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Because the Fund may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller cap companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to

## JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund (continued)

exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

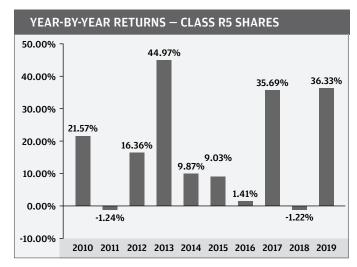
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years, and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Growth Index. The performance in the table for Class R4 and Class R6 Shares are based on the performance of Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) and Class R5 Shares, respectively. The actual returns of Class R4

Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R4 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The performance for the Class R2 and Class R3 Shares are based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R2 and Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 and Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



19.79% **Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 **Worst Quarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -17.77%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 33.41%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)					
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years		
CLASS R5 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	36.33%	15.11%	16.22%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions	33.49	13.78	15.27		
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	23.44	11.97	13.59		
CLASS R2 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	35.44	14.36	15.47		
CLASS R3 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	35.79	14.66	15.77		
CLASS R4 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	36.14	14.94	16.05		
CLASS R6 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	36.49	15.24	16.29		
RUSSELL 3000 GROWTH INDEX					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	35.85	14.23	15.05		

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Timothy Parton	2002	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2020	Managing Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares. For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5.000.000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

# JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund

## Class/Ticker: R5/JHQPX; R6/JHQRX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES**

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.25%	0.25%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.34	0.10
Service Fees	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.24	0.10
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.59	0.35
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	(0.14)	NONE
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	0.45	0.35

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.45% and 0.35% of the average daily net assets of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years CLASS R5 SHARES (\$) 46 175 315 725 **CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)** 36 113 197 443

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 68% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation through participation in the broad equity markets while hedging overall market exposure relative to traditional long-only equity strategies.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities. "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy to invest in these equity securities, which primarily consist of common stocks of large capitalization U.S. companies. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 500 Index, its primary benchmark, are included in the Fund, and the Fund's position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. The Fund will also systematically purchase and sell exchange traded put options and sell exchange traded call options, employing an option overlay known as a "Put/Spread Collar" strategy. The options may be based on the S&P 500 Index or on exchange-traded funds (ETFs) that replicate the S&P 500 Index (S&P 500 ETFs). The combination of the diversified portfolio of equity securities, the downside protection from index put options and the income from the index call options is intended to provide the Fund with a portion of the returns associated with equity market investments while exposing investors to less risk than traditional long-only equity strategies. Specifically, the Fund seeks to provide a competitive risk adjusted return over a full market cycle (defined as three to five years) relative to the S&P 500 Index with lower volatility than traditional long-only equity strategies.

The Fund's investments in equity securities will be primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the S&P 500 Index. As of September 30, 2020 the market capitalization of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, however, the Fund modestly overweights equity securities that it considers undervalued or fairly valued while modestly underweighting or not holding equity securities that appear overvalued. Because each stock's weighting in the Fund is controlled relative to that stock's weight in the S&P 500 Index, the Fund's weighted average market capitalization will be close to that of the S&P 500 Index.

The Fund constructs a Put/Spread Collar by buying a put option on the S&P 500 Index at a higher strike price and writing (or selling) a put option on the same index at a relatively lower strike price, resulting in what is known as a put option spread, while simultaneously selling a S&P 500 Index call option. The Fund may need to construct additional Put/Spread Collars if the size of the Fund increases, either through purchases or appreciation. The Fund's options overlay strategy is intended to provide the Fund with downside protection, while foregoing some upside potential. A put option spread seeks to protect the Fund against a decline in price, but only to the extent of the difference between the strike prices of the put option purchased and the put option sold. Entering into put option spreads is typically less expensive than a strategy of only purchasing put options and may benefit the Fund in a flat to upwardly moving market by reducing the cost of the downside protection; the downside protection of the put option spread, however, is limited as compared to just owning a put option. The premiums received from writing index call options are intended to provide income which substantially offsets the cost of the put option spread, but writing the call options also reduces the Fund's ability to profit from increases in the value of its equity portfolio because in rising markets the call option will be exercised once the market price rises to the option's strike price. While the Fund typically constructs the Put/Spread Collar utilizing index options, it may also construct the Put/ Spread Collar utilizing options on S&P 500 ETFs.

In addition to the use of the Put/Spread Collar strategy described above, the Fund may use future contracts, primarily futures on indexes, to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions and to hedge the Fund's portfolio if it is unable to purchase or write the necessary options for its overlay strategy.

Investment Process – Enhanced Index: To implement the enhanced index strategy, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative

value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as attractive and considers selling them when they appear less attractive based on the Fund's process. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- impact on the overall risk of the portfolio relative to the S&P 500 Index
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions.

Investment Process – Options Overlay Strategy: To implement the Put/Spread Collar strategy, the adviser utilizes exchange traded equity options based either on the S&P 500 Index or on S&P 500 ETFs. The Put/Spread Collar is constructed by buying a put option at a higher strike price while writing a put option at a relatively lower strike price and simultaneously selling a call option that substantially offsets the cost of the put option spread. The Put/Spread Collar strategy is an actively managed process and is designed to provide a continuous market hedge for the portfolio. The put option spread is generally maintained at a level whereby the Fund is protected from a decrease in the market of five to twenty percent. The options are systematically reset on at least a quarterly basis to better capitalize on current market conditions and opportunities while seeking to provide predictable returns in all market cycles.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

## JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund (continued)

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Strategy Risk. The Fund's investment strategies may not always provide greater market protection than other equity instruments, particularly in rising equity markets when the Fund is expected to underperform traditional long-only equity strategies. In addition, as a result of the structure of the options overlay strategy, the Fund is not expected to provide market protection during times of low market volatility; during such periods, the Fund is expected to perform in line with broad equity markets.

Options Risk. The value of the Fund's positions in equity index options or options on S&P 500 ETFs will fluctuate in response to changes in the value of the underlying index. Writing index call options or options on S&P 500 ETFs can reduce equity market risk, but it limits the opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of stocks in exchange for upfront cash at the time of selling the call option. The Fund also risks losing all or part of the cash paid for purchasing put options. Unusual market conditions or the lack of a ready market for any particular option at a specific time may reduce the effectiveness of the Fund's option strategies, and for these and other reasons, the Fund's option strategies may not reduce the Fund's volatility to the extent desired and could result in losses.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including options and futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular

industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

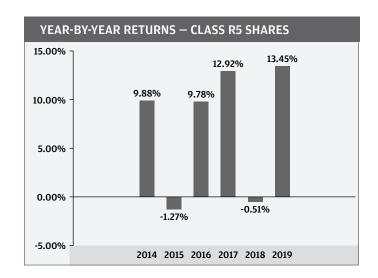
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past six calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and life of the Fund. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index and the ICE BofAML 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 4th guarter, 2019 4.33% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2015 -5.73%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 8.72%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)						
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Life of Fund (since 12/13/2013)			
CLASS R5 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	13.45%	6.68%	7.45%			
Return After Taxes on Distributions	13.10	6.34	7.11			
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	8.19	5.19	5.85			
CLASS R6 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	13.60	6.75	7.51			
S&P 500 INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	12.69			
ICE BOFAML 3-MONTH US						
TREASURY BILL INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	2.28	1.07	0.89			

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other class will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund (continued)

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Hamilton Reiner	2013	Managing Director
Raffaele Zingone	2013	Managing Director

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

No minimum levels To add to an account

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas Citv. MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## **Tax Information**

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

# JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JIGZX; R5/JGIRX; R6/JGISX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital growth.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1)			
Fees	0.50	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.43	0.20	0.10
Service Fees	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.10	0.10
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses	1.23	0.50	0.40
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.14)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense			
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	1.09	0.44	0.34

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.09%, 0.44% and 0.34% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending. affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 10 Years 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years **CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)** 111 376 662 1,476

45

35

154

122

274

218

622

499

## Portfolio Turnover

**CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)** 

**CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)** 

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 96% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund generally defines large capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization over \$10 billion at the time of purchase, and mid capitalization companies as those with market capitalization between \$1 billion and \$10 billion, at the time of purchase.

In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes have characteristics such as attractive valuations, high quality and/or strong momentum that should lead to relative outperformance. Generally these will be equity securities of companies within the Russell 1000 Growth Index. In implementing this strategy, the Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

## JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund (continued)

Investment Process: The Fund has an actively managed strategy that employs an investment process based on behavioral finance principles. Behavioral finance theorizes that investors behave irrationally in systematic and predictable ways because human psychology affects investment decision-making. This investor behavior results in market inefficiencies that persist over time. The Fund seeks to capitalize on these market anomalies through a disciplined and dispassionate investment process. In identifying high quality securities, the adviser looks for profitable companies with sustainable earnings and disciplined management. In identifying securities that have strong momentum, the adviser looks for securities which have prices and/or earnings that have been increasing and that the adviser believes will continue to increase. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier than investments in larger, more established companies. Mid cap companies may be less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger

companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities. especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interest. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely

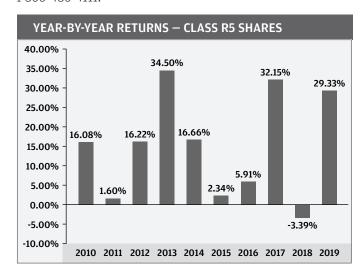
affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Growth Index. The performance for Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to the inception of Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown for Class R5 Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 15.16% 1st quarter, 2019 **Worst Quarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -16.32%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 15.66%.

## JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	29.33%	12.34%	14.43%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.67	10.95	13.62
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	19.90	9.73	12.11
CLASS R2 SHARES	20.47	11.50	12.75
Return Before Taxes	28.47	11.59	13.65
CLASS R6 SHARES Return Before Taxes	29.44	12.41	14.46
RUSSELL 1000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	36.39	14.63	15.22

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jason Alonzo	2005	Managing Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Andrew Stern	2019	Executive Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2 or Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5.000.000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

## JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JIVZX; R5/JIVRX; R6/JIVMX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1)			
Fees	0.50	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.48	0.23	0.13
Service Fees	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.23	0.13	0.13
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses	1.28	0.53	0.43
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.19)	(0.09)	(0.09)
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense			
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	1.09	0.44	0.34

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.09%, 0.44% and 0.34% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending. affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 10 Years 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 1,529 CLASS R2 SHARES (\$) 111 387 684 **CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)** 45 161 287 656

35

129

232

533

#### Portfolio Turnover

**CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)** 

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 79% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund generally defines large capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization over \$10 billion at the time of purchase, and mid capitalization companies as those with market capitalization between \$1 billion and \$10 billion, at the time of purchase.

In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes have characteristics such as attractive valuations, high quality and/or strong momentum that should lead to relative outperformance. Generally these will be equity securities of companies within the Russell 1000 Value Index. In implementing this strategy, the Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

## JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund (continued)

Investment Process: The Fund has an actively managed strategy that employs an investment process based on behavioral finance principles. Behavioral finance theorizes that investors behave irrationally in systematic and predictable ways because human psychology affects investment decision-making. This investor behavior results in market inefficiencies that persist over time. The Fund seeks to capitalize on these market anomalies through a disciplined and dispassionate investment process. In identifying high quality securities, the adviser looks for profitable companies with sustainable earnings and disciplined management. In identifying securities that have strong momentum, the adviser looks for securities which have prices and/or earnings that have been increasing and that the adviser believes will continue to increase. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier than investments in larger, more established companies. Mid cap companies may be less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger

companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities. especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interest. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely

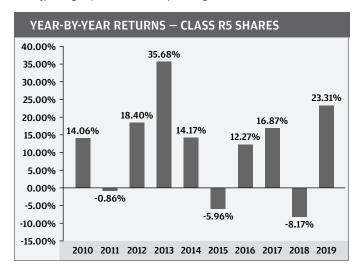
affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Value Index. The performance for Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to the inception of Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 12.34% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -17.18%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -12.55%.

# JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.31%	6.92%	11.22%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	20.91	4.53	9.60
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.44	5.06	9.03
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.53	6.24	10.53
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.44	7.00	11.29
RUSSELL 1000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	26.54	8.29	11.80

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jason Alonzo	2005	Managing Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Andrew Stern	2019	Executive Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2 or Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

## JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JLGZX; R3/JLGPX; R4/JLGQX; R5/JLGRX; R6/JLGMX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of vour investment)

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%
Distribution (Rule					
12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.18	0.08
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waivers and/or Expense	1.28	1.03	0.78	0.63	0.53
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense					
Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	1.19	0.94	0.69	0.54	0.44

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.19%, 0.94%, 0.69%, 0.54% and 0.44% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:					
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	121	397	694	1,537	
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	96	319	560	1,251	
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	70	240	424	958	
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	55	193	342	778	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	45	161	287	656	

## **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 47% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the equity securities of large, wellestablished companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Large, wellestablished companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. Typically, in implementing its strategy, the Fund invests in common stocks of companies with a history of above-average growth or companies expected to enter periods of above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

## JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund (continued)

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up approach (focusing on the characteristics of individual securities) that seeks to identify companies with positive price momentum and attractive fundamentals. The adviser seeks structural disconnects which allow businesses to exceed market expectations. These disconnects may result from: demographic/cultural changes. technological advancements and/or regulatory changes. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the original investment thesis, if market expectations exceed the company's potential to deliver and/or due to balance sheet deterioration. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism. environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks. growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not

fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

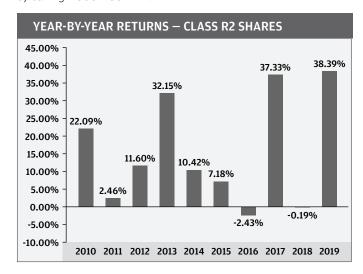
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R2 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Growth Index. The performance for Class R3 and Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The performance of Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to their inception. Prior class performance for Class R3 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between classes. The actual

returns of Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses to Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance* information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 19.21% **Worst Quarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -18.84%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 39.52%.

## JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.24%	15.40%	15.71%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	35.42	12.61	14.24
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	25.82	11.80	13.02
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	38.39	14.68	14.99
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	38.73	14.93	15.26
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.08	15.20	15.49
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.39	15.52	15.80
RUSSELL 1000 GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	36.39	14.63	15.22

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Giri Devulapally	2004	Managing Director
Holly Fleiss	2020	Executive Director
Larry Lee	2020	Managing Director
Joseph Wilson	2020	Managing Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

## JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JLVZX; R3/OLVTX; R4/OLVRX; R5/JLVRX; R6/JLVMX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital appreciation with the incidental goal of achieving current income by investing primarily in equity securities.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)					
	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses Service Fees	0.38	1.59	0.36	0.22	0.11
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.25 <u>0.13</u>	0.25 <u>1.34</u>	0.20	0.10 <u>0.12</u>	NONE <u>0.11</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waivers and/or	1.28	2.24	0.76	0.62	0.51
Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.09)	(1.30)	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.07)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.19	0.94	0.69	0.54	0.44

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.19%, 0.94%, 0.69%, 0.54% and 0.44% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	121	397	694	1,537
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	96	575	1,081	2,473
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	70	236	415	936
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	55	190	338	767
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	45	156	278	634

## **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 177% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of large companies, including common stocks, and debt and preferred stocks which are convertible to common stock. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Large companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 1000® Value Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$1,113.2 billion. In implementing its main strategies. the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

## JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund (continued)

Investment Process: The Fund's adviser invests in companies whose securities are, in the adviser's opinion, undervalued when purchased but which have the potential to increase their intrinsic value per share. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects over a period as long as five years, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each industry group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling them when they appear overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by market overreactions

The Fund's investment strategies may involve active and frequent trading resulting in high portfolio turnover.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the

Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage,

which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

High Portfolio Turnover Risk. The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading leading to increased portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, and the possibility of increased capital gains, including short-term capital gains that will generally be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

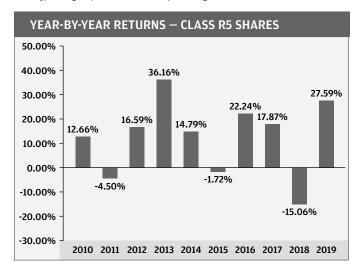
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Value Index. The performance for the Class R3, Class R4 and Class R6 Shares are based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to the inception of Class R3, Class R4 and Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R3. Class R4 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R3. Class R4 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



14.27% **Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 **Worst Ouarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -18.48%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -12.95%.

## JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.59%	8.95%	11.64%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.11	6.54	9.63
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.63	6.27	8.93
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.82	8.26	10.94
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.07	8.56	11.22
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.42	8.77	11.43
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.74	9.05	11.71
RUSSELL 1000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	26.54	8.29	11.80

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Scott Blasdell	2013	Managing Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares. For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5.000.000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

# JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JMEZX; R6/OMYGX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of an index that tracks the performance of the small- and midcapitalization equity markets.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R6
Management Fees	0.25%	0.25%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.50	NONE
Other Expenses	0.54	0.11
Service Fees	0.25	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.29	0.11
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.29	0.36
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.29)	(0.11)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements¹	1.00	0.25

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.00% and 0.25% of the average daily net assets of Class R2 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

#### WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE: 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years 1 Year CLASS R2 SHARES (\$) 102 380 680 1,531 **CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)** 26 105 191 445

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will hold at least 80% of its Assets in stocks in the S&P 1000 Index<sup>1</sup>. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The S&P 1000 Index is an index which includes stocks of smalland mid-capitalization companies. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 1000 ranged from \$90 million to \$13.3 billion. These securities trade on national exchanges, as well as over-the-counter as part of the National Market System. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 1000 Index are included in the Fund, and the Fund's position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. In addition, the Fund may modestly overweight or underweight the sectors and industries within the index. The Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 1000 Index over the long term with a modest divergence to the benchmark. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest

<sup>&</sup>quot;S&P 1000 Index," is a registered service marks of Standard & Poor's Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund. The S&P 1000 Index is a market capitalization weighted combination of the Standard & Poor's SmallCap 600 and the Standard & Poor's MidCap 400 Indexes.

# JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund (continued)

incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy that seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of the S&P 1000 Index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks S&P 1000 Index stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency within constraints on sector and industry weights and position sizes. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer included in the S&P 1000 Index.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issu-

ers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism. environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

*Index Investing Risk.* Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, securities may be purchased, retained and sold by the Fund at times when a more actively managed fund would not do so. If the value of securities that are heavily weighted in the index changes, you can expect a greater risk of loss than would be the case if the Fund were not invested in such securities. There is also the risk that the Fund's performance may not correlate with the performance of the index.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies) may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interest. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

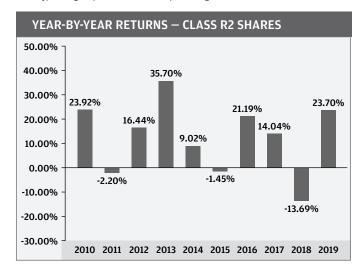
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R2 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 1000 Index. The performance for the R6 Shares are based on the performance of Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than shown for Class I Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 4th quarter, 2011 14.25% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -20.59%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -13.62%.

# JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.70%	7.78%	11.75%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	22.05	4.84	9.39
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.17	5.68	9.32
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.61	8.36	12.36
S&P 1000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.14	9.19	12.92

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

#### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2013	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

#### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JMCEX; R5/JMEEX; R6/JPPEX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund's objective is long-term capital growth.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

### **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES**

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1)			
Fees	0.50	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.40	0.21	0.11
Service Fees	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.15	0.11	0.11
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses	1.55	0.86	0.76
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.16)	(0.12)	(0.12)
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.39	0.74	0.64

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.39%, 0.74% and 0.64% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### **Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund

operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

# WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST **WOULD BE:**

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	142	474	830	1,832
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	76	262	465	1,050
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	65	231	411	931

### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio.

# What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Index securities at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio management team employs an investment process that seeks to identify both growth and value securities for the Fund. The team seeks to identify companies with leading competitive positions, talented management teams and durable business models. In addition, the team will invest in companies that it believes either have the capacity to achieve a sustainable level of above average growth or have sustainable free cash flow generation with management committed to increasing shareholder value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund (continued)

governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value

of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund invests in both growth and value securities, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. To the extent the Fund invests in growth securities, it will be subject to risks related to growth investing. Specifically, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. To the extent the Fund invests in value securities, it will be subject to risks related to value investing. Specifically, a value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio

securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity. derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

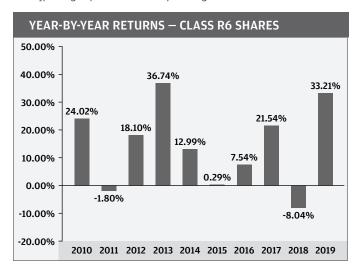
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Index. The performance for the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The performance of the Class R2 Shares is based on Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of the Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.ipmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 18.11% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -19.00%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 2.48%.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)					
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years		
CLASS R6 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	33.21%	9.94%	13.57%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions	30.37	8.08	12.16		
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	21.36	7.51	11.03		
CLASS R2 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	32.22	9.11	12.91		
CLASS R5 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	33.09	9.86	13.52		
RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	30.54	9.33	13.19		

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

# Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2002	Managing Director
Timothy Parton	2010	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2020	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2020	Managing Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2 or Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5.000.000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMGZX; R3/JMGPX; R4/JMGQX; R5/JMGFX; R6/JMGMX

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks growth of capital.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 **Management Fees** 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees 0.50 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.40 0.35 0.35 0.20 0.10 Service Fees 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 NONE Remainder of Other Expenses 0.15 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 Total Annual Fund 0.75 **Operating Expenses** 1.25 1.00 0.85 1.55 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 (0.06)NONE (0.01)(0.06)(0.01)Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers and/or Expense 0.99 Reimbursements1 0.79 0.74 1.49 1.25

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.49%, 0.99%, 0.79% and 0.74% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	152	484	839	1,840
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	127	397	686	1,511
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	101	317	551	1,224
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	81	265	465	1,043
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	76	239	416	929

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 63% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of mid cap companies, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stocks that are convertible to common stocks. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks of mid cap companies which the Fund's adviser believes are capable of achieving sustained growth. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 bil-

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund (continued)

growth or which the adviser believes will achieve aboveaverage growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for defla-

tion), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades. embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks. growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not

fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

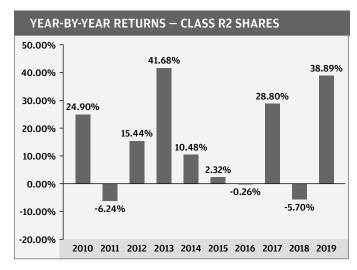
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R2 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index. The performance of the Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Prior class performance for Class R3 and

Class R4 Shares have been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between the classes. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.ipmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 21.27% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -22.36%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 22.58%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.96%	12.27%	14.55%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	37.70	10.97	13.11
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	25.21	9.57	11.86
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	38.89	11.48	13.80
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.23	11.71	14.01
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.55	11.99	14.29
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	39.85	12.21	14.49
RUSSELL MIDCAP GROWTH INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	35.47	11.60	14.24

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund (continued)

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

# Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Timothy Parton	2004	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2015	Managing Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account

\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial **Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

Class/Ticker: R2/JMVZX; R3/JMVPX; R4/JMVQX; R5/JMVRX; R6/JMVYX

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks growth from capital appreciation.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 **Management Fees** 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees 0.50 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.35 0.34 0.34 0.18 0.09 Service Fees 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 NONE Remainder of Other Expenses 0.10 0.09 0.09 0.08 0.09 Total Annual Fund 0.74 Operating Expenses 1.24 0.99 0.83 1.50 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 NONE NONE NONE NONE (0.01)Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers and/or Expense

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.50%, 1.25%, 1.00%, 0.85% and 0.73% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

1.24

1.50

0.99

0.83

0.73

### Example

Reimbursements1

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	153	474	818	1,791
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	126	393	681	1,500
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	101	315	547	1,213
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	85	265	460	1,025
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	75	236	410	917

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Value Index and/or between \$1 billion and \$20 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$38.6 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser looks for quality companies, which appear to be undervalued and to have the potential to grow intrinsic value per share.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund (continued)

Quality companies generally have a sustainable competitive position, relatively lower levels of business cyclicality, high returns on invested capital and strong experienced management teams. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades. embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic

instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund, will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

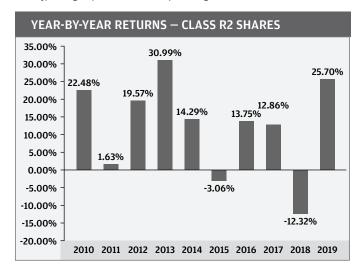
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R2 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total

returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap® Value Index. The performance for Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The performance for the Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The performance for Class R5 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class L Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R4 Shares have higher expenses than Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R5 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R5 Shares have higher expenses than Class L Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R6 Shares have similar expenses to Class L Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



Best Quarter 1st quarter, 2019 14.48% **Worst Ouarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -16.19%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -16.36%.

# JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)					
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years		
CLASS R6 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	26.67%	7.32%	12.66%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.14	5.88	11.46		
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	16.85	5.55	10.38		
CLASS R2 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	25.70	6.52	11.82		
CLASS R3 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	26.00	6.79	12.11		
CLASS R4 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	26.32	7.06	12.39		
CLASS R5 SHARES					
Return Before Taxes	26.51	7.25	12.62		
RUSSELL MIDCAP VALUE INDEX					
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,	27.06	742	12 //1		
Expenses, or Taxes)	27.06	7.62	12.41		

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

#### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	1997	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2004	Managing Director

#### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares. For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund

# Class/Ticker: R6/JSCHX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R6
Management Fees	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.15
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.15
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.81
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.07)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	0.74

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.74% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds for this Share Class. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SE WOULD BE:	LL YOUR	SHARE	S, YOUI	R COST
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	76	252	443	995

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses, or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 48% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund is a small cap equity portfolio which is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to proactively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The portfolio managers will consider various factors when making overall allocation decisions for the Fund, including the relative attractiveness of growth and value securities and the relative valuations and fundamentals of companies in the small cap growth and value universes. Based on these considerations, the size of the allocation of the Fund to either growth or value securities may range from 30 to 70 percent of the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000 Index and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$5 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

# JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund (continued)

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the Fund's adviser seeks to outperform the Fund's benchmark. The adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify both growth and value securities.

In selecting growth securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies that have a history of above-average growth or that the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. The adviser believes that investing in high quality growth companies whose long-term growth rates are underappreciated by the market will lead to attractive returns. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions, predictable and durable business models and management that can achieve sustained growth.

In selecting value securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and that the adviser believes to be attractively valued and to have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand.

As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a security that it believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund's assets between growth and value securities.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which

the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

*Smaller Company Risk.* Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Strategy Risk. Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities, depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Specifically, growth securities may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other securities, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Specifically, a value security may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the security price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

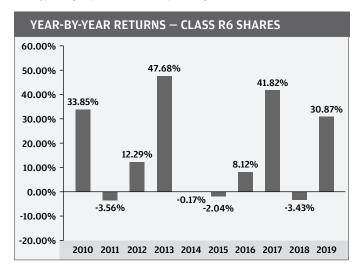
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000 Index and the Russell 2000 Growth Index. The performance for the Class R6 is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. As of 6/1/18, the Fund changed its investment strategies and certain investment policies. In view of these changes, the Fund's performance record prior to this period might be less pertinent for investors considering whether to purchase shares of the Fund. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how

# JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund (continued)

any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 4th quarter, 2010 19.04% **Worst Ouarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -24.45%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -2.11%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)						
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years			
CLASS R6 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	30.87%	13.91%	15.35%			
Return After Taxes on Distributions	29.95	10.42	13.01			
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	18.91	10.22	12.25			
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83			
RUSSELL 2000 GROWTH INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	28.48	9.34	13.01			

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	r	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Eytan Shapiro		2004	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Play	ford	2018	Managing Director

#### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan **Funds – Choosing a Share Class – Eligibility"** section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143. Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JRJUX; R3/JGAUX; R4/JGREX; R5/VSSCX; R6/VSSLX

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 **Management Fees** 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees 0.50 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.54 0.40 0.41 0.25 0.15 NONE Service Fees 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 Remainder of Other Expenses 0.29 0.15 0.16 0.15 0.15 Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** 1.30 1.06 0.90 0.80 1.69 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 (0.20)(0.06)(0.07)(0.10)(0.06)Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 0.99 0.74 1.49 1.24 0.80

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.49%, 1.24%, 0.99%, 0.80% and 0.74% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:					
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	152	513	899	1,981	
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	126	406	707	1,562	
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	101	330	578	1,288	
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	82	277	489	1,099	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	76	249	438	984	

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 102% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000 Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (continued)

Investment Process: The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000 Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions

in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not

fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

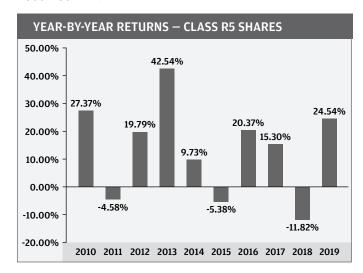
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000@Index. Class R6 Shares performance prior to their inception is based on Class R5 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares performance is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares have higher expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



4th quarter, 2011 17.09% **Best Quarter Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -24.62%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -13.60%.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.54%	7.60%	12.63%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	23.30	5.44	10.99
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.40	5.56	10.18
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.66	6.85	11.84
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	23.94	7.11	12.12
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.30	7.38	12.40
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	24.60	7.64	12.65
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,	25.52	0.00	11.00
Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

#### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2010	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares	
To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JSEZX; R3/JSEPX; R4/JSEQX; R5/JSERX; R6/VSENX

Currently, the Fund is publicly offered on a limited basis. (See "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING" in the prospectus for more information.)

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks capital growth over the long term.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value

or your investment	)				
	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule					
12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.34	0.36	0.19	0.09
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.09	0.11	0.09	0.09
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.53	1.25	1.02	0.85	0.75
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.05)	(0.01)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense					
Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.49	1.24	0.99	0.80	0.74

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.49%, 0.99% and 0.80% of the average daily net assets

of Class R2, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds for all Share Classes. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

# Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

# WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST **WOULD BE:**

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
	1 rear	3 rears	5 rears	10 16413
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	152	479	830	1,820
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	126	396	685	1,510
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	101	322	560	1,245
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	82	266	466	1,044
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	76	239	416	929

#### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 23% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the

# JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (continued)

companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as

changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades. embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

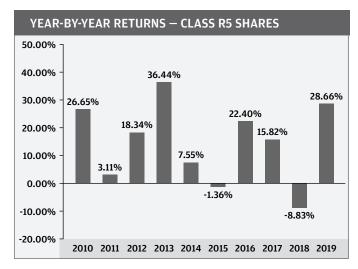
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. The performance in the table for Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R3 Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R3 Shares have different expenses than Class A Shares. The performance in the table for Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R4 Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class. R4 Shares have similar expenses to Class I Shares. The performance in the table for Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to the inception of the Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares. have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 4th quarter, 2011 16.02% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -18.41%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -5.58%.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (continued)

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)						
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years			
CLASS R5 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	28.66%	6 10.40%	14.04%			
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.30	8.97	12.49			
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	17.91	7.99	11.39			
CLASS R2 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	27.76	9.61	13.20			
CLASS R3 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	28.08	9.89	13.49			
CLASS R4 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	28.40	10.18	13.81			
CLASS R6 SHARES						
Return Before Taxes	28.72	10.45	14.06			
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX						
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,						
Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83			

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

#### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser		
Don San Jose	2007	Managing Director		
Daniel J. Percella	2014	Managing Director		

#### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares. For Class R6 Shares To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JSGZX; R3/JGRQX; R4/JGLYX; R5/JGSVX; R6/JGSMX

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily by investing in a portfolio of equity securities of small-capitalization and emerging growth companies.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

# **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES** (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value

of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule					
12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.21	0.11
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.11
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.53	1.30	1.05	0.87	0.77
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.03)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers					
and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.50	1.25	1.00	0.85	0.75

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.49%, 1.24%, 0.99%, 0.84% and 0.74% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market

funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

# WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST **WOULD BE:**

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	153	480	831	1,821
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	127	407	708	1,563
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	102	329	575	1,278
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	87	276	480	1,071
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	77	244	426	952

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 51% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the securities of small capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Growth Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the

# JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (continued)

companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund will invest primarily in common stocks. Typically, the Fund invests in securities of companies with a history of above-average growth, as well as companies expected to have above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve aboveaverage growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredict-

ably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Growth Investing Risk. Because growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks, growth stocks may trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

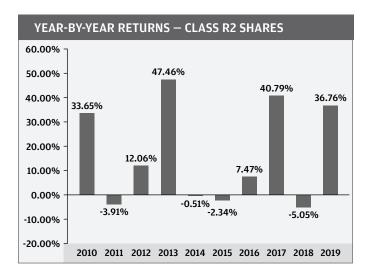
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R2 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Growth Index. The performance for Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of Class R3 Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The performance for the Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R4 Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R4 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The performance in the table for the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class L Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R5 Shares and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 Shares and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund (continued)



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 23.27% **Worst Ouarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -24.57%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 22.79%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)				
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years	
CLASS R6 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	37.86%	14.77%	15.86%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions	36.14	12.86	14.25	
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	23.62	11.39	12.96	
CLASS R2 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	36.76	13.92	15.02	
CLASS R3 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	37.09	14.20	15.29	
CLASS R4 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	37.54	14.48	15.59	
CLASS R5 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	37.70	14.66	15.76	
RUSSELL 2000 GROWTH INDEX				
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	28.48	9.34	13.01	

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax

returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Eytan Shapiro	2004	Managing Director
Felise Agranoff	2016	Managing Director
Matthew Cohen	2016	Managing Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial **Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

# Class/Ticker: R2/JSVZX; R3/JSVPX; R4/JSVQX; R5/JSVRX; R6/JSVUX

# What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily by investing in equity securities of small-capitalization companies.

#### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 **Management Fees** 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% 0.65% Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees 0.50 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.42 0.39 0.51 0.22 0.11 Service Fees NONE 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 Remainder of Other Expenses 0.17 0.14 0.26 0.12 0.11 Total Annual Fund 1.29 **Operating Expenses** 1.57 0.87 0.76 1.16 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 (0.08)(0.05)(0.17)NONE NONE Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers and/or Expense

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.49%, 1.24% and 0.99% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

1.24

0.99

0.87

0.76

1.49

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	152	488	848	1,861
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	126	404	703	1,552
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	101	352	622	1,394
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	89	278	482	1,073
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	78	243	422	942

#### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 42% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000@Value Index stocks at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$50 million to \$7.02 billion. In reviewing investment opportunities for the Fund, its adviser uses a value-oriented approach. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's equity investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest

Reimbursements1

incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result. which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

*Value Investing Risk.* A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in

# JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund (continued)

economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund, will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

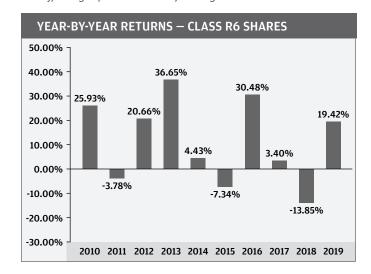
*Transactions Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Value Index. The performance for the Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The performance for the Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. Prior class performance for Class R3 and Class R4 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between classes. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated* performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 4th quarter, 2011 17.69% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -22.18%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -20.35%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	IS		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.42%	5.16%	10.37%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.61	3.52	9.20
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.74	3.89	8.44
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	18.53	4.37	9.61
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	18.84	4.64	9.88
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.09	4.88	10.15
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	19.28	5.04	10.28
RUSSELL 2000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,			
Expenses, or Taxes)	22.39	6.99	10.56

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2005	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares	
To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund

## (formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Mid Cap Fund)

Class/Ticker: R3/W000X; R4/W00QX; R6/W00SX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of companies with intermediate capitalizations.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

## ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R3	Class R4	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1)			
Fees	0.25	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.39	0.41	0.14
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.14	0.16	0.14
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.19	0.96	0.69
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.05)	(0.07)	(0.05)
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	1.14	0.89	0.64

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.14%, 0.89% and 0.64% of the average daily net assets of Class R3, Class R4 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/22, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

#### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/22 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST **WOULD BE:**

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	116	368	644	1,434
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	91	292	517	1,165
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	65	210	374	849

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 92% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of small- to mid-cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small- to mid-cap companies are generally considered to be those companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2500<sup>®</sup> Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2500® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$19.4 billion. The Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes are attractive based on certain characteristics, including valuation and momentum. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks. The Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest

incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process and seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks to invest the Fund's assets in companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in a company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity. The adviser will also seek to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issu-

ers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism. environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller and Mid-Sized Company Risk. Investments in smaller and mid-sized companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of such companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not

## JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (continued)

fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

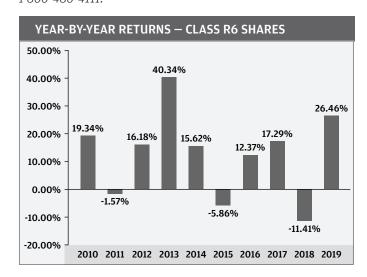
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell Midcap Index and the Russell 2500<sup>®</sup> Index. Effective 11/1/20, the Fund's investment strategies changed. The Fund's past performance would have been different if the Fund were managed using the current strategies. The performance for the Class R4 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the classes. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses. to Class I Shares. The performance for the Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R3 currently have similar expenses to Class A Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Ouarter** 1st quarter, 2013 14.61% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -20,95%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -6.14%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.46%	6.81%	11.90%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	23.28	4.18	10.07
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	17.89	4.88	9.57
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	25.92	6.32	11.51
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	26.15	6.58	11.78
RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX <sup>1</sup>			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	30.54	9.33	13.19
RUSSELL 2500 INDEX <sup>1</sup>			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	27.77	8.93	12.58

Effective 11/1/2020 the Fund's Benchmark changed from Russell Midcap Index to Russell 2500® Index because the adviser believes that the Russell 2500® Index is a more appropriate comparison in light of the Fund's new name and investement strategies, which were also adopted 11/1/2020.

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Managed the	Primary Title with
Fund Since	Investment Adviser
2020	Managing Director
2020	Managing Director
	Fund Since

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R3 and Class R4 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JUEZX; R3/JUEPX; R4/JUEQX; R5/JUSRX; R6/JUEMX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide high total return from a portfolio of selected equity securities.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 **Management Fees** 0.40% 0.40% 0.40% 0.40% 0.40% Distribution (Rule 0.50 12b-1) Fees 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.18 0.08 **Service Fees** 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 NONE Remainder of Other Expenses 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 Total Annual Fund 0.98 **Operating Expenses** 1.23 0.73 0.58 0.48 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements1 (0.04)(0.04)(0.04)(0.04)(0.04)Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.19%, 0.94%, 0.69%, 0.54% and 0.44% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

0.94

0.69

0.54

0.44

1.19

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:				
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	121	386	672	1,485
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	96	308	538	1,198
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	70	229	402	903
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	55	182	320	722
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	45	150	265	600

### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 84% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its strategy, the Fund primarily invests in common stocks of large- and medium-capitalization U.S. companies but it may also invest up to 20% of its Assets in common stocks of foreign companies, including depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depositary receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, the Fund focuses on those equity securities that it considers undervalued and seeks to outperform the S&P 500 through superior stock selection. By emphasizing undervalued equity securities, the Fund seeks to produce returns that exceed those of the S&P 500 Index. At the same time, by controlling the sector weightings of the Fund so they can differ only moderately from the sector weightings of

and/or Expense

Reimbursements1

the S&P 500 Index, the Fund seeks to limit its volatility to that of the overall market, as represented by this index. It will also look to identify companies that regularly pay dividends.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies. disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling them when they appear to be overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism. environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in

## JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund (continued)

response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Value Strategy Risk. An undervalued stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in foreign issuers are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, expropriation and nationalization risks, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of the Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio

securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity. derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

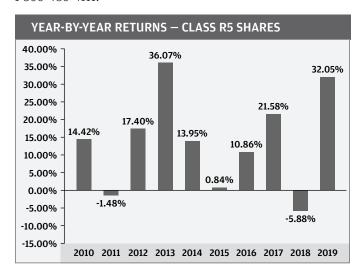
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index. The performance of Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R3 Shares have similar expenses to Class

A Shares. The performance of Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The performance of Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses to Class I Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is avail*able by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 14.56% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -15.31%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 11.36%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)				
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years	
CLASS R5 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	32.05%	11.05%	13.24%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions	29.08	8.81	11.42	
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	20.99	8.34	10.57	
CLASS R2 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	31.27	10.34	12.52	
CLASS R3 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	31.62	10.63	12.80	
CLASS R4 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	31.90	10.86	13.04	
CLASS R6 SHARES				
Return Before Taxes	32.28	11.15	13.32	

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

31.49

11.70

13.56

### Management

S&P 500 INDEX

Expenses, or Taxes)

(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Scott Davis	2014	Managing Director
David Small	2016	Managing Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

## JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund (continued)

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JLPZX; R5/JCPRX; R6/JLPYX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide a high total return from a portfolio of selected equity securities.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees <sup>1</sup>	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.50	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	1.19	1.01	0.91
Dividend and Interest Expense on Short Sales	0.82	0.82	0.82
Service Fees	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.12	0.09	0.09
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses Fee Waivers and/or	2.34	1.66	1.56
Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.07)	(0.04)	(0.04)
Total Annual Fund Operat- ing Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	2.27	1.62	1.52

- "Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.
- "Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.45%, 0.80% and 0.70% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SEL WOULD BE:	L YOUR	SHARE	S, YOUI	R COST
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	230	724	1,244	2,671
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	165	520	898	1,962
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	155	489	846	1,853

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate (including short sales) was 134% of the average value of its portfolio.

### What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of the Fund's Assets, which are expected to include both long and short positions, will consist of different U.S. securities, selected from a universe of publicly traded large capitalization securities with characteristics similar to those comprising the Russell 1000 and the S&P 500 Indices. The Fund takes long and short positions mainly in equity securities and derivatives on equity securities. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion.

"Plus" in the Fund's name refers to the additional return the Fund endeavors to add both relative to the S&P 500 Index as well as relative to traditional strategies which do not have the ability to sell stock short. Selling stock short allows the Fund to more fully exploit insights in stocks that the Fund's adviser expects to underperform, as well as enabling the Fund to establish additional long positions while keeping the Fund's net

# JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund (continued)

exposure to the market at a level similar to a traditional "longonly" strategy. Short sales involve the sale of a security which the fund does not own in expectation of purchasing the same security at a later date at a lower price. To make delivery to the buyer, the Fund must borrow the security, and the fund is obligated to return the security to the lender, which is accomplished by a later purchase of the security by the Fund. The Fund may also periodically short index futures in order to hedge its market exposure in instances when it is not preferable to enter into short positions on particular securities in the amount desired.

The Fund intends to maintain an approximate net 100% long exposure to the equity market (long market value minus short market value). However the long and short positions held by the Fund will vary in size as market opportunities change. The Fund's long positions and their equivalents will range between 90% and 150% of the value of the Fund's net assets. The Fund's short positions will range between 0% and 50% of the value of the Fund's net assets.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund currently intends to use swaps (including equity swaps) to establish its short equity positions, if any. The Fund may also use swaps to establish long equity positions, without owning or taking physical custody of securities. The payments received by the Fund under such swaps may be adjusted for transaction costs, interest payments, the amount of dividends paid on the investment or instrument or other factors. The Fund may also use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser buys and sells, as well as shorts and covers shorts in, equity securities and derivatives on those securities according to its own policies, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys and covers shorts in equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling or shorting them when they appear overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria such as:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreac-

The Fund's investment strategies may involve active and frequent trading resulting in high portfolio turnover.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades,

embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Short Selling Risk. The Fund will incur a loss as a result of a short sale or other short equity position if the price of the security sold short increases in value between the date of the short sale and the date on which the fund purchases the security to replace the borrowed security or is required to pay under the swap agreement. In addition, when the Fund engages in short sales, a lender may request, or market conditions may dictate, that securities sold short be returned to the lender on short notice, and the Fund may have to buy the securities sold short at an unfavorable price. If this occurs, any anticipated gain to the Fund may be reduced or eliminated or the short sale may result in a loss. The Fund's losses are potentially unlimited in a short sale transaction or other short equity position. Short sales or other short equity positions are speculative transactions and involve special risks, including greater reliance on the adviser's ability to accurately anticipate the future value of a security. Furthermore, taking short positions in securities results in a form of leverage which may cause the Fund to be more volatile.

Swap Agreement Risk. In addition to the risks associated with derivatives in general, the Fund will also be subject to risks related to swap agreements. The Fund may use swaps to establish both long and short positions in order to gain the desired exposure. Because certain swap agreements are not cleared and exchange-traded, but are private contracts into which the Fund and a swap counterparty enter as principals. the Fund may experience a loss or delay in recovering assets if

the counterparty defaults on its obligations. The Fund will segregate or earmark liquid assets at its custodian bank in an amount sufficient to cover its obligations under swap agree-

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in foreign issuers are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, expropriation and nationalization risks, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of the Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

## JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund (continued)

High Portfolio Turnover Risk. The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading leading to increased portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, and the possibility of increased capital gains, including short-term capital gains that will generally be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

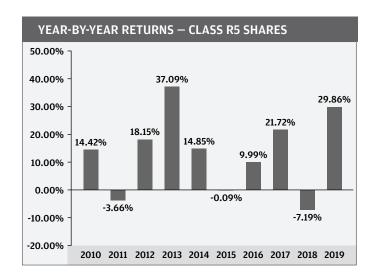
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices for securities held long (or appreciating prices of securities held short). Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index. The performance in the table for Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to the inception of the Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown for Class R5 Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance* information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 14.45% **Worst Ouarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -16.09%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 12.35%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	IS		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	29.86%	10.02%	12.70%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	23.51	6.82	10.51
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	21.62	7.48	10.20
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	29.05	9.28	11.93
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	30.00	10.07	12.72
S&P 500 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	13.56

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Susan Bao	2005	Managing Director
Steven G. Lee	2020	Managing Director

### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2 or Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares

\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors

\$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas Citv. MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

### **Tax Information**

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

## Class/Ticker: R6/JDEUX What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide a consistently high total return from a broadly diversified portfolio of equity securities with risk characteristics similar to the Standard and Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P 500 Index).

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value

of your investment)	
	Class R6
Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.09
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.09
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.34
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.09)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee	
Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	0.25

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.25% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## **Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SEL WOULD BE:	L YOUR	SHARE	S, YOUI	R COST
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	26	100	182	422

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 59% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies, "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing this strategy, the Fund primarily invests in the common stocks of U.S. companies in the S&P 500 Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap companies). The Fund may also invest in securities not included within the S&P 500 Index. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, the Fund modestly overweights equity securities that it considers undervalued or fairly valued while modestly underweighting or not holding equity securities that appear overvalued. By owning a large number of equity securities within the S&P 500 Index, with an emphasis on those that appear undervalued or fairly valued, the Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 500 Index over the long term with a modest level of volatility.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis.

Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- impact on the overall risk of the portfolio relative to the S&P 500 Index
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions

The adviser may sell a security as its valuations or rankings change or if more attractive investments become available.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk, and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the

Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

## JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund (continued)

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

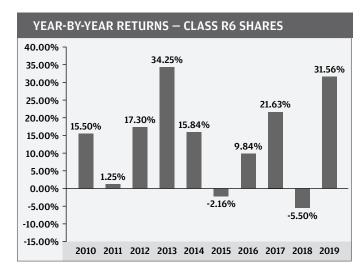
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past

ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance information is avail*able by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2019 13.37% **Worst Ouarter** 4th quarter, 2018 -13.92%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 7.42%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	5		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	31.56%	10.20%	13.24%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.95	8.40	11.54
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	20.74	7.68	10.49
S&P 500 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	13.56

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Raffaele Zingone	2002	Managing Director
Tim Snyder	2016	Executive Director

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible

investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan **Funds – Choosing a Share Class – Eligibility"** section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

• Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund

- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JSCZX; R3/JUSPX; R4/JUSQX; R5/JUSYX; R6/JUSMX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide high total return from a portfolio of small company stocks.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

### **ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES**

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Management Fees	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE
Other Expenses	0.39	0.36	0.38	0.21	0.11
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.14	0.11	0.13	0.11	0.11
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.49	1.21	0.98	0.81	0.71

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	152	471	813	1,779
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	123	384	665	1,466
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	100	312	542	1,201
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	83	259	450	1,002
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	73	227	395	883

## **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's

performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 52% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000® Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Smaller Company Risk. Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a

## JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund (continued)

derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

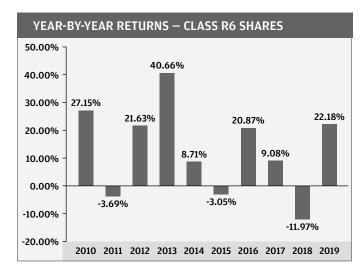
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. The performance of the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Fund's Class L Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares. The actual returns of Class R5 Shares would have been lower than those shown because R5 Shares have higher expenses than Class L Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares. The performance of the Class R2 and Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because R2 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown as

Class R3 Shares has similar expenses to Class A Shares. The performance in the table of the Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of the Class R4 Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown as Class R4 Shares has similar expenses to Class I Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



4th quarter, 2011 15.97% **Best Quarter Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -23.44%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -8.61%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	IS		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.18%	6.57%	12.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	21.95	5.22	11.15
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	13.30	4.87	9.86
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	21.24	5.75	11.31
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	21.61	6.03	11.54
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	21.96	6.29	11.83
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	22.08	6.46	12.01
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,			
Expenses, or Taxes)	25.52	8.23	11.83

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Phillip D. Hart	2010	Managing Director
Lindsey Houghton	2019	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director
Akash Gupta	2019	Executive Director

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares	
To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

## (formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund)

Class/Ticker: R6/JIIGX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital appreciation.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies, including affiliated money market funds, other mutual funds, exchange-traded funds and business development companies. The impact of Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses is included in the total returns of the Fund. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not direct costs of the Fund, are not used to calculate the Fund's net asset value per share and are not included in the calculation of the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Fund's prospectus.

## ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class R6
Management Fees	0.30%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	NONE
Other Expenses	0.56
Service Fees	NONE
Remainder of Other Expenses <sup>1</sup>	0.56
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses <sup>1</sup>	0.01
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.87
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>2</sup>	(0.53)
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>2</sup>	0.34

- "Remainder of Other Expenses" and "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses" are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.
- The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 0.34% of the average daily net assets of Class R6 Shares. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds for this Share Class. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:					
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	35	224	430	1,024	

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 99% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser's opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria, and have attractive value, quality and momentum characteristics. The adviser's sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser's subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, healthier products, impact on the community and human rights

Governance – companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public

The Fund defines value, quality and momentum characteristics as follows:

- Value attractive valuations to identify underappreciated
- Ouality companies with conservative management teams and high quality earnings
- Momentum companies which have improving business fundamentals and which the market views positively

The Fund primarily invests in large-cap and mid-cap common stocks, and under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in the equity securities of U.S. companies meeting the adviser's sustainability criteria. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. Because investing on the basis of sustainability/ ESG criteria involves qualitative and subjective analysis, there can be no assurance that the methodology utilized by, or determinations made by, the adviser will align with the beliefs or values of a particular investor.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

Investment Process: The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary analysis.

In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive value, quality and momentum characteristics. The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of

particular ESG and value, quality and momentum characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular time.

The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or

## JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund (continued)

expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk. The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

*Smaller Company Risk.* The Fund's risks increase as it invests in smaller companies (primarily mid cap companies). Smaller companies may be less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures contracts, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

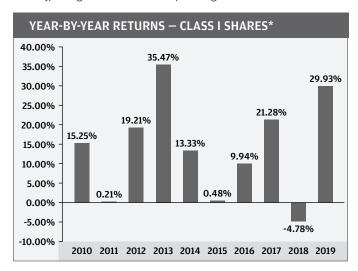
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Because Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 9/30/20, the bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class I Shares (which are not offered in the prospectus) has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the S&P 500 Index. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Effective 11/1/16 and subsequently effective 8/17/20, the Fund changed its investment strategies and certain investment policies. In view of these changes, the Fund's performance record prior to these periods might be less pertinent for investors considering whether to purchase shares of the Fund. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



The performance of Class R6 Shares would be substantially similar to the performance of Class I Shares because the Fund is invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses.

14.77% **Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -17.29%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was 7.69%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS I SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	29.93%	10.64%	13.36%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.70	9.33	12.59
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	19.13	8.27	11.12
S&P 500 INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees, Expenses, or Taxes)	31.49	11.70	13.56

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jason Alonzo	2005	Managing Director
Andrew Stern	2018	Executive Director
Wonseok Choi	2019	Managing Director
Jonathan Tse	2019	Executive Director

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Class R6 Shares

To establish an account

\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors

To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan **Funds – Choosing a Share Class – Eligibility"** section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas Citv. MO 64121-9143

## JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund (continued)

• After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

### **Tax Information**

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial **Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the

sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund

## (formerly, JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund)

Class/Ticker: R2/VGRTX; R3/JGAVX; R4/JGRUX; R5/VGIFX; R6/VGINX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide capital growth over the long-term.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)						
	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6	
Management Fees	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%	
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.50	0.25	NONE	NONE	NONE	
Other Expenses	1.08	0.38	0.37	4.80	0.13	
Service Fees	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	NONE	
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.83	0.13	0.12	4.70	0.13	
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waivers and/or	1.98	1.03	0.77	5.20	0.53	
Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	(0.79)	(0.09)	(0.08)	(4.66)	(0.09)	
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	1.19	0.94	0.69	0.54	0.44	

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.19%, 0.94%, 0.69%, 0.54% and 0.44% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the

Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:						
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years		
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	121	545	994	2,243		
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	96	319	560	1,251		
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	70	238	420	947		
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	55	1,139	2,219	4,900		
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	45	161	287	656		

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 22% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Assets in common stocks issued by U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund's adviser applies an active equity management style focused on identifying attractively valued securities given their growth potential over a long-term time horizon. The securities held by the Fund will predominantly be of companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 1000 Value Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap companies). As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$1,113.2 billion.

While common stocks are the Fund's primary investment, the Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs) and depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depository receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the

## JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund (continued)

extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser will emphasize companies which it believes are leaders within their sectors. The adviser will also emphasize companies it believes have attractive valuations and low price-to-cash flows ratios. Some but not all of the companies may regularly pay dividends. The adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser's analysis includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser looks for undervalued companies with durable franchises, strong management and the ability to grow their intrinsic value per share. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

#### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Value Strategy Risk. An undervalued stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests principally in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's securities are out of favor.

Mid Cap Company Risk. Investments in mid cap companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other equity securities, especially over the short term.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Foreign Securities Risk. To the extent that the Fund invests in depositary receipts, such investments are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments. expropriation and nationalization risks, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of the Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may

alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

*Industry and Sector Focus Risk.* At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

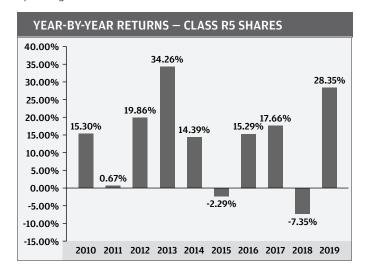
You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R5 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 1000 Value Index. The performance for the Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares are based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R4. Class R5. and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those

## JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund (continued)

shown because Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The performance in the table for Class R2 and Class R3 Shares are based on the performance of Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R2 and Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 and Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. *Updated performance* information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Quarter** 1st quarter, 2012 13.81% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -15.33%

The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -9.59%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (For periods ended December 31, 2019)	S		
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
CLASS R5 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.35%	9.53%	12.91%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.24	8.10	11.97
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	17.50	7.27	10.63
CLASS R2 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.51	8.88	12.42
CLASS R3 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	27.82	9.11	12.54
CLASS R4 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.15	9.37	12.83
CLASS R6 SHARES			
Return Before Taxes	28.48	9.60	12.95
RUSSELL 1000 VALUE INDEX			
(Reflects No Deduction for Fees,			
Expenses, or Taxes)	26.54	8.29	11.80

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R5 Shares, and after-tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Clare Hart	2004	Managing Director
Andrew Brandon	2019	Managing Director
David Silberman	2019	Managing Director

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For C	lass	R6	S	har	es
-------	------	----	---	-----	----

\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts To establish an account \$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors \$15,000,000 for Other Investors To add to an account No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds - Choosing a Share Class - Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund

## Class/Ticker: R2/JGAQX; R3/JVAPX; R4/JVAQX; R5/JVARX; R6/JVAYX

## What is the goal of the Fund?

The Fund seeks to provide long-term total return from a combination of income and capital gains.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund.

#### ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) Class R2 Class R3 Class R4 Class R5 Class R6 Management Fees1 0.55% 0.55% 0.55% 0.55% 0.55% Distribution (Rule 0.50 12b-1) Fees 0.25 NONE NONE NONE Other Expenses 0.49 0.37 0.34 0.19 0.09 Service Fees NONE 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 Remainder of Other Expenses<sup>2</sup> 0.24 0.12 0.09 0.09 0.09 Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** 1.17 0.89 0.74 1.54 0.64 Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements<sup>3</sup> (0.15)(0.03)NONE NONE NONE Total Annual Fund **Operating Expenses** after Fee Waivers and/or Expense

"Management Fees" has been restated to reflect current fees.

1.39

Reimbursements<sup>3</sup>

"Remainder of Other Expenses" has been calculated based on the actual other expenses incurred in the most recent fiscal year.

1.14

0.89

0.74

0.64

The Fund's adviser and/or its affiliates have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses other than certain money market fund fees as described below, dividend and interest expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, expenses related to trustee elections, and extraordinary expenses) exceed 1.39%, 1.14%, 0.89%, 0.74% and 0.64% of the average daily net assets of Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively. The Fund may invest in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates (affiliated money market funds). The Fund's adviser, shareholder servicing agent and/or administrator have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses in an amount sufficient to offset the respective net fees each collects from the affiliated money market funds on the Fund's investment in such money market funds. These waivers are in effect through 10/31/21, at which time it will be determined whether such waivers will be renewed or revised. To the extent that the Fund engages in securities lending, affiliated money market fund fees and expenses resulting from the Fund's investment of cash received from securities lending borrowers are not included in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses and therefore, the above waivers do not apply to such investments.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 10/31/21 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:					
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
CLASS R2 SHARES (\$)	142	472	825	1,822	
CLASS R3 SHARES (\$)	116	369	641	1,418	
CLASS R4 SHARES (\$)	91	284	493	1,096	
CLASS R5 SHARES (\$)	76	237	411	918	
CLASS R6 SHARES (\$)	65	205	357	798	

### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 29% of the average value of its portfolio.

## What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large-capitalization companies. Equity securities in which the Fund primarily invests include common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser's aim is to identify undervalued companies that have the potential to grow their intrinsic values per share and to purchase these companies at a

discount. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular instruments or markets are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this Prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

The Fund is subject to the main risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and ability to meet its investment objective.

Equity Market Risk. The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. When the value of the Fund's securities goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control

programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate preexisting political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Large Cap Company Risk. Because the Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when the Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

Smaller Company Risk. Because the Fund may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations, the Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies). Investments in smaller companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investment in larger, more established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. As a result, the share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of other securities, especially over the short term. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Value Investing Risk. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The Fund's investments in real estate securities, including REITs, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages, and their value will depend on the value of the underlying real estate interests. These risks include default, prepayments, changes in value resulting from changes in interest rates and demand for real and rental property, and the management skill and creditworthiness of REIT issuers. The Fund will indirectly bear its

## JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund (continued)

proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives, including futures, may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase the volatility of the Fund. Derivatives may be sensitive to changes in economic and market conditions and may create leverage, which could result in losses that significantly exceed the Fund's original investment. The Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Certain derivatives expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations (and includes credit risk associated with the counterparty). Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, the Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the security or other risk being hedged. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose the Fund to risks of mispricing or improper valuation.

Industry and Sector Focus Risk. At times the Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that the Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, its shares' values may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

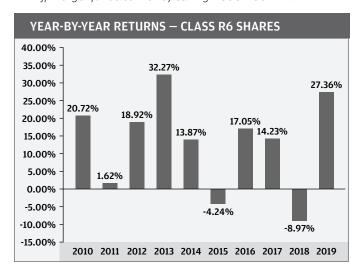
Transactions Risk. The Fund could experience a loss and its liquidity may be negatively impacted when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

You could lose money investing in the Fund.

#### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Class R6 Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns for the past one year, five years and ten years. The table compares the Fund's performance to the performance of the Russell 3000° Value Index. The performance for the Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of Class R3 Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R3 Shares have similar expense to Class A Shares. The performance for the Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of Class R4 Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses to Class I Shares. The performance for the Class R5 and R6 Shares is based on the performance of the Class L Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to the inception of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares. The actual returns for Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different to those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses to Class L Shares. The performance for the Class R2 Shares is based on the performance of the Class A Shares prior to the inception of Class R2 Shares. The actual returns for Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 Shares. have higher expenses than Class A Shares. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how any class of the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com or by calling 1-800-480-4111.



**Best Ouarter** 4th quarter, 2011 13.41% **Worst Quarter** 3rd quarter, 2011 -14.76% The Fund's year-to-date total return through 9/30/20 was -17.86%.

#### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2019) Past Past Past 10 Years 1 Year 5 Years CLASS R6 SHARES Return Before Taxes 27.36% 8.22% 12.55% Return After Taxes on Distributions 26.12 7.35 11.82 Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares 17.07 6.37 10.38 CLASS R2 SHARES Return Before Taxes 26.39 7.41 11.72 **CLASS R3 SHARES** Return Before Taxes 26.70 7.67 11.99 **CLASS R4 SHARES** Return Before Taxes 7.95 12.27 27.05 **CLASS R5 SHARES** Return Before Taxes 27.23 8.15 12.52 **RUSSELL 3000 VALUE INDEX** (Reflects No Deduction for Fees,

After-tax returns are shown only for the Class R6 Shares, and after tax returns for the other classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

26.26

8.20

11.71

### Management

Expenses, or Taxes)

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (the adviser)

Portfolio Manager	Managed the Fund Since	Primary Title with Investment Adviser
Jonathan K.L. Simon	2005	Managing Director
Lawrence E. Playford	2005	Managing Director
Graham Spence	2020	Executive Director

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

There are no minimum or maximum purchase requirements with respect to Class R2, Class R3, Class R4 and Class R5 Shares.

For Class R6 Shares	
To establish an account	\$5,000,000 for Discretionary Accounts
	\$5,000,000 for Institutional Investors
	\$15,000,000 for Other Investors
To add to an account	No minimum levels

There is no investment minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors, as described in the "Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds — Choosing a Share Class — Eligibility" section.

In general, you may purchase or redeem shares on any business day:

- Through your Financial Intermediary or the eligible retirement plan or college savings plan through which you invest in the Fund
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Funds Services at 1-800-480-4111

#### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in a 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## More About the Funds

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS' INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

### Each of the Funds

Each Fund (except for Diversified Fund) will invest primarily in equity securities as described below. The Diversified Fund will invest at least 50% of its assets in equity securities. Each Fund invests in **common stock** as a main strategy. Although not a main strategy, a Fund's investment in equity securities may also include:

- preferred stock
- convertible securities
- trust or partnership interests
- warrants and rights to buy common stock
- equity securities purchased in initial public offerings
- master limited partnerships.

All of these securities may be included as equity securities for the purpose of calculating a Fund's 80% policy.

The following investments may be part of a Fund's main investment strategies:

- real estate investment trusts (REITs) which are pooled vehicles which invest primarily in income-producing real estate or loans related to real estate
- foreign securities, often in the form of depositary receipts
- derivatives, including futures contracts, options and swaps. In connection with its main investment strategies, a Fund may use futures to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash position. Each Fund is also permitted to use derivatives such as futures, options and swaps in order to hedge various investments, for risk management and to opportunistically enhance the Fund's returns. Under certain market conditions, a Fund's use of derivatives for cash management or other investment management purposes could be significant.

Although not main strategies, the Funds may also utilize the following, some of which may be equity securities:

- other investment companies
  - exchange-traded funds (ETFs)
  - · affiliated money market funds
- · securities lending.

ETFs, which are pooled investment vehicles whose ownership interests are purchased and sold on a securities exchange, may be passively or actively managed. Passively managed ETFs generally seek to track the performance of a particular market index, including broad-based market indexes, as well as indexes relating to particular sectors, markets, regions or industries. Actively managed ETFs do not seek to track the performance of a particular market index. Ordinarily, a Fund must limit its investments in a single nonaffiliated ETF to 5% of its total assets and in all non-affiliated ETFs to 10% of its total assets. The Securities and Exchange Commission has issued exemptive orders to many ETFs that currently allow any fund investing in such ETFs to disregard these 5% and 10% limitations, subject to certain conditions. If a Fund invests in ETFs that have received such exemptive orders, it may invest any amount of its total assets in a single ETF or in multiple ETFs. ETFs that are not structured as investment companies as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 are not subject to these percentage limitations. The price movement of an index-based ETF may not track the underlying index and may result in a loss. In addition, ETFs may trade at a price above (premium) or below (discount) their net asset value, especially during periods of significant market volatility or stress, causing investors to pay significantly more or less than the value of the ETF's underlying portfolio.

The Funds will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in their 80% investment policies as described

The frequency with which each Fund buys and sells securities will vary from year to year, depending on market conditions.

### **FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES**

An investment objective is fundamental if it cannot be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund. The investment objectives for Equity Income Fund, Large Cap Growth Fund, Large Cap Value Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund are fundamental. The investment objectives for the remaining Funds can be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of that Fund.

Securities Lending. Each Fund may engage in securities lending to increase its income. Securities lending involves the lending of securities owned by a Fund to financial institutions such as certain broker-dealers in exchange for cash collateral. The Fund will invest cash collateral in one or more money market funds advised by the adviser or its affiliates and from which the adviser or its affiliates may receive fees. During the term of the loan, the Fund is entitled to receive amounts equivalent to distributions paid on the loaned securities as well as the return on the cash collateral investments. Upon termination of the loan, the Fund is required to return the cash collateral to the borrower plus any agreed upon rebate. Cash collateral investments will be subject to market depreciation or appreciation, and a Fund will be responsible for any loss that might result from its investment of cash collateral. If the adviser determines to make securities loans, the value of the securities loaned may not exceed 331/3% of the value of total assets of a Fund. Loan collateral (including any investment of that collateral) is not subject to the percentage limitations regarding a Fund's investments described elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### **Diversified Fund**

Drawing on a variety of analytical tools, the Fund's adviser typically seeks to invest the Fund's assets among various types of asset classes based on the following allocations:

- 35%-80% equity securities
- 15%-65% fixed income securities
- 0%-10% convertible securities

The Fund invests in separate underlying strategies by investing directly in individual securities and/or in other J.P. Morgan Funds. across asset classes, including: U.S. equity and developed international equity across market capitalizations, emerging markets equity, domestic and foreign fixed income, high yield fixed income, emerging markets debt, and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

The adviser may periodically increase or decrease the Fund's actual asset allocations according to the relative attractiveness of each asset class.

Within its equity allocations, the Fund primarily invests in the common stock of U.S. and foreign companies, REITs and J.P. Morgan equity funds. In this context, a J.P. Morgan fund will be considered an equity fund if its prospectus discloses that the fund invests primarily in equity securities, including REITs.

Within its fixed income allocations, the Fund primarily invests in corporate bonds, asset-backed, mortgage-related, and mortgagebacked securities, U.S. and foreign government securities, loan assignments and participations (Loans) and commitments to purchase loan assignments, emerging market debt and J.P. Morgan fixed income funds. In this context, a J.P. Morgan fund will be considered a fixed income fund if its prospectus discloses that the fund invests primarily in fixed income securities.

The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any credit quality but may only invest up to 25% of its total assets in certain below investment grade securities (also known as high yield securities or junk bonds). This limit on below investment grade securities will include all investments held either directly by the Fund or in J.P. Morgan funds held by the Fund which invest primarily in below investment grade securities (as disclosed in the underlying fund's prospectus). In addition, the Fund may invest in J.P. Morgan fixed income funds that may invest in fixed income securities of various credit qualities, including at times below investment grade securities, in order to expose the Fund to certain asset classes, such as emerging market debt. The remainder of the fixed income allocation will be invested directly in securities that, at the time of purchase are rated investment grade by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization or in securities that are unrated but are deemed by the Fund's adviser to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any average weighted maturity or duration.

The Fund may invest up to 30% of its total assets in shares of other J.P. Morgan equity or fixed income funds (collectively, J.P. Morgan Funds) in order to expose the Fund to certain asset classes. These include both mutual funds and exchange-traded funds (ETFs) managed by the adviser or its affiliates. As a main investment strategy, the adviser expects to select only J.P. Morgan Funds without considering or canvassing the universe of unaffiliated underlying funds available even though there may (or may not) be one or more unaffiliated underlying funds that investors might regard are more attractive for the Fund or that have superior returns.

The Fund may also invest up to 10% of its assets in convertible securities.

In addition to direct investments in securities, derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument. exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. With respect to its fixed income allocations, the Fund may use futures contracts to manage and hedge interest rate risk associated with these investments, as well as to lengthen or shorten the duration of this portion of the portfolio. With respect to its equity and fixed income allocations, the Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to all or a portion of the stock or fixed income markets, respectively and for cash management. The Fund may use forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge or manage its foreign currency risk, as well as to gain exposure to certain currencies.

Although the Fund will generally maintain its assets within the allocations above, the Fund may hold cash or cash equivalents for various purposes, including in connection with segregation for derivatives transactions, as collateral for derivatives transactions or for temporary defensive purposes.

The adviser establishes the strategic and tactical allocation for the Fund and makes the day-to-day decisions concerning strategies and overall construction of the Fund. As attractive investments arise across asset classes and strategies, the adviser attempts to capture these opportunities by allocating the Fund's assets among strategies and asset classes within pre-defined ranges. The adviser seeks to assess the risks presented by certain environmental, social and governance factors. The adviser will assess how ESG risks are considered within an active underlying fund's/manager's investment process and how the active underlying fund/manager defines and mitigates material ESG risks. Although these particular risks are considered, underlying funds and securities of issuers presenting such risks may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

Investment decisions within strategies and asset classes are implemented either by the portfolio managers of the Fund's underlying strategies who select individual securities for the Fund or with the Fund's purchase of other J.P. Morgan Funds.

The frequency with which the Fund buys and sells underlying investments will vary from year to year, depending on, but not limited to: market conditions, performance of the underlying investments, and changes in the adviser's investment views.

Although not part of its principal investment strategy, the Fund may invest in structured investments, including equity-linked notes (ELNs). Structured investments are securities having a return tied to an underlying index or other security or asset class. ELNs are structured as notes that are issued by counterparties, including banks, broker-dealers or their affiliates, and that are designed to offer a return linked to the underlying instruments within the ELN.

The Fund is exposed to the risks summarized in "More About the Funds" through both its direct investments and its investments in underlying Funds.

### **Equity Focus Fund**

The Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to pro-actively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The Fund invests in a limited number of U.S. equity securities, generally not more than 40. In choosing securities, the Fund seeks to invest in companies with one or more of the following characteristics:

- A durable franchise
- A sustainable competitive position relative to its peers
- Δ market leader
- A strong management team focused on increasing shareholder value
- A strong balance sheet.

The size of the allocation of the Fund to growth and value securities will vary based on market conditions, and the convictions of the adviser each ranging from 35% to 65% of the equity investments in the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund typically invests in equity securities with market capitalizations of \$1 billion or more. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs), but it may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in common stocks of foreign companies, including depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depository receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

If the Fund's portfolio managers cannot find attractive investments, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in cash and cash equivalents until appropriate investments are identified.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio managers employ a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection.

In selecting growth stocks, the adviser focuses on companies whose revenue growth potential is underappreciated by investors, specifically looking for companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. These companies have one or more of the following characteristics:

• A favorable supply/demand imbalance for the company's product or service

- Underappreciated growth opportunities
- Differentiated business model
- Ability to gain market share
- Growth opportunities in emerging industries or those that emerge from industry changes

In selecting value stocks, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and which appear to be undervalued and have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security due to a change in the company's fundamentals or a change in the original reason for purchase of an investment, or if the adviser no longer considers the security to be attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if a portfolio manager identifies a stock that he believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund's assets between growth and value securities.

## **Equity Income Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the equity securities of corporations that regularly pay dividends, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stock convertible to common stock. Although the Fund invests primarily in securities of large cap companies, it may invest in equity investments of companies across all market capitalizations. In implementing this strategy, the Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITs). "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund employs a fundamental bottom-up stock selection process to invest in common stock of corporations that regularly pay dividends and have favorable long-term fundamental characteristics. Because yield is a key consideration in selecting securities, the Fund may purchase stocks of companies that are out of favor in the financial community and, therefore, are selling below what the Fund's adviser believes to be their long-term investment value. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with durable franchises, strong management and the ability to grow their intrinsic value per share. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### **Equity Index Fund**

The Fund invests in stocks included in the S&P 500 Index1 and also may invest in stock index futures. The Fund's adviser attempts to track the aggregate price and dividend performance of securities in the S&P 500 Index to achieve a correlation of at least 0.95 between the performance of the Fund and that of the index without taking into account the Fund's expenses. Perfect correlation would be 1.00.

The percentage of a stock that the Fund holds will be approximately the same percentage that the stock represents in the S&P 500 Index. The adviser generally picks stocks in the order of their weightings in the S&P 500 Index, starting with the heaviest weighted stock. The Fund may acquire, hold and dispose of the common stock of JPMorgan Chase & Co. for the sole purpose of maintaining conformity with the S&P 500 Index on which the Fund is based and measured. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the

<sup>&</sup>quot;S&P 500" is a registered service mark of Standard & Poor's Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund.

Fund's Assets will be invested in stocks of companies included in the index or indices identified by the Fund and in derivative instruments that provide exposure to stocks of such companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalization of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

### **Equity Premium Income Fund**

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek current income while maintaining prospects for capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to provide the majority of the returns associated with the Fund's primary benchmark, the Standard & Poor's 500 Total Return Index (S&P 500 Index), while exposing investors to less risk through lower volatility and still offering incremental income. The Fund does this by creating a portfolio of equity securities with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index and also investing in ELNs. The Fund is managed in a way that seeks, under normal circumstances, to provide monthly distributions at a relatively stable level. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities. "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In calculating the Fund's 80% Policy, the Fund's equity investments will include common stocks and ELNs, as well as other equity securities.

In implementing the Fund's strategy, the Fund invests significantly in the equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500 Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap companies). The Fund may also invest in other equity securities not included in the S&P 500 Index. The Fund seeks to create a portfolio with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index. Volatility is one way to measure risk and refers to the variability of the Fund's or the market's returns. If the Fund is successful in providing lower volatility, then the value of the Fund's portfolio will fluctuate less than the S&P 500 Index over a full market cycle (typically, a 3-5 year time horizon). The Fund may receive income to the extent it invests in equity securities of corporations that pay dividends; however securities are not selected based on anticipated dividend payments.

In order to generate income, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in ELNs. ELNs are structured as notes that are issued by counterparties, including banks, broker-dealers or their affiliates, and that are designed to offer a return linked to the underlying instruments within the ELN. ELNs in which the Fund invests are derivative instruments that are specially designed to combine the economic characteristics of the S&P 500 Index and written call options in a single note form. The ELNs provide recurring cash flow to the Fund based on the premiums from the call options the ELNs write and are an important source of the Fund's return. The ELNs will be included as equity securities for purpose of calculating the 80% Policy. Investing in ELNs may reduce the Fund's volatility because the income from the ELNs would reduce potential losses incurred by the Fund's equity portfolio. However, because of the call options written within an ELN, the investment would also reduce the Fund's ability to fully profit from potential increases in the value of its equity portfolio.

Investment Process: In managing the equity portion of the Fund's portfolio the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The research findings allow the adviser to rank companies according to what it believes to be their relative value. The greater a company's estimated worth compared to the current market price of its stock, the more undervalued the company. The adviser's valuation rankings are produced with the help of a variety of models that quantify the research team's findings. After company securities are ranked, the adviser seeks to create a portfolio with a lower volatility level than the S&P 500 Index. As a part of the research step of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The Fund buys and sells securities (stock selection) in accordance with its investment policies, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser selects securities that are identified as attractive and considers selling them when they appear less attractive. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria including:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- impact on the overall risk of the portfolio
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by market overreactions

### **Additional Investment Strategies**

The Fund may also seek to enhance income and reduce volatility by writing exchange-traded call options. The options may be traded based on the S&P 500 Index or on exchange-traded funds (ETFs) that replicate the S&P 500 Index.

Writing call options may reduce the Fund's volatility because the premiums received from selling options will reduce some losses on the underlying securities. The call options also provide recurring cash flow and are a source of the Fund's return. However, they also reduce the Fund's ability to fully profit from increases in the value of its equity portfolio.

The Fund may also use futures contracts. ETFs and/or exchange-traded index options to gain targeted equity exposure from its cash. positions. The use of these instruments will allow the Fund to gain equity exposure in a more liquid manner than buying equity securities directly.

The Fund may invest in ETFs and/or affiliated money market funds. ETFs are pooled investment vehicles whose ownership interests are purchased and sold on a securities exchange. ETFs may be passively or actively managed. Passively managed ETFs generally seek to track the performance of a particular market index, including broad-based market indexes, as well as indexes relating to particular sectors, markets, regions or industries. Actively managed ETFs do not seek to track the performance of a particular market index.

The Fund is also permitted to use derivatives such as futures, options and swaps in order to hedge various investments, for risk management and to opportunistically enhance the Fund's returns. Under certain market conditions, the Fund's use of derivatives for cash management or other investment management purposes could be significant.

The Fund may utilize these investment strategies to a greater or lesser degree. If a strategy is a main investment strategy for the Fund, it is summarized in the Fund's Risk/Return Summary.

The frequency with which the Fund buys and sells securities will vary from year to year, depending on market conditions.

The Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in its 80% investment policy as described in the Fund's Risk/Return Summary.

## **Growth Advantage Fund**

The Fund will invest primarily in common stocks of companies across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large capitalization companies.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund invests in companies that the adviser believes have strong earnings growth potential. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

## **Hedged Equity Fund**

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation through participation in the broad equity markets while hedging overall market exposure relative to traditional long-only equity strategies.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities. "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy to invest in these equity securities, which primarily consist of common stocks of large capitalization U.S. companies. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 500 Index, its primary benchmark, are included in the Fund, and the Fund's position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. The Fund will also systematically purchase and sell exchange traded put options and sell exchange traded call options, employing an option overlay known as a "Put/Spread Collar" strategy. The

options may be based on the S&P 500 Index or on exchange-traded funds (ETFs) that replicate the S&P 500 Index (S&P 500 ETFs). The combination of the diversified portfolio of equity securities, the downside protection from index put options and the income from the index call options is intended to provide the Fund with a portion of the returns associated with equity market investments while exposing investors to less risk than traditional long-only equity strategies. Specifically, the Fund seeks to provide a competitive risk adjusted return over a full market cycle (defined as three to five years) relative to the S&P 500 Index with lower volatility than traditional long-only equity strategies.

The Fund's investments in equity securities will be primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the S&P 500 Index. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalization of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, however, the Fund modestly overweights equity securities that it considers undervalued or fairly valued while modestly underweighting or not holding equity securities that appear overvalued. Because each stock's weighting in the Fund is controlled relative to that stock's weight in the S&P 500 Index, the Fund's weighted average market capitalization will be close to that of the S&P 500 Index.

The Fund constructs a Put/Spread Collar by buying a put option on the S&P 500 Index at a higher strike price and writing (or selling) a put option on the same index at a relatively lower strike price, resulting in what is known as a put option spread, while simultaneously selling a S&P 500 Index call option. The Fund may need to construct additional Put/Spread Collars if the size of the Fund increases, either through purchases or appreciation. The Fund's options overlay strategy is intended to provide the Fund with downside protection, while foregoing some upside potential. A put option spread seeks to protect the Fund against a decline in price, but only to the extent of the difference between the strike prices of the put option purchased and the put option sold. Entering into put option spreads is typically less expensive than a strategy of only purchasing put options and may benefit the Fund in a flat to upwardly moving market by reducing the cost of the downside protection; the downside protection of the put option spread, however, is limited as compared to just owning a put option. The premiums received from writing index call options are intended to provide income which substantially offsets the cost of the put option spread, but writing the options also reduces the Fund's ability to profit from increases in the value of its equity portfolio because in rising markets the call option will be exercised once the market price rises to the option's strike price. While the Fund typically constructs the Put/Spread Collar utilizing index options, it may also construct the Put/Spread Collar utilizing options on S&P 500 ETFs.

Options positions are marked to market daily. The value of options is affected by changes in the value and dividend rates of the securities represented in the S&P 500 Index underlying the option, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual or perceived volatility of the S&P 500 Index and the remaining time to the options' expiration, as well as trading conditions in the options market.

In addition to the use of the Put/Spread Collar strategy described above, the Fund may use future contracts, primarily futures on indexes, to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions and to hedge the Fund's portfolio if it is unable to purchase or write the necessary options for its overlay strategy.

The Fund is also permitted to use other derivatives such as futures, options and swaps in order to hedge various investments, for risk management and to opportunistically enhance the Fund's returns. Under certain market conditions, the Fund's use of other derivatives for cash management or other investment management purposes could be significant.

Investment Process – Enhanced Index: To implement the enhanced index strategy, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as attractive and considers selling them when they appear less attractive tive based on the Fund's process. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- impact on the overall risk of the portfolio relative to the S&P 500 Index
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions.

Investment Process – Options Overlay Strategy: To implement the Put/Spread Collar strategy, the adviser utilizes exchange traded equity options based either on the S&P 500 Index or on S&P 500 ETFs. The Put/Spread Collar is constructed by buying a put option at a higher strike price while writing a put option at a relatively lower strike price and simultaneously selling a call option that substantially offsets the cost of the put option spread. The Put/Spread Collar strategy is an actively managed process and is designed to provide a continuous market hedge for the portfolio. The put option spread is generally maintained at a level whereby the Fund is protected from a decrease in the market of five to twenty percent. The options are systematically reset on at least a quarterly basis to better capitalize on current market conditions and opportunities while seeking to provide predictable returns in all market cycles.

## Intrepid Growth Fund **Intrepid Value Fund**

Under normal circumstances, each Fund invests at least 80% of their Assets in equity investments of large and mid capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Each Fund generally defines large capitalization companies as those with a market capitalization over \$10 billion at the time of purchase, and mid capitalization companies as those with market capitalization between \$1 billion and \$10 billion at the time of purchase.

In implementing its main strategies, each Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes have characteristics such as attractive valuations, high quality and/or strong momentum that should lead to relative outperformance. Generally these will be equity securities of companies within the Fund's Index (the Russell 1000 Growth Index for Intrepid Growth Fund and the Russell 1000 Value Index for the Intrepid Value Fund). In implementing this strategy, each Fund invests primarily in common stock and real estate investment trusts (REITS).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which a Fund can invest. Each Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: Each Fund has an actively managed strategy that employs an investment process based on behavioral finance principles. Behavioral finance theorizes that investors behave irrationally in systematic and predictable ways because human psychology affects investment decision-making. This investor behavior results in market inefficiencies that persist over time. Each Fund seeks to capitalize on these market anomalies through a disciplined and dispassionate investment process. In identifying high quality securities, the adviser looks for profitable companies with sustainable earnings and disciplined management. In identifying securities that have strong momentum, the adviser looks for securities which have prices and/or earnings that have been increasing and that the adviser believes will continue to increase. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by each

Each Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

### **Large Cap Growth Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the equity securities of large, well-established companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Large, well-established companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 1000° Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. Typically, in implementing its strategy, the Fund invests in common stocks of companies with a history of above-average growth or companies expected to enter periods of above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up approach (focusing on the characteristics of individual securities) that seeks to identify companies with positive price momentum and attractive fundamentals. The adviser seeks structural disconnects which allow businesses to exceed market expectations. These disconnects may result from: demographic/cultural changes, technological advancements and/or regulatory changes. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure

and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the original investment thesis, if market expectations exceed the company's potential to deliver and/or due to balance sheet deterioration. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### **Large Cap Value Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of large companies, including common stocks, and debt and preferred stocks which are convertible to common stock. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Large companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 1000° Value Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$1,113.2 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: The Fund's adviser invests in companies whose securities are, in the adviser's opinion, undervalued when purchased but which have the potential to increase their intrinsic value per share. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects over a period as long as five years, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each industry group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling them when they appear overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by market overreactions.

The Fund's investment strategies may involve active and frequent trading resulting in high portfolio turnover.

### **Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will hold at least 80% of its Assets in stocks in the S&P 1000 Index<sup>1</sup>. The S&P 1000 Index is a market capitalization weighted combination of the S&P SmallCap 600<sup>1</sup> and S&P MidCap 400<sup>1</sup> Indexes. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The S&P 1000 Index is an index which includes stocks of small- and mid-capitalization companies. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 1000 Index ranged from \$90 million to \$13.3 billion. These securities trade on national exchanges, as well as over-the-counter as part of the National Market System. Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, not all of the stocks in the S&P 1000 Index are included in the Fund, and the Fund's position in an individual stock may be overweighted or underweighted when compared to the index. In addition, the Fund may modestly overweight or underweight the sectors and industries within the index. The Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 1000 Index over the long term with a modest divergence to the benchmark. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;S&P 1000 Index," "S&P SmallCap 600" and "S&P MidCap 400" are registered service marks of Standard & Poor's Corporation, which does not sponsor and is in no way affiliated with the Fund.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund uses an enhanced index strategy that seeks to provide investment results that correspond to or incrementally exceed the total return performance of the S&P 1000 Index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks S&P 1000 Index stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency within constraints on sector and industry weights and position sizes. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer included in the S&P 1000 Index.

## Mid Cap Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Index securities at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap® Index securities at the time of purchase. sell Midcap Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the portfolio management team employs an investment process that seeks to identify both growth and value securities for the Fund. The team seeks to identify companies with leading competitive positions, talented management teams and durable business models. In addition, the team will invest in companies that it believes either have the capacity to achieve a sustainable level of above average growth or have sustainable free cash flow generation with management committed to increasing shareholder value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### Mid Cap Growth Fund

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of mid cap companies, including common stocks and debt securities and preferred stocks that are convertible to common stocks. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks of mid cap companies which the Fund's adviser believes are capable of achieving sustained growth. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$52.9 billion.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable

growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### Mid Cap Value Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of mid cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Mid cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap Value Index and/or between \$1 billion and \$20 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell Midcap Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$38.6 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser looks for quality companies, which appear to be undervalued and to have the potential to grow intrinsic value per share. Quality companies generally have a sustainable competitive position, relatively lower levels of business cyclicality, high returns on invested capital and strong experienced management teams. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### **Small Cap Blend Fund**

The Fund is a small cap equity portfolio which is normally managed as a core portfolio, but which has the ability to proactively invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser. The portfolio managers will consider various factors when making overall allocation decisions for the Fund, including the relative attractiveness of growth and value securities and the relative valuations and fundamentals of companies in the small cap growth and value universes. Based on these considerations, the size of the allocation of the Fund to either growth or value securities may range from 30 to 70 percent of the Fund.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000 Index and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$5 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the Fund's adviser seeks to outperform the Fund's benchmark. The adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify both growth and value securities.

In selecting growth securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies that have a history of above-average growth or that the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. The adviser believes that investing in high quality growth companies whose long-term growth rates are underappreciated by the market will lead to attractive returns. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions, predictable and durable business models and management that can achieve sustained growth.

In selecting value securities, the adviser seeks to invest in companies which have durable franchises and that the adviser believes to be attractively valued and to have the ability to grow intrinsic value per share. Companies with durable franchises generally have a sustainable competitive position relative to peers, high returns on capital, a diversified client or asset base and a strong brand.

As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a security that it believes offers a better investment opportunity or to reallocate the Fund's assets between growth and value securities.

### **Small Cap Core Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations egual to those within the universe of Russell 2000 $^{\circ}$  Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000 Index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index. maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000 Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

### **Small Cap Equity Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process. The adviser seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

## **Small Cap Growth Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in the securities of small capitalization companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000° Growth Index stocks and/or with market capitalizations of less than \$4 billion at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Growth Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund will invest primarily in common stocks. Typically, the Fund invests in securities of companies with a history of above-average growth, as well as companies expected to have above-average growth.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which the adviser believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Growth companies purchased for the Fund include those with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### **Small Cap Value Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap companies, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations equal to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Value Index stocks at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$50 million to \$7.02 billion. In reviewing investment opportunities for the Fund, its adviser uses a value-oriented approach. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's equity investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their

sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

## **SMID Cap Equity Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's Assets will be invested in equity securities of small- to mid-cap companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small- to mid-cap companies are generally considered to be those companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2500® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2500® Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$19.4 billion. The Fund invests primarily in a broad portfolio of equity securities that the adviser believes are attractive based on certain characteristics, including valuation, and momentum. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund invests primarily in common stocks. The Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process and seeks to invest in undervalued companies with leading competitive positions and predictable and durable business models. It also seeks to invest the Fund's assets in companies whose management has a successful track record of prudent capital allocation. The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in a company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity. The adviser will also seek to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund.

### **U.S.** Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing its strategy, the Fund primarily invests in common stocks of large- and medium-capitalization U.S. companies, but it may also invest up to 20% of its Assets in common stocks of foreign companies, including depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depositary receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, the Fund focuses on those equity securities that it considers undervalued and seeks to outperform the S&P 500 through superior stock selection. By emphasizing undervalued equity securities, the Fund seeks to produce returns that exceed those of the S&P 500 Index. At the same time, by controlling the sector weightings of the Fund so they can differ only moderately from the sector weightings of the S&P 500 Index, the Fund seeks to limit its volatility to that of the overall market, as represented by this index. It will also look to identify companies that regularly pay dividends.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling them when they appear to be overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by apparent market over-reactions.

### **U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund**

Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of the Fund's Assets, which are expected to include both long and short positions, will consist of different U.S. securities, selected from a universe of publicly traded large capitalization securities with characteristics similar to those comprising the Russell 1000 and the S&P 500 Indices. The Fund takes long and short positions mainly in equity securities and derivatives on equity securities. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$2,211.2 billion. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2,211.2 billion.

"Plus" in the Fund's name refers to the additional return the Fund endeavors to add both relative to the S&P 500 Index as well as relative to traditional strategies which do not have the ability to sell stock short. Selling stock short allows the Fund to more fully exploit insights in stocks that the Fund's adviser expects to underperform, as well as enabling the Fund to establish additional long positions while keeping the Fund's net exposure to the market at a level similar to a traditional "long-only" strategy. Short sales involve the sale of a security which the fund does not own in expectation of purchasing the same security at a later date at a lower price. To make delivery to the buyer, the Fund must borrow the security, and the fund is obligated to return the security to the lender, which is accomplished by a later purchase of the security by the Fund. The Fund may also periodically short index futures in order to hedge its market exposure in instances when it is not preferable to enter into short positions on particular securities in the amount desired.

The Fund intends to maintain an approximate net 100% long exposure to the equity market (long market value minus short market value). However the long and short positions held by the Fund will vary in size as market opportunities change. The Fund's long positions and their equivalents will range between 90% and 150% of the value of the Fund's net assets. The Fund's short positions will range between 0% and 50% of the value of the Fund's net assets.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund currently intends to use swaps (including equity swaps) to establish its short equity positions, if any. The Fund may also use swaps to establish long equity positions, without owning or taking physical custody of securities. The payments received by the Fund under such swaps may be adjusted for transaction costs, interest payments, the amount of dividends paid on the investment or instrument or other factors. The Fund may also use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser buys and sells, as well as shorts and covers shorts in, equity securities and derivatives on those securities according to its own policies, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. In general, the adviser buys and covers shorts in equity securities that are identified as undervalued and considers selling or shorting them when they appear overvalued. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria such as:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- high potential reward compared to potential risk
- temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions.

The Fund's investment strategies may involve active and frequent trading resulting in high portfolio turnover.

Short Selling. "Plus" in the Fund's name refers to the additional return the Fund endeavors to add both relative to its index as well as relative to traditional strategies which do not have the ability to sell stock short. Selling stock short allows the Fund to more fully exploit insights in stocks that the Fund's adviser, expects to underperform, as well as enabling the Fund to establish additional long positions while keeping the Fund's net exposure to the market at a level similar to a traditional "long-only" strategy.

Viewed sector by sector, the Fund's net weightings of equity securities are similar to those of its index. The Fund can moderately underweight or overweight industry sectors when it believes such underweighting or overweighting will benefit performance. Within each industry sector, the Fund purchases equity securities that it believes are undervalued and underweights, or sells short, equity securities that it believes are overvalued.

By following this process, the Fund seeks to produce returns that exceed those of its index. At the same time, by controlling the industry sector weightings of the Fund and allowing them to differ only moderately from the industry sector weightings of the index, the Fund seeks to limit its volatility to that of the overall market, as represented by its index.

The Fund intends to invest in a variety of equity securities and, ordinarily, no single equity exposure is expected to make up more than 5% of the gross long exposure except that companies with large weights in the Fund's index may be held as overweights in the Fund, resulting in positions of greater than 5% in those securities.

### U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. In implementing this strategy, the Fund primarily invests in the common stocks of U.S. companies in the S&P 500 Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap companies). The Fund may also invest in securities not included within the S&P 500 Index. As of September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the S&P 500 Index ranged from \$3.4 billion to \$2.211.2 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. Within each sector, the Fund modestly overweights equity securities that it considers undervalued or fairly valued while modestly underweighting or not holding equity securities that appear overvalued. By owning a large number of equity securities within the S&P 500 Index, with an emphasis on those that appear undervalued or fairly valued, the Fund seeks returns that modestly exceed those of the S&P 500 Index over the long term with a modest level of volatility.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a three-step process that combines research, valuation and stock selection. The adviser takes an in-depth look at company prospects, which is designed to provide insight into a company's real growth potential. The research findings allow the adviser to rank the companies in each sector group according to their relative value. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

On behalf of the Fund, the adviser then buys and sells equity securities, using the research and valuation rankings as a basis. Along with attractive valuation, the adviser often considers a number of other criteria:

- catalysts that could trigger a rise in a stock's price
- Impact on the overall risk of the portfolio relative to the S&P 500 Index
- high perceived potential reward compared to perceived potential risk
- possible temporary mispricings caused by apparent market overreactions.

The adviser may sell a security as its valuations or rankings change or if more attractive investments become available.

## U.S. Small Company Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in equity securities of small cap U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. Small cap companies are companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase. As of the reconstitution of the Russell 2000 Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$39 million to \$7.02 billion. Sector by sector, the Fund's weightings are similar to those of the Russell 2000® Index. The Fund can moderately

underweight or overweight sectors when it believes it will benefit performance. The Fund pursues returns that exceed those of the Russell 2000° Index while seeking to limit its volatility relative to this index. In implementing its main strategies, the Fund's investments are primarily in common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index. maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure to the index while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a process that ranks stocks based on its proprietary stock ranking system. The rankings are then reviewed and adjusted utilizing fundamental research conducted by the investment team to enhance accuracy and consistency. The adjusted rankings are used to place stocks into portfolios. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies and shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased, retained or sold by the Fund. In general, stocks are purchased when they are among the top ranked within their sector. Stocks become candidates for sale when their ranking falls, when they appear unattractive or when the company is no longer a small cap company. The Fund may continue to hold the securities if it believes further substantial growth is possible. Risk factor exposures are managed through portfolio construction. Portfolio constraints control for sector weights, position sizes and/or style characteristics of the Fund.

#### U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

In managing the Fund, the adviser identifies companies that, in the adviser's opinion, are sustainable leaders based on its sustainability criteria, and have attractive value, quality and momentum characteristics. The adviser's sustainability criteria are based on a proprietary scoring methodology, which includes an assessment of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) characteristics, qualitative factors, and the adviser's subjective judgment as to which companies are sustainable leaders. The Fund seeks to invest in companies that, on a combined basis, appear attractive when considering these sustainability and financial characteristics.

The Fund defines ESG characteristics as follows:

- Environmental companies that actively strive to reduce the negative impact of their business operations on the environment. In this context, the adviser analyzes factors such as the company's likely impact on climate change, natural resource use, pollution and the use of clean technology
- Social companies that consider the social impact of their business internally and externally. In this context, the adviser reviews considerations such as worker safety, product safety and integrity, healthier products, impact on the community and human rights
- Governance companies that embrace corporate governance principles. In reviewing governance characteristics, the adviser considers issues such as board accountability and diversity, shareholder rights, executive compensation, business ethics and government and public policy

The Fund defines value, quality and momentum characteristics as follows:

- Value attractive valuations to identify underappreciated stocks
- Quality companies with conservative management teams and high quality earnings
- Momentum companies which have improving business fundamentals and which the market views positively

The Fund primarily invests in large-cap and mid-cap common stocks, and under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in the equity securities of U.S. companies meeting the adviser's sustainability criteria. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. Because investing on the basis of sustainability/ESG criteria involves qualitative and subjective analysis, there can be no assurance that the methodology utilized by, or determinations made by, the adviser will align with the beliefs or values of a particular investor.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. The Fund may use futures contracts to gain or reduce exposure to its index, maintain liquidity and minimize transaction costs. In managing cash flows, the Fund buys futures contracts to invest incoming cash in the market or sells futures contracts in response to cash outflows, thereby gaining market exposure while maintaining a cash balance for liquidity.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

Investment Process: The Fund has an actively managed strategy. In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company financials, data science techniques and proprietary analysis.

In choosing securities to purchase, the adviser evaluates and internally ranks companies to identify those companies that, in the adviser's view, are sustainable leaders and have attractive value, quality and momentum characteristics. The adviser assesses sustainability using a wide set of data inputs, combined with fundamental analysis. This assessment includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser may vary the weightings of particular ESG and value, quality and momentum characteristics by industry because, in the adviser's judgment, certain characteristics are more relevant for certain industries. For example, an environmental characteristic, such as land use, may be more relevant for energy companies than for technology companies. In addition, the Fund seeks to avoid investing in companies that the adviser has determined, based on its exclusionary criteria, to be significantly involved in certain business activities or industries, including the production of alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, traditional weapons, thermal coal, adult entertainment and gambling products and services.

The Fund has flexibility to focus in various industries or sectors based on the adviser's analysis of market opportunities at a particular

The Fund will sell a stock if the adviser determines that the issuer no longer meets the Fund's investment criteria or if the adviser believes that more attractive opportunities are available.

#### **U.S.** Value Fund

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its Assets in common stocks issued by U.S. companies. "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes. The Fund's adviser applies an active equity management style focused on identifying attractively valued securities given their growth potential over a long-term time horizon. The securities held by the Fund will predominantly be of companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell 1000 Value Index (which includes both large cap and mid cap companies). As of the reconstitution of the Russell 1000 Value Index on September 30, 2020, the market capitalizations of the companies in the index ranged from \$0.63 billion to \$1,113.2 billion.

While common stocks are the Fund's primary investment, the Fund may also invest significantly in real estate investment trusts (REITs) and depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are financial instruments representing a foreign company's publicly traded securities. A depository receipt trades on a stock exchange in a country different from the company's local market.

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

An issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the U.S. if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the U.S.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser will emphasize companies which it believes are leaders within their sectors. The adviser will also emphasize companies it believes have attractive valuations and low price-to-cash flows ratios. The adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals, quantitative screening and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser's analysis includes a review of proprietary data, information self-reported by companies, data from third party vendors and internal fundamental research. The adviser looks for undervalued companies with durable franchises, strong management and the ability to grow their intrinsic value per share. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

### Value Advantage Fund

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities across all market capitalizations. The Fund may at any given time invest a significant portion of its assets in companies of one particular market capitalization category, such as large-capitalization companies. Equity securities in which the Fund primarily invests include common stocks and real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the Fund can invest. To the extent the Fund uses derivatives, the Fund will primarily use futures contracts to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions.

Investment Process: In managing the Fund, the adviser employs a bottom-up approach to stock selection, constructing portfolios based on company fundamentals and proprietary fundamental analysis. The adviser's aim is to identify undervalued companies that have the potential to grow their intrinsic values per share, and to purchase these companies at a discount. As a part of its investment process, the adviser seeks to assess the impact of environmental, social and governance factors (including accounting and tax policies, disclosure and investor communication, shareholder rights and remuneration policies) on the cash flows of many companies in which it may invest to identify issuers that the adviser believes will be negatively impacted by such factors relative to other issuers. These determinations may not be conclusive and securities of such issuers may be purchased and retained by the Fund.

The adviser may sell a security for several reasons. A security may be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if the adviser believes the security is no longer attractively valued. Investments may also be sold if the adviser identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

The Value Advantage Fund may sell covered call options as an additional strategy. When it does so, the purchaser of the option has the right to buy that security at a predetermined price (exercise price) during the life of the option. If the purchaser exercises the option, the Fund must sell the stock to purchaser at the exercise price. The option is "covered" because the Fund owns the stock at the time it sells the option. As the seller of the option, the Fund receives a premium from the purchaser of the call option, which may provide additional returns to the Fund.

## U.S. Equity Fund, U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund, U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund and U.S. Small Company Fund

For each Fund, an issuer of a security will be deemed to be located in the United States if: (i) the principal trading market for the security is in the United States, (ii) the issuer is organized under the laws of the United States, or (iii) the issuer derives at least 50% of its revenues or profits from the United States or has at least 50% of its total assets situated in the United States.

### INVESTMENT RISKS

There can be no assurance that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives.

The main risks associated with investing in each Fund are summarized in the "Risk/Return Summaries" at the front of this prospectus. In addition to each Fund's main risks, each Fund may be subject to additional risks in connection with investments and strategies used by each Fund from time to time. The table below identifies main risks and some of the additional risks for each Fund.

Please note that each Fund also may use strategies that are not described herein, but which are described in the Statement of Additional Information.

An investment in a Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in a Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if a Fund is suitable for you.

The Funds are subject to the risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect a Fund's net asset value (NAV), performance and ability to meet its investment objective. Each Fund may also be subject to additional risks that are not described herein but which are described in the Statement of Additional Information.

	Diversified Fund	Equity Focus Fund	Equity Income Fund	Equity Index Fund	Equity Premium Income Fund	Growth Advantage Fund	Hedged Equity Fund	Intrepid Growth Fund	Intrepid Value Fund	Large Cap Growth Fund	Large Cap Value Fund	Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	Mid Cap Equity Fund	Mid Cap Growth Fund
Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Related and Mortgage-	•													
Backed Securities Risk Call Options Risk					•									
Convertible Securities Risk	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered Call Option Risk														
Credit Risk	•													
Currency Risk	•													
Derivatives Risk	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Equity Market Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Equity-Linked Notes (ELNs) Risk	0				•									
Exchange-Traded Fund (ETF) and Other Invest- ment Company Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks	•	•	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Market Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Government Securities Risk	•													
Growth Investing Risk						•		•		•				•
High Portfolio Turnover Risk											•			
High Yield Securities Risk	•													
Index Investing Risk												•		
Index Related Risk				•										
Industry and Sector Focus Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Initial Public Offering (IPO) Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Rate Risk	•													
Investments in J.P. Morgan Funds and other ETF Risk	•													
Large Cap Company Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Loan Risk	•													
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) Risk	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0			
Options Risk							•							
Passive Management Risk				•										
Preferred Stock Risk	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0			
Prepayment Risk	•											0	0	
Main Risks														

<sup>•</sup> Main Risks

O Additional Risks

	Diversified Fund	Equity Focus Fund	Equity Income Fund	Equity Index Fund	Equity Premium Income Fund	Growth Advantage Fund	Hedged Equity Fund	Intrepid Growth Fund	Intrepid Value Fund	Large Cap Growth Fund	Large Cap Value Fund	Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	Mid Cap Equity Fund	Mid Cap Growth Fund
Real Estate Securities Risk	•	•	•	0			0	•	•	0	0	•	•	0
Securities Lending Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Short Selling Risk												0	0	0
Smaller and/or Mid-Sized Company Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•
Sovereign Debt Risk	0													
Strategy Risk		•			•		•						•	
Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk														
Swap Agreement Risk														
Transactions and Liquidity Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Value Investing Risk									•		•			
Value Strategy Risk			•											
1 4114 5 5 11 414 5 6 7 1 1 1 1 1														

Main Risks

O Additional Risks

	Mid Cap Value Fund	Small Cap Blend Fund	Small Cap Core Fund	Small Cap Equity Fund	Small Cap Growth Fund	Small Cap Value Fund	SMID Cap Equity Fund	U.S. Equity Fund	U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund	U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund	U.S. Small Company Fund	U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund	U.S. Value Fund	Value Advantage Fund
Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Related and Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk														
Call Options Risk														
Convertible Securities Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered Call Option Risk														0
Credit Risk														

Main Risks

O Additional Risks

										pun				
	Mid Cap Value Fund	Small Cap Blend Fund	Small Cap Core Fund	Small Cap Equity Fund	Small Cap Growth Fund	Small Cap Value Fund	SMID Cap Equity Fund	U.S. Equity Fund	U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund	U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund	U.S. Small Company Fund	U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund	U.S. Value Fund	Value Advantage Fund
Currency Risk														
Derivatives Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Equity Market Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Equity-Linked Notes (ELNs) Risk														
Exchange-Traded Fund (ETF) and Other Invest- ment Company Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	•	0
General Market Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Government Securities Risk														
Growth Investing Risk					•									
High Portfolio Turnover Risk									•					
High Yield Securities Risk														
Index Investing Risk														
Index Related Risk														
Industry and Sector Focus Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Initial Public Offering (IPO) Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Rate Risk														
Investments in J.P. Morgan Funds and other ETF Risk														
Large Cap Company Risk								•	•	•		•	•	•
Loan Risk														
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0
Options Risk														
Passive Management Risk														
Preferred Stock Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0
Prepayment Risk							0						0	
Real Estate Securities Risk	•	•	•			•	•	0	0	0	•	0	•	•
Securities Lending Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Short Selling Risk									•					
Smaller and/or Mid-Sized Company Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Sovereign Debt Risk														
Strategy Risk		•												
Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk												•		
Main Risks														

<sup>•</sup> Main Risks

O Additional Risks

	Mid Cap Value Fund	Small Cap Blend Fund	Small Cap Core Fund	Small Cap Equity Fund	Small Cap Growth Fund	Small Cap Value Fund	SMID Cap Equity Fund	U.S. Equity Fund	U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund	U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund	U.S. Small Company Fund	U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund	U.S. Value Fund	Value Advantage Fund
Swap Agreement Risk									•					
Transactions and Liquidity Risk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Value Investing Risk	•					•								•
Value Strategy Risk								•					•	
Volcker Rule Risk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Main Risks

**Equity Market Risk.** The price of equity securities may rise or fall, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, because of changes in the broad market or changes in a company's financial condition. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for a Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions. Equity securities are subject to "stock market risk" meaning that stock prices in general (or in particular, the prices of the types of securities in which a Fund invests) may decline over short or extended periods of time. When the value of a Fund's portfolio securities goes down, your investment in that Fund decreases in value.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in a Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including inflation (or expectations for inflation), deflation (or expectations for deflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, market instability, debt crises and downgrades, embargoes, tariffs, sanctions and other trade barriers, regulatory events, other governmental trade or market control programs and related geopolitical events. In addition, the value of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected by the occurrence of global events such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters or events, country instability, and infectious disease epidemics or pandemics.

For example, the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel coronavirus disease, has negatively affected economies, markets and individual companies throughout the world, including those in which the Fund invests. The effects of this pandemic to public health and business and market conditions, including exchange trading suspensions and closures may continue to have a significant negative impact on the performance of the Fund's investments, increase the Fund's volatility, exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks to the Fund, and negatively impact broad segments of businesses and populations. The Fund's operations may be interrupted as a result, which may contribute to the negative impact on investment performance. In addition, governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions in response to the pandemic that affect the instruments in which the Fund invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's investment performance. The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other future epidemics or pandemics, is currently unknown.

Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risks. To the extent a Fund invests in foreign securities (including depositary receipts), these investments are subject to special risks in addition to those of U.S. investments. These risks include political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, currency fluctuations, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment, and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. If foreign securities are denominated and traded in a foreign currency, the value of a Fund's foreign holdings can be affected by currency

O Additional Risks

exchange rates and exchange control regulations. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," a Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered or receive delivery of securities paid for and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments or delivery when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

Securities registration, custody, and settlement may in some instances be subject to delays and legal and administrative uncertainties. Foreign investment in the securities markets of certain foreign countries is restricted or controlled to varying degrees. These restrictions or controls may at times limit or preclude investment in certain securities and may increase the costs and expenses of a Fund. In addition, the repatriation of investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities from certain of the countries is controlled under regulations, including in some cases the need for certain advance government notification or authority, and if a deterioration occurs in a country's balance of payments, the country could impose temporary restrictions on foreign capital remittances. A Fund also could be adversely affected by delays in, or a refusal to grant, any required governmental approval for repatriation, as well as by the application to it of other restrictions on investment. The Equity Index Fund's Underlying Index (and therefore the Equity Index Fund) does not directly weight securities on the basis of investor protection considerations and/or the availability and quality of information regarding issuers.

Certain of the Funds may invest in securities in "emerging markets," but these are not principal investments for any of the Funds except that they may be for Diversified Fund. The risks associated with foreign securities are magnified in countries in "emerging markets." These countries may have relatively unstable governments and less-established market economies than developed countries. Emerging markets may face greater social, economic, regulatory and political uncertainties. These risks make emerging market securities more volatile and less liquid than securities issued in more developed countries and you may sustain sudden, and sometimes substantial fluctuations in the value of your investments. A Fund's investments in foreign and emerging market securities may also be subject to foreign withholding and/or other taxes, which would decrease a Fund's yield on those securities. Certain emerging market countries may be subject to less stringent requirements regarding accounting, auditing, financial reporting and record keeping and therefore, material information related to an investment may not be available or reliable. In addition, a Fund is limited in its ability to exercise its legal rights or enforce a counterparty's legal obligations in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States, in particular, in emerging markets countries. In addition, due to jurisdictional limitations, U.S. regulators may be limited in their ability to enforce regulatory or legal obligations in emerging market countries.

Smaller and/or Mid-Sized Company Risk (Small Cap Company and/or Mid Cap Company Risk). Investments in smaller and mid-sized companies may be riskier, less liquid, more volatile and more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes than investments larger, more-established companies. The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. In addition, smaller companies may be more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. As a result, share price changes may be more sudden or erratic than the prices of large capitalization companies, especially over the short term. Because smaller companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources or may depend on a few key employees, they may be more susceptible to particular economic events or competitive factors than large capitalization companies. This may cause unexpected and frequent decreases in the value of a Fund's investments. These risks are higher for small cap companies.

Large Cap Company Risk. If a Fund invests in large cap company securities, it may underperform other funds during periods when a Fund's large cap securities are out of favor.

**Industry and Sector Focus Risk.** At times a Fund may increase the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector. The prices of securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector may be more susceptible to fluctuations due to changes in economic or business conditions, government regulations, availability of basic resources or supplies, or other events that affect that industry or sector more than securities of issuers in other industries and sectors. To the extent that a Fund increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular industry or sector, the value of a Fund's shares may fluctuate in response to events affecting that industry or sector.

**Value Investing Risk.** Value investing attempts to identify companies that, according to the adviser's estimate of their true worth, are undervalued. The adviser selects stocks at prices that it believes are temporarily low relative to factors such as the company's earnings, cash flow or dividends. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur. A Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on growth stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Value Strategy Risk. An undervalued stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur.

**Growth Investing Risk** Growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stocks. The value of these stocks generally is much more sensitive to current or expected earnings than stocks of other types of companies. Short-term events, such as a failure to meet industry earnings expectations, can cause dramatic decreases in the growth stock price compared to other types of stock. Growth stocks may also trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. A Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on value stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Real Estate Securities Risk. The value of real estate securities in general, and REITs in particular, are subject to the same risks as direct investments in real estate and mortgages which include, but are not limited to, sensitivity to changes in real estate values and property taxes, interest rate risk, tax and regulatory risk, fluctuations in rent schedules and operating expenses, adverse changes in local, regional or general economic conditions, deterioration of the real estate market and the financial circumstances of tenants and sellers, unfavorable changes in zoning, building, environmental and other laws, the need for unanticipated renovations, unexpected increases in the cost of energy and environmental factors. The underlying mortgage loans may be subject to the risks of default or of prepayments that occur earlier or later than expected, and such loans may also include so-called "sub-prime" mortgages. The value of REITs will also rise and fall in response to the management skill and creditworthiness of the issuer. In particular, the value of these securities may decline when interest rates rise and will also be affected by the real estate market and by the management of the underlying properties. REITs may be more volatile and/or more illiquid than other types of equity securities. Each Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests in addition to the expenses of a Fund.

Transactions and Liquidity Risk. A Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders, and its liquidity may be negatively impacted. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are large or frequent, occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices for the securities sold, or when the securities a Fund wishes to, or is required to, sell are illiquid. To the extent a large proportion of shares of a Fund are held by a small number of shareholders (or a single shareholder) including funds or accounts over which the adviser or its affiliates have investment discretion, the Fund is subject to the risk that these shareholders will purchase or redeem Fund shares in large amounts rapidly or unexpectedly, including as a result of an asset allocation decision made by the adviser or its affiliates. In addition to the other risks described in this section, these transactions could adversely affect the ability of the Fund to conduct its investment program. A Fund may be unable to sell illiquid securities at its desired time or price or the price at which the securities have been valued for purposes of the Fund's net asset value. Illiquidity can be caused by a drop in overall market trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or legal restrictions on the securities' resale. Certain securities that were liquid when purchased may later become illiquid, particularly in times of overall economic distress. Similarly, large purchases of Fund shares may adversely affect a Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. Large redemptions also could accelerate the realization of capital gains, increase a Fund's transaction costs and impact the Fund's performance.

Diversified Fund: The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders, and its liquidity may be negatively impacted. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are large or frequent, occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices for the securities sold, or when the securities the Fund wishes to, or is required to, sell are illiquid. To the extent a large proportion of shares of the Fund are held by a small number of shareholders (or a single shareholder) including funds or accounts over which the adviser or its affiliates have investment discretion, the Fund is subject to the risk that these shareholders will purchase or redeem Fund shares in large amounts rapidly or unexpectedly, including as a result of an asset allocation decision made by the adviser or its affiliates. In addition to the other risks described in this section, these transactions could adversely affect the ability of the Fund to conduct its investment program. The Fund may be unable to sell illiquid securities at its desired time or price or the price at which the securities have been valued for purposes of the Fund's net asset value. Illiquidity can be caused by a drop in overall market trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or legal restrictions on the securities' resale. Other market participants may be attempting to sell debt securities at the same time as the Fund, causing downward pricing pressure and contributing to illiquidity. The capacity for bond dealers to engage in trading or "make a market" in debt securities has not kept pace with the growth of bond markets. This could potentially lead to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the debt markets. Liquidity and valuation risk may be magnified in a rising interest rate environment, when credit quality is deteriorating or in other circumstances where investor redemptions from fixed income mutual funds may be higher than normal. Certain securities that were liquid when purchased may later become illiquid, particularly in times of overall economic distress. Similarly, for both the Fund and underlying funds, large purchases of a fund's shares may adversely affect the fund's performance to the extent that the fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. Large redemptions also could accelerate the realization of capital gains, increase a Fund's or underlying fund's transaction costs and impact a Fund's or underlying fund's performance.

**Derivatives Risk.** A Fund may use derivatives in connection with their investment strategies. Derivatives may be riskier than other types of investments because they may be more sensitive to changes in economic or market conditions than other types of investments and could result in losses that significantly exceed a Fund's original investment. Derivatives are subject to the risk that changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index. The use of derivatives may not be successful, resulting in losses to a Fund and the cost of such strategies may reduce a Fund's returns. Certain derivatives also expose a Fund to counterparty risk (the risk that the derivative counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations), including credit risk of the derivative counterparty. In addition, a Fund may use derivatives for non-hedging purposes, which increases that Fund's potential for loss. Certain derivatives are synthetic instruments that attempt to replicate the performance of certain reference assets. With regard to such derivatives, a Fund does not have a claim on the reference assets and is subject to enhanced counterparty risk.

#### WHAT IS A DERIVATIVE?

Derivatives are securities or contracts (like futures and options) that derive their value from the performance of underlying assets or securities.

Investing in derivatives and engaging in short sales will result in a form of leverage. Leverage involves special risks. A Fund may be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged because the leverage tends to exaggerate any effect on the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Registered investment companies are limited in their ability to engage in derivative transactions and are required to identify and earmark assets to provide asset coverage for derivative transactions.

The possible lack of a liquid secondary market for derivatives and the resulting inability of a Fund to sell or otherwise close a derivatives position could expose the Fund to losses and could make derivatives more difficult for the Fund to value accurately.

A Fund's transactions in futures contracts, swaps and other derivatives could also affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to shareholders, which may result in the Fund realizing more short-term capital gain and ordinary income subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates than it would if it did not engage in such transactions, which may adversely impact the Fund's after-tax

Currency Risk. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of the Fund's securities and the price of the Fund's Shares. Generally, when the value of the U.S. dollar rises in value relative to a foreign currency, an investment impacted by that currency loses value because that currency is worth less in U.S. dollars. Currency exchange rates may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time for a number of reasons, including changes in interest rates. Devaluation of a currency by a country's government or banking authority also will have a significant impact on the value of any investments denominated in that currency. Currency markets generally are not as regulated as securities markets. The Fund may engage in various strategies to hedge against currency risk. These strategies may consist of use of forward currency contracts including non-deliverable forward contracts and foreign currency futures contracts. To the extent the Fund enters into such transactions in markets other than in the United States, the Fund may be subject to certain currency, settlement, liquidity, trading and other risks similar to those described in this prospectus with respect to the Fund's investments in foreign securities. In addition, the Fund may engage in such transactions as a substitute for securities in which the Fund invests, to increase exposure to a foreign currency, to shift exposure from one foreign currency to another or for risk management purposes or to increase income or gain to the Fund. While the Fund's use of hedging strategies is intended to reduce the volatility of the NAV, the NAV of the Fund will fluctuate. There can be no assurance that the Fund's hedging activities will be effective, and the Fund will incur costs in connection with the hedging. Currency hedging may limit the Fund's return if the relative values of currencies change. Furthermore, the Fund may only engage in hedging activities from time to time and may not necessarily be engaging in hedging activities when movements in currency exchange rates occur.

Interest Rate Risk. The Diversified Fund's debt securities will increase or decrease in value based on changes in interest rates. If rates increase, the value of the Fund's investments generally declines. On the other hand, if rates fall, the value of these investments increases. Your investment will decline in value if the value of these investments decreases. Securities with greater interest rate sensitivity and longer maturities generally are subject to greater fluctuations in value.

The Fund may invest in variable and floating rate Loans and other variable and floating rate securities. Although these instruments are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than fixed rate instruments, the value of variable and floating rate Loans and other securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as quickly, or as much, as general interest rates. Many factors can cause interest rates to rise. Some examples include central bank monetary policy, rising inflation rates and general economic conditions. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy, such as an interest rate increase by the Federal Reserve.

Certain countries have experienced negative interest rates on certain debt securities. Negative or very low interest rates could magnify the risks associated with changes in interest rates. In general, changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, could have unpredictable effects on markets and may expose debt and related markets to heightened volatility. During periods when interest rates are low or there are negative interest rates, a Fund's yield (and total return) also may be low or the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns.

Debt market conditions are highly unpredictable and some parts of the market are subject to dislocations. In response to the outbreak of COVID-19, as with other serious economic disruptions, governmental authorities and regulators are enacting significant fiscal and monetary policy changes, including providing direct capital infusions into companies, creating new monetary programs and lowering interest rates considerably. These actions present heightened risks to debt instruments, and such risks could be even further heightened if these actions are unexpectedly or suddenly reversed or are ineffective in achieving their desired outcomes. In light of these actions and current conditions, interest rates and bond yields in the U.S. and many other countries are at or near historic lows, and in some cases, such rates and yields are negative. The current very low or negative interest rates subject the Funds to the risks described above. In addition, the current environment is exposing debt markets to significant volatility and reduced liquidity for Fund investments.

Credit Risk. There is a risk that issuers and/or counterparties will not make payments on securities, repurchase agreements or other investments held by the Fund. The risk of defaults across issuers and/or counterparties increases in adverse market and economic conditions, including the conditions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such defaults could result in losses to the Fund. In addition, the credit quality of securities held by the Fund may be lowered if an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition changes. Lower credit quality may lead to greater volatility in the price of a security and in shares of the Fund. Lower credit quality also may affect liquidity and make it difficult for the Fund to sell the security. The Fund may invest in securities that are rated in the lowest investment grade category. Such securities also are considered to have speculative characteristics similar to high yield securities, and issuers or counterparties of such securities are more vulnerable to changes in economic conditions than issuers or counterparties of higher grade securities. Prices of the Fund's investments may be adversely affected if any of the issuers or counterparties it is invested in are subject to an actual or perceived deterioration in their credit quality. Credit spreads may increase, which may reduce the market values of the Fund's securities. Credit spread risk is the risk that economic and market conditions or any actual or perceived credit deterioration may lead to an increase in the credit spreads (i.e., the difference in yield between two securities of similar maturity but different credit quality) and a decline in price of the issuer's securities.

Sovereign Debt Risk. The Fund may invest in sovereign debt securities. These securities are issued or guaranteed by foreign governmental entities. These investments are subject to the risk that a governmental entity may delay or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its sovereign debt, due, for example, to cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations, the relative size of the governmental entity's debt position in relation to the economy or other failure to put in place economic reforms required by the International Monetary Fund or other multilateral agencies. If a governmental entity defaults, it may ask for more time in which to pay or further loans. There is no legal process for collecting sovereign debts that a government does not pay nor are there bankruptcy proceedings through which all or part of the sovereign debt that a governmental entity has not repaid may be collected.

Loan Risk. The Fund may invest in loan assignments and participations and commitments to purchase loan assignments (Loans) including Loans that are rated below investment grade. Like other high yield, corporate debt instruments, such Loans are subject to an increased risk of default in the payment of principal and interest as well as the other risks described under "Interest Rate Risk," "Credit Risk," and "High Yield Securities Risk." Although certain Loans are secured by collateral, an underlying fund could experience delays or limitations in realizing on such collateral or have its interest subordinated to other indebtedness of the obligor. Loans are vulnerable to market sentiment such that economic conditions or other events may reduce the demand for Loans and cause their value to decline rapidly and unpredictably. Although the Fund or an underlying fund will limit its investments in illiquid securities to no more than 15% of the Fund's net assets at the time of purchase, Loans that are deemed to be liquid at the time of purchase may become illiquid. In addition, certain Loans may not be considered securities under the federal securities laws and, therefore, investments in such Loans may not be subject to certain protections under those laws.

No active trading market may exist for some of the Loans and certain Loans may be subject to restrictions on resale. The inability to dispose of Loans in a timely fashion could result in losses to an underlying fund. In addition, the settlement period for Loans is uncertain as there is no standardized settlement schedule applicable to such investments. Because some Loans that an underlying fund invests in may have a more limited secondary market, liquidity and valuation risk is more pronounced for an underlying fund than for funds that invest primarily in other types of fixed income instruments or equity securities. Typically, Loans are not registered securities and are not listed on any national securities exchange. Consequently, there may be less public information available about an underlying fund's investments and the market for certain Loans may be subject to irregular trading activity, wide bid/ask spreads and extended trade settlement periods. As a result, an underlying fund may be more dependent upon the analytical ability of its adviser.

Affiliates of the Adviser may participate in the primary and secondary market for Loans. Because of limitations imposed by applicable law, the presence of the adviser's affiliates in the Loan market may restrict an underlying fund's ability to acquire some Loans, affect the timing of such acquisition or affect the price at which the Loan is acquired. Also, because the Adviser may wish to invest in the publicly traded securities of an obligor, it may not have access to material non-public information regarding the obligor to which other investors have access.

**Prepayment Risk.** The issuer of certain securities may repay principal in advance, especially when yields fall. Changes in the rate at which prepayments occur can affect the return on investment of these securities. When debt obligations are prepaid or when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield. The Fund also may fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher coupons, resulting in an unexpected capital loss.

Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Related and Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk. The Fund invests in asset-backed, mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities, which are subject to certain additional risks because principal is paid back over the life of the security rather than at maturity. The value of these securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the property market and the assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of declining asset values, difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. Additionally, during such periods and also under normal conditions, these securities are also subject to prepayment and call risk. Gains and losses associated with prepayments will increase or decrease the Fund's yield and the income available for distribution by the Fund. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. In periods of either rising or declining interest rates, the Funds may be subject to contraction risk which is the risk that borrowers will increase the rate at which they prepay the maturity value of mortgages and other obligations. In periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may be subject to extension risk which is the risk that the expected maturity of an obligation will lengthen in duration due to a decrease in prepayments. As a result, in certain interest rate environments, the Fund may exhibit additional volatility. Some of these securities may receive little or no collateral protection from the underlying assets and are thus subject to the risk of default described under "Credit Risk." The risk of such defaults is generally higher in the case of asset-backed, mortgage-backed and mortgage-related investments that include so-called "sub-prime" mortgages (which are loans made to borrowers with low credit ratings or other factors that increase the risk of default). The structure of some of these securities may be complex and there may be less available information than other types of debt securities. Additionally, asset-backed, mortgagerelated and mortgage-backed securities are subject to risks associated with their structure and the nature of the assets underlying the securities and the servicing of those assets. Certain asset-backed, mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities may face valuation difficulties and may be less liquid than other types of asset-backed, mortgage-related and mortgage-backed securities, or

The mortgage loans underlying privately issued mortgage-related securities may not be subject to the same underwriting requirements for the underlying mortgages that are applicable to those mortgage-related securities that have government or governmentsponsored entity guarantees. As a result, the mortgage loans underlying privately issued mortgage-related securities may have less favorable collateral, credit risk or other underwriting characteristics than government or government-sponsored mortgage-related securities and have wider variances in a number of terms including interest rate, term, size, purpose and borrower characteristics. In addition, certain mortgage-related securities which may include loans that originally qualified under standards established by government-sponsored entities (for example, certain REMICs that include Fannie Mae mortgages) are not considered as government securities for purposes of a Fund's investment strategies or policies. There is no government or government-sponsored guarantee for such privately issued investments.

The Fund may invest in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs). CMOs are debt obligations collateralized by mortgage loans or mortgage pass-through securities. CMOs are issued in multiple classes, and each class may have its own interest rate and/or final payment date. A class with an earlier final payment date may have certain preferences in receiving principal payments or earning interest. As a result, the value of some classes in which the Fund invests may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing inter-

The Fund may invest in interest-only (IO) and principal-only (PO) mortgage-related securities. The values of IO and PO mortgagebacked securities are more volatile than other types of mortgage-related securities. They are very sensitive not only to changes in interest rates, but also to the rate of prepayments. A rapid or unexpected increase in prepayments can significantly depress the price of interest-only securities, while a rapid or unexpected decrease could have the same effect on principal-only securities. In addition, because there may be a drop in trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or the imposition of legal restrictions on the resale of securities, these instruments may be illiquid.

High Yield Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in high yield, high risk securities (also known as junk bonds) which are considered to be speculative. These investments may be issued by companies which are highly leveraged, less creditworthy or financially distressed. Non-investment grade debt securities can be more sensitive to short-term corporate, economic and market developments. During periods of economic uncertainty and change, the market price of the Fund's investments and the Fund's net asset value may be volatile. Furthermore, though these investments generally provide a higher yield than higher-rated debt securities, the high degree of risk involved in these investments can result in substantial or total losses. These securities are subject to greater risk of loss, greater sensitivity to economic changes, valuation difficulties, and a potential lack of a secondary or public market for securities. The market price of these securities can change suddenly and unexpectedly.

As part of its high yield strategy, the Fund may invest in debt securities of smaller, newer companies. The Fund's risks increase as it invests more heavily in smaller companies (mid cap and small cap companies). The securities of smaller companies may trade less frequently and in smaller volumes than securities of larger companies. In addition, smaller companies may be more vulnerable to economic, market and industry changes. As a result, the changes in value of their debt securities may be more sudden or erratic than in large capitalization companies, especially over the short term. Because smaller companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources or may depend on a few key employees, they may be more susceptible to particular economic events or competitive factors than large capitalization companies. This may cause unexpected and frequent decreases in the value of the Fund's investments.

Government Securities Risk. The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that those securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

Investments in J.P. Morgan Funds and other ETF Risk. To the extent that the Fund invests in underlying J.P. Morgan Funds, the Fund's investment performance is related to the performance of the underlying funds. The Fund's net asset value will change with changes in the equity and bond markets and the value of the underlying funds in which it invests. Because the Fund's adviser or its affiliates provide services to and receive fees from the underlying funds, investments in the Fund benefit the adviser and/or its affiliates and may create a conflict of interest. Shareholders will bear not only their proportionate share of the Fund's expenses, but also indirectly pay a portion of the expenses incurred by the underlying funds. As the underlying funds or the Fund's allocations to underlying funds change from time to time, or to the extent that the expense ratios of the underlying funds change, the weighted average operating expenses borne by the Fund may increase or decrease. Because the Fund's adviser or its affiliates provide services to and receive fees from the underlying funds, investments in the Fund benefit the adviser and its affiliates. In addition, the adviser's authority to allocate investments to J.P. Morgan Funds creates conflicts of interest. Investing in J.P. Morgan Funds could cause the Fund to incur higher fees and will cause the adviser and/or its affiliates to receive greater compensation, increase assets under management or support particular investment strategies or J.P. Morgan Funds. These conflicts also could cause the adviser to adjust its asset class target or actual allocations to provide for increased use of J.P. Morgan Funds.

**Index Investing Risk.** Because the Fund uses an enhanced index strategy, securities may be purchased, retained and sold by the Fund at times when a more actively managed fund would not do so. If the value of securities that are heavily weighted in the index changes, you can expect a greater risk of loss than would be the case if the Fund were not invested in such securities. There is also the risk that the Fund's performance may not correlate with the performance of the index.

### Strategy Risk.

Equity Focus Fund: Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of stock. The value of these stocks generally is more sensitive to current or expected earnings than stocks of other types of companies. Short-term events, such as a failure to meet industry earnings expectations, can cause dramatic decreases in the growth stock price compared to other types of stock. Growth stocks may also trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other stocks, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on growth stocks, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on value stocks or that have a broader investment style.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Value investing attempts to identify companies that, according to the adviser's estimate of their true worth, are undervalued. The adviser selects stocks at prices that it believes are temporarily low relative to factors such as the company's earnings, cash flow or dividends. A value stock may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the stock price to increase do not occur. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on value stocks, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on growth stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Equity Premium Income Fund: The adviser may not be successful in managing the Fund's portfolio with a lower level of volatility than the S&P 500 Index. Depending on market conditions during a particular time in a market cycle, the Fund's volatility at that time may not be lower than that of the S&P 500 Index. Because the Fund seeks low volatility, the Fund may underperform the S&P 500 Index. particularly in rising markets. In addition, the Fund does not guarantee that distributions will always be paid or will be paid at a relatively stable level.

Hedged Equity Fund: The Fund's investment strategies may not always provide greater market protection than other equity instruments, particularly in rising equity markets when the Fund is expected to underperform traditional long-only equity strategies. In addition, as a result of the structure of the options overlay strategy, the Fund is not expected to provide market protection during times of low market volatility; during such periods, the Fund is expected to perform in line with broad equity markets.

Small Cap Blend Fund: Although the Fund is normally managed as a core portfolio, it may invest more heavily in either growth or value securities, depending on market conditions and the convictions of the adviser.

If the Fund invests more heavily in growth securities, it will be more subject to risks related to growth investing. Growth investing attempts to identify companies that the adviser believes will experience rapid earnings growth relative to value or other types of securities. The value of these securities generally is more sensitive to current or expected earnings than securities of other types of companies. Short-term events, such as a failure to meet industry earnings expectations, can cause dramatic decreases in the growth security price compared to other types of securities. Growth securities may also trade at higher multiples of current earnings compared to value or other securities, leading to inflated prices and thus potentially greater declines in value. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on growth securities, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on value securities or that have a broader investment style.

If the Fund invests more heavily in value securities, it will be more subject to risks related to value investing. Value investing attempts to identify companies that, according to the adviser's estimate of their true worth, are undervalued. The adviser selects securities at prices that it believes are temporarily low relative to factors such as the company's earnings, cash flow or dividends. A value security may decrease in price or may not increase in price as anticipated by the adviser if other investors fail to recognize the company's value or the factors that the adviser believes will cause the security price to increase do not occur. During times when the Fund focuses more heavily on value securities, the Fund's performance may be better or worse than the performance of equity funds that focus on growth securities or that have a broader investment style.

**Index Related Risk.** The Fund's return may not track the return of the S&P 500 Index for a number of reasons and therefore may not achieve its investment objective. For example, the Fund incurs a number of operating expenses not applicable to its index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the index. In addition, the Fund's return may differ from the return of the S&P 500 Index as a result of, among other things, pricing differences and the inability to purchase certain securities included in the index due to regulatory or other restrictions.

Corporate actions affecting securities held by the Fund (such as mergers and spin-offs) or the Fund's ability to purchase round lots of the securities may also cause a deviation between the performance of the Fund and the S&P 500 Index.

It is also possible that the composition of the Fund may not exactly replicate the composition of its index if the Fund has to adjust its portfolio holdings in order to continue to qualify as a "regulated investment company" under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Internal Revenue Code).

The risk that the Fund may not track the performance of the S&P 500 Index may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions.

Errors in the construction or calculation of the S&P 500 Index may occur from time to time. Any such errors may not be identified and corrected for some period of time, which may negatively impact the Fund and its shareholders. For example, during a period when the S&P 500 Index contains inaccurate constituents, the Fund would have market exposure to such constituents and would be underexposed to the S&P 500 Index's other constituents.

The index provider for the S&P 500 Index may delay or change a scheduled rebalancing or reconstitution of the S&P 500 Index or the implementation of certain rules at its sole discretion. Unusual market conditions may cause the index provider to postpone a scheduled rebalance, which could cause the S&P 500 Index to vary from its normal or expected composition. The postponement of a scheduled rebalance in a time of market volatility could mean that constituents that would otherwise be removed at rebalance due to changes in market capitalizations or other reasons may remain, causing the performance and constituents of the S&P 500 Index to vary from those expected under normal conditions and potentially increasing transaction costs to the Fund. Apart from scheduled rebalances, the index provider for the S&P 500 Index or its agents may carry out additional ad hoc rebalances to the S&P 500 Index in order, for example, to correct an error in the selection of index constituents. When the S&P 500 Index is rebalanced and the Fund in turn rebalances its portfolio to attempt to increase the correlation between the Fund's portfolio and the S&P 500 Index, any transaction costs and market exposure arising from such portfolio rebalancing may be borne directly by the Fund and its shareholders. Therefore, errors and additional ad hoc rebalances carried out by the S&P 500 Index provider or its agents to the S&P 500 Index may increase the costs to and the tracking error risk of the Fund.

Passive Management Risk. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund is not "actively" managed. Therefore, it would not generally sell a security because the security's issuer was in financial trouble unless that security is removed from the S&P 500 index. Therefore, the Fund's performance could be lower than funds that may actively shift their portfolio assets to take advantage of market opportunities or lessen the impact of a market decline or a decline in the value of one or more issuers.

Equity-Linked Notes (ELNs) Risk. When the Fund invests in ELNs, it receives cash but limits its opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of the instrument because of the call options written within the particular ELN. Investing in ELNs may be more costly to the Fund than if the Fund had invested in the underlying instruments directly. Investments in ELNs often have risks similar to the underlying instruments, which include market risk. In addition, since ELNs are in note form, ELNs are subject to certain debt securities risks, such as credit or counterparty risk. Should the prices of the underlying instruments move in an unexpected manner, the Fund may not achieve the anticipated benefits of an investment in an ELN, and may realize losses, which could be significant and could include the Fund's entire principal investment. Investments in ELNs are also subject to liquidity risk, which may make ELNs difficult to sell and value. In addition, ELNs may exhibit price behavior that does not correlate with the underlying securi-

ELN investments are subject to the risk that issuers and/or counterparties will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Prices of these investments may be adversely affected if any of the issuers or counterparties it is invested in are subject to an actual or perceived deterioration in their credit quality.

If the ELN is held to maturity, the issuer would pay to the purchaser the underlying instrument's value at maturity with any necessary adjustments. The holder of an ELN that is linked to a particular underlying security or instrument may be entitled to receive dividends paid in connection with that underlying equity security, but typically does not receive voting rights as it would if it directly owned the underlying equity security. In addition, there can be no assurance that there will be a trading market for an ELN or that the trading price of the ELN will equal the underlying value of the instruments that it seeks to replicate. Unlike a direct investment in equity securities, ELNs typically involve a term or expiration date, potentially increasing the Fund's turnover rate, transaction costs and tax

Call Options Risk. To the extent that the Fund sells covered call options within an ELN or directly, it receives cash but limits its opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of the underlying instrument to the exercise price (plus the premium received). The gain on an underlying instrument will be equal to the difference between the exercise price and the original purchase price of the underlying instrument, plus the premium received. In a rising market, the option may require the Fund to sell an instrument at an exercise price that is lower than the Fund would receive if the instrument was sold at the market price. If a call expires unexercised, the Fund realizes a gain in the amount of the premium received, although there may have been a decline (unrealized loss) in the market value of the underlying instrument during the option period which may exceed such gain. If the underlying instrument declines by more than the option premium the Fund receives, there will be a loss on the overall position.

Options Risk. The value of the Fund's positions in equity index options or options on S&P 500 ETFs will fluctuate in response to changes in the value of the underlying index. Writing index call options or options on S&P 500 ETFs can reduce equity market risk, but it limits the opportunity to profit from an increase in the market value of stocks in exchange for upfront cash at the time of selling the call option. The Fund also risks losing all or part of the cash paid for purchasing put options. Unusual market conditions or the lack of a ready market for any particular option at a specific time may reduce the effectiveness of the Fund's option strategies, and for these and other reasons, the Fund's option strategies may not reduce the Fund's volatility to the extent desired and could result in losses.

Sustainability (ESG) Strategy Risk. The Fund's ESG strategies could cause it to perform differently compared to funds that do not have such a policy. The criteria related to this ESG policy, including the exclusion of securities of companies in certain business activities or industries, may result in the Fund's forgoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous

to do so, or selling securities for ESG reasons when it might be otherwise disadvantageous for it to do so. In addition, there is a risk that the companies identified by the ESG policy, and identified as sustainable leaders by the adviser, do not operate as expected when addressing ESG issues. There are significant differences in interpretations of what it means for a company to have positive ESG characteristics. While the adviser believes its definitions are reasonable, the portfolio decisions it makes may differ with other investors' or advisers' views.

High Portfolio Turnover Risk. A Fund may engage in active and frequent trading leading to increased portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, and the possibility of increased capital gains, including short-term capital gains that will generally be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income.

Short Selling Risk. The Fund's strategy may involve more risk than other funds that do not engage in short selling or other short equity positions. The Fund's use of short sales or other short equity positions in combination with long positions in the Fund's portfolio in an attempt to improve performance or to reduce overall portfolio risk may not be successful and may result in greater losses or lower positive returns than if the Fund held only long positions. It is possible that the Fund's long equity positions will decline in value at the same time that the value of its short equity positions increases, thereby increasing potential losses to the Fund.

In order to establish a short position in a security, the Fund must first borrow the security from a lender, such as a broker or other institution. The Fund may not always be able to obtain the security at a particular time or at an acceptable price. Thus, there is risk that the Fund may be unable to implement its investment strategy due to the lack of available securities or for other reasons.

After short selling a security, the Fund may subsequently seek to close this position by purchasing and returning the security to the lender on a later date. The Fund may not always be able to complete or "close out" the short position by replacing the borrowed securities at a particular time or at an acceptable price.

In addition, the Fund may be prematurely forced to close out a short position if the lender demands the return of the borrowed security. The Fund incurs a loss as a result of a short sale or other short equity position if the market value of the borrowed security increases between the date of the short sale and the date when the Fund replaces the security. The Fund's loss on a short sale or other short equity position is potentially unlimited because there is no upward limit on the price a borrowed security could attain.

Further, if other short sellers of the same security want to close out their positions at the same time, a "short squeeze" can occur. A short squeeze occurs when demand exceeds the supply for the security sold short. A short squeeze makes it more likely that the Fund will need to replace the borrowed security at an unfavorable price, thereby increasing the likelihood that the Fund will lose some or all of the potential profit from, or incur a loss on, the short sale. Furthermore, taking short positions in securities results in a form of leverage. Leverage involves special risks described under "Derivatives Risk."

The Securities and Exchange Commission and financial industry regulatory authorities in other countries have, in the past, imposed temporary prohibitions and restrictions on certain types of short sale transactions. These prohibitions and restrictions, or the imposition of other regulatory requirements on short selling in the future, could inhibit the ability of the adviser to sell securities short on behalf of the Fund.

Swap Agreement Risk. The Fund will be subject to risks related to swap agreements, including total return swaps. Total return swaps are contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments based on the change in market value of the underlying assets. which may include a specified security, basket of securities or securities indices during the specified period, in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the total return from other underlying assets. Total return swaps may be used to obtain exposure to a security or market without owning or taking physical custody of such security or market and may be used to establish both long and short positions in order to gain the desired exposure. Because certain swap agreements are not cleared and exchange-traded, but are private contracts into which the Fund and a swap counterparty enter as principals, the Fund may experience a loss or delay in recovering assets if the counterparty defaults on its obligations. The Fund's returns are reduced or its losses increased by the costs associated with the swap, which may be significant. In addition, there is the risk that the swap may be terminated by the Fund or the counterparty in accordance with its terms or as a result of regulatory changes. If the swap were to terminate, the Fund may be unable to employ its investment strategy and may suffer losses. The Fund will segregate or earmark liquid assets at its custodian bank in an amount sufficient to cover its obligations under swap agreements.

Securities Lending Risk. A Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves counterparty risk, including the risk that the loaned securities may not be returned in a timely manner or at all, and/or a loss of rights in the collateral if the borrower or the lending agent defaults. This risk is increased when a Fund's loans are concentrated with a single or limited number of borrowers. In addition, a Fund bears the risk of loss in connection with its investment of the cash collateral it receives from a borrower. To the extent that the value or return of a Fund's investment of the cash collateral declines below the amount owed to the borrower, a Fund may incur losses that exceed the amount it earned on lending the security. In situations where the adviser does not believe that it is

prudent to sell an investment made with the cash collateral in the market, a Fund may borrow money to repay the applicable borrower the amount of cash collateral owed to the borrower upon return of the loaned securities. This will cause a Fund to incur financial leverage, which may cause a Fund to be more volatile because financial leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of a Fund's portfolio securities.

Diversified Fund: To generate additional income, certain underlying J.P. Morgan Funds may lend up to 331/3% of such Fund's total assets pursuant to agreements requiring that the loan be continuously secured by collateral equal to at least 100% of the market value plus accrued interest on the securities lent. Securities lending involves counterparty risk, including the risk that the loaned securities may not be returned or returned in a timely manner and/or a loss of rights in the collateral if the borrower or the lending agent defaults or fails financially. This risk is increased when the loans for the underlying J.P. Morgan Fund in which the Fund invests are concentrated with a single or limited number of borrowers. The earnings on the collateral invested may not be sufficient to pay fees incurred in connection with the loan. Also, the principal value of the collateral invested may decline and may not be sufficient to pay back the borrower for the amount of collateral posted. There are no limits on the number of borrowers an underlying J.P. Morgan Fund may use and such Fund may lend securities to only one or a small group of borrowers. Underlying J.P. Morgan Funds participating in securities lending bear the risk of loss in connection with investments of the cash collateral received from the borrowers, which do not trigger additional collateral requirements from the borrower. To the extent that the value or return of an underlying Fund's investments of the cash collateral declines below the amount owed to a borrower, the underlying Fund may incur losses that exceed the amount it earned on lending the security. In situations where the adviser does not believe that it is prudent to sell the cash collateral investments in the market, an underlying J.P. Morgan Fund may borrow money to repay the borrower the amount of cash collateral owed to the borrower upon return of the loaned securities. This will result in financial leverage, which may cause the underlying Fund to be more volatile because financial leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of the underlying fund's portfolio securities.

Exchange-Traded Fund (ETF) and Other Investment Company Risk. A Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies and ETFs. Shareholders bear both their proportionate share of a Fund's expenses and similar expenses of the underlying investment company or ETF when a Fund invests in shares of another investment company or ETF. A Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ETF or investment company's investments. The price and movement of an ETF designed to track an index may not track the index and may result in a loss. In addition, ETFs may trade at a price above (premium) or below (discount) their net asset value, especially during periods of significant market volatility or stress, causing investors to pay significantly more or less than the value of the ETF's underlying portfolio. Certain ETFs traded on exchanges may be thinly traded and experience large spreads between the "ask" price quoted by a seller and the "bid" price offered by a buyer.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted certain regulatory changes and took other actions related to the ability of an investment company to invest in another investment company, including the rescission of exemptive relief issued by the SEC permitting such investments in excess of statutory limits. These regulatory changes may adversely impact each Fund's investment strategies and operations.

Convertible Securities Risk. A convertible security generally entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt securities or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities generally have characteristics similar to both debt and equity securities. The value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates rise and, because of the conversion feature, tends to vary with fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. Convertible securities are usually subordinated to comparable nonconvertible securities. Convertible securities generally do not participate directly in any dividend increases or decreases of the underlying securities, although the market prices of convertible securities may be affected by any dividend changes or other changes in the underlying securities.

Initial Public Offering (IPO) Risk. IPO securities have no trading history, and information about the companies may be available for very limited periods. The prices of securities sold in IPOs may be highly volatile and their purchase may involve high transaction costs. At any particular time or from time to time, a Fund may not be able to invest in securities issued in IPOs, or invest to the extent desired, because, for example, only a small portion (if any) of the securities being offered in an IPO may be made available to a Fund. In addition, under certain market conditions, a relatively small number of companies may issue securities in IPOs. Similarly, as the number of purchasers to which IPO securities are allocated increases, the number of securities issued to a Fund may decrease. The performance of a Fund during periods when it is unable to invest significantly or at all in IPOs may be lower than during periods when a Fund is able to do so. In addition, as a Fund increases in size, the impact of IPOs on the Fund's performance will generally decrease.

Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) Risk. A Fund may invest in MLPs whose ownership interests are publicly traded and that primarily derive their income from, among other industries, the mining, production, transportation or processing of minerals or natural resources, although they may also finance entertainment, research and development, real estate and other projects. Investments held by an MLP may be relatively illiquid, limiting the MLP's ability to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. In addition, MLPs may have limited financial resources, their securities may trade infrequently and in limited volume and they may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than securities of larger or more broadly-based companies. The risks of investing in an MLP are generally those inherent in investing in a partnership as opposed to a corporation.

For example, state law governing partnerships is often less restrictive than state law governing corporations. Accordingly, there may be fewer protections afforded investors in an MLP than investors in a corporation. Additional risks involved with investing in an MLP are risks associated with the specific industry or industries in which the partnership invests, such as the risks of investing in real estate, or oil and gas industries.

**Preferred Stock Risk.** Preferred stock generally has a preference as to dividends and liquidations over an issuer's common stock but ranks junior to debt securities in an issuer's capital structure. Unlike interest payments on debt securities, preferred stock dividends are payable only if declared by the issuer's board of directors. Because preferred stocks generally pay dividends only after the issuing company makes required payments to holders of its bonds and other debt, the value of preferred stocks generally is more sensitive than bonds and other debt to actual or perceived changes in the company's financial condition or prospects. Preferred stock also may be subject to optional or mandatory redemption provisions.

Volcker Rule Risk. Pursuant to section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and certain rules promulgated thereunder known as the Volcker Rule, if the adviser and/or its affiliates own 25% or more of the outstanding ownership interests of a Fund after the permitted seeding period from the implementation of a Fund's investment strategy, a Fund could be subject to restrictions on trading that would adversely impact the Fund's ability to execute its investment strategy. Generally, the permitted seeding period is three years from the implementation of a Fund's investment strategy. As a result, the adviser and/or its affiliates may be required to reduce their ownership interests in a Fund at a time that is sooner than would otherwise be desirable, which may result in the Fund's liquidation or, if the Fund is able to continue operating, may result in losses, increased transaction costs and adverse tax consequences as a result of the sale of portfolio securities.

For more information about risks associated with the types of investments that a Fund purchases, please read the "Risk/ Return Summary" in the prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information.

#### **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

An investment in a Fund is subject to a number of actual or potential conflicts of interest. For example, the Adviser and/or its affiliates provide a variety of different services to a Fund, for which the Fund compensates them. As a result, the Adviser and/or its affiliates have an incentive to enter into arrangements with a Fund, and face conflicts of interest when balancing that incentive against the best interests of a Fund. The Adviser and/or its affiliates also face conflicts of interest in their service as investment adviser to other clients, and, from time to time, make investment decisions that differ from and/or negatively impact those made by the Adviser on behalf of a Fund. In addition, affiliates of the Adviser provide a broad range of services and products to their clients and are major participants in the global currency, equity, commodity, fixed-income and other markets in which a Fund invests or will invest. In certain circumstances, by providing services and products to their clients, these affiliates' activities will disadvantage or restrict the Funds and/or benefit these affiliates. The Adviser may also acquire material non-public information which would negatively affect the Adviser's ability to transact in securities for a Fund. JPMorgan and the Funds have adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to appropriately prevent, limit or mitigate conflicts of interest. In addition, many of the activities that create these conflicts of interest are limited and/or prohibited by law, unless an exception is available. For more information about conflicts of interest, see the Potential Conflicts of Interest section in the Statement of Additional Information.

### **TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE AND CASH POSITIONS**

For liquidity and to respond to unusual market conditions, the Funds may invest all or most of their total assets in cash and cash equivalents for temporary defensive purposes. In addition, Certain Funds may invest in cash and cash equivalents as a principal investment strategy. These investments may result in a lower yield than lower-quality or longer-term investments.

### WHAT IS A CASH EOUIVALENT?

Cash equivalents are highly liquid, high-quality instruments with maturities of three months or less on the date they are purchased. They include securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market mutual funds and bank deposit accounts.

While the Funds are engaged in a temporary defensive position, they may not meet their investment objectives. These investments may also be inconsistent with a Fund's main investment strategies. Therefore, the Funds will pursue a temporary defensive position only when market conditions warrant.

Whether engaging in temporary defensive purposes or otherwise, the Equity Index Fund and Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund may not hold more than 10% of their total assets in cash and cash equivalents. These amounts are in addition to assets held for derivative margin deposits or other segregated accounts.

### ADDITIONAL FEE WAIVER AND/OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

Service providers to a Fund may, from time to time, voluntarily waive all or a portion of any fees to which they are entitled and/or reimburse certain expenses as they may determine from time to time. A Fund's service providers may discontinue or modify these voluntary actions at any time without notice. Performance for the Funds reflects the voluntary waiver of fees and/or the reimbursement of expenses, if any. Without these voluntary waivers and/or expense reimbursements, performance would have been less favorable.

#### ADDITIONAL HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

#### **Diversified Fund**

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/18 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 11/1/17 in the table is based on the performance of Class L Shares. The actual returns for Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares.

### **Equity Focus Fund**

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 10/1/18 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 10/1/18 in the table is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. During this period, the actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares.

## **Equity Income Fund**

The Class R5 and Class R2 Shares commenced operations on 2/28/11. Historical performance shown in the bar chart for Class R5 Shares prior to 1/1/12 and in the table for Class R2 and Class R5 Shares prior to inception is that of the Class I Shares. Prior class performance for Class R2 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between Class R2 and Class I Shares. Historical performance for the Class R6 Shares prior to their inception on 1/31/12 is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares from 2/28/11 to 1/30/12 and on Class I Shares prior to 2/28/11. The actual returns of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. The Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. Historical performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares prior to their inception on 9/9/16 is based on the performance of the Class A Shares for Class R3 Shares and Class I Shares for Class R4 Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar than those shown because Class R3 Currently have the same expenses as Class A Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses to Class I Shares.

### **Equity Index Fund**

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/17 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 9/1/16 in the table is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. The actual returns for Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares.

### **Growth Advantage Fund**

The Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 12/23/13. Historical performance shown in the table is that of Class R5 Shares from 1/1/10 to 12/23/13. During this period, the actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than the prior classes. The Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 5/31/17. The performance for the Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R4 Shares has different expenses than the prior classes. The Class R3 Shares commenced operations on 5/31/17. The Class R2 Shares commenced operations on 7/31/17. The performance for the Class R2 and Class R3 Shares prior to their inceptions are based on the performance of the Class A Shares. The Class R3 Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. The actual returns of Class R2 and Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 and Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares.

### **Intrepid Growth Fund**

The Class R6 Shares of the Intrepid Growth Fund commenced operations on 11/2/15. Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares of the Fund is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares. During this period, the actual returns for Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown for Class R5 Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares.

#### **Intrepid Value Fund**

Historical performance shown in the table for Class R6 Shares prior to their inception on 11/30/10 is based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares, During this period, the actual returns for Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown for Class R5 Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares.

#### **Large Cap Growth Fund**

Historical performance shown for Class R6 Shares prior to their inception on 11/30/10 is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. Historical performance for the Class R3 Shares is based on the performance of the Class I Shares prior to their inception. Prior class performance for the Class R3 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between Class R3 and Class I Shares. Historical performance for the Class R4 Shares is based on the Class I Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns for Class R4 would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses to Class I Shares.

# **Large Cap Value Fund**

The Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 11/30/10. Historical performance shown in the table is that of Class R5 Shares from 1/1/10 to 11/29/10. During these periods, the actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 10/1/18. Historical performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R3 and Class R4 Shares would have been lower than shown for Class R5 Shares because Class R3 and Class R4 Shares have higher expenses than Class R5 Shares.

#### Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

The Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 10/1/18. Historical performance for the Class R6 Shares is based on the performance of Class I Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than shown for Class I Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares.

# Mid Cap Equity Fund

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/15 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 3/14/14 in the table is based on the performance of Class I Shares. Historical performance for Class R5 Shares prior to their inception on 3/14/14 is also based on the performance of Class I Shares. During these periods, the actual returns of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares, Historical performance for Class R2 Shares is based on Class A Shares from 1/1/10 to the class' inception on 3/14/14. The actual returns of the Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. Class A Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus.

### Mid Cap Growth Fund

The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. Historical performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares are based on the performance of the Class I Shares prior to their inception. Prior class performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between classes. Historical performance shown for Class R5 and Class R6 Shares prior to their inception on 11/1/11 is also based on the performance of Class I Shares. During these periods, the actual returns of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares.

#### Mid Cap Value Fund

The Class R3 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16 and their performance is based on Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been lower than the returns shown because Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. The performance for the Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been lower because Class R4 Shares have higher expenses than Class I Shares. The performance for the Class R5 and R6 Shares prior to their inception dates are based on the performance of Class L Shares. The actual returns of Class R5 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R5 Shares have higher expenses than Class L Shares. The actual returns for Class R6 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R6 Shares have similar expenses to Class L Shares.

# More About the Funds (continued)

#### **Small Cap Blend Fund**

The Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 7/2/18. The performance for the Class R6 Shares are based on the performance of the Class I Shares (which are not offered in this prospectus) prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than shown for Class I Shares because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares.

### **Small Cap Core Fund**

Class R6 Shares commenced operations on 5/31/16 and their performance prior to their inception is based on Class R5 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would be different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 7/31/17. The performance for the Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares are based on the performance of the Class R5 Shares prior to their inception. The actual returns of Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares have higher expenses than Class R5 Shares.

#### **Small Cap Equity Fund**

Class R6 Shares commenced operations as of 5/31/16 and their performance prior to their inception is based on Class R5 Shares. The actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations as of 9/9/16. The performance for Class R3 Shares prior to their inception is based on Class A Shares and the performance for Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of the Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R3 Shares had different expenses than Class A Shares at time of launch. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses to Class I Shares.

### **Small Cap Growth Fund**

The Class R5 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16 and the Class R6 Shares commenced on 11/30/10, and the performance for both classes prior to their inception is based on Class L Shares. Class L Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but the shares are not offered in this prospectus. During this period, the actual returns of the Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 7/31/17. The performance for Class R3 Shares prior to their inception is based on Class A Shares and the performance for Class R4 Shares prior to their inception is based on the performance of the Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R3 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R4 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Class A and Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus.

#### **Small Cap Value Fund**

Historical performance for Class R4 Shares is based on Class I Shares prior to the class' inception on 9/9/16. Historical performance for Class R3 Shares is based on Class A Shares prior to the class' inception on 9/9/16. Prior class performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between the classes.

#### **SMID Cap Equity Fund**

The Class R6 Shares of the Fund commenced operations on 11/2/15. Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/16 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 11/2/15 in the table is based on the performance of Class I Shares. During this period, the actual returns of the Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Historical performance for the Class R3 and Class R4 Shares prior to their inception on 9/9/16 is based on the performance of the Class A Shares for Class R3 Shares and Class I Shares for Class R4 Shares. The actual returns for Class R3 Shares would have been similar than those shown because Class R3 currently have the same expenses as Class A Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares had similar expenses to Class I Shares.

#### **U.S.** Equity Fund

Historical performance shown for Class R6 Shares of the Fund prior to their inception on 11/30/10 is based on Class R5 Shares. During these periods, the actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. The performance for Class R3 Shares prior to their inception is based on Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those

shown because Class R3 Shares have similar expenses to Class A Shares. The performance for Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses than Class I Shares.

### **U.S.** Large Cap Core Plus Fund

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/18 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 11/1/17 in the table is based on the performance of Class R5 Shares. The actual returns for Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class R5 Shares.

#### **U.S. Small Company Fund**

Historical performance shown in the bar chart for Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/12 and in the table prior to their inception on 11/1/11 is based on the performance of Class L Shares. The actual returns of Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares. Class R5 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16 and their performance prior to their inception is based on Class L Shares. The actual returns of Class R5 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R5 Shares have higher expenses than Class L Shares. Historical performance shown for Class R2 Shares prior to their inception on 11/1/11 is based on the performance of Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. The performance for Class R3 Shares prior to their inception is based on Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R3 Shares have similar expenses to Class A Shares. The performance for Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses than Class I Shares. The Class A, Class I and Class L Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus.

#### U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

Because the R6 Shares commenced operations on 9/30/20 and, therefore, do not have a full calendar year of performance. The bar chart and performance table show performance of the Fund's Class I Shares. R6 Shares and Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities. Class I Shares are not offered in this prospectus. The actual return of R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class I Shares have different expenses than R6 Shares.

#### U.S. Value Fund

Historical performance shown for the Class R5 Shares prior to 1/1/16 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 11/2/15 in the table is based on the performance of Class I Shares. Historical performance for Class R6 Shares prior to their inception on 11/2/15 is also based on the performance of Class I Shares. During these periods, the actual returns of Class R5 and Class R6 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class I Shares. Historical performance for Class R2 Shares is based on Class A Shares prior to the class' inception on 11/2/15. Prior class performance for the Class R2 Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between Class R2 and Class A Shares. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 7/31/17. The performance for the Class R3 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R3 Shares has higher expenses than Class A Shares. The performance for the Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns of Class R4 Shares would have been different than those shown because Class R4 Shares has different expenses than Class I Shares. Class A and Class I Shares invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus.

#### Value Advantage Fund

Historical performance shown for Class R6 Shares prior to 1/1/17 in the bar chart and prior to their inception on 9/9/16 in the table is based on the Fund's Class L Shares, which invest in the same portfolio of securities, but which are not offered in this prospectus. Class R5 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16 and their performance prior to their inception is based on Class L Shares. The actual returns of the Class R5 and R6 Shares would be different that those shown because Class R5 and Class R6 Shares have different expenses than Class L Shares. The Class R2 Shares commenced operations on 7/31/17. The Class R3 and Class R4 Shares commenced operations on 9/9/16. The performance for Class R2 and Class R3 Shares prior to their inception are based on Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R2 Shares would have been lower than those shown because Class R2 Shares have higher expenses than Class A Shares. The actual returns of Class R3 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R3 Shares have similar

# More About the Funds (continued)

expenses to Class A Shares. The performance for Class R4 Shares prior to their inception date is based on the performance of Class I Shares. The actual returns for Class R4 Shares would have been similar to those shown because Class R4 Shares have similar expenses than Class I Shares.

# The Funds' Management and Administration

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust I (JPMT I), a Delaware statutory trust:

Diversified Fund

Equity Focus Fund

Hedged Equity Fund

Intrepid Growth Fund

Intrepid Value Fund

Mid Cap Equity Fund

Small Cap Blend Fund Small Cap Core Fund

Small Cap Equity Fund

U.S. Equity Fund

U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund

U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

U.S. Small Company Fund

U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund

U.S. Value Fund

Value Advantage Fund

Collectively, these are the JPMT I Funds.

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust II (JPMT II), a Delaware statutory trust:

Equity Income Fund

Equity Index Fund

Large Cap Growth Fund

Large Cap Value Fund

Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund

Mid Cap Growth Fund

Small Cap Growth Fund

Small Cap Value Fund

SMID Cap Equity Fund

These Funds are the JPMT II Funds.

Equity Premium Income Fund is a series of JPMorgan Trust IV (JPMT IV), a Delaware statutory trust.

Growth Advantage Fund is a series of J.P. Morgan Mutual Fund Investment Trust (JPMMFIT), a Massachusetts business trust.

Mid Cap Value Fund is a series of J.P. Morgan Fleming Mutual Fund Group, Inc. (JPMFMFG), a Maryland corporation.

The Board of Trustees of each trust and the Board of Directors of JPMFMFG are responsible for overseeing all business activities of their respective Funds.

Each of the Funds operates in a multiple class structure. A multiple class fund is an open-end investment company that issues two or more classes of shares representing interests in the same investment portfolio.

Each class in a multiple class fund can set its own transaction minimums and may vary with respect to expenses for distribution. administration and shareholder services. This means that one class could offer access to a Fund on different terms than another class. Certain classes may be more appropriate for a particular investor.

Each Fund may issue other classes of shares that have different expense levels and performance and different requirements for who may invest. Call 1-800-480-4111 to obtain more information concerning all of the Funds' other share classes. A Financial Intermediary who receives compensation for selling Fund shares may receive a different amount of compensation for sales of different classes of shares.

### The Funds' Investment Adviser

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (JPMIM) is the investment adviser to the Funds and makes the day-to-day investment decisions for the Funds.

JPMIM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Asset Management Holdings Inc., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. (JPMorgan Chase), a bank holding company. JPMIM is located at 383 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10179.

# The Funds' Management and Administration (continued)

During the fiscal year ended 6/30/20, JPMIM was paid management fees (net of waivers), as shown below, as a percentage of average daily net assets:

JPMorgan Diversified Fund	0.40%
JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund	0.36
JPMorgan Equity Income Fund	0.40
JPMorgan Equity Index Fund	0.00
JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund	0.07
JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund	0.55
JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund	0.25
JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund	0.27
JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund	0.25
JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund	0.39
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund	0.36
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	0.18
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund	0.58
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund	0.65
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund	0.61
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund	0.61
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	0.64
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund	0.64
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund	0.52
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund	0.38
JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund	0.63
JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund	0.20
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund	0.60
JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund	0.00
JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund	0.35
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund	0.55

A discussion of the basis the Board of Trustees of each Trust used in reapproving the investment advisory agreements for the Funds is available in the semi-annual report for the most recent fiscal period ended December 31.

# The Portfolio Managers

# **Diversified Fund**

The Fund is managed by JPMIM's Multi-Asset Solutions Team (MAS). The members of MAS who are primarily responsible for management and oversight of the Fund are Jeffrey A. Geller, Managing Director and CFA charterholder, Gary Herbert, Managing Director and CFA charterholder, and Morgan M. Moriarty, Vice President and CFA charterholder. The portfolio managers establish and monitor the strategic asset allocation of the Fund and focus on portfolio construction, investment strategy selection and global tactical asset allocation (GTAA). Additionally, they are assisted by multiple specialist teams who support the strategies of the Fund within the parameters established by the portfolio management team. As CIO for the Americas of MAS and an employee of JPMIM since 2006, Mr. Geller has investment oversight responsibility for all accounts managed by MAS and has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2019. Mr. Herbert has been an employee of JPMIM and the Head of GTAA and Diversified Strategies in the U.S for MAS since 2020 and a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2020. Prior to joining JPMIM, Mr. Herbert was the Head of Global Credit at Brandywine Global LLC. Ms. Moriarty has been and an employee of JPMIM and a member of MAS since 2011 and a portfolio manager of the Fund since 2019.

#### **Equity Focus Fund**

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Timothy Parton, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Simon is primarily responsible for the Fund's value investments while Mr. Parton is primarily responsible for the Fund's growth investments. Mr. Simon has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM and its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1987 and has been employed by the firm since 1980. Mr. Parton has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM or its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1988 and has been employed by the firm since 1986.

# **Equity Income Fund U.S.** Value Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Clare Hart, Managing Director of JPMIM, Andrew Brandon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and David Silberman, Managing Director of JPMIM. Ms. Hart is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Ms. Hart has been a portfolio manager since 2002 and also has extensive experience as an investment analyst covering the financial services and real estate sectors. She has been employed by the firm since 1999. As portfolio managers, Messrs. Brandon and Silberman share authority in the day-to-day management of the Funds. An employee of the firm since 2000, Mr. Brandon has been an investment analyst in the U.S. Equity Group since 2012. He is a CFA charterholder. An employee since 1989, Mr. Silberman assumed his current role in 2019. Prior to his current role, Mr. Silberman was the Head of the Equity Investment Director and Corporate Governance teams globally and the lead U.S. Equity Investment Director since 2008.

#### **Equity Index Fund**

The portfolio management team utilizes a team-based approach, and the portfolio management team for the Fund is comprised of Michael Loeffler, Executive Director, Nicholas D'Eramo, Executive Director, Oliver Furby, Executive Director, and Alex Hamilton, Executive Director. Each portfolio manager is responsible for various functions related to portfolio management, including, but not limited to, investing cash inflows, coordinating with members of the portfolio management team to focus on certain portfolios, implementing investment strategy, researching and reviewing investment strategy. Mr. Loeffler has been a portfolio manager for JPMIM since 2004 and has been an employee of the firm or one of its predecessors since 1999. Mr. Loeffler is a CFA charterholder. Mr. D'Eramo has been a portfolio manager for JPMIM since 2005 and an employee of the firm or one of its predecessors since 1999. Mr. Furby has been a portfolio manager for JPMIM since 2014. Prior to joining JPMIM, he was a data analysis manager for JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. from 2012 to 2014. Before 2012, he worked at State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio as a portfolio manager. Mr. Hamilton has been a portfolio manager for JPMIM since April 2017. Prior to joining JPMIM, he was an assistant portfolio manager at the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System from 2013 until 2017. Before that time, he worked at Huntington National Bank in the corporate treasury and mortgage capital markets departments. Mr. Hamilton is a CFA charterholder.

# **Equity Premium Income Fund Hedged Equity Fund**

Hamilton Reiner, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Raffaele Zingone, Managing Director of JPMIM, are the portfolio managers primarily responsible for the management of the Fund. Mr. Reiner is responsible for implementing the Fund's overlay options strategy and for providing insight with respect to the impact to the options strategy of purchasing certain securities while Mr. Zingone is primarily responsible for investing the Fund's equity securities according to its enhanced index process. Mr. Reiner has been the head of U.S. Equity Derivatives at JPMIM since 2012 and serves as head of the U.S. Equity Behavioral Finance team. He joined JPMorgan Chase in 2009 and from 2009 to 2012, he was a portfolio manager and head of U.S. Equity Derivatives at JPMorgan Chase. Prior to joining the firm, Mr. Reiner was head of the Equity Long/Short Prime Brokerage platform at Barclays Capital. Mr. Zingone has been a portfolio manager in the U.S. Equity Group since 2000 and has been a JPMIM employee since 1991. He is also a senior member of the U.S. Equity Core portfolio management team.

# **Growth Advantage Fund** Mid Cap Growth Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Timothy Parton, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder and Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Parton is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Ms. Agranoff is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. An employee since 2004. Ms. Agranoff has been a portfolio manager since 2015 and has been a research analyst in the firm's U.S. Equity Group since 2004. Information about Mr. Parton is discussed earlier in this section.

# The Funds' Management and Administration (continued)

# **Intrepid Growth Fund Intrepid Value Fund U.S.** Sustainable Leaders Fund

The portfolio management team for the Fund utilizes a team-based approach and is comprised of Jason Alonzo, Wonseok Choi, Jonathan Tse and Andrew Stern. Mr. Alonzo, a Managing Director, is the lead portfolio manager for the Fund and is primarily responsible for portfolio construction. Mr. Alonzo utilizes the models, insights and recommendations of the U.S. Structured Equity Team, of which Messers. Stern, Choi and Tse are portfolio managers. Mr. Alonzo, Managing Director of JPMIM, has been with JPMIM or its affiliates (or one of their predecessors) since 2000 and has been a member of the portfolio management team since 2003. Mr. Choi, Managing Director and director of U.S. equity quantitative research, is responsible for Strategic Quantitative Research. This entails all aspects of process enhancements including, but not limited to: factors to be included into the investment process as well as refinements to existing factors, portfolio construction as well as our big data efforts. Mr. Tse, Executive Director and a member of the team since 2004, is responsible for Tactical Quantitative Research. This entails the active monitoring of current market conditions in order to identify opportunities and risks to make temporal adjustments to the Fund's positioning. Mr. Stern, an Executive Director and a CFA charterholder, is a research analyst and portfolio manager on the U.S. Structured Equity Team. Mr. Stern is a generalist analyst whose coverage spans various industries including financial and healthcare. An employee since 2008, Mr. Stern has been a research analyst since 2011.

#### **Large Cap Growth Fund**

Giri Devulapally, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Holly Fleiss, Executive Director of JPMIM, Larry Lee, Managing Director of JPMIM and Joseph Wilson, Managing Director are portfolio managers and research analysts for the Fund, providing research and advice on the purchases and sales of individual securities, and portfolio risk assessment. Giri Devulapally, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is also a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Mr. Devulapally has been a portfolio manager in the firm's U.S. Equity Group since 2003 when he joined JPMIM. An employee since 2012, Ms. Fleiss is responsible for the health care sector for the J.P. Morgan Large Cap Growth Strategy. An employee since 2006, Mr. Lee is responsible for the financials and business services sector for the J.P. Morgan Large Cap Growth Strategy. An employee since 2014, Mr. Wilson is responsible for the technology sector for JPMorgan's large cap growth portfolios. He is also a portfolio manager on the J.P. Morgan U.S. Technology Strategy.

#### **Large Cap Value Fund**

Scott Blasdell, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. As part of the team's investment process Messers. Blasdell and Playford meet, along with other portfolio managers and research analysts, to discuss the economic outlook, industry trends, and the merits and risks of investment ideas for the Fund. Messers. Blasdell and Playford follow same investment process, philosophy and research resources, and in Mr. Blasdell's absence, Mr. Playford will be responsible for day-to-day management of the portfolio. Mr. Blasdell has been a portfolio manager on the Structured Equity Team since 2008 and an employee of JPMIM since 1999. An employee of JPMIM or its affiliates since 1993, Mr. Playford, a CFA charterholder and CPA, is the Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Value team. He joined the U.S. Equity Value team as a research analyst in 2003 and became a portfolio manager in 2004.

# **Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund** Small Cap Core Fund **Small Cap Value Fund U.S. Small Company Fund**

The portfolio management team for the Fund utilizes a team-based approach and uses the models, insights and recommendations of the broader U.S. Structured Equity Team. The portfolio management team is comprised of Phillip D. Hart, Lindsey Houghton, Wonseok Choi, Jonathan Tse and Akash Gupta. Mr. Hart, a Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, is the lead portfolio manager for the Fund and is primarily responsible for portfolio construction. Mr. Hart has worked as a portfolio manager for the U.S. Structured Equity Team at JPMIM since 2009 and has been employed by the firm since 2003. Prior to becoming a portfolio manager, he was a qualitative research analyst within this group. Mr. Houghton, Executive Director, is a research analyst and portfolio manager on the U.S. Structured Equity team. An employee since 2006, Mr. Houghton is responsible for coverage of the small and mid cap consumer and financial sectors. Previously, he worked as a senior analyst on Bear Stearns' Quantitative Equity team. Prior to joining Bear Stearns, Mr. Houghton was a research analyst at BKF Asset Management and a portfolio manager assistant at ING Investment

Management. Mr. Gupta, Executive Director, is a research analyst and portfolio manager on the U.S. Structured Equity team. An employee since 2004. Mr. Gupta previously spent over three years in the sell-side Equity Research Group, focusing on the electronics manufacturing supply chain sector. He is also a CFA charterholder and a certified Financial Risk Manager (FRM). Information about Messers. Choi and Tse is discussed earlier in this section.

# Mid Cap Equity Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, Timothy Parton, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Simon and Mr. Playford are primarily responsible for the Fund's value investments while Mr. Parton and Ms. Agranoff are primarily responsible for the Fund's growth investments.

Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund's value investments and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford is a co-portfolio manager on the Fund's value investments and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Information about Messers. Simon and Playford is discussed earlier in this section.

Mr. Parton is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund's growth investments and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Growth portfolio management team. Ms. Agranoff is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management on the Fund's growth investments. Information about Mr. Parton and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

#### Mid Cap Value Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM. Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford is a co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Information about Messers. Simon and Playford is discussed earlier in this section.

#### **Small Cap Blend Fund**

The portfolio management team is led by Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, and Eytan Shapiro, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Playford leads the team primarily responsible for the Fund's value investments while Mr. Shapiro leads the team primarily responsible for the Fund's growth investments. Mr. Shapiro is Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Growth and Small Cap portfolio management teams. Mr. Shapiro has worked as a portfolio manager for JPMIM or its affiliates (or their predecessors) since 1989 and has been employed by the firm since 1985.

Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, and Matthew Cohen, M.D., Managing Director of JPMIM, are also research analysts with respect to the growth portion of the Fund. They provide research and advice on the purchases and sales of individual securities and portfolio risk assessment. An employee since 2005, Dr. Cohen has been a portfolio manager since 2015 and a research analyst in the firm's U.S. Equity Group since 2005. Information about Mr. Playford and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

# **Small Cap Equity Fund SMID Cap Equity Fund**

The portfolio management team is led by Don San Jose, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Daniel J. Percella, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. San Jose is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Small Cap portfolio management team. Mr. Percella is the co-portfolio manager and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. San Jose joined the U.S. Small Cap Equity Group as an analyst in 2004 and became a portfolio manager in 2007. Mr. San Jose has been employed by the firm since 2000. Mr. Percella has been a portfolio manager since 2014, and prior to that time he was a research analyst on the Small Cap Active Core Team. Mr. Percella has been an employee of JPMIM since 2008.

#### **Small Cap Growth Fund**

The portfolio management team is led by Eytan Shapiro, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder, Felise L. Agranoff, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder and Matthew Cohen, M.D., Managing Director of JPMIM. Mr. Shapiro is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is Chief Investment Officer of the U.S. Equity Growth and Small Cap portfolio management teams. The other members are portfolio managers and research analysts for the Fund, providing research and advice on the purchases and sales of individual securities, and portfolio risk assessment. Information about Messrs. Shapiro and Cohen, and Ms. Agranoff is discussed earlier in this section.

# The Funds' Management and Administration (continued)

#### **U.S.** Equity Fund

The portfolio managers primarily responsible for daily management of the Fund are Scott Davis, Managing Director of JPMIM; and David Small, Managing Director of JPMIM, each of whom has day to day management responsibility for a portion of the Fund. Mr. Davis has been an employee since 2006 and has been a portfolio manager since 2013. Previously, he was an analyst in the U.S. Equity Research Group. Mr. Small, an employee since 2005 and a portfolio manager since 2016, was the Associate Director of U.S. Equity Research from July 2015 to July 2016 and is currently the Head of U.S. Equity Research. In addition, Mr. Small previously was the insurance analyst on the Fundamental Research Team from 2008 to 2016.

#### U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund

The Fund is managed by Susan Bao, Managing Director of JPMIM and CFA charterholder, and Steven G. Lee, Managing Director of JPMIM, each of whom has day to day management responsibility for a portion of the Fund. Ms. Bao has been a portfolio manager in the U.S. Equity Group since 2001 and has been employed by the firm since 1997. Mr. Lee is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Core portfolio management team. Mr. Lee has been a portfolio manager since 2013 and prior to that time he was a research analyst in the U.S. Equity Research Group. Mr. Lee has been an employee of JPMIM since 2004.

### U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund

The portfolio management team for the Fund utilizes a team-based approach and uses the models, insights and recommendations of the broader U.S. Core Equity Team. The portfolio management team is comprised of Raffaele Zingone, Managing Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder; and Tim Snyder, Executive Director of JPMIM and a CFA charterholder. Mr. Zingone is the lead portfolio manager for the Fund and is primarily responsible for portfolio construction. Mr. Snyder has been a portfolio manager in the U.S. Equity Group since 2013 and a JPMIM employee since 2003. Mr. Snyder joined the U.S. Core Equity Team in 2004 and is also a holder of the CMT designation. Information about Mr. Zingone is discussed earlier in this section.

### Value Advantage Fund

The portfolio management team is led by Jonathan K.L. Simon, Managing Director of JPMIM, and Lawrence E. Playford, Managing Director of JPMIM and Graham Spence, Executive Director of JPMIM. Mr. Simon is the lead portfolio manager on the Fund and is a senior member of the U.S. Equity Value portfolio management team. Mr. Playford and Graham Spence are a co-portfolio managers and shares authority in the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Spence joined the U.S. Equity Value team in 2013 as a portfolio analyst dedicated to the multi-cap value strategy. Information about Messers. Simon and Playford is discussed earlier in this section.

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds.

#### The Funds' Administrator

JPMIM (the Administrator) provides administration services and oversees each Fund's other service providers. The Administrator receives the following annual fee from each Fund for administration services: 0.075% of the first \$10 billion of average daily net assets of the Fund, plus 0.050% of average daily net assets of the Fund between \$10 billion and \$20 billion, plus 0.025% of average daily net assets of the Fund between \$20 billion and \$25 billion, plus 0.010% of the average daily net assets of the Fund over \$25 billion.

### The Funds' Shareholder Servicing Agent

The trusts and the corporation, on behalf of the Funds, have entered into shareholder servicing agreements with JPMorgan Distribution Services, Inc. (JPMDS) under which JPMDS has agreed to provide certain support services to the Funds' shareholders. For performing these services, JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, receives an annual fee up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Class R2, Class R3 and Class R4 Shares of each Fund and an annual fee of 0.10% of the average daily net assets of the Class R5 Shares of each Fund. JPMDS may enter into service agreements with Financial Intermediaries under which it will pay all or a portion of the annual fee to such Financial Intermediaries for performing shareholder and administrative services. Class R6 Shares do not have service fees.

#### The Funds' Distributor

JPMDS (the Distributor) is the distributor for the Funds. The Distributor is an affiliate of JPMIM.

### **Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries**

JPMIM, JPMDS and, from time to time, other affiliates of JPMorgan Chase may also, at their own expense and out of their own legitimate profits, provide additional cash payments to Financial Intermediaries whose customers invest in shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds. For this purpose, Financial Intermediaries include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with JPMDS. These additional cash payments are payments over and above any sales charges (including Rule 12b-1 fees) and service fees (sub-transfer agency and/or networking fees) that are paid to such Financial Intermediaries, as described elsewhere in this prospectus. These additional cash payments are generally made to Financial Intermediaries that provide shareholder, sub-transfer agency or administrative services or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and Financial Intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the J.P. Morgan Funds on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs and/or for training and educating a Financial Intermediary's employees. These additional cash payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the Financial Intermediary provides shareholder services to J.P. Morgan Fund shareholders. JPMIM and JPMDS may also pay cash compensation in the form of finders' fees that vary depending on the J.P. Morgan Fund and the dollar amount of shares sold. Such additional compensation may provide such Financial Intermediaries with an incentive to favor sales of shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds over other investment options they make available to their customers. See the Statement of Additional Information for more information.

# Investing with J.P. Morgan Funds

#### **CHOOSING A SHARE CLASS**

Each share class represents an investment in the same portfolio of securities, but each has different availability and eligibility criteria, expenses, dividends and distributions.

Please read this prospectus carefully, and then select the Fund and share class most appropriate for you and decide how much you want to invest. Each Fund may offer other classes of shares not included in this prospectus that have different expense levels. performance and eligibility requirements from the share classes offered in this prospectus. Call 1-800-480-4111 to obtain more information concerning these or other share classes. A Financial Intermediary may receive different compensation based on the share class sold.

Additional Information that Applies to All Accounts: If your identity or the identity of any other person(s) authorized to act on your behalf cannot be verified, or if potentially criminal activity is identified, the J.P. Morgan Funds and the Distributor reserve the right to reject opening an account for you, close your account, or take such other action they deem reasonable or required by law.

Class R shares are primarily used in Group Retirement Plans. The particular Group Retirement Plan will determine the share class available to its participants.

Shares of the Funds have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. This prospectus is not intended for distribution to prospective investors outside of the United States. The Funds generally do not market or sell shares to investors domiciled outside of the United States, even, with regard to individuals, if they are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States.

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Eligibility <sup>1,2</sup>	May be purchased by Group Retirement Plans. <sup>2</sup>	May be purchased by Group Retirement Plans. <sup>2</sup>	May be purchased by Group Retirement Plans. <sup>2</sup>	May be purchased by  • Group Retirement Plans,² • Section 529 college savings plans, • Current and future JPMorgan SmartRetirement and JPMorgan SmartRetirement Blend Funds, and • Such other J.P. Morgan Funds of Funds as are designated by the J.P. Morgan Funds Board of Trustees.	May be purchased by  Group Retirement Plans, <sup>2</sup> Section 529 college savings plans  J.P. Morgan Funds of Funds (to the extent permitted by a Fund's investment strategies)  Mutual Funds, ETFs, and other registered investment companies not affiliated with JPMIM  Investors through a fee-based advisory program of a financial intermediary that has entered into a written agreement with the Distributor to offer such shares through an omnibus account held at the Fund  Certain discretionary accounts at JPMIM or JPMorgan Chase Bank NA or their affiliates (the Investment Manager) as defined below  Institutional Investors, as described below  Other Investors, as described below  Other Investors, as described below

	Class R2	Class R3	Class R4	Class R5	Class R6
Minimum Investment <sup>2,3</sup>	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	\$5,000,000 - Discretionary Accounts  \$5,000,000 - Institutional Investors  \$15,000,000 - Other Investors  There is no minimum for other Class R6 eligible investors as described in  "Eligibility," above.
Minimum Subsequent Investments	No minimum				
Distribution (12b- 1) Fee	0.50% of the average daily net assets.	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	None	None	None
Service Fee	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.25% of the average daily net assets.	0.10% of the average daily net assets.	None
Redemption Fee	None	None	None	None	None

Certain Funds and/or classes are may be subject to limited offering. Please see the FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING section for more information about applicable limited offerings.

Financial Intermediaries may include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with JPMDS as Distributor and/or shareholder servicing agent.

Accounts may be opened either directly with the Funds' transfer agent or through Financial Intermediaries. If you have questions about eligibility, please call 1-800-480-4111.

- Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares are not subject to Rule 12b-1 fees.
- Class R6 Shares have lower annual expense ratios than other share classes, as the Class R6 Shares have no ongoing service fees.
- A Fund may issue other classes of shares that have different sales charges, expense levels and performance and different requirements for who may invest. Call 1-800-480-4111 to obtain more information concerning all of a Fund's other share classes. A Financial Intermediary who receives compensation for selling Fund shares may receive different amounts of compensation for sales of different classes of shares.

Class R5 Shares may be held by shareholders of the Large Cap Value Fund who would not otherwise be eligible to own Class R5 Shares but who received the Large Cap Value Fund Class R5 Shares in connection with reorganization of the JPMorgan Value Opportunities Fund into the Large Cap Value Fund. Such shareholders can continue to purchase the Class R5 Shares in accounts which existed at the time of the reorganization.

Shareholders of the JPMorgan Equity Index Trust as of August 1, 2016 who would not otherwise be eligible to own Class R6 Shares are eligible to purchase Class R6 Shares of the Equity Index Fund.

For more information about eligible Group Retirement Plans, see "Group Retirement Plans" below.

Please see "MINIMUM ACCOUNT BALANCE" for more information about minimum balance requirements.

Class R5 Shares of the JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund may be held by shareholders who would not otherwise be eligible to own Class R5 Shares but who held Select Class Shares before they were redesignated and renamed as Class R5 Shares effective September 15, 2016 (the "Transition"). Such shareholders can continue to purchase Class R5 Shares in accounts which existed at the time of the Transition.

### **Group Retirement Plans**

The only retirement plans that are eligible to purchase Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares are employersponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans. To satisfy eligibility requirements, the plan must be a group plan (more than one participant), the shares cannot be held in a commission-based brokerage account and the shares must be held a) at a plan level or b) at the Fund level through an omnibus account of a retirement plan recordkeeper. Group Retirement Plans include group employer-sponsored 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit-sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, retiree health benefit plans, group annuity separate accounts offered to retirement plans, and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. Group Retirement Plans do not include traditional and Roth Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs), Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, SEPS, SARSEPS, SIMPLE IRAS, KEOGHS, individual 401(k) plans or individual 403(b) plans.

### **Discretionary Accounts**

Class R6 Shares may also be purchased by an account for an investor:

- 1. Whose investments in a Fund are made and directed on their behalf by investment representatives at JPMIM or JPMorgan Chase Bank NA or their affiliates (the Investment Manager) pursuant to a discretionary investment management agreement or trust agreement that provides for discretionary investment management services between the Investment Manager and the investor (a Discretionary Account), and
- 2. Whose account's initial investment in a Fund is at least \$5,000,000. An investor can combine purchases of Class R6 Shares with Class R6 Shares of other JPMorgan Funds in order to meet the applicable minimum investment.

#### Institutional Investors

Class R6 Shares may also be purchased by institutional investors whose initial investment in a Fund is at least \$5,000,000. Institutional investors include, but are not limited to, corporations, qualified non-profit organizations, charitable trusts, foundations and endowments, governmental entities, municipalities, and hospitals investing for their own account. These accounts may not be held for the benefit of multiple underlying, unrelated investors. For these investors, accounts cannot be aggregated at the investor level to meet the initial minimum.

#### Other Investors

Class R6 Shares also may be purchased in other accounts whose initial investment in a Fund is at least \$15,000,000. These accounts may not be held for the benefit of multiple underlying, unrelated investors. For these investors, accounts cannot be aggregated at the investor level to meet the initial minimum.

Certain Financial Intermediaries may not make Class R6 Shares available for purchase.

#### **College Savings Plans**

To be eligible to invest in Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, Section 529 college savings plans must hold their shares through plan level or omnibus accounts held on the books of a Fund.

#### FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION

The following section describes the various fees that you will pay if you purchase shares of the Funds. In addition, it describes the types of compensation paid to Financial Intermediaries for the sale of Fund shares and related services.

Class R6 Shares are only available through a Financial Intermediary if the Financial Intermediary will not receive from the Fund assets or the Distributor's or an affiliate's resources any commission payments, service fees (including sub-transfer agent and networking fees), or distribution fees (including Rule 12b-1 fees) with respect to assets invested in Class R6 Shares.

To obtain information, see below, visit www.jpmorganfunds.com or call 1-800-480-4111.

#### Rule 12b-1 Fees

Each Fund described in this prospectus has adopted a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 with respect to Class R2 and Class R3 Shares that allows it to pay distribution fees for the sale and distribution of these shares of the Funds. These fees are called "Rule 12b-1 fees." Rule 12b-1 fees are paid by the Funds to the Distributor as compensation for its services and expenses in connection with the sale and distribution of Fund shares. The Distributor in turn pays all or part of these Rule 12b-1 fees to Financial Intermediaries that have agreements with the Distributor to sell shares of the Funds. The Distributor may pay Rule 12b-1 fees to its affiliates. Payments are not tied to actual expenses incurred.

The Rule 12b-1 fees (based on average daily net assets of the share class) vary by share class as follows:

Class	Rule 12b-1 Fee
Class R2	0.50%
Class R3	0.25%
Class R4	None
Class R5	None
Class R6	None

Because Rule 12b-1 fees are paid out of Fund assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

### **Networking and Sub-Transfer Agency Fees**

JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, has entered into agreements with Financial Intermediaries pursuant to which the Financial Intermediary is paid for services such as networking or sub-transfer agency (collectively, the "Sub-TA Agreements"). Sub-TA Agreement payments are generally based on either (1) a percentage of the average daily net assets of clients serviced by such Financial Intermediary up to a set maximum dollar amount per shareholder account serviced, or (2) a per account fee based on the number of accounts serviced by such Financial Intermediary. Sub-TA Agreement payments are in addition to, rather than in lieu of, Rule 12b-1 fees the Financial Intermediary may also be receiving pursuant to agreements with the Distributor for classes with Rule 12b-1 fees. Payments to Financial Intermediaries for sub-transfer agency services will be made by JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, from the service fee. From time to time, JPMIM or its affiliates may pay a portion of the sub-transfer agency fees at its or their own expense and out of its or their legitimate profits.

#### **Service Fees**

JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, receives an annual fee of up to the following fee (based on the average daily net assets of the applicable class of a Fund).

Class	Service Fee
Class R2	0.25%
Class R3	0.25%
Class R4	0.25%
Class R5	0.10%
Class R6	None

JPMDS may enter into service agreements with Financial Intermediaries under which it will pay all or a portion of that fee to such Financial Intermediaries for performing shareholder and administrative services.

# **PURCHASING FUND SHARES**

You may purchase shares directly from the J.P. Morgan Funds through the Distributor or through your Financial Intermediary.

Purchase and redemption orders will be accepted only on days that J.P. Morgan Funds are open for business. The Funds are open for business on each day the NYSE is open for trading. The NYSE is closed for trading on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. A purchase or redemption order received by the Funds prior to the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. ET) ("Fund Close"), on a day the Funds are open for business, will be effected at that day's NAV. The Funds will **not** treat an intraday unscheduled disruption or closure in NYSE trading as a closure of the NYSE and will calculate NAV as of 4:00 p.m. ET, if the particular disruption or closure directly affects only the NYSE. An order received after the Fund Close will generally be effected at the NAV

determined on the next business day. However, orders received by Financial Intermediaries on a business day prior to the Fund Close and communicated to the Funds prior to such time as agreed upon by the Funds and the Financial Intermediary will be effected at the NAV determined on the business day the order was received by the Financial Intermediary.

A purchase order must be supported by all appropriate documentation and information in the proper form. The Funds may refuse to honor incomplete purchase orders.

Share ownership is electronically recorded; therefore, no certificate will be issued. A shareholder who purchases shares of a Fund that accrues dividends daily will not accrue a dividend on the day of the purchase.

If you purchase shares through your Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for its requirements and procedures. If a Financial Intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the Financial Intermediary to send your purchase order to the Fund. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for purchase orders.

If you purchase shares directly with the Funds, see the information below.

ноw то	HOW TO PURCHASE DIRECTLY WITH THE J.P. MORGAN FUNDS						
	Opening a New Account	Purchasing into an Existing Account					
By Phone or Online	A new account may not be opened by phone or online.	You must already have bank information on file. If we do not have					
1-800-480-4111 Shareholder Services representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 7:00 pm ET.	A new fund position can be added to an existing account by phone or online if you have bank information on file. The minimum initial investment	bank information on file, you must submit written instructions. Please call for instructions on how to add bank information to your account.					
www.jpmorganfunds.com Note: Certain account types are not available for online account access. Please call for additional information.	requirement must be met.						
By Mail	Mail the completed and signed application with a check to our Regular	Please mail your check and include your name, the Fund name, and your					
<b>Regular mailing address:</b> J.P. Morgan Funds Services	or Overnight mailing address.	fund account number.					
P.O. Box 219143 Kansas City, MO 64121-9143	Refer to the Additional Information Regarding Purchases section.						
<b>Overnight mailing address:</b> J.P. Morgan Funds Services 430 W 7 <sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 219143	All checks must be made payable to one of  J.P. Morgan Funds; or  The specific Fund in which you are inv	-					
Kansas City, MO 64105-1407	Please include your existing account number	er, if applicable.					
	All checks must be in U.S. dollars. The J.P. Morgan Funds do not accept credit cards, cash, starter checks, money orders or credit card checks. The Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to refuse "third-party" checks and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions even if payment may be effected through a U.S. financial institution. Checks made payable to any individual or company and endorsed to J.P. Morgan Funds or a Fund are considered third-party checks.						

HOW TO PURCHASE DIRECTLY WITH THE J.P. MORGAN FUNDS								
Opening a New Account Purchasing into an Existing Accou								
By Wire <sup>1</sup>	Purchase by Wire: If you choose to pay	Purchase by Wire: If you choose to pay						
	by wire, please call to notify the Fund	by wire, please call to notify the Fund						
1-800-480-4111	of your purchase. You must also initiate	of your purchase. You must also initiate						
	the wire with your financial institution.	the wire with your financial institution.						
Wire Instructions:								
DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc.								
2000 Crown Colony Drive								
Quincy, MA 02169								
Attn: J.P. Morgan Funds Services								
ABA: 021 000 021								
DDA: 323 125 832								
FBO: Fund Name								
Fund: Fund #								
Account: Your Account # and								
Your Account Registration								

The Funds currently do not charge for these services, but may impose a charge in the future. However, your bank may impose a charge for debiting your bank

### Transactions by phone, fax or the Internet

You may access your account and conduct certain transactions using phone, fax or the J.P. Morgan Funds website. Phone conversations are recorded. The J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents use reasonable procedures to verify the identity of the shareholder. If these procedures are followed, the J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents are not liable for any losses, liability, cost or expenses (including attorney fees) that may occur from acting on unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. Therefore please take precautions to protect your account information and immediately review account statements or other information provided to you. In addition, a confirmation is sent promptly after a transaction. Please review it carefully and contact J.P. Morgan Funds Services or your Financial Intermediary immediately about any transaction you believe to be unauthorized. You may revoke your right to make purchases over the phone or by mailing written instructions to us.

You may not always reach J.P. Morgan Funds Services by phone or online. This may be true at times of unusual market changes and shareholder activity. You can mail us your instructions or contact your Financial Intermediary. We may modify or cancel the ability to purchase or redeem shares online or by phone without notice.

#### **Additional Information Regarding Purchases**

Federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you open an account, we will ask for your name, residential or business street address, date of birth (for an individual), and other information that will allow us to identify you, including your social security number, tax identification number or other identifying number. The J.P. Morgan Funds cannot waive these requirements. A Fund is required by law to reject your Account Application if the required identifying information is not provided.

We will attempt to collect any missing information required on the Account Application by contacting either you or your Financial Intermediary. If we cannot obtain this information within the established time frame, your Account Application will be rejected. Amounts received prior to receipt of the required information will be held uninvested and will be returned to you without interest if your Account Application is rejected. If the required information is obtained, your investment will be accepted and you will pay the NAV per share next calculated after all of the required information is received.

Once we have received all of the required information, federal law requires us to verify your identity. After an account is opened, we may restrict your ability to purchase additional shares until your identity is verified. If we are unable to verify your identity within a reasonable time, the Funds and/or the Distributor reserve the right to close your account at the current day's NAV per share. If your account is closed for this reason, your shares will be redeemed at the NAV per share next calculated after the account is closed, less any applicable fees.

Purchases by wire may be canceled if J.P. Morgan Funds Services does not receive payment by 4:00 p.m. ET on the settlement date. You will be responsible for any expenses and/or losses to the Funds.

#### **EXCHANGING FUND SHARES**

An exchange is selling shares of one J.P. Morgan Fund and taking the proceeds to simultaneously purchase shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund, Before making an exchange request, you should read the prospectus of the J.P. Morgan Fund whose shares you would like to purchase by exchange. You can obtain a prospectus for any J.P. Morgan Fund by contacting your Financial Intermediary, by visiting www.jpmorganfunds.com, or by calling 1-800-480-4111.

#### **EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES**

Class R2 Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class R2 Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund.
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class R3 Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class R3 Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund,
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class R4 Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class R4 Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund.
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class R5 Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class R5 Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund,
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

Class R6 Shares of a Fund may be exchanged for:

- Class R6 Shares of another J.P. Morgan Fund.
- Another share class of the same Fund if you are eligible to purchase that class.

The following rules and procedures apply to exchanges:

- All exchanges are subject to meeting any investment minimum or eligibility requirements of the new Fund and class.
- The J.P. Morgan Funds will provide 60 days' written notice of any termination of or material change to your exchange privilege.
- All exchanges are based upon the net asset value that is next calculated after the Fund receives your order, provided the exchange out of one Fund must occur before the exchange into the other Fund.
- In order for an exchange to take place on the date that the order is submitted, the order must be received prior to the close of both the Fund that you wish to exchange into and the Fund that you wish to exchange out of, otherwise, the exchange will occur on the following business day on which both Funds are open.
- A shareholder that exchanges into shares of a Fund that accrues dividends daily, including a money market fund, will not accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange. A shareholder that exchanges out of shares of a Fund that accrues a daily dividend will accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange.
- The exchange privilege is not intended as a way for you to speculate on short-term movements in the market. Therefore, to prevent disruptions in the management of J.P. Morgan Funds, certain J.P. Morgan Funds limit excessive exchange activity as described in the "Frequent Trading Policy" section. Your exchange privilege will be limited or revoked if the exchange activity is considered excessive. In addition, any J.P. Morgan Fund may reject any exchange request for any reason, including if it is not in the best interests of the Fund and/or its shareholders to accept the exchange.

Following an exchange, the fees and expenses of the new share class may be higher than those of the class you previously held. You should carefully review the prospectus for the new share class, including information on the fees, expenses and exchange features of the new share class, or contact your Financial Intermediary for more information.

# **Tax Consequences on Exchanges**

Generally, an exchange between J.P. Morgan Funds is considered a sale and generally results in a capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. An exchange between classes of shares of the same Fund is generally not taxable for federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making an exchange.

### REDEEMING FUND SHARES

If you sell shares through your Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for its requirements and procedures. If a Financial Intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the Financial Intermediary to send your redemption order to the Fund. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for redemption orders.

If you sell shares directly with a Fund, see the information below.

Your redemption proceeds may be mailed to you at your address of record<sup>1</sup> or wired to a pre-existing bank account on file.

	HOW TO REDEEM						
By Phone or Online	Call us at 1-800-480-4111						
<b>Note:</b> Certain account types are not available	Shareholder Services representatives are available Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 7:00 pm ET.						
for online account access.	www.jpmorganfunds.com						
Please call for additional							
information.							
By Mail	Regular mailing address:						
	J.P. Morgan Funds Services						
	P.O. Box 219143						
	Kansas City, MO 64121-9143						
	Overnight mailing address:						
	J.P. Morgan Funds Services						
	430 W 7 <sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 219143						
	Kansas City, MO 64105-1407						

You cannot request a redemption by check to be sent to an address updated within 15 days.

You may redeem some or all of your shares on any day that the Funds are open for business. You will not be permitted to enter a redemption order for shares purchased directly through J.P. Morgan Funds Services by check for five business days following the acceptance of a purchase order unless you provide satisfactory proof that your purchase check has cleared (sometimes referred to as uncollected shares).

If a Fund or Financial Intermediary receives your redemption order before the close of the NYSE (normally 4 p.m. ET or before 4:00 p.m. ET, if the NYSE closes before 4:00 p.m. ET), you will receive the NAV per share calculated after your redemption order is received in good order (meaning that it includes the information required by, and complies with security requirements implemented by, the Fund's transfer agent or the Fund), minus the amount of any applicable fees. Your Financial Intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for redemption orders and may charge a fee to process redemption of shares. A shareholder that redeems out of shares of a Fund that accrues a daily dividend will accrue a dividend on the day of the redemption.

All redemption requests must be supported by valid identity authentication, the appropriate documentation (if applicable) and any necessary information in good order. Additional information may be required depending on the situation.

For accounts held directly with the Funds, the length of time that the Funds typically expect to pay redemption proceeds depends on whether payment is made by wire or check. The Funds typically expect to make payments of redemption proceeds by wire on the next business day following receipt of the redemption order by the Funds. For payment by check, the Funds typically expect to mail the check on the next business day following receipt of the redemption order by the Funds.

For accounts held through Financial Intermediaries, the length of time that the Funds typically expect to pay redemption proceeds depends on the method of payment and the agreement between the Financial Intermediary and the Funds. For redemption proceeds that are paid directly to you by the Fund, the Fund typically expects to make payments by wire or by mailing a check on the next business day following the Fund's receipt of a redemption order from the Financial Intermediary. For payments that are made to your Financial Intermediary for transmittal to you, the Funds expect to pay redemption proceeds to the Financial Intermediary within 1 to 3 business days following the Fund's receipt of the redemption order from the Financial Intermediary.

Payment of redemption proceeds may take longer than the time a Fund typically expects and may take up to seven days as permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940.

### Transactions by phone, fax or the Internet

You may access your account and conduct certain transactions using phone, fax or the J.P. Morgan Funds website. Phone conversations are recorded. The J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents use reasonable procedures to verify the identity of the shareholder. If these procedures are followed, the J.P. Morgan Funds and their agents are not liable for any losses, liability, cost or expenses (including attorney fees) that may occur from acting on unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. Therefore please take precautions to

protect your account information and immediately review account statements or other information provided to you. In addition, a confirmation is sent promptly after a transaction. Please review it carefully and contact J.P. Morgan Funds Services or your Financial Intermediary immediately about any transaction you believe to be unauthorized. You may revoke your right to make redemptions over the phone or by mailing written instructions to us.

You may not always reach J.P. Morgan Funds Services by phone or online. This may be true at times of unusual market changes and shareholder activity. You can mail us your instructions or contact your Financial Intermediary. We may modify or cancel the ability to purchase or redeem shares online or by phone without notice.

# **Additional Information Regarding Redemptions**

Medallion signature guarantees may be required if:

- You want to redeem shares with a value of \$50,000 or more and you want to receive your proceeds in the form of a check; or
- You want your payment sent to an address, bank account or payee other than the one currently designated on your Fund account.

The Fund may refuse to honor incomplete redemption orders.

The Fund may suspend your ability to redeem when:

- 1. Trading on the NYSE is restricted:
- 2. The NYSE is closed (other than weekend and holiday closings);
- 3. Federal securities laws permit;
- 4. The SEC has permitted a suspension; or
- 5. An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC.

You generally will recognize a gain or loss on a redemption for federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making a redemption.

Generally, all redemptions will be for cash. The J.P. Morgan Funds typically expect to satisfy redemption requests by selling portfolio assets or by using holdings of cash or cash equivalents. On a less regular basis, the Funds may also satisfy redemption requests by borrowing from another Fund, by drawing on a line of credit from a bank, or using other short-term borrowings from its custodian. These methods may be used during both normal and stressed market conditions. In addition to paying redemption proceeds in cash, if you redeem shares worth \$250,000 or more, the J.P. Morgan Funds reserve the right to pay part or all of your redemption proceeds in readily marketable securities instead of cash. If payment is made in securities, the Fund will value the securities selected in the same manner in which it computes its NAV. This process minimizes the effect of large redemptions on the Fund and its remaining shareholders. If you receive a redemption in-kind, securities received by you may be subject to market risk and you could incur taxable gains and brokerage or other charges in converting the securities to cash. While the J.P. Morgan Funds do not routinely use redemptions in-kind, the Funds reserve the right to use redemptions in-kind to manage the impact of large redemptions on the Funds. Redemption in-kind proceeds will typically be made by delivering a pro-rata amount of a Fund's holdings that are readily marketable securities to the redeeming shareholder within seven days after the Fund's receipt of the redemption order.

The Funds and their service providers may temporarily hold redemption proceeds from accounts maintained directly with the Funds if there is a reasonable belief that financial exploitation of a Specified Adult has occurred, is occurring, has been attempted, or will be attempted. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "Specified Adult" refers to an individual who is (A) a natural person age 65 and older; or (B) a natural person age 18 and older who the member reasonably believes has a mental or physical impairment that renders the individual unable to protect his or her own interests.

#### MINIMUM ACCOUNT BALANCE

If your account value falls below the required minimum balance, that Fund and/or the Distributor reserve the right to redeem all of the remaining shares in your account and close your account. Before this action is taken, you will be given 60 days advance written notice in order to provide you with time to increase your account balance to the required minimum, by purchasing sufficient shares, in accordance with the terms of this prospectus.

#### Closings, Reorganizations and Liquidations

To the extent authorized by law, each Fund reserves the right to discontinue offering shares at any time, to merge or reorganize itself or a share class, or to cease operations and liquidate at any time.

#### **FUNDS SUBJECT TO A LIMITED OFFERING**

Certain Funds are offered on a limited basis as described below. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders permitted to continue to purchase include shareholders of record and if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the effective date of the limited offering.

# JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund

Effective as of the close of business on December 30, 2016 (the "Closing Date"), the JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund (the "Fund") offered on a limited basis and investors are not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, except as described below. In addition, both before and after the Closing Date, the Fund may from time to time, in its sole discretion based on the Fund's net asset levels and other factors, limit new purchases into the Fund or otherwise modify the closure policy at any time on a case-by-case basis.

The following groups will be permitted to continue to purchase Fund shares. Except as otherwise described below, shareholders of record are permitted to continue to purchase shares; if the shareholder of record is an omnibus account, beneficial owners in that account as of the applicable closing date are permitted to continue to purchase:

- Shareholders of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to continue to purchase additional shares in their existing Fund accounts either through J.P. Morgan Funds Services or a Financial Intermediary and may continue to reinvest dividends or capital gains distributions from shares owned in the Fund;
- Shareholders of the Fund as of the Closing Date are able to add to their existing Fund accounts through exchanges from other J.P. Morgan Funds:
- Approved fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs, where investment discretion (fund and investment allocations) solely reside with the Financial Intermediary's home office and where the Financial Intermediary's home office has full authority to make investment changes without approval from the shareholder, may continue to utilize the Fund for new and existing program accounts. These programs must be accepted for continued investment by the Fund and its distributor by the Closing Date, Additionally, after the Closing Date, new fully discretionary fee-based advisory programs may utilize the Fund for program accounts only with the approval by the Fund and its distributor;
- Other fee-based advisory programs (including Rep as Advisor and Portfolio Manager programs) may continue to utilize the Fund for existing program accounts, but will not be able to open new program accounts after the Closing Date;
- Group Retirement Plans (as defined in the Glossary) (and their successor, related and affiliated plans), which have the Fund available to participants on or before February 17, 2017 may continue to open accounts for new participants and can purchase additional shares in existing participant accounts. New Group Retirement Plans may only establish new accounts with the Fund provided the Group Retirement Plan has been accepted for investment by the Fund and its distributor by February 17, 2017 and the plan's account with the Fund must be funded by December 31, 2017:
- Section 529 college savings plans may utilize the Fund for new and existing accounts. In order to be eligible, the plan must hold their shares through plan level or omnibus accounts held on the books of the Fund; or
- Current and future J.P. Morgan Funds which are permitted to invest in other J.P. Morgan Funds may purchase shares of the Fund.
- Current and future investment companies not affiliated with JPMIM if they receive prior approval of the Fund and its distributor.
- After May 22, 2017, new Section 529 college savings plans may utilize the Fund for program accounts with approval by the Fund and its distributor, JPMorgan Distribution Services, Inc.
- Named investment professionals listed in the Fund's prospectus may utilize the Fund for both new accounts and existing Fund accounts.

#### Additional information that applies to all limited offerings:

If all shares of a Fund (or a Class subject to a limited offering) in an existing shareholder's account are voluntarily redeemed or involuntarily redeemed (due to instances when a shareholder does not meet aggregate account balance minimums or when participants in Systematic Investment Plans do not meet minimum investment requirements), then the shareholder's account will be closed. Such former Fund shareholders will not be able to buy additional Fund shares or reopen their accounts in the Fund unless a former shareholder makes his or her repurchase within 90 days of the redemption. Repurchases during this 90 day period will not be subject to any applicable sales charges if such sales charges are normally waived for repurchases within 90 days of the redemption as described in the "Repurchase Rights" section above. However, these repurchase restrictions do not apply to Group Retirement Plans that are eligible to continue to invest under the limited offerings as described above. If shares are purchased through a Financial Intermediary, contact your investment representative for their requirements and procedures.

If a Fund receives a purchase order directly from an investor who is not eligible to purchase shares of the Fund, after the limited offering dates outlined above, J.P. Morgan Funds Services will attempt to contact the investor to determine whether he or she would like to purchase shares of another Fund or would prefer that the investment be refunded. If J.P. Morgan Funds Services cannot contact the investor within 30 days, the entire investment will be refunded.

The J.P. Morgan Funds reserves the right to change these policies at any time.

### FREQUENT TRADING POLICY

J.P. Morgan Funds do not authorize market timing and, except for the Funds identified below, use reasonable methods to identify market timers and to prevent such activity. However, there can be no assurance that these methods will prevent market timing or other trading that may be deemed abusive. Market timing is an investment strategy using frequent purchases, redemptions and/or exchanges in an attempt to profit from short-term market movements. Market timing may result in dilution of the value of Fund shares held by long-term shareholders, disrupt portfolio management and increase Fund expenses for all shareholders. Although market timing may affect any Fund, these risks may be higher for Funds that invest significantly in non-U.S. securities or thinly traded securities (e.g., certain small cap securities), such as international, global or emerging market funds or small cap funds. For example, when a Fund invests in securities trading principally in non-U.S. markets that close prior to the close of the NYSE, market timers may seek to take advantage of the difference between the prices of these securities at the close of their non-U.S. markets and the value of such securities when the Fund calculates its net asset value.

J.P. Morgan Funds or the Distributor will prohibit any purchase order (including exchanges) with respect to one investor, a related group of investors or their agent(s) where they detect a pattern of either purchases and sales of one of the LP. Morgan Funds, or exchanges between or among J.P. Morgan Funds, that indicates market timing or trading that they determine is abusive.

Although J.P. Morgan Funds use a variety of methods to detect and deter market timing, there is no assurance that the Funds' own operational systems and procedures will identify and eliminate all market timing strategies. For example, certain accounts, which are known as omnibus accounts, include multiple investors and such accounts typically provide the Funds with a net purchase or redemption order on any given day where purchasers of Fund shares and redeemers of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identity of individual purchasers and redeemers are not known by the Funds. While the Funds seek to monitor for market timing activities in omnibus accounts, the netting effect limits the Funds' ability to locate and eliminate individual market timers. As a result, the Funds are often dependent upon Financial Intermediaries who utilize their own policies and procedures to identify market timers. These policies and procedures may be different than those utilized by the Funds.

The Boards of J.P. Morgan Funds have adopted various policies and procedures to identify market timers, including reviewing "round trips" in and out of J.P. Morgan Funds by investors. A "round trip" includes a purchase or exchange into a Fund followed or preceded by a redemption or exchange out of the same Fund. If the Distributor detects that you have completed two round trips within 60 days in the same Fund, the Distributor will reject your purchase and exchange orders for a period of at least 90 days. For subsequent violations, the Distributor may, in its sole discretion, reject your purchase and exchange orders temporarily or permanently. In identifying market timers, the Distributor may also consider activity of accounts that it believes to be under common ownership or control.

J.P. Morgan Funds have attempted to put safeguards in place to assure that Financial Intermediaries have implemented procedures designed to deter market timing and abusive trading. Despite these safeguards, there is no assurance that the Funds will be able to effectively identify and eliminate market timing and abusive trading in the Funds particularly with respect to omnibus accounts.

J.P. Morgan Funds will seek to apply the Funds' market timing policies and restrictions as uniformly as practicable to accounts with the Funds, except with respect to the following:

- 1. Trades that occur through omnibus accounts at Financial Intermediaries as described above;
- 2. Purchases, redemptions and exchanges made on a systematic basis:
- 3. Automatic reinvestments of dividends and distributions:
- 4. Purchases, redemptions or exchanges that are part of a rebalancing program, such as a wrap, advisory or bona fide asset allocation program, which includes investment models developed and maintained by a financial intermediary;
- 5. Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees:
- 6. Transactions initiated by the trustee or adviser to a donor-advised charitable gift fund:
- 7. Transactions in Section 529 college savings plans;
- 8. Transactions in Fund of Fund Products; and

- 9. Transactions within a Retirement account such as:
  - Shares redeemed to return an excess contribution;
  - Transactions initiated by sponsors of group employee benefit plans or other related accounts;
  - Retirement plan contributions, loans, distributions, and hardship withdrawals;
  - IRA re-characterizations and conversions: and
  - IRA purchases of shares by asset transfer or direct rollover.

In addition to rejecting purchases in connection with suspected market timing activities, the Distributor can reject a purchase (including purchases for the Funds listed below) for any reason, including purchases that it does not think are in the best interests of a Fund and/or its shareholders or if it determines the trading to be abusive. Your Financial Intermediary may also have additional procedures for identifying market timers and rejecting or otherwise restricting purchases and/or exchanges.

Certain J.P. Morgan Funds are intended for short-term investment horizons and do not monitor for market timers or prohibit such short-term trading activity. Those Funds are the JPMorgan Short Duration Bond Fund, JPMorgan Short Duration Core Plus Fund, JPMorgan Short-Intermediate Municipal Bond Fund, JPMorgan Limited Duration Bond Fund, JPMorgan Managed Income Fund, JPMorgan Ultra-Short Municipal Fund and the J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds. Although these Funds are managed in a manner that is consistent with their investment objectives, frequent trading by shareholders may disrupt their management and increase their expenses.

#### **VALUATION**

Shares are purchased at NAV per share. This is also known as the offering price. Shares are also redeemed at NAV. The NAV of each class within a Fund varies, primarily because each class has different class-specific expenses such as distribution and service fees.

The NAV per share of a class of a Fund is equal to the value of all the assets attributable to that class, minus the liabilities attributable to that class, divided by the number of outstanding shares of that class. The following is a summary of the procedures generally used to value J.P. Morgan Funds' investments.

Securities for which market quotations are readily available are generally valued at their current market value. Other securities and assets, including securities for which market quotations are not readily available; market quotations are determined not to be reliable; or, their value has been materially affected by events occurring after the close of trading on the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded but before a Fund's NAV is calculated, may be valued at fair value in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the J.P. Morgan Funds' Board of Trustees. Fair value represents a good faith determination of the value of a security or other asset based upon specifically applied procedures. Fair valuation may require subjective determinations. There can be no assurance that the fair value of an asset is the price at which the asset could have been sold during the period in which the particular fair value was used in determining a Fund's NAV.

Equity securities listed on a North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchange are generally valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which the security is principally traded. Other foreign equity securities are fair valued using quotations from an independent pricing service, as applicable. The value of securities listed on the NASDAO Stock Market, Inc. is generally the NASDAQ official closing price.

Fixed income securities are valued using prices supplied by an approved independent third party or affiliated pricing services or broker/dealers. Those prices are determined using a variety of inputs and factors as more fully described in the Statement of Additional Information.

Assets and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies are converted into U.S. dollars at the prevailing market rates from an approved independent pricing service as of 4:00 p.m. ET.

Shares of ETFs are generally valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which the ETF is principally traded. Shares of open-end investment companies are valued at their respective NAVs.

Options traded on U.S. securities exchanges are valued at the composite mean price, using the National Best Bid and Offer quotes.

Options traded on foreign exchanges are valued at the settled price, or if no settled price is available, at the last sale price available. prior to the calculation of a Fund's NAV and will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable, for any options involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges.

Exchange traded futures are valued at the last sale price available prior to the calculation of a Fund's NAV. Any futures involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable.

Non-listed over-the-counter options and futures are valued utilizing market quotations provided by approved pricing services.

Swaps and structured notes are priced generally by an approved independent third party or affiliated pricing service or at an evaluated price provided by a counterparty or broker/dealer.

Any derivatives involving equity reference obligations listed on exchanges other than North American, Central American, South American or Caribbean securities exchanges will be fair valued by applying fair value factors provided by independent pricing services, as applicable.

NAV is calculated each business day as of the close of the NYSE, which is typically 4:00 p.m. ET. On occasion, the NYSE will close before 4:00 p.m. ET. When that happens, NAV will be calculated as of the time the NYSE closes. The Funds will **not** treat an intraday unscheduled disruption or closure in NYSE trading as a closure of the NYSE and will calculate NAV as of 4:00 p.m. ET, if the particular disruption or closure directly affects only the NYSE. The price at which a purchase is effected is based on the next calculation of NAV after the order is received in proper form in accordance with this prospectus. To the extent a Fund invests in securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges or other markets that trade on weekends or other days when a Fund does not price its shares, the value of a Fund's shares may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem your shares.

#### **DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES**

Each Fund has elected to be treated and intends to qualify each taxable year as a regulated investment company. A regulated investment company is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed to shareholders. Each Fund's failure to qualify as a regulated investment company would result in corporate-level taxation and, consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

Each Fund can earn income and realize capital gain. Each Fund deducts any expenses and then pays out the earnings, if any, to shareholders as distributions.

The Growth Advantage Fund, Intrepid Growth Fund, Large Cap Growth Fund, Mid Cap Equity Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Mid Cap Value Fund, Small Cap Core Fund, Small Cap Equity Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, SMID Cap Equity Fund, U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund, U.S. Small Company Fund, U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund and Value Advantage Fund generally declare and distribute net investment income, if any, at least annually. The Diversified Fund, Equity Index Fund, Hedged Equity Fund, Intrepid Value Fund, Large Cap Value Fund, Small Cap Value Fund, U.S. Equity Fund, U.S. Research Enhanced Equity Fund and U.S. Value Fund generally distribute net investment income, if any, at least quarterly. The Equity Income Fund and Equity Premium Income Fund generally distributes net investment income, if any, at least monthly. The Funds will distribute net realized capital gains, if any, at least annually. For each taxable year, each Fund will distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net realized capital gains.

You have the following options for your distributions. You may:

- Reinvest all distributions in additional Fund shares:
- Take distributions of net investment income in cash and reinvest distributions of net capital gain in additional shares;
- Take distributions of net capital gain in cash and reinvest distributions of net investment income; or
- Take all distributions in cash.

If you do not select an option when you open your account, we will reinvest all distributions. If your distributions are reinvested, they will be in the form of shares of the same class without a sales charge. If you take your distributions in cash, you can choose to have a check mailed to your address of record or you can have them deposited into a pre-assigned bank account. The taxation of the dividends will not be affected whether you have them deposited into a bank account or sent by check.

Distributions of net investment income generally are taxable as ordinary income. Dividends of net investment income paid to a noncorporate U.S. shareholder that are properly reported as qualified dividend income generally will be taxable to such shareholder at preferential rates. The maximum individual federal income tax rate applicable to "qualified dividend income" is either 15% or 20%, depending on whether the individual's income exceeds certain threshold amounts. The amount of dividend income that may be so reported by a Fund generally will be limited to the aggregate of the eligible dividends received by each Fund. In addition, a Fund must meet certain holding period and other requirements with respect to the shares on which the Fund received the eligible dividends, and the non-corporate U.S. shareholder must meet certain holding period and other requirements with respect to the

Fund. The amount of a Fund's distributions that would otherwise qualify for this favorable tax treatment may be reduced as a result of the Fund's securities lending activities or high portfolio turnover rate. Dividends of net investment income that are not reported as qualified dividend income and dividends of net short-term capital gain will be taxable to a U.S. shareholder as ordinary income.

Distributions of net capital gain (that is, the excess of the net gains from the sale of investments that a Fund owned for more than one year over the net losses from investments that the Fund owned for one year or less) that are properly reported by a Fund as capital gain dividends will be taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long you have held your shares in the Fund. The maximum individual federal income tax rate applicable to long-term capital gains is generally either 15% or 20%, depending on whether the individual's income exceeds certain threshold amounts. Distributions of net short-term capital gain (that is, the excess of any net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss), if any, will be taxable to U.S. shareholders as ordinary income. Capital gain of a corporate shareholder is taxed at the same rate as ordinary income.

An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from a Fund and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Fund shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's "modified adjusted gross income" (in the case of an individual) or "adjusted gross income" (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds certain threshold amounts.

If you buy shares of a Fund just before a distribution, you will be subject to tax on the entire amount of the taxable distribution you receive. Distributions are taxable to you even if they are paid from income or gains earned by a Fund before your investment (and thus were included in the price you paid for your Fund shares). Any gain resulting from the sale or exchange of Fund shares generally will be taxable as long-term or short-term gain, depending upon how long you have held your shares.

A Fund's investment in foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes or other taxes. In that case, the Fund's yield on those securities would be decreased. In addition, a Fund's investment in certain foreign securities or foreign currencies may increase or accelerate the Fund's recognition of ordinary income and may affect the timing or amount of Fund distributions.

A Fund's investments in certain debt securities, mortgage-backed securities and derivative instruments may cause the Fund to recognize taxable income in excess of the cash generated by such obligations. In order to generate sufficient cash to make the requisite distributions, a Fund may be required to liquidate other investments in its portfolio that it otherwise would have continued to hold, including when it is not advantageous to do so. A Fund's investment in REIT securities also may result in the Fund's receipt of cash in excess of the REIT's earnings; if the Fund distributes such amounts, such distributions could constitute a return of capital to Fund shareholders for federal income tax purposes.

A Fund's transactions in futures contracts, short sales, swaps and other derivatives will be subject to special tax rules. the effect of which may be to accelerate income to the Fund, defer losses to the Fund, cause adjustments in the holding periods of the Fund's securities, and convert short-term capital losses into long-term capital losses. These rules could therefore affect the amount, timing and character of distributions from the Fund, and, therefore, may increase the amount of taxes payable by shareholders. A Fund's use of these types of transactions may result in the Fund realizing more short-term capital gain and ordinary income subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates than it would if it did not engage in such transactions.

The extent to which a Fund can invest in master limited partnerships is limited by the Fund's intention to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code.

An increase in the principal amount of a floating-rate debt security will be original issue discount which is taxable as ordinary income and is required to be distributed, even though the Fund will not receive the principal, including any increases thereto, until maturity.

Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional discussion of the tax consequences of the above-described and other investments to each Fund and its shareholders.

The dates on which net investment income and capital gain dividends, if any, will be distributed are available online at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

Early in each calendar year, each Fund will send you a notice showing the amount of distributions you received during the preceding calendar year and the tax status of those distributions.

The Funds are not intended for foreign shareholders. Any foreign shareholders would generally be subject to U.S. tax-withholding on distributions by the Funds, as discussed in the Statement of Additional Information.

Distributions by a Fund to retirement plans and other entities that qualify for tax-exempt or tax-deferred treatment under federal income tax laws will generally not be taxable. Special tax rules apply to investments through such plans. The tax considerations described in this section do not apply to such tax-exempt or tax-deferred entities or accounts. You should consult your tax advisor to determine the suitability of a Fund as an investment and the tax treatment of distributions.

Any investor for whom a Fund does not have a valid Taxpayer Identification Number may be subject to backup withholding.

The above is a general summary of tax implications of investing in the Funds. Because each investor's tax consequences are unique, please consult your tax advisor to see how investing in a Fund and, for individuals and S corporations, selection of a particular cost method of accounting will affect your own tax situation.

#### IMPORTANT TAX REPORTING CONSIDERATIONS

Your Financial Intermediary or the Fund (if you hold your shares in the Fund direct account) will report gains and losses realized on redemptions of shares for shareholders who are individuals and S corporations purchased after January 1, 2012 to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). This information will also be reported to you on Form 1099-B and the IRS each year. In calculating the gain or loss on redemptions of shares, the average cost method will be used to determine the cost basis of Fund shares purchased after January 1, 2012 unless you instruct the Fund in writing at J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 that you want to use another available method for cost basis reporting (for example, First In, First Out (FIFO), Last In, First Out (LIFO), Specific Lot Identification (SLID) or High Cost, First Out (HIFO)). If you designate SLID as your cost basis method, you will also need to designate a secondary cost basis method (Secondary Method). If a Secondary Method is not provided, the Fund will designate FIFO as the Secondary Method and will use the Secondary Method with respect to systematic redemptions.

Not all cost basis methods are available. Please contact the Fund at J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143, Kansas City, MO 64121-9143 for more information on the available methods for cost basis reporting. To determine which available cost basis method is best for you, you should consult with your tax advisor. Please note that you will be responsible for calculating and reporting gains and losses on redemptions of shares purchased prior to January 1, 2012 to the IRS as such information will not be reported by the Fund and may not be maintained by your Financial Intermediary.

Your Financial Intermediary or the Fund (if you hold your shares in the Fund direct account) is also required to report gains and losses to the IRS in connection with redemptions of shares by S corporations. If a shareholder is a corporation and has not instructed the Fund that it is a C corporation in its account application or by written instruction to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 219143. Kansas City, MO 64121-9143, the Fund will treat the shareholder as an S corporation and file a Form 1099-B.

#### SHAREHOLDER STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

The J.P. Morgan Funds or your Financial Intermediary will send you transaction confirmation statements and quarterly account statements. Please review these statements carefully. The Funds will correct errors if notified within one year of the date printed on the transaction confirmation or account statement. Your Financial Intermediary may have a different cut-off time. J.P. Morgan Funds will charge a fee for requests for statements that are older than two years. Please retain all of your statements, as they could be needed for tax purposes.

To reduce expenses and conserve natural resources, the J.P. Morgan Funds will deliver a single copy of prospectuses and financial reports to individual investors who share a residential address, provided they have the same last name or the J.P. Morgan Funds reasonably believe they are members of the same family. If you would like to receive separate mailings, please call 1-800-480-4111 and the Fund will begin individual delivery within 30 days. If you would like to receive these documents by e-mail, please visit www.ipmorganfunds.com and sign up for electronic delivery.

If you hold your Fund shares directly, you may access your account statements at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

After each fiscal half year you will receive a financial report from the Funds. In addition, the Funds will periodically send you proxy statements and other reports.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please write to J.P. Morgan Funds Services at P.O. Box 219143. Kansas City. MO 64121-9143, call 1-800-480-4111 or visit www.jpmorganfunds.com.

#### AVAILABILITY OF PROXY VOTING RECORD

The Trustees for each Fund have delegated the authority to vote proxies for securities owned by the Funds to the Funds' adviser. A copy of each Fund's voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or on J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com no later than August 31 of each year. Each Fund's proxy voting record will include, among other things, a brief description of the matter voted on for each portfolio security, and will state how each vote was cast, for example, for or against the proposal.

#### PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

On each business day, the Equity Premium Income Fund will disclose on its website a schedule of the portfolio holdings of the Fund as of the prior business day. To the extent shareholders have questions about the Fund's schedule of portfolio holdings, or wish to receive hard copies, they may call 1-800-480-4111 at no charge.

No sooner than 30 days for the Diversified and Hedged Equity Funds and 15 days for the remaining Funds, after the end of each month, each Fund will make available upon request the uncertified, complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that month.

Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, each Fund will make available upon request a complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that quarter.

Each Fund will post these quarterly schedules on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

In addition, from time to time, each Fund may post portfolio holdings on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website on a more frequent basis.

Each Fund may disclose the Fund's 10 largest portfolio holdings and the percentage that each of these 10 holdings represent of the Fund's portfolio as of the most recent month's end, online at www.jpmorganfunds.com, no sooner than 10 calendar days for the Diversified and Hedged Equity Funds and 5 calendar days for the remaining Funds, after month's end.

In addition, the top five holdings that contributed to Fund performance and top five holdings that detracted from Fund performance may be posted on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at www.jpmorganfunds.com no sooner than 10 calendar days for the Diversified and Hedged Equity Funds and 5 calendar days for the remaining Funds, after month end.

Shareholders may request portfolio holdings schedules at no charge by calling 1-800-480-4111. A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of a Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information.

# Glossary of Common Investment Terminology

For the purpose of the "INVESTING WITH J.P. MORGAN FUNDS" section, references to "account" and "Fund" are not interchangeable. Fund refers to an individual mutual fund position. An account may be invested in a single Fund or multiple Funds.

**Capital Gains Distribution** – Payment to mutual fund shareholders of gains realized on securities that a Fund has sold at a profit, minus any realized losses.

**Dividend Distribution** – Payment to mutual fund shareholders of income from interest or dividends generated by a Fund's investments.

Financial Intermediaries – Include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with the Distributor and/or shareholder servicing agent. Shares purchased this way will typically be held for you by the Financial Intermediary.

**Group Retirement Plans** – Refers to employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans. To satisfy eligibility requirements, the plan must be a group plan (more than one participant), the shares cannot be held in a commission-based brokerage account and

- Shares must be held at a plan level or
- Shares must be held at the Fund level through an omnibus account of a retirement plan recordkeeper.

Group Retirement Plans include group employer-sponsored 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit-sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans, retiree health benefit plans, group annuity separate accounts offered to retirement plans and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. Group Retirement Plans do not include traditional IRAs, Roth IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, SEPs, SARSEPs, SIMPLE IRAS, KEOGHs, individual 401(k) or individual 403(b) plans.

**Medallion Signature Guarantee** – A special stamp used to verify the authenticity of certain documents. It is a guarantee by a financial institution that the signature is genuine and the financial institution accepts liability for any forgery. Medallion signature guarantees protect shareholders by preventing unauthorized transfer of assets that could result in monetary losses to the investor due to fraud. Medallion guarantee stamps can be obtained at many bank branches or brokerage firms.

**Uncollected Shares** – Shares purchased directly through J.P. Morgan Funds Services by check are not available for redemption for up to five business days following the acceptance of a purchase order unless you provide satisfactory proof that your purchase check has cleared.

Wire - Refers to the method used for payment or redemptions. While J.P. Morgan Funds does not charge to send a wire, your bank may charge a fee for this service.

# **Financial Highlights**

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for each share class for the past five fiscal years or the period of a Fund's operations, as applicable. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The financial highlights for JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund reflects the return for Class I Shares of the Fund (which are not offered in this prospectus), as the Class R6 Shares of the Fund commenced operations as of 9/30/20. This information for each period presented has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose reports, along with each Fund's financial statements, are included in the respective Fund's annual reports, which is available upon request.

To the extent a Fund invests in other funds, the Total Annual Operating Expenses included in the Fee Table will not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets in the financial highlights below.

		Per share operating performance						
	beginning	In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	ıs	
		Net investment income (loss) (b)(c)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Diversified Fund Class R6 Year Ended June 30, 2020 Year Ended June 30, 2019 November 1, 2017 (h) through June 30, 2018	\$16.61 17.31 18.37	\$0.33 0.41 0.27	\$ 0.16 0.56 (0.13)	\$0.49 0.97 0.14	\$(0.33) (0.39) (0.32)	\$ (1.17) (1.28) (0.88)	\$(1.50) (1.67) (1.20)	

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Net investment income (loss) is affected by timing of distributions from Underlying Funds.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (c)
- Not annualized for periods less than one year. (d)
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for (e) financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (f) Does not include expenses of Underlying Funds.
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

### Ratios/Supplemental data

				rtatios, supple	meman aata		
				R	atios to average net a	ssets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (d)(e)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (f)(g)	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits (f)	Portfolio turnover rate (d)	
	\$15.60	2.86%	\$591,744	0.55%	2.10%	0.67%	82%
	16.61	6.65	673,386	0.50	2.47	0.71	86
	17.31	0.71	752,097	0.49	2.34	0.69	93

# Financial Highlights (continued)

Per share op	erating perf	formance
--------------	--------------	----------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	15	
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Equity Focus Fund								
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$30.48	\$0.30	\$ 1.69	\$1.99	\$(0.24)	\$(4.98)	\$(5.22)	
October 1, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	34.55	0.23	(0.05)	0.18	(0.53)	(3.72)	(4.25)	

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

#### Ratios/Supplemental data

				ratios/sup	ppiememai uata		
Net asset value, end of period				Ratios to average net a	ssets (a)		
	value, end of	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
	\$ 27.25	6.39%	\$23,881	0.60%	1.06%	0.83%	44%
	30.48	2.03	22,346	0.59	1.08	0.95	45

# Financial Highlights (continued)

Per share operating performan	nce
-------------------------------	-----

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	is
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Equity Income Fund							
Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 17.74	\$0.27	\$(1.40)	\$ (1.13)	\$(0.28)	\$ (0.19)	\$(0.47)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.74	0.28	1.47	1.75	(0.29)	(0.46)	(0.75)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.62	0.21	1.28	1.49	(0.22)	(0.15)	(0.37)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	13.97	0.20	1.75	1.95	(0.21)	(0.09)	(0.30)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	13.74	0.21	0.35	0.56	(0.22)	(0.11)	(0.33)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	17.81	0.32	(1.41)	(1.09)	(0.32)	(0.19)	(0.51)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.80	0.32	1.49	1.81	(0.34)	(0.46)	(0.80)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.66	0.27	1.27	1.54	(0.25)	(0.15)	(0.40)
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	14.06	0.19	1.71	1.90	(0.21)	(0.09)	(0.30)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	18.13	0.37	(1.43)	(1.06)	(0.37)	(0.19)	(0.56)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	17.09	0.36	1.52	1.88	(0.38)	(0.46)	(0.84)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.92	0.32	1.29	1.61	(0.29)	(0.15)	(0.44)
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	14.28	0.29	1.67	1.96	(0.23)	(0.09)	(0.32)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	18.16	0.40	(1.45)	(1.05)	(0.39)	(0.19)	(0.58)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	17.11	0.40	1.51	1.91	(0.40)	(0.46)	(0.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.93	0.34	1.30	1.64	(0.31)	(0.15)	(0.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.23	0.31	1.78	2.09	(0.30)	(0.09)	(0.39)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	13.98	0.31	0.35	0.66	(0.30)	(0.11)	(0.41)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	18.14	0.42	(1.44)	(1.02)	(0.41)	(0.19)	(0.60)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	17.10	0.42	1.50	1.92	(0.42)	(0.46)	(0.88)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.92	0.35	1.31	1.66	(0.33)	(0.15)	(0.48)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.22	0.32	1.78	2.10	(0.31)	(0.09)	(0.40)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	13.97	0.33	0.34	0.67	(0.31)	(0.11)	(0.42)

<sup>(</sup>a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)

Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)

# Ratios/Supplemental data

			ratios/ Jul	opiememai uata		
				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$16.14	(6.57)%	\$ 72,182	1.23%	1.56%	1.23%	22%
17.74	10.90	93,453	1.24	1.64	1.25	23
16.74	9.59	80,330	1.26	1.29	1.26	20
15.62	14.08	87,437	1.29	1.34	1.39	14
13.97	4.20	77,230	1.29	1.59	1.45	20
16.21	(6.29)	170,246	0.97	1.86	0.97	22
17.81	11.20	137,142	0.98	1.87	0.99	23
16.80	9.90	91,267	0.99	1.61	0.99	20
15.66	13.62	25,209	1.03	1.55	1.05	14
16.51	(6.07)	106,277	0.72	2.12	0.72	22
18.13	11.46	66,602	0.73	2.08	0.74	23
17.09	10.18	23,451	0.74	1.90	0.75	20
15.92	13.85	1,340	0.78	2.28	0.83	14
16.53	(5.98)	1,230,147	0.56	2.24	0.57	22
18.16	11.67	1,422,483	0.58	2.29	0.59	23
17.11	10.38	1,097,476	0.59	1.98	0.60	20
15.93	14.84	912,746	0.58	2.05	0.63	14
14.23	4.89	722,424	0.59	2.28	0.64	20
16.52	(5.83)	12,663,581	0.46	2.38	0.47	22
18.14	11.72	8,217,432	0.48	2.38	0.49	23
17.10	10.49	5,314,382	0.49	2.08	0.50	20
15.92	14.95	2,821,798	0.50	2.13	0.50	14
14.22	4.98	1,913,077	0.50	2.43	0.50	20

# Financial Highlights (continued)

Per share	operating	performance
-----------	-----------	-------------

		Investment operations			Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Equity Index Fund							
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$44.98	\$ 1.10	\$2.22	\$3.32	\$(1.00)	\$(0.09)	\$(1.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	41.68	0.90	3.33	4.23	(0.79)	(0.14)	(0.93)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	37.44	0.76	4.57	5.33	(0.71)	(0.38)	(1.09)
September 1, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	36.73	0.58	4.05	4.63	(0.73)	(3.19)	(3.92)

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)
- Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)

		Katios/ Supplemental data								
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)				
\$ 47.21	7.52%	\$3,306,397	0.044%	2.38%	0.13%	15%				
44.98	10.33	3,019,734	0.043	2.11	0.13	6				
41.68	14.36	2,008,916	0.042	1.85	0.14	14				
37.44	13.49	338,764	0.045	1.93	0.15	21				

		Per share operating performance								
	_		vestment operatio	Distributions						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income					
JPMorgan Equity Premium Income Fund										
Class R5										
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$14.92	\$1.48	\$ (1.96)	\$(0.48)	\$(1.48)					
August 31, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	15.00	0.96	(0.08)	0.88	(0.96)					
Class R6										
Year Ended June 30, 2020	14.92	1.83	(2.30)	(0.47)	(1.49)					
August 31, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	15.00	0.97	(0.07)	0.90	(0.98)					

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- (b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- (f) Commencement of operations.
- Certain non-recurring expenses incurred by the Fund were not annualized for the period indicated. (g)

					Ratios to average net assets (a)					
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)				
	\$12.96 14.92	(3.43)% 6.28	\$ 21 21	0.45% 0.45(g)	10.37% 8.04(g)	0.83% 1.36(g)	236% 43			
	12.96 14.92	(3.33) 6.37	686 21	0.35 0.35(g)	13.60 8.14 (g)	0.59 1.26(g)	236 43			

	Per share operating performance							
		In	vestment operatio	Distributions				
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net realized gain			
JPMorgan Growth Advantage Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 21.67	\$ (0.13)	\$ 5.68	\$ 5.55	\$ (2.17)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	21.68	(0.13)	1.88	1.75	(1.76)			
July 31, 2017 (f) through June 30, 2018	18.47	(0.14)	4.19	4.05	(0.84)			
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	21.79	(80.0)	5.73	5.65	(2.17)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	21.74	(0.07)	1.88	1.81	(1.76)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	17.96	(0.11)	4.73	4.62	(0.84)			
May 31, 2017 (f) through June 30, 2017	17.85	(0.01)	0.12	0.11	-			
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	22.53	(0.02)	5.95	5.93	(2.17)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.36	(0.03)	1.96	1.93	(1.76)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.40	(0.03)	4.83	4.80	(0.84)			
May 31, 2017 (f) through June 30, 2017	18.29	-(g)	0.11	0.11	-			
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	23.00	0.01	6.09	6.10	(2.17)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.76	0.01	1.99	2.00	(1.76)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.69	(0.04)	4.95	4.91	(0.84)			
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.96	(0.03)	3.76	3.73	-			
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.25	(0.03)	(0.73)	(0.76)	(0.53)			
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	23.15	0.03	6.15	6.18	(2.17)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.87	0.03	2.01	2.04	(1.76)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.76	(0.02)	4.97	4.95	(0.84)			
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.00	(0.01)	3.77	3.76	-			
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.27	(0.01)	(0.73)	(0.74)	(0.53)			

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)
- Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)
- Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

Net asset value, end of rotal return period (c)(dr)   Net assets, end of (c)(dr)   Net period (c)(dr)   Net peri				itatios/sa	ppicificat data		
value, end of period         end of Total return         end of period         Net income reimbursements and earnings credits         Without waivers, reimbursements and turnover earnings credits         Portfolio turnover rate (c)           \$25.05         27.48%         \$ 239         1.39%         (0.59)%         1.88%         47%           21.67         9.36         88         1.39         (0.61)         2.24         40           21.68         22.39         43         1.41         (0.77)         1.59         31           25.27         27.80         1.076         1.14         (0.36)         1.24         47           21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.24         47           21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.24         47           21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.28         31           1796         0.62         20         1.25         (0.55)         1.25         34           26.29         28.15         17,739         0.89         (0.11)         0.90         47           22.53         991         16.423         0.89         (0.12)         1.00         40 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>issets (a)</th> <th></th>						issets (a)	
21.67         9.36         88         1.39         (0.61)         2.24         40           21.68         22.39         43         1.41         (0.77)         1.59         31           25.27         27.80         1,076         1.14         (0.36)         1.24         47           21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.40         40           21.74         26.20         266         1.15         (0.53)         1.28         31           1796         0.62         20         1.25         (0.55)         1.25         34           26.29         28.15         17,739         0.89         (0.11)         0.90         47           22.53         9.91         16,423         0.89         (0.12)         1.00         40           22.36         26.56         12,005         0.88         (0.16)         1.00         31           18.40         0.60         20         0.99         (0.29)         1.00         34           26.93         28.32         133,780         0.74         0.04         0.76         47           23.00         10.05         118,449         0.74         0.02	value, end of		end of period		investment income	without waivers, reimbursements and	turnover
21.67         9.36         88         1.39         (0.61)         2.24         40           21.68         22.39         43         1.41         (0.77)         1.59         31           25.27         27.80         1,076         1.14         (0.36)         1.24         47           21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.40         40           21.74         26.20         266         1.15         (0.53)         1.28         31           1796         0.62         20         1.25         (0.55)         1.25         34           26.29         28.15         17,739         0.89         (0.11)         0.90         47           22.53         9.91         16,423         0.89         (0.12)         1.00         40           22.36         26.56         12,005         0.88         (0.16)         1.00         31           18.40         0.60         20         0.99         (0.29)         1.00         34           26.93         28.32         133,780         0.74         0.04         0.76         47           23.00         10.05         118,449         0.74         0.02							
21.79         9.63         448         1.14         (0.36)         1.40         40           21.74         26.20         266         1.15         (0.53)         1.28         31           17.96         0.62         20         1.25         (0.55)         1.25         34           26.29         28.15         17,739         0.89         (0.11)         0.90         47           22.53         9.91         16,423         0.89         (0.12)         1.00         40           22.36         26.56         12,005         0.88         (0.16)         1.00         31           18.40         0.60         20         0.99         (0.29)         1.00         34           26.93         28.32         133,780         0.74         0.04         0.76         47           23.00         10.05         118,449         0.74         0.02         0.85         40           22.76         26.74         112,830         0.77         (0.18)         0.85         31           18.69         24.93         95,952         0.85         (0.17)         0.88         34           14.96         (4.72)         82,358         0.89         (0	21.67	9.36	88	1.39	(0.61)	2.24	40
22.53         9.91         16,423         0.89         (0.12)         1.00         40           22.36         26.56         12,005         0.88         (0.16)         1.00         31           18.40         0.60         20         0.99         (0.29)         1.00         34           26.93         28.32         133,780         0.74         0.04         0.76         47           23.00         10.05         118,449         0.74         0.02         0.85         40           22.76         26.74         112,830         0.77         (0.18)         0.85         31           18.69         24.93         95,952         0.85         (0.17)         0.88         34           14.96         (4.72)         82,358         0.89         (0.20)         0.90         46           27.16         28.49         4,854,095         0.64         0.14         0.65         47           23.15         10.18         4,527,544         0.64         0.12         0.75         40           22.87         26.86         4,347,440         0.67         (0.07)         0.75         31           18.76         25.07         3,153,928         0.74	21.79 21.74	9.63 26.20	448 266	1.14 1.15	(0.36) (0.53)	1.40 1.28	40 31
23.00     10.05     118,449     0.74     0.02     0.85     40       22.76     26.74     112,830     0.77     (0.18)     0.85     31       18.69     24.93     95,952     0.85     (0.17)     0.88     34       14.96     (4.72)     82,358     0.89     (0.20)     0.90     46       27.16     28.49     4,854,095     0.64     0.14     0.65     47       23.15     10.18     4,527,544     0.64     0.12     0.75     40       22.87     26.86     4,347,440     0.67     (0.07)     0.75     31       18.76     25.07     3,153,928     0.74     (0.06)     0.75     34	22.53 22.36	9.91 26.56	16,423 12,005	0.89 0.88	(0.12) (0.16)	1.00 1.00	40 31
23.15     10.18     4,527,544     0.64     0.12     0.75     40       22.87     26.86     4,347,440     0.67     (0.07)     0.75     31       18.76     25.07     3,153,928     0.74     (0.06)     0.75     34	23.00 22.76 18.69	10.05 26.74 24.93	118,449 112,830 95,952	0.74 0.77 0.85	0.02 (0.18) (0.17)	0.85 0.85 0.88	40 31 34
25.00 (1.57) E,120/755 0.10 (0.01) 0.10 TO	27.16 23.15 22.87	28.49 10.18 26.86	4,854,095 4,527,544 4,347,440	0.64 0.64 0.67	0.14 0.12 (0.07)	0.65 0.75 0.75	47 40 31

	Per share operating performance								
		In	vestment operatio	Distributions					
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income				
JPMorgan Hedged Equity Fund									
Class R5									
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$20.32	\$0.36	\$ 1.52	\$1.88	\$(0.27)				
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.50	0.29	0.79	1.08	(0.26)				
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.30	0.26	1.16	1.42	(0.22)				
Year Ended June 30, 2017	16.28	0.26	2.02	2.28	(0.26)				
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.51	0.24	(0.24)	-(d)	(0.23)				
Class R6									
Year Ended June 30, 2020	20.32	0.39	1.53	1.92	(0.29)				
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.49	0.31	0.79	1.10	(0.27)				
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.29	0.27	1.16	1.43	(0.23)				
Year Ended June 30, 2017	16.28	0.25	2.03	2.28	(0.27)				

16.52

0.27

(0.27)

-(d)

(0.24)

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (c)

<sup>(</sup>d) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

		natios/ supplemental data									
					Ratios to average ne	t assets					
\ E	Net asset value, end of period	Total return (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate				
	\$ 21.93	9.30%	\$ 2,964	0.45%	1.74%	0.59%	68%				
	20.32	5.57	1,893	0.45	1.46	0.95	48				
	19.50	7.81	123	0.39	1.37	0.67	44				
	18.30	14.10	37	0.40	1.51	1.08	31				
	16.28	0.07	25	0.40	1.49	2.16	57				
	21.95	9.50	851,085	0.35	1.87	0.35	68				
	20.32	5.69	384,616	0.35	1.56	0.37	48				
	19.49	7.87	121,897	0.34	1.42	0.42	44				
	18.29	14.09	3,289	0.34	1.41	0.42	31				
	16.28	0.07	74	0.35	1.66	1.40	57				

Per s	hare o	perating	perforr	nance
-------	--------	----------	---------	-------

		Investment operations			Distributions			
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Intrepid Growth Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 55.27	\$0.48(g)	\$ 7.22	\$ 7.70	\$(0.22)	\$(6.67)	\$(6.89)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.95	0.30	2.93	3.23	(0.27)	(5.64)	(5.91)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	47.66	0.09	10.31	10.40	(0.11)	_	(0.11)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	39.66	0.11	8.12	8.23	(0.23)	_	(0.23)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	40.39	0.19	(0.63)	(0.44)	(0.29)	_	(0.29)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	56.82	0.86(g)	7.47	8.33	(0.55)	(6.67)	(7.22)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	59.32	0.68	2.99	3.67	(0.53)	(5.64)	(6.17)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.76	0.46	10.56	11.02	(0.46)	_	(0.46)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	40.51	0.42	8.29	8.71	(0.46)	_	(0.46)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	41.12	0.45	(0.62)	(0.17)	(0.44)	_	(0.44)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	56.81	0.91(g)	7.49	8.40	(0.61)	(6.67)	(7.28)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	59.32	0.74	2.98	3.72	(0.59)	(5.64)	(6.23)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.74	0.51	10.56	11.07	(0.49)	_	(0.49)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	40.50	0.44	8.29	8.73	(0.49)	_	(0.49)	
November 2, 2015 (f) through June 30, 2016	42.20	0.36	(1.60)	(1.24)	(0.46)	_	(0.46)	

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)
- Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)
- Reflects special dividends paid out during the year by several of the Fund's holdings. Had the Fund not received the special dividends, the net investment income (loss) per share would have been \$0.13, \$0.49 and \$0.55 for Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively, and the net investment income (loss) ratio would have been 0.23%, 0.88% and 0.99% for Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively.

				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)						
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)					
\$56.08	14.84%	\$ 40,305	1.09%	0.90%(g)	1.25%	96%					
55.27	6.78	45,086	1.09	0.54	1.49	95					
57.95	21.84	40,763	1.10	0.16	1.37	69					
47.66	20.82	5,277	1.17	0.26	1.68	68					
39.66	(1.10)	4,207	1.17	0.50	1.76	70					
57.93	15.63	189,889	0.44	1.55(g)	0.52	96					
56.82	7.48	194,550	0.44	1.19	0.71	95					
59.32	22.66	201,539	0.45	0.83	0.71	69					
48.76	21.65	192,164	0.48	0.94	0.72	68					
40.51	(0.42)	205,213	0.47	1.13	0.74	70					
57.93	15.76	617,458	0.34	1.65(g)	0.42	96					
56.81	7.59	602,454	0.34	1.29	0.61	95					
59.32	22.78	588,911	0.36	0.92	0.61	69					
48.74	21.70	504,973	0.43	0.99	0.61	68					
40.50	(2.94)	488,138	0.42	1.38	0.61	70					

Per s	hare o	perating	perforr	nance
-------	--------	----------	---------	-------

		Investment operations			Distributions			
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Intrepid Value Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 31.12	\$0.47(d)	\$(3.35)	\$(2.88)	\$(0.56)	\$ (2.13)	\$(2.69)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	34.26	0.40	0.54	0.94	(0.44)	(3.64)	(4.08)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	35.33	0.46	4.03	4.49	(0.47)	(5.09)	(5.56)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	31.04	0.38	4.62	5.00	(0.44)	(0.27)	(0.71)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.48	0.44	(2.92)	(2.48)	(0.41)	(1.55)	(1.96)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	31.73	0.67(d)	(3.87)	(3.20)	(0.74)	(2.13)	(2.87)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	34.80	0.62	0.56	1.18	(0.61)	(3.64)	(4.25)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	35.78	0.66	4.13	4.79	(0.68)	(5.09)	(5.77)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	31.42	0.59	4.69	5.28	(0.65)	(0.27)	(0.92)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.88	0.64	(2.95)	(2.31)	(0.60)	(1.55)	(2.15)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	31.74	0.70(d)	(3.47)	(2.77)	(0.78)	(2.13)	(2.91)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	34.80	0.65	0.57	1.22	(0.64)	(3.64)	(4.28)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	35.78	0.69	4.13	4.82	(0.71)	(5.09)	(5.80)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	31.42	0.61	4.69	5.30	(0.67)	(0.27)	(0.94)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.89	0.66	(2.97)	(2.31)	(0.61)	(1.55)	(2.16)	

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (c)

Reflects special dividends paid out during the year by several of the Fund's holdings. Had the Fund not received the special dividends, the net investment income (loss) per share would have been \$0.38, \$0.57 and \$0.60 for Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively, and the net investment income (loss) ratio would have been 1.30%, 1.85% and 2.04% for Class R2, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares, respectively.

				Ratios to average net	t assets	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$25.55 31.12	(10.24)% 3.81	\$ 2,664 4,438	1.09% 1.08	1.62%(d) 1.22	1.30% 1.62	79% 88
34.26	13.04	5,781	1.12	1.28	1.52	68
35.33	16.24	19,693	1.10	1.12	1.59	81
31.04	(6.91)	17,721	1.08	1.39	1.75	66
25.66	(11.16)	4,269	0.44	2.16(d)	0.55	79
31.73	4.50	48,910	0.43	1.89	0.61	88
34.80	13.80	90,714	0.45	1.82	0.62	68
35.78	16.97	86,134	0.48	1.73	0.61	81
31.42	(6.35)	85,624	0.48	1.98	0.61	66
26.06	(9.68)	74,603	0.34	2.37(d)	0.44	79
31.74	4.63	133,014	0.33	1.99	0.51	88
34.80	13.90	118,726	0.37	1.90	0.52	68
35.78	17.03	108,525	0.43	1.79	0.52	81
31.42	(6.33)	86,255	0.43	2.07	0.51	66

Per share operating performa	nce
------------------------------	-----

				onar o operation	9 ber . e		
		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	ıs
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund							
Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$40.32	\$ (0.11)	\$10.90	\$10.79	\$ -	\$ (5.21)	\$ (5.21)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	41.17	(0.18)	4.61	4.43	_	(5.28)	(5.28)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	37.33	(0.20)	9.65	9.45	_	(5.61)	(5.61)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	32.31	(0.16)	8.32	8.16	_	(3.14)	(3.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	36.24	(0.15)	(2.18)	(2.33)	_	(1.60)	(1.60)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	42.10	(0.01)	11.46	11.45	_	(5.21)	(5.21)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	42.64	(0.08)	4.82	4.74	_	(5.28)	(5.28)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.39	(0.08)	9.94	9.86	_	(5.61)	(5.61)
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	33.97	(0.06)	7.62	7.56	_	(3.14)	(3.14)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	42.45	0.08	11.58	11.66	(0.06)	(5.21)	(5.27)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	42.85	0.01	4.87	4.88	_	(5.28)	(5.28)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.47	0.01	9.98	9.99	_	(5.61)	(5.61)
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	33.97	0.04	7.60	7.64	_	(3.14)	(3.14)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	43.44	0.16	11.88	12.04	(0.07)	(5.21)	(5.28)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	43.65	0.07	5.00	5.07	_	(5.28)	(5.28)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	39.04	0.06	10.16	10.22	_	(5.61)	(5.61)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	33.46	0.05	8.67	8.72	_	(3.14)	(3.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	37.25	0.06	(2.25)	(2.19)	_	(1.60)	(1.60)
Class R6					4.	4	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	43.78	0.21	11.99	12.20	(0.11)	(5.21)	(5.32)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	43.95	0.11	5.03	5.14	(0.03)	(5.28)	(5.31)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	39.23	0.10	10.23	10.33	_	(5.61)	(5.61)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	33.58	0.09	8.70	8.79	_	(3.14)	(3.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	37.34	0.10	(2.26)	(2.16)	_	(1.60)	(1.60)

Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for (d) financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

<sup>(</sup>e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)

				Ratios to ave	rage net assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$45.90 40.32	29.76% 13.39	\$ 118,628 138,030	1.19% 1.18	(0.27)% (0.47)	1.29% 1.34	47% 50
41.17	28.11	156,775	1.24	(0.47)	1.35	24
37.33	27.14	147,902	1.31	(0.46)	1.47	22
32.31	(6.67)	192,560	1.30	(0.43)	1.55	43
48.34	30.09	90,107	0.94	(0.02)	1.03	47
42.10	13.68	45,376	0.93	(0.21)	1.08	50
42.64	28.43	6,865	0.96	(0.21)	1.10	24
38.39	24.05	992	1.12	(0.20)	1.20	22
48.84	30.40	64,792	0.69	0.19	0.78	47
42.45	13.96	10,740	0.68	0.02	0.83	50
42.85	28.74	5,930	0.73	0.02	0.85	24
38.47	24.31	440	0.89	0.12	1.07	22
50.20	30.59	781,380	0.54	0.38	0.63	47
43.44	14.15	702,536	0.53	0.17	0.69	50
43.65	28.93	788,766	0.59	0.14	0.70	24
39.04	27.92	799,190	0.70	0.15	0.72	22
33.46	(6.10)	1,209,521	0.69	0.17	0.73	43
50.66	30.75	11,169,668	0.44	0.47	0.53	47
43.78	14.23	7,339,387	0.43	0.27	0.58	50
43.95	29.08	5,962,328	0.48	0.24	0.60	24
39.23	28.03	3,606,093	0.60	0.25	0.60	22
33.58	(6.00)	3,330,565	0.60	0.28	0.60	43

Per share operating	g performance
---------------------	---------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	ıs	
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund	·			·				
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$13.98	\$ 0.15	\$ (1.38)	\$ (1.23)	\$ (0.14)	\$ -	\$(0.14)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	14.99	0.14	(0.10)	0.04	(0.14)	(0.91)	(1.05)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.39	0.11	0.86	0.97	(0.09)	(1.28)	(1.37)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.64	0.10	3.41	3.51	(0.10)	(0.66)	(0.76)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.96	0.14	(0.60)	(0.46)	(0.13)	(1.73)	(1.86)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	13.84	0.18	(1.36)	(1.18)	(0.18)	_	(0.18)	
October 1, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	15.63	0.13	(0.88)	(0.75)	(0.13)	(0.91)	(1.04)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	14.11	0.22	(1.39)	(1.17)	(0.21)	_	(0.21)	
October 1, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	15.90	0.16	(0.89)	(0.73)	(0.15)	(0.91)	(1.06)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	14.00	0.24	(1.39)	(1.15)	(0.23)	_	(0.23)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	14.99	0.23	(0.09)	0.14	(0.22)	(0.91)	(1.13)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.37	0.21	0.88	1.09	(0.19)	(1.28)	(1.47)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.63	0.20	3.39	3.59	(0.19)	(0.66)	(0.85)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.93	0.21	(0.58)	(0.37)	(0.20)	(1.73)	(1.93)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	13.90	0.25	(1.37)	(1.12)	(0.25)	_	(0.25)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	14.90	0.24	(0.10)	0.14	(0.23)	(0.91)	(1.14)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.28	0.22	0.88	1.10	(0.20)	(1.28)	(1.48)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.56	0.20	3.38	3.58	(0.20)	(0.66)	(0.86)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.86	0.24	(0.60)	(0.36)	(0.21)	(1.73)	(1.94)	

Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

<sup>(</sup>e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Commencement of offering of class of shares.

				itatios/su	ppiementai aata		
					Ratios to average net a	issets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)	
	\$12.61	(8.83)%	\$ 17,777	1.19%	1.09%	1.28%	177%
	13.98	0.83	21,489	1.19	0.97	1.29	162
	14.99	6.14	17,046	1.21	0.68	1.30	130
	15.39	28.11	6,775	1.23	0.71	1.43	145
	12.64	(2.78)	3,462	1.20	1.05	1.57	219
	12.48	(8.59)	18	0.94	1.36	2.24	177
	13.84	(4.25)	19	0.94	1.28	1.17	162
	12.73	(8.34)	11,823	0.69	1.60	0.76	177
	14.11	(4.05)	14,545	0.68	1.51	0.77	162
	12.62	(8.26)	18,535	0.54	1.72	0.62	177
	14.00	1.50	30,522	0.54	1.61	0.63	162
	14.99	6.90	23,166	0.55	1.33	0.63	130
	15.37	28.82	10,218	0.59	1.35	0.62	145
	12.63	(2.15)	4,155	0.59	1.52	0.60	219
	12.53	(8.14)	796,259	0.44	1.86	0.51	177
	13.90	1.52	834,072	0.44	1.70	0.52	162
	14.90	7.04	928,167	0.46	1.41	0.52	130
	15.28	28.90	610,732	0.51	1.43	0.52	145
	12.56	(2.06)	565,542	0.51	1.90	0.52	219

Per share	operating	performance
-----------	-----------	-------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	15
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund							
Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 9.69	\$0.06	\$(0.97)	\$ (0.91)	\$(0.06)	\$(0.51)	\$(0.57)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	11.56	0.07	(0.65)	(0.58)	(0.06)	(1.23)	(1.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	11.36	0.07	1.44	1.51	(0.06)	(1.25)	(1.31)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	10.52	0.07	1.89	1.96	(0.06)	(1.06)	(1.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	12.87	0.07	(0.22)	(0.15)	(0.06)	(2.14)	(2.20)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	10.00	0.13	(0.99)	(0.86)	(0.14)	(0.51)	(0.65)
October 1, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	12.08	0.11	(0.82)	(0.71)	(0.14)	(1.23)	(1.37)

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- (b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- Not annualized for periods less than one year. (c)
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- (f) Commencement of offering of class of shares.

				rtatios/ Suppi	cilicitai aata		
					Ratios to average net	assets (a)	
	Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
	\$ 8.21	(10.32)%	\$ 10,627	1.00%	0.68%	1.29%	49%
	9.69	(4.11)	12,786	0.93	0.66	1.35	36
	11.56	13.79	13,560	0.83	0.61	1.35	33
	11.36	19.06	22,703	0.85	0.63	1.29	30
	10.52	(0.05)	11,536	0.92	0.60	1.40	39
	8.49	(9.65)	500,129	0.25	1.45	0.36	49
	10.00	(4.81)	512,512	0.25	1.51	0.37	36

Per share	operating	performance
-----------	-----------	-------------

		In	Investment operations			Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Mid Cap Equity Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$49.96	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.77	\$(0.16)	\$(3.93)	\$(4.09)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	51.08	0.05	4.00	4.05	(0.03)	(5.14)	(5.17)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.21	(0.14)	5.86	5.72	_	(2.85)	(2.85)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	42.75	(0.14)	6.98	6.84	(0.01)	(1.37)	(1.38)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	46.98	(0.13)	(1.99)	(2.12)	_	(2.11)	(2.11)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	51.37	0.30	0.83	1.13	(0.46)	(3.93)	(4.39)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.35	0.41	4.06	4.47	(0.31)	(5.14)	(5.45)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	49.17	0.24	5.94	6.18	(0.15)	(2.85)	(3.00)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	43.43	0.18	7.11	7.29	(0.18)	(1.37)	(1.55)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	47.49	0.18	(2.03)	(1.85)	(0.10)	(2.11)	(2.21)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	51.41	0.37	0.81	1.18	(0.52)	(3.93)	(4.45)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.39	0.43	4.09	4.52	(0.36)	(5.14)	(5.50)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	49.18	0.27	5.96	6.23	(0.17)	(2.85)	(3.02)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	43.44	0.21	7.09	7.30	(0.19)	(1.37)	(1.56)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	47.49	0.20	(2.02)	(1.82)	(0.12)	(2.11)	(2.23)	

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (c)

				Ratios to average net	assets	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$46.64	1.96%	\$ 623	1.39%	0.03%	1.55%	49%
49.96	9.63	524	1.38	0.10	1.57	34
51.08	12.09	443	1.43	(0.28)	1.57	31
48.21	16.30	600	1.49	(0.31)	1.69	38
42.75	(4.38)	688	1.50	(0.30)	1.81	39
48.11	2.62	871	0.74	0.61	0.86	49
51.37	10.37	6,073	0.73	0.81	0.86	34
52.35	12.83	6,499	0.75	0.47	0.85	31
49.17	17.14	1,804	0.79	0.40	0.87	38
43.43	(3.73)	2,840	0.80	0.42	0.91	39
48.14	2.72	867,761	0.64	0.75	0.76	49
51.41	10.48	2,008,540	0.63	0.87	0.75	34
52.39	12.93	1,970,177	0.67	0.51	0.75	31
49.18	17.18	1,619,045	0.74	0.45	0.75	38
43.44	(3.66)	1,370,912	0.74	0.46	0.75	39

	Per share operating performance							
		In	vestment operatio	Distributions				
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net realized gain			
JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund								
Class R2	4 25 24	4 (0.24)	4 = 44	4	d (2.24)			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 35.91	\$ (0.31)	\$ 7.11	\$ 6.80	\$(2.81)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	33.49	(0.27)	4.84	4.57	(2.15)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.31	(0.28)	5.60	5.32	(2.14)			
Year Ended June 30, 2017	25.41	(0.21)	5.12	4.91	(0.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2016	29.96	(0.18)	(2.91)	(3.09)	(1.46)			
Class R3	20.01	(0.22)	75/	7.22	(2.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.01	(0.23)	7.56	7.33	(2.81)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.23	(0.20)	5.13	4.93	(2.15)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	31.71	(0.19)	5.85	5.66	(2.14)			
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017 Class R4	27.06	(0.13)	4.79	4.66	(0.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.30	(0.14)	7.65	7.51	(2.81)			
,					(2.15)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.40	(0.11)	5.16	5.05 5.77				
Year Ended June 30, 2018 September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	31.77 27.06	(0.12) (0.06)	5.89 4.78	5./ / 4.72	(2.14) (0.01)			
Class R5	27.00	(0.00)	4./0	4./2	(0.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.90	(0.06)	7.78	7.72	(2.81)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.85	(0.04)	5.24	5.20	(2.15)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	32.09	(0.04)	5.96	5.90	(2.14)			
Year Ended June 30, 2017	26.74	(0.03)	5.39	5.36	(0.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2016	31.26	(0.03)	(3.03)	(3.06)	(1.46)			
Class R6	31.20	(0.03)	(5.05)	(3.00)	(1.40)			
Year Ended June 30, 2020	39.09	(0.04)	7.83	7.79	(2.81)			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	36.00	(0.02)	5.26	5.24	(2.15)			
Year Ended June 30, 2018	32.20	(0.04)	5.98	5.94	(2.14)			
Year Ended June 30, 2017	26.82	(0.02)	5.41	5.39	(0.01)			
Year Ended June 30, 2016	31.33	(0.02)	(3.03)	(3.05)	(1.46)			
	51.55	(5102)	(2.03)	(5.05)	(= 9)			

<sup>(</sup>a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)

Commencement of offering of class of shares.

			Matios/ Sup	spicificital data		
				Ratios to average net a	issets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$39.90 35.91	20.00% 15.10	\$ 39,404 44,453	1.49% 1.48	(0.87)% (0.81)	1.55% 1.55	63% 54
33.49	18.06	38,486	1.48	(0.87)	1.57	56
30.31	19.34	35,242	1.42	(0.74)	1.69	41
25.41	(10.42)	32,092	1.40	(0.71)	1.71	56
42.53	20.30	42,573	1.24	(0.61)	1.25	63
38.01	15.38	30,023	1.23	(0.56)	1.25	54
35.23	18.34	26,638	1.23	(0.54)	1.26	56
31.71	17.24	152	1.23	(0.54)	1.42	41
43.00	20.63	11,194	0.99	(0.37)	1.00	63
38.30	15.66	9,343	0.98	(0.31)	1.00	54
35.40	18.66	14,320	0.98	(0.33)	1.01	56
31.77	17.46	129	0.98	(0.23)	1.10	41
43.81	20.86	519,097	0.79	(0.17)	0.85	63
38.90	15.89	457,513	0.78	(0.11)	0.85	54
35.85	18.89	313,336	0.78	(0.16)	0.85	56
32.09	20.06	247,068	0.78	(0.10)	0.89	41
26.74	(9.87)	224,498	0.79	(0.13)	0.91	56
44.07	20.94	2,435,853	0.74	(0.11)	0.75	63
39.09	15.94	1,835,188	0.73	(0.05)	0.75	54
36.00	18.95	1,365,839	0.73	(0.11)	0.76	56
32.20	20.11	749,670	0.73	(0.06)	0.76	41
26.82	(9.82)	619,527	0.73	(0.06)	0.77	56

Per s	hare o	perating	perforr	nance
-------	--------	----------	---------	-------

				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
		In	vestment operatio	ons	Distributions			
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$36.35	\$0.23	\$ (5.11)	\$(4.88)	\$(0.25)	\$(1.55)	\$ (1.80)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	37.64	0.31	0.86	1.17	(0.30)	(2.16)	(2.46)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	36.33	0.10	2.05	2.15	(0.12)	(0.72)	(0.84)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	34.14	0.07	4.43	4.50	(0.07)	(2.24)	(2.31)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	35.73	0.10	0.32	0.42	(0.06)	(1.95)	(2.01)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	37.70	0.33	(5.30)	(4.97)	(0.35)	(1.55)	(1.90)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	38.97	0.39	0.91	1.30	(0.41)	(2.16)	(2.57)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	37.67	0.21	2.11	2.32	(0.30)	(0.72)	(1.02)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	35.78	0.26	4.15	4.41	(0.28)	(2.24)	(2.52)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.29	0.43	(5.40)	(4.97)	(0.43)	(1.55)	(1.98)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	39.56	0.50	0.90	1.40	(0.51)	(2.16)	(2.67)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.16	0.33	2.13	2.46	(0.34)	(0.72)	(1.06)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	36.18	0.38	4.15	4.53	(0.31)	(2.24)	(2.55)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.93	0.49	(5.48)	(4.99)	(0.49)	(1.55)	(2.04)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	40.15	0.58	0.90	1.48	(0.54)	(2.16)	(2.70)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.67	0.38	2.17	2.55	(0.35)	(0.72)	(1.07)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	36.60	0.36	4.28	4.64	(0.33)	(2.24)	(2.57)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	38.97	0.52	(5.47)	(4.95)	(0.53)	(1.55)	(2.08)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	40.19	0.58	0.94	1.52	(0.58)	(2.16)	(2.74)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	38.69	0.43	2.16	2.59	(0.37)	(0.72)	(1.09)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	36.60	0.32	4.34	4.66	(0.33)	(2.24)	(2.57)	

Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)

Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)

				itatios/sa	ppicificat aata		
					Ratios to average net a	issets (a)	
	Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
	\$ 29.67 36.35	(14.36)% 3.86	\$ 59,200 74,236	1.49% 1.49	0.69% 0.87	1.50% 1.50	18% 11
	37.64	5.93	82,108	1.49	0.26	1.51	13
	36.33	13.53	85,287	1.49	0.21	1.65	23
	34.14	1.61	66,167	1.50	0.29	1.75	20
	30.83	(14.13)	63,836	1.23	0.96	1.24	18
	37.70	4.12	73,299	1.24	1.04	1.25	11
	38.97	6.17	62,576	1.24	0.55	1.25	13
	37.67	12.70	19,262	1.24	0.87	1.35	23
	31.34	(13.93)	24,576	0.98	1.21	0.99	18
	38.29	4.38	27,681	0.98	1.32	0.99	11
	39.56	6.45	17,859	0.99	0.83	1.00	13
	38.16	12.89	3,537	0.99	1.26	1.10	23
	31.90	(13.79)	69,110	0.83	1.34	0.83	18
	38.93	4.52	95,243	0.83	1.50	0.84	11
	40.15	6.61	84,457	0.84	0.96	0.85	13
	38.67	13.06	30,334	0.84	1.18	1.02	23
	31.94	(13.70)	3,101,566	0.73	1.46	0.74	18
	38.97	4.63	3,272,999	0.73	1.52	0.74	11
	40.19	6.71	1,073,888	0.74	1.08	0.75	13
	38.69	13.13	281,269	0.74	1.05	0.75	23

Per share or	perating	performance
--------------	----------	-------------

		In	Investment operations			Distributions		
	NNet asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Small Cap Blend Fund								
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$23.82	\$0.16	\$(0.06)	\$ 0.10	\$(0.10)	\$(0.65)	\$(0.75)	
July 2, 2018 (f) through June 30, 2019	30.73	0.18	(0.85)	(0.67)	_	(6.24)	(6.24)	

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

			Katios/Su	ppiememai uata		
				Ratios to average net a	ssets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$23.17	0.22%	\$167,419	0.74%	0.69%	0.80%	48%
23.82	0.55	82,758	0.74	0.79	1.10	75

Per share operatir	ng performance
--------------------	----------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns	Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Core Fund							
Class R2			4.4	1	4.6.	44	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$50.01	\$ 0.05	\$(6.02)	\$ (5.97)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.97)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.32	0.04	(3.60)	(3.56)		(3.75)	(3.75)
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	53.24	(0.08)(f)	8.58	8.50	(0.04)	(4.38)	(4.42)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	50.18	0.16	(6.02)	(5.86)	(0.23)	(1.86)	(2.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.40	0.26	(3.71)	(3.45)	(0.02)	(3.75)	(3.77)
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	53.24	0.05(f)	8.58	8.63	(0.09)	(4.38)	(4.47)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	50.28	0.28	(6.03)	(5.75)	(0.30)	(1.86)	(2.16)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.48	0.23	(3.56)	(3.33)	(0.12)	(3.75)	(3.87)
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	53.24	0.18(f)	8.58	8.76	(0.14)	(4.38)	(4.52)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	50.42	0.36	(6.04)	(5.68)	(0.37)	(1.86)	(2.23)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.63	0.33	(3.58)	(3.25)	(0.21)	(3.75)	(3.96)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	52.64	0.26(f)	9.28	9.54	(0.17)	(4.38)	(4.55)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.90	0.20	11.83	12.03	(0.16)	(5.13)	(5.29)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	56.18	0.15(f)	(5.25)	(5.10)	(0.32)	(4.86)	(5.18)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	50.34	0.39	(6.02)	(5.63)	(0.40)	(1.86)	(2.26)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	57.55	0.39	(3.61)	(3.22)	(0.24)	(3.75)	(3.99)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	52.57	0.33(f)	9.23	9.56	(0.20)	(4.38)	(4.58)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.90	0.29	11.76	12.05	(0.25)	(5.13)	(5.38)
May 31, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2016	45.81	0.04(f)	0.05	0.09	_	-	-

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

			itatios/ suppi	cilicital data		
				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$42.07	(12.62)%	\$ 180	1.49%	0.11%	1.69%	102%
50.01	(5.73)	166	1.48	0.08	2.08	74
57.32	16.67	24	1.49	(0.15)(f)	1.72	39
42.23	(12.40)	3,692	1.24	0.36	1.30	102
50.18	(5.51)	3,768	1.23	0.53	1.59	74
57.40	16.94	24	1.24	0.10(f)	1.46	39
42.37	(12.17)	2,125	0.99	0.61	1.06	102
50.28	(5.26)	1,941	0.98	0.45	1.10	74
57.48	17.21	1,536	0.99	0.36(f)	1.11	39
42.51	(12.02)	148,185	0.80	0.78	0.90	102
50.42	(5.07)	215,630	0.79	0.63	0.93	74
57.63	18.88	223,933	0.79	0.48(f)	0.97	39
52.64	26.87	187,198	0.79	0.40	1.11	61
45.90	(8.97)	164,573	0.80	0.30(f)	1.16	58
42.45	(11.95)	176,598	0.74	0.84	0.80	102
50.34	(5.02)	206,625	0.73	0.75	0.83	74
57.55	18.95	66,306	0.74	0.59(f)	0.86	39
52.57	26.94	16,782	0.74	0.56	0.98	61
45.90	0.20	20	0.74	1.06(f)	0.88	58

Per share operating performar	nce	rmanc	fori	per	ting	pera	9 0	share	Per	
-------------------------------	-----	-------	------	-----	------	------	-----	-------	-----	--

				onare operating	D b a a			
		Investment operations				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Small Cap Equity Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$48.98	\$ 0.01	\$ (1.91)	\$ (1.90)	\$ -	\$(2.38)	\$(2.38)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	51.44	-(g)	0.93	0.93	_	(3.39)	(3.39)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	47.81	(0.03)	6.55	6.52	(0.02)	(2.87)	(2.89)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	41.08	-(g)	8.08	8.08	(0.10)	(1.25)	(1.35)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	44.04	0.01(f)	0.10	0.11	_	(3.07)	(3.07)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	49.73	0.13	(1.93)	(1.80)	(0.17)	(2.38)	(2.55)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.13	0.13	0.92	1.05	(0.06)	(3.39)	(3.45)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	48.54	0.12	6.63	6.75	(0.29)	(2.87)	(3.16)	
September 9, 2016 (i) through June 30, 2017	43.22	0.12	6.68	6.80	(0.23)	(1.25)	(1.48)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	58.26	0.29	(2.29)	(2.00)	(0.25)	(2.38)	(2.63)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	60.42	0.29	1.12	1.41	(0.18)	(3.39)	(3.57)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	55.64	0.33	7.59	7.92	(0.27)	(2.87)	(3.14)	
September 9, 2016 (i) through June 30, 2017	49.28	0.23	7.63	7.86	(0.25)	(1.25)	(1.50)	
Class R5			4	4	4	4		
Year Ended June 30, 2020	58.51	0.40	(2.30)	(1.90)	(0.35)	(2.38)	(2.73)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	60.69	0.41	1.11	1.52	(0.31)	(3.39)	(3.70)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	55.84	0.37	7.70	8.07	(0.35)	(2.87)	(3.22)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	47.57	0.36	9.42	9.78	(0.26)	(1.25)	(1.51)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	50.43	0.36(f)	0.15	0.51	(0.30)	(3.07)	(3.37)	
Class R6			( )	()	/\	()	(2)	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	58.50	0.44	(2.30)	(1.86)	(0.39)	(2.38)	(2.77)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	60.68	0.44	1.11	1.55	(0.34)	(3.39)	(3.73)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	55.83	0.41	7.69	8.10	(0.38)	(2.87)	(3.25)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	47.57	0.46	9.34	9.80	(0.29)	(1.25)	(1.54)	
May 31, 2016 (i) through June 30, 2016	47.04	0.06(f)	0.47	0.53	_	_	_	

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of (f) the classes.
- (g) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.
- (h) Amount rounds to less than 0.005%.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares. (i)

			rtatios/ suppi	cilicitai aata				
			Ratios to average net assets (a)					
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)		
\$44.70 48.98	(4.32)% 2.56	\$ 6,746 9,718	1.49% 1.48	0.02% 0.00(h)	1.52% 1.52	23% 23		
51.44	14.02	12,133	1.49	(0.06)	1.52	17		
47.81	19.85	13,078	1.53	0.00(h)	1.73	21		
41.08	0.85	5,313	1.54	0.03(f)	1.72	32		
45.38	(4.08)	2,948	1.24	0.28	1.24	23		
49.73	2.79	2,597	1.23	0.26	1.25	23		
52.13	14.33	2,542	1.23	0.24	1.30	17		
48.54	15.92	104	1.24	0.32	1.36	21		
53.63	(3.83)	449	0.98	0.53	1.01	23		
58.26	3.05	475	0.98	0.50	1.03	23		
60.42	14.61	624	0.98	0.57	1.07	17		
55.64	16.14	60	0.99	0.55	1.14	21		
53.88	(3.65)	984,863	0.80	0.71	0.84	23		
58.51	3.26	1,214,075	0.79	0.70	0.85	23		
60.69	14.83	1,255,251	0.79	0.64	0.85	17		
55.84	20.74	1,267,593	0.79	0.68	0.86	21		
47.57	1.62	1,349,107	0.79	0.78(f)	0.86	32		
53.87	(3.60)	1,625,610	0.74	0.78	0.74	23		
58.50	3.33	1,425,704	0.73	0.76	0.75	23		
60.68	14.89	1,450,525	0.73	0.71	0.75	17		
55.83	20.80	978,649	0.74	0.85	0.76	21		
47.57	1.13	25,933	0.73	1.60(f)	0.75	32		

Per share operating performa	nce
------------------------------	-----

	•	Investment operations				Distributions		
		·				Distributions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	·							
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 16.31	\$ (0.14)	\$ 2.75	\$ 2.61	\$ -	\$ (1.07)	\$ (1.07)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	17.84	(0.15)	0.63	0.48	_	(2.01)	(2.01)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	14.39	(0.17)(f)	4.95	4.78	_	(1.33)	(1.33)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	11.15	(0.13)	3.83	3.70	_	(0.46)	(0.46)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.20	(0.12)	(1.89)	(2.01)	_	(1.04)	(1.04)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	17.00	(0.11)	2.87	2.76	(0.03)	(1.07)	(1.10)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	18.45	(0.10)	0.66	0.56	_	(2.01)	(2.01)	
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	15.17	(0.13)(f)	4.74	4.61	_	(1.33)	(1.33)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	17.09	(0.06)	2.90	2.84	(0.03)	(1.07)	(1.10)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	18.50	(0.07)	0.67	0.60	_	(2.01)	(2.01)	
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	15.17	(0.09)(f)	4.75	4.66	_	(1.33)	(1.33)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	19.72	(0.04)	3.36	3.32	(0.02)	(1.07)	(1.09)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.96	(0.07)	0.84	0.77	_	(2.01)	(2.01)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	16.60	(0.07)(f)	5.76	5.69	_	(1.33)	(1.33)	
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	13.75	(0.04)	3.35	3.31	_	(0.46)	(0.46)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	19.95	(0.02)	3.40	3.38	(0.05)	(1.07)	(1.12)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	21.16	(0.03)	0.83	0.80	_	(2.01)	(2.01)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	16.73	(0.06)(f)	5.82	5.76	_	(1.33)	(1.33)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	12.80	(0.04)	4.43	4.39	-	(0.46)	(0.46)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.01	(0.03)	(2.14)	(2.17)	-	(1.04)	(1.04)	

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- (b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)
- (f) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$ 17.85	16.64%	\$ 24,496	1.49%	(0.88)%	1.52%	51%
16.31	4.79	26,011	1.49	(0.94)	1.52	58
17.84	34.83	31,569	1.49	(1.08)(f)	1.52	58
14.39	33.96	23,569	1.49	(1.00)	1.70	42
11.15	(14.34)	21,276	1.50	(1.01)	1.85	47
18.66	16.86	5,217	1.24	(0.63)	1.29	51
17.00	5.08	1,072	1.24	(0.63)	1.37	58
18.45	31.93	446	1.23	(0.80)(f)	1.28	58
18.83	17.25	2,821	0.99	(0.38)	1.04	51
17.09	5.30	1,336	0.99	(0.39)	1.01	58
18.50	32.28	726	0.99	(0.53)(f)	1.17	58
21.95	17.37	22,261	0.84	(0.23)	0.86	51
19.72	5.50	13,817	0.84	(0.34)	0.86	58
20.96	35.71	28,656	0.84	(0.37)(f)	0.88	58
16.60	24.72	1,186	0.82	(0.31)	0.84	42
22.21	17.49	2,140,824	0.74	(0.12)	0.76	51
19.95	5.60	1,518,382	0.74	(0.16)	0.76	58
21.16	35.86	1,045,098	0.74	(0.32)(f)	0.76	58
16.73	34.99	603,730	0.75	(0.25)	0.76	42
12.80	(13.69)	445,008	0.75	(0.25)	0.76	47

Per shar	re operating	performance
----------	--------------	-------------

	Investment operations					Distribution	ıs
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund							
Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 23.37	\$ 0.11	\$ (3.77)	\$(3.66)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (1.33)	\$ (1.46)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.13	0.15	(3.25)	(3.10)	(0.20)	(3.46)	(3.66)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	28.94	0.12(f)	2.98	3.10	(0.17)	(1.74)	(1.91)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	24.48	0.04(f)	4.53	4.57	(0.09)	(0.02)	(0.11)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	26.49	0.11	(0.94)	(0.83)	(0.09)	(1.09)	(1.18)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	23.61	0.16	(3.81)	(3.65)	(0.18)	(1.33)	(1.51)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.38	0.23	(3.29)	(3.06)	(0.25)	(3.46)	(3.71)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	29.14	0.20(f)	3.01	3.21	(0.23)	(1.74)	(1.97)
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	25.89	0.12(f)	3.31	3.43	(0.16)	(0.02)	(0.18)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	25.28	0.19	(4.06)	(3.87)	(0.20)	(1.33)	(1.53)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	32.21	0.30	(3.47)	(3.17)	(0.30)	(3.46)	(3.76)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.77	0.32(f)	3.14	3.46	(0.28)	(1.74)	(2.02)
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	27.30	0.18(f)	3.49	3.67	(0.18)	(0.02)	(0.20)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	25.34	0.26	(4.11)	(3.85)	(0.27)	(1.33)	(1.60)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	32.26	0.34	(3.47)	(3.13)	(0.33)	(3.46)	(3.79)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.80	0.35(f)	3.17	3.52	(0.32)	(1.74)	(2.06)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	25.97	0.23(f)	4.81	5.04	(0.19)	(0.02)	(0.21)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	28.01	0.26	(0.98)	(0.72)	(0.23)	(1.09)	(1.32)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	25.38	0.29	(4.13)	(3.84)	(0.29)	(1.33)	(1.62)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	32.30	0.38	(3.49)	(3.11)	(0.35)	(3.46)	(3.81)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.83	0.38(f)	3.18	3.56	(0.35)	(1.74)	(2.09)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	25.99	0.27(f)	4.82	5.09	(0.23)	(0.02)	(0.25)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	28.03	0.31	(1.00)	(0.69)	(0.26)	(1.09)	(1.35)

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)
- (b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for (d) financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- (f) Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of the classes.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares. (g)

			Rutios/ Suppl	cilicital data			
		Ratios to average net assets (a)					
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)	
\$18.25	(16.96)%	\$ 25,034	1.49%	0.51%	1.57%	42%	
23.37	(9.94)	36,276	1.49	0.60	1.58	60	
30.13	11.12	45,300	1.52	0.41(f)	1.63	39	
28.94	18.68	60,282	1.52	0.14(f)	1.75	41	
24.48	(2.78)	47,309	1.50	0.45	1.91	46	
18.45	(16.77)	10,384	1.24	0.76	1.29	42	
23.61	(9.72)	14,854	1.24	0.89	1.28	60	
30.38	11.42	12,948	1.25	0.67(f)	1.29	39	
29.14	13.24	13,390	1.27	0.53(f)	1.28	41	
19.88	(16.52)	464	0.99	0.92	1.16	42	
25.28	(9.51)	436	0.99	1.10	1.04	60	
32.21	11.65	102	1.01	1.03(f)	1.27	39	
30.77	13.44	39	1.06	0.75(f)	1.10	41	
19.89	(16.44)	30,637	0.85	1.11	0.87	42	
25.34	(9.35)	69,857	0.84	1.21	0.86	60	
32.26	11.85	131,506	0.84	1.11(f)	0.87	39	
30.80	19.43	130,338	0.88	0.77(f)	0.89	41	
25.97	(2.21)	96,674	0.90	1.04	0.93	46	
19.92	(16.37)	624,226	0.75	1.24	0.76	42	
25.38	(9.25)	933,252	0.74	1.36	0.76	60	
32.30	11.97	1,040,121	0.74	1.21(f)	0.76	39	
30.83	19.59	1,007,466	0.76	0.90(f)	0.76	41	
25.99	(2.07)	753,439	0.77	1.21	0.77	46	

	Investment operations					Distribution	15
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund (formerly, JPMorgan							
Intrepid Mid Cap Fund) Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 18.12	\$ 0.11	\$(0.70)	\$(0.59)	\$(0.09)	\$(2.03)	\$ (2.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	22.70	0.11	(0.31)	(0.20)	(0.12)	(4.26)	(4.38)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	22.08	0.13	2.32	2.45	(0.17)	(1.66)	(1.83)
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	19.97	0.11	2.09	2.20	(0.09)	-(f)	(0.09)
Class R4							

(0.76)

(0.29)

2.44

2.24

(0.76)

(0.30)

2.42

2.76

(0.29)

Per share operating performance

(0.61)

(0.13)

2.63

2.36

(0.55)

(0.09)

2.69

2.95

(0.09)

(0.13)

(0.15)

(0.22)

(0.11)

(0.18)

(0.20)

(0.24)

(0.12)

(0.18)

(2.03)

(4.26)

(1.66)

(2.03)

(4.26)

(1.66)

(1.72)

-(f)

-(f)

(2.16)

(4.41)

(1.88)

(0.11)

(2.21)

(4.46)

(1.90)

(0.12)

(1.90)

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- (b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- (d) Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

0.15

0.16

0.19

0.12

0.21

0.21

0.27

0.19

0.20

(e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

19.41

23.95

23.20

20.95

19.49

24.04

23.25

20.42

22.41

(f) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.

Class R4

Class R6

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ended June 30, 2017

September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017

November 2, 2015 (g) through June 30, 2016

Commencement of offering of class of shares. (g)

			Matios/Suppi	cilicital data		
				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$ 15.41	(4.58)%	\$ 12,615	1.14%	0.63%	1.20%	92%
18.12	0.76	15,456	1.14	0.55	1.29	82
22.70	11.22	13,823	1.14	0.59	1.27	62
22.08	11.07	8,854	1.15	0.64	1.34	70
16.64	(4.38)	562	0.89	0.82	0.98	92
19.41	1.06	1,202	0.89	0.76	1.04	82
23.95	11.46	1,157	0.89	0.80	1.11	62
23.20	11.30	22	0.90	0.67	1.11	70
16.73	(4.08)	76,126	0.64	1.16	0.70	92
19.49	1.28	77,321	0.64	0.98	0.80	82
24.04	11.73	127,571	0.64	1.11	0.77	62
23.25	14.52	183,859	0.65	0.86	0.77	70
20.42	0.12	304,934	0.65	1.53	0.78	78

Per share operating performa	nce
------------------------------	-----

	. c. sian e operating personnance							
		Investment operations			Distributions			
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$15.70	\$0.07	\$ 1.80	\$ 1.87	\$(0.07)	\$(1.46)	\$ (1.53)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.34	0.08	1.16	1.24	(0.09)	(1.79)	(1.88)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.68	0.07	1.92	1.99	(0.07)	(1.26)	(1.33)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	13.66	0.07	2.55	2.62	(0.07)	(0.53)	(0.60)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.66	0.08	(0.31)	(0.23)	(0.07)	(0.70)	(0.77)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.80	0.11	1.81	1.92	(0.11)	(1.46)	(1.57)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.43	0.12	1.16	1.28	(0.12)	(1.79)	(1.91)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.76	0.11	1.93	2.04	(0.11)	(1.26)	(1.37)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	14.11	0.08	2.24	2.32	(0.14)	(0.53)	(0.67)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.89	0.15	1.82	1.97	(0.15)	(1.46)	(1.61)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.50	0.17	1.16	1.33	(0.15)	(1.79)	(1.94)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.82	0.16	1.93	2.09	(0.15)	(1.26)	(1.41)	
September 9, 2016 (f) through June 30, 2017	14.15	0.13	2.22	2.35	(0.15)	(0.53)	(0.68)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.94	0.17	1.83	2.00	(0.17)	(1.46)	(1.63)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.54	0.19	1.17	1.36	(0.17)	(1.79)	(1.96)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.85	0.18	1.95	2.13	(0.18)	(1.26)	(1.44)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	13.81	0.17	2.57	2.74	(0.17)	(0.53)	(0.70)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.80	0.18	(0.31)	(0.13)	(0.16)	(0.70)	(0.86)	
Class R6					()	( )	(=)	
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.97	0.19	1.83	2.02	(0.19)	(1.46)	(1.65)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	16.56	0.20	1.19	1.39	(0.19)	(1.79)	(1.98)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	15.87	0.19	1.95	2.14	(0.19)	(1.26)	(1.45)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	13.82	0.18	2.58	2.76	(0.18)	(0.53)	(0.71)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	14.82	0.18	(0.31)	(0.13)	(0.17)	(0.70)	(0.87)	

Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>(</sup>b) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

<sup>(</sup>c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for (d) financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

<sup>(</sup>e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

Commencement of offering of class of shares. (f)

			ratios/ sup	premental data		
				Ratios to average net a	ssets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$16.04 15.70	12.29% 8.89	\$ 216,689 244,356	1.19% 1.19	0.44% 0.52	1.23% 1.24	84% 91
16.34	12.88	265,675	1.19	0.42	1.25	97
15.68	19.58	260,589	1.20	0.48	1.40	86
13.66	(1.47)	205,224	1.19	0.60	1.48	83
16.15	12.57	117,991	0.94	0.70	0.98	84
15.80	9.14	111,902	0.94	0.79	0.99	91
16.43	13.18	61,413	0.95	0.69	1.00	97
15.76	16.83	25,050	1.00	0.67	1.03	86
16.25	12.84	21,651	0.69	0.95	0.73	84
15.89	9.44	22,870	0.69	1.08	0.75	91
16.50	13.48	10,531	0.70	0.94	0.75	97
15.82	16.99	1,030	0.75	1.03	0.81	86
16.31	13.04	817,671	0.54	1.09	0.58	84
15.94	9.60	842,888	0.54	1.17	0.59	91
16.54	13.66	938,744	0.54	1.08	0.60	97
15.85	20.24	890,105	0.56	1.12	0.62	86
13.81	(0.77)	910,033	0.56	1.27	0.63	83
16.34	13.13	9,272,379	0.44	1.20	0.48	84
15.97	9.74	8,559,285	0.44	1.27	0.49	91
16.56	13.75	8,937,049	0.46	1.17	0.50	97
15.87 13.82	20.37 (0.78)	6,751,473 4,755,359	0.50 0.50	1.19 1.33	0.50 0.50	86 83
13.62	(0./6)	4,/33,339	0.50	1.33	0.30	00

Per share operating (	performance
-----------------------	-------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	15
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Plus Fund Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$26.62	\$(0.04)	\$ 2.55	\$ 2.51	\$ -	\$(5.59)	\$ (5.59)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	29.31	(0.04)	1.47	1.43	* —	(4.12)	(4.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	29.74	(0.09)	3.78	3.69	_	(4.12)	(4.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	25.61	(0.07)	5.44	5.37	_	(1.24)	(1.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	29.40	(0.03)	(1.34)	(1.37)	_	(2.42)	(2.42)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	28.08	0.11	2.71	2.82	(0.11)	(5.59)	(5.70)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.65	0.14	1.55	1.69	(0.14)	(4.12)	(4.26)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	30.81	0.11	3.93	4.04	(80.0)	(4.12)	(4.20)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	26.44	0.13	5.62	5.75	(0.14)	(1.24)	(1.38)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	30.21	0.18	(1.40)	(1.22)	(0.13)	(2.42)	(2.55)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	28.07	0.14	2.70	2.84	(0.14)	(5.59)	(5.73)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	30.63	0.17	1.56	1.73	(0.17)	(4.12)	(4.29)
November 1, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	32.99	0.09	1.79	1.88	(0.12)	(4.12)	(4.24)

- (a) Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted.
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)
- (c) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for (d) financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- (e) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- The net expenses and expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits (excluding dividend and interest expense for securities sold short) for Class R2 are 1.45% and 1.52% for the year ended June 30, 2020, 1.45% and 1.63% for the year ended June 30, 2019, 1.47% and 1.67% for the year ended June 30, 2018, 1.50% and 1.76% for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 1.51% and 1.84% for the year ended June 30, 2016; for Class R5 are 0.80% and 0.85% for the year ended June 30, 2020, 0.80% and 0.94% for the year ended June 30, 2019, 0.79% and 1.00% for the year ended June 30, 2018, 0.80% and 0.96% for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 0.80% and 0.97% for the year ended June 30, 2016; for Class R6 are 0.70% and 0.75% for the year ended June 30, 2020, 0.70% and 0.85% for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 0.70% and 0.90% for the period ended June 30, 2018, respectively.
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

 				rtatios, supp.			
			Rati	os to average ne	et assets (a)		
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (including dividend and interest expense for securities sold short) (e)(f)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits (including dividend and interest expense for securities sold short) (f)	Portfolio turnover rate (excluding securities sold short) (c)	Portfolio turnover rate (including securities sold short) (c)
\$23.54	11.32%	\$ 4,560	2.27%	(0.13)%	2.34%	85%	134%
26.62	6.45	5,304	2.27	(0.14)	2.45	98	148
29.31	12.81	6,528	2.31	(0.30)	2.52	110	161
29.74	21.33	6,207	2.45	(0.24)	2.71	94	131
25.61	(4.74)	5,987	2.46	(0.11)	2.79	88	127
25.20	11.99	38,447	1.62	0.46	1.67	85	134
28.08	7.14	99,113	1.62	0.51	1.76	98	148
30.65	13.57	126,084	1.65	0.37	1.85	110	161
30.81	22.18	168,526	1.76	0.47	1.92	94	131
26.44	(4.07)	591,379	1.75	0.73	1.92	88	127
25.18	12.10	491,414	1.52	0.58	1.57	85	134
28.07	7.30	787,497	1.52	0.59	1.67	98	148
30.63	6.10	1,795,125	1.54	0.44	1.74	110	161

Per share	operating	performance
-----------	-----------	-------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distrib	outions		
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Return of capital	Total distributions	
JPMorgan U.S. Research Enhanced Equity									
Fund									
Class R6									
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$27.62	\$0.48	\$ 1.81	\$ 2.29	\$(0.40)	\$(2.70)	\$ -	\$ (3.10)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	28.57	0.44	1.98	2.42	(0.44)	(2.93)	_	(3.37)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	25.59	0.41	2.97	3.38	(0.40)	_	_	(0.40)	
Year Ended June 30, 2017	21.90	0.38	3.75	4.13	(0.42)	_	(0.02)	(0.44)	
Year Ended June 30, 2016	24.16	0.37	(1.33)	(0.96)	(0.33)	(0.97)	_	(1.30)	

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (a)

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (C)

			rtatios, sa	ppicinicitai aata		
				Ratios to average net	assets	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$26.81	9.47%	\$3,585,672	0.25%	1.79%	0.34%	59%
27.62	9.78	4,953,109	0.25	1.60	0.34	42
28.57	13.28	5,712,617	0.25	1.50	0.34	45
25.59	19.00	5,863,138	0.28	1.60	0.34	40
21.90	(3.83)	6,638,591	0.34	1.69	0.35	122

Per share operating performa	nce
------------------------------	-----

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	ıs
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan U.S. Small Company Fund							
Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$15.58	\$ (0.01)	\$(1.08)	\$(1.09)	\$ -	\$(0.01)	\$ (0.01)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.22	(0.01)	(1.77)	(1.78)	_	(1.86)	(1.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	17.81	(0.05)(g)	2.65	2.60	_	(1.19)	(1.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	14.88	(0.04)(g)	2.97	2.93	_	-(f)	-(f)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	16.77	(0.01)	(1.19)	(1.20)	(0.02)	(0.67)	(0.69)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	15.87	0.03	(1.10)	(1.07)	(0.05)	(0.01)	(0.06)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.50	0.04	(1.81)	(1.77)	-(f)	(1.86)	(1.86)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.03	0.01(g)	2.68	2.69	(0.03)	(1.19)	(1.22)
September 9, 2016 (h) through June 30, 2017	16.02	0.04(g)	2.04	2.08	(0.07)	-(f)	(0.07)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	16.32	0.07	(1.12)	(1.05)	(0.10)	(0.01)	(0.11)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	19.98	0.08	(1.85)	(1.77)	(0.03)	(1.86)	(1.89)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.44	0.05(g)	2.75	2.80	(0.07)	(1.19)	(1.26)
September 9, 2016 (h) through June 30, 2017	16.36	0.13(g)	2.04	2.17	(0.09)	-(f)	(0.09)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	16.34	0.09	(1.11)	(1.02)	(0.11)	(0.01)	(0.12)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.01	0.11	(1.86)	(1.75)	(0.06)	(1.86)	(1.92)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.45	0.08(g)	2.74	2.82	(0.07)	(1.19)	(1.26)
September 9, 2016 (h) through June 30, 2017	16.35	0.07(g)	2.13	2.20	(0.10)	-(f)	(0.10)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	16.40	0.11	(1.12)	(1.01)	(0.13)	(0.01)	(0.14)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	20.07	0.12	(1.86)	(1.74)	(0.07)	(1.86)	(1.93)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	18.48	0.10(g)	2.76	2.86	(80.0)	(1.19)	(1.27)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	15.40	0.10(g)	3.08	3.18	(0.10)	-(f)	(0.10)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	17.29	0.11	(1.23)	(1.12)	(0.10)	(0.67)	(0.77)

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)
- Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)
- (f) Amount rounds to less than \$0.005.
- Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of (g)
- (h) Commencement of offering of class of shares.

Net asset value, end of period (c)(d)   Net assets, end of period (c)(d)   Net assets, end of period (c)(d)   Net expenses (e)   Net investment income earnings credits				ratios/ su	ppiememai uata		
value, end of period         note of companies         investment income income reimbursements and earnings credits           \$14.48         (701)%         \$ 30,330         1.48%         (0.09)%         1.49%           \$15.58         (8.95)         44,064         1.47         (0.07)         1.49           19.22         15.13         4.9715         1.48         (0.25)(g)         1.48           17.81         1.970         51.511         1.50         (0.24)(g)         1.69           14.88         (7.09)         34,326         1.51         (0.05)         1.75           14.74         (6.78)         22,953         1.21         0.20         1.21           15.87         (8.75)         23,887         1.21         0.23         1.21           19.50         15.49         17.655         1.21         0.04(g)         1.21           18.03         13.01         9,560         1.23         0.25(g)         1.24           15.16         (6.55)         8,042         0.97         0.45         0.98           16.32         (8.52)         6,313         0.97         0.45         0.98           19.98         15.73         5,773         1.01         0.28(g) <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Ratios to average net a</th><th>ssets (a)</th><th></th></td<>					Ratios to average net a	ssets (a)	
1558       (8.95)       44,064       1.47       (0.07)       1.49         1922       15.13       49,715       1.48       (0.25)(g)       1.48         1781       19.70       51,511       1.50       (0.24)(g)       1.69         14.88       (7.09)       34,326       1.51       (0.05)       1.75         14.74       (6.78)       22,953       1.21       0.20       1.21         15.87       (8.75)       23,887       1.21       0.23       1.21         1950       15.49       17,655       1.21       0.04(g)       1.21         18.03       13.01       9,560       1.23       0.25(g)       1.24         15.16       (6.55)       8,042       0.97       0.45       0.98         16.32       (8.52)       6,313       0.97       0.45       0.98         19.98       15.73       5,773       1.01       0.28(g)       1.04         18.44       13.24       794       1.00       0.89(g)       1.07         15.20       (6.36)       6,496       0.81       0.56       0.81         16.34       (8.39)       11,770       0.81       0.64       0.81	value, end of	Total return (c)(d)	end of period		investment income	without waivers, reimbursements and	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
1558       (8.95)       44,064       1.47       (0.07)       1.49         1922       15.13       49,715       1.48       (0.25)(g)       1.48         1781       19.70       51,511       1.50       (0.24)(g)       1.69         14.88       (7.09)       34,326       1.51       (0.05)       1.75         14.74       (6.78)       22,953       1.21       0.20       1.21         15.87       (8.75)       23,887       1.21       0.23       1.21         1950       15.49       17,655       1.21       0.04(g)       1.21         18.03       13.01       9,560       1.23       0.25(g)       1.24         15.16       (6.55)       8,042       0.97       0.45       0.98         16.32       (8.52)       6,313       0.97       0.45       0.98         19.98       15.73       5,773       1.01       0.28(g)       1.04         18.44       13.24       794       1.00       0.89(g)       1.07         15.20       (6.36)       6,496       0.81       0.56       0.81         16.34       (8.39)       11,770       0.81       0.64       0.81							
14.74       (6.78)       22.953       1.21       0.20       1.21         15.87       (8.75)       23,887       1.21       0.23       1.21         19.50       15.49       17,655       1.21       0.04(g)       1.21         18.03       13.01       9,560       1.23       0.25(g)       1.24         15.16       (6.55)       8,042       0.97       0.45       0.98         16.32       (8.52)       6,313       0.97       0.45       0.98         19.98       15.73       5,773       1.01       0.28(g)       1.04         18.44       13.24       794       1.00       0.89(g)       1.07         15.20       (6.36)       6,496       0.81       0.56       0.81         16.34       (8.39)       11,770       0.81       0.64       0.81         20.01       15.83       6,491       0.85       0.43(g)       0.86         18.45       13.44       145       0.83       0.51(g)       0.90         15.25       (6.27)       255,716       0.71       0.68       0.71         16.40       (8.30)       435,139       0.71       0.70       0.72         <	15.58 19.22 17.81	(8.95) 15.13 19.70	44,064 49,715 51,511	1.47 1.48 1.50	(0.07) (0.25)(g) (0.24)(g)	1.49 1.48 1.69	52% 64 52 53 49
16.32       (8.52)       6,313       0.97       0.45       0.98         19.98       15.73       5,773       1.01       0.28(g)       1.04         18.44       13.24       794       1.00       0.89(g)       1.07         15.20       (6.36)       6,496       0.81       0.56       0.81         16.34       (8.39)       11,770       0.81       0.64       0.81         20.01       15.83       6,491       0.85       0.43(g)       0.86         18.45       13.44       145       0.83       0.51(g)       0.90         15.25       (6.27)       255,716       0.71       0.68       0.71         16.40       (8.30)       435,139       0.71       0.70       0.72         20.07       16.05       455,851       0.71       0.53(g)       0.72         18.48       20.64       296,577       0.72       0.55(g)       0.72	15.87 19.50	(8.75) 15.49	23,887 17,655	1.21 1.21	0.23 0.04(g)	1.21 1.21	52 64 52 53
16.34     (8.39)     11,770     0.81     0.64     0.81       20.01     15.83     6,491     0.85     0.43(g)     0.86       18.45     13.44     145     0.83     0.51(g)     0.90       15.25     (6.27)     255,716     0.71     0.68     0.71       16.40     (8.30)     435,139     0.71     0.70     0.72       20.07     16.05     455,851     0.71     0.53(g)     0.72       18.48     20.64     296,577     0.72     0.55(g)     0.72	16.32 19.98	(8.52) 15.73	6,313 5,773	0.97 1.01	0.45 0.28(g)	0.98 1.04	52 64 52 53
16.40     (8.30)     435,139     0.71     0.70     0.72       20.07     16.05     455,851     0.71     0.53(g)     0.72       18.48     20.64     296,577     0.72     0.55(g)     0.72	16.34 20.01	(8.39) 15.83	11,770 6,491	0.81 0.85	0.64 0.43(g)	0.81 0.86	52 64 52 53
15.40 (6.39) 139,835 0.73 0.71 0.74	16.40 20.07	(8.30) 16.05	435,139 455,851	0.71 0.71	0.70 0.53(g)	0.72 0.72	52 64 52 53 49

Per sha	are oper	ating pe	erformance
---------	----------	----------	------------

		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	ıs
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (a)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan U.S. Sustainable Leaders Fund (formerly, JPMorgan Intrepid Sustainable Equity Fund) Class I							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 42.15	\$ 0.57	\$ 3.56	\$ 4.13	\$ (0.52)	\$(2.65)	\$ (3.17)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	41.56	0.60	3.23	3.83	(0.51)	(2.73)	(3.24)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	39.59	0.66	4.10	4.76	(0.57)	(2.22)	(2.79)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	33.40	0.38	6.25	6.63	(0.44)	_	(0.44)
Year Ended June 30, 2016	34.22	0.68(d)	(0.86)(d)	(0.18)	(0.64)	_	(0.64)

<sup>(</sup>a) Calculated based upon average shares outstanding.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

<sup>(</sup>C) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.

The amount reflects an out of period adjustment related to a corporate action involving two of the Fund's holdings. Had the Fund not recorded the out of period adjustment, the net investment income (loss) per share would have been \$0.38 for Class I Shares, the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investment per share would have been \$(0.56) for Class I Shares and the net investment income (loss) ratio would have been 1.14% for Class I Shares.

			καιίος/ συρ	Jielilelitai uata		
	-					
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (b)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate
\$43.11	9.86%	\$26,787	0.57%	1.37%	1.25%	99%
42.15	10.18	16,908	0.58	1.46	1.45	97
41.56	12.16	9,172	0.64	1.59	1.63	38
39.59	19.95	5,038	0.83	1.04	2.03	53
33.40	(0.48)	4,148	0.90	2.05(d)	1.65	31

Per share operating performa	nce
------------------------------	-----

		In	vestment operatio	ons	-	Distribution	ıs
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
JPMorgan U.S. Value Fund (formerly, JPMorgan Growth and Income Fund) Class R2							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$50.01	\$0.69	\$ (3.19)	\$(2.50)	\$ (0.72)	\$ (1.07)	\$ (1.79)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	49.98	0.63	2.31	2.94	(0.77)	(2.14)	(2.91)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	47.06	0.53	4.99	5.52	(0.52)	(2.08)	(2.60)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	42.94	0.46	6.33	6.79	(0.46)	(2.21)	(2.67)
November 2, 2015 (f) through June 30, 2016	45.92	0.40	(0.70)	(0.30)	(0.20)	(2.48)	(2.68)
Class R3							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	52.66	0.75	(3.29)	(2.54)	(0.80)	(1.07)	(1.87)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.41	0.89	2.33	3.22	(0.83)	(2.14)	(2.97)
July 31, 2017 (f) through June 30, 2018	49.99	0.68	4.46	5.14	(0.64)	(2.08)	(2.72)
Class R4							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	52.69	1.04	(3.46)	(2.42)	(0.89)	(1.07)	(1.96)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.41	1.02	2.34	3.36	(0.94)	(2.14)	(3.08)
July 31, 2017 (f) through June 30, 2018	49.99	0.79	4.46	5.25	(0.75)	(2.08)	(2.83)
Class R5							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	53.06	1.04	(3.39)	(2.35)	(0.95)	(1.07)	(2.02)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.74	1.09	2.38	3.47	(1.01)	(2.14)	(3.15)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	49.50	0.91	5.23	6.14	(0.82)	(2.08)	(2.90)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.01	0.83	6.65	7.48	(0.78)	(2.21)	(2.99)
November 2, 2015 (f) through June 30, 2016	47.95	0.62	(0.73)	(0.11)	(0.35)	(2.48)	(2.83)
Class R6							
Year Ended June 30, 2020	53.08	1.11	(3.42)	(2.31)	(1.00)	(1.07)	(2.07)
Year Ended June 30, 2019	52.75	1.16	2.36	3.52	(1.05)	(2.14)	(3.19)
Year Ended June 30, 2018	49.50	1.04	5.16	6.20	(0.87)	(2.08)	(2.95)
Year Ended June 30, 2017	45.01	0.81	6.69	7.50	(0.80)	(2.21)	(3.01)
November 2, 2015 (f) through June 30, 2016	47.95	0.63	(0.72)	(0.09)	(0.37)	(2.48)	(2.85)

Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)

Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)

Not annualized for periods less than one year.

Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-

Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted. (e)

<sup>(</sup>f) Commencement of offering of class of shares.

	<del></del>					
				Ratios to average net a	ssets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$45.72	(5.34)%	\$ 1,126	1.19%	1.46%	1.98%	22%
50.01	6.41	108	1.18	1.30	2.77	26
49.98	11.76	41	1.21	1.06	1.49	32
47.06	16.04	23	1.28	1.01	2.06	28
42.94	(0.40)	20	1.28	1.44	3.72	39
48.25	(5.10)	398	0.94	1.50	1.03	22
52.66	6.66	24	0.93	1.73	1.84	26
52.41	10.33	22	0.94	1.42	1.12	32
48.31	(4.88)	1,159	0.69	2.15	0.77	22
52.69	6.94	24	0.68	1.98	1.60	26
52.41	10.56	22	0.71	1.64	0.87	32
48.69	(4.72)	83	0.54	2.02	5.20	22
53.06	7.10	74	0.53	2.10	1.01	26
52.74	12.48	43	0.55	1.72	0.80	32
49.50	16.88	37	0.59	1.72	1.23	28
45.01	0.05	20	0.59	2.14	3.02	39
48.70	(4.64)	64,968	0.44	2.14	0.53	22
53.08	7.21	41,144	0.43	2.22	0.53	26
52.75	12.59	33,774	0.44	1.95	0.52	32
49.50	16.94	2,129	0.53	1.66	0.55	28
45.01	0.08	20	0.53	2.19	2.96	39

Per share	operating	performance
-----------	-----------	-------------

	•							
		In	vestment operatio	ns		Distribution	1S	
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Net investment income (loss) (b)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions	
JPMorgan Value Advantage Fund								
Class R2								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ 35.24	\$0.40	\$ (5.01)	\$ (4.61)	\$(0.39)	\$(0.93)	\$ (1.32)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.22	0.48	1.65	2.13	(0.42)	(1.69)	(2.11)	
July 31, 2017 (g) through June 30, 2018	34.04	0.25(f)	1.64	1.89	(0.36)	(0.35)	(0.71)	
Class R3								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.08	0.48	(4.98)	(4.50)	(0.44)	(0.93)	(1.37)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.11	0.49	1.71	2.20	(0.54)	(1.69)	(2.23)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.24	0.35(f)	2.26	2.61	(0.39)	(0.35)	(0.74)	
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	29.33	0.29	4.06	4.35	(0.44)	_	(0.44)	
Class R4								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.52	0.57	(5.04)	(4.47)	(0.56)	(0.93)	(1.49)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.47	0.62	1.69	2.31	(0.57)	(1.69)	(2.26)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.55	0.51(f)	2.20	2.71	(0.44)	(0.35)	(0.79)	
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	29.56	0.27	4.18	4.45	(0.46)	_	(0.46)	
Class R5								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.62	0.63	(5.05)	(4.42)	(0.60)	(0.93)	(1.53)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.57	0.65	1.71	2.36	(0.62)	(1.69)	(2.31)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.59	0.50(f)	2.28	2.78	(0.45)	(0.35)	(0.80)	
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	29.57	0.30	4.20	4.50	(0.48)	_	(0.48)	
Class R6								
Year Ended June 30, 2020	35.67	0.66	(5.06)	(4.40)	(0.63)	(0.93)	(1.56)	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	35.60	0.71	1.70	2.41	(0.65)	(1.69)	(2.34)	
Year Ended June 30, 2018	33.61	0.54(f)	2.26	2.80	(0.46)	(0.35)	(0.81)	
September 9, 2016 (g) through June 30, 2017	29.57	0.36	4.17	4.53	(0.49)	_	(0.49)	

- Annualized for periods less than one year, unless otherwise noted. (a)
- Calculated based upon average shares outstanding. (b)
- Not annualized for periods less than one year. (c)
- Includes adjustments in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as such, the net asset values for financial reporting purposes and the returns based upon those net asset values may differ from the net asset values and returns for shareholder transac-
- Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.005% unless otherwise noted.
- Net investment income (loss) may appear disproportionate among the classes due to the timing of recognition of income and changes in the relative size of
- Commencement of offering of class of shares.

			ιτατίου/ υαρρί	cilicitai data		
				Ratios to average net a	assets (a)	
Net asset value, end of period	Total return (c)(d)	Net assets, end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits	Portfolio turnover rate (c)
\$29.31	(13.82)%	\$ 182	1.39%	1.27%	1.55%	29%
35.24	6.72	69	1.39	1.40	2.14	15
35.22	5.54	38	1.41	0.78(f)	1.61	23
29.21	(13.60)	1,519	1.14	1.43	1.18	29
35.08	7.00	2,241	1.14	1.44	1.26	15
35.11	7.82	1,132	1.15	1.01(f)	1.28	23
33.24	14.87	385	1.24	1.09	1.36	24
29.56	(13.40)	32,555	0.88	1.74	0.90	29
35.52	7.27	20,538	0.89	1.79	0.99	15
35.47	8.07	17,231	0.89	1.43(f)	1.00	23
33.55	15.10	34	1.00	1.05	1.08	24
29.67	(13.25)	5,529	0.74	1.85	0.75	29
35.62	7.41	8,018	0.74	1.85	0.84	15
35.57	8.25	6,114	0.76	1.41(f)	0.88	23
33.59	15.27	422	0.83	1.14	0.89	24
29.71	(13.18)	3,949,596	0.64	1.96	0.65	29
35.67	7.57	4,025,348	0.64	2.02	0.74	15
35.60	8.31	3,869,991	0.67	1.52(f)	0.75	23
33.61	15.35	3,069,390	0.74	1.39	0.75	24

### Additional Fee and Expense Information

### ADDITIONAL FEE AND EXPENSE INFORMATION FOR THE JPMT II FUNDS AND FORMER ONE GROUP MUTUAL FUNDS

In connection with the 2004 final settlement between Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation (BOIA), subsequently known as JPMorgan Investment Advisors Inc. (JPMIA\*), with the New York Attorney General arising out of market timing of certain mutual funds advised by BOIA, BOIA agreed, among other things, to disclose hypothetical information regarding investment and expense information to Fund shareholders. The hypothetical examples are provided for JPMT II Funds or those Funds that have acquired the assets and liabilities of a JPMT II Fund or a series of One Group Mutual Funds

The "Gross Expense Ratio" includes the contractual expenses that make up the investment advisory, administration and service fees, Rule 12b-1 distribution fees, fees paid to vendors not affiliated with JPMIM that provide services to the Funds and other fees and expenses of the Funds. The "Net Expense Ratio" is Gross Expenses less any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates, as applicable.

The table below shows the ratios for Class R2, Class R3, Class R4, Class R5 and Class R6 Shares of the affected Funds offered in this prospectus.

	Class	Net Expense Ratio	Gross Expense Ratio
JPMorgan Diversified Fund	R6	0.58%	0.68%
JPMorgan Equity Income Fund	R2	1.23%	1.24%
	R3	0.97%	0.98%
	R4	0.72%	0.73%
	R5	0.57%	0.58%
	R6	0.47%	0.48%
IPMorgan Equity Index Fund	R6	0.045%	0.129%
PMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund	R2	1.19%	1.28%
	R3	0.94%	1.03%
	R4	0.69%	0.78%
	R5	0.54%	0.63%
	R6	0.44%	0.53%
PMorgan Large Cap Value Fund	R2	1.19%	1.28%
	R3	0.94%	2.24%
	R4	0.69%	0.76%
	R5	0.54%	0.62%
	R6	0.44%	0.51%
PMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund	R2	1.00%	1.29%
	R6	0.25%	0.36%
PMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund	R2	1.49%	1.55%
	R3	1.25%	1.25%
	R4	0.99%	1.00%
	R5	0.79%	0.85%
	R6	0.74%	0.75%
PMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund	R2	1.50%	1.50%
	R3	1.24%	1.24%
	R4	0.99%	0.99%
	R5	0.83%	0.83%
	R6	0.73%	0.74%
PMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund	R2	1.50%	1.53%
	R3	1.25%	1.30%
	R4	1.00%	1.05%
	R5	0.85%	0.87%
	R6	0.75%	0.77%

	Class	Net Expense Ratio	Gross Expense Ratio
JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund	R2	1.49%	1.57%
	R3	1.24%	1.29%
	R4	0.99%	1.16%
	R5	0.87%	0.87%
	R6	0.76%	0.76%
JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund	R3	1.14%	1.19%
	R4	0.89%	0.96%
	R6	0.64%	0.69%
JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund	R2	1.19%	1.23%
	R3	0.94%	0.98%
	R4	0.69%	0.73%
	R5	0.54%	0.58%
	R6	0.44%	0.48%

Effective January 1, 2010, the investment advisory business of JPMorgan Investment Advisors Inc. (JPMIA), which was the adviser for certain of the J.P. Morgan Funds, was transferred to JPMIM and JPMIM became the investment adviser for certain J.P. Morgan Funds that were previously advised by JPMIA.

A Fund's annual return is reduced by its fees and expenses for that year. The examples below are intended to help you understand the annual and cumulative impact of the Fund's fees and expenses on your investment through a hypothetical investment of \$10,000 held for the next 10 years. The examples assume the following:

- On 11/1/20, you invest \$10,000 in the Fund and you will hold the shares for the entire 10 year period;
- Your investment has a 5% return each year;
- The Fund's operating expenses remain at the levels discussed below and are not affected by increases or decreases in Fund assets over time:
- At the time of purchase, any applicable initial sales charges (loads) are deducted; and
- There is no sales charge (load) on reinvested dividends.
- The annual costs are calculated using the Net Expense Ratios for the period through the expiration of any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates; and the Gross Expense Ratios thereafter.

"Gross Cumulative Return" shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each 12 month period (year) ended October 31 would be if Fund expenses are not deducted. "Net Cumulative Return" shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each year would be assuming Fund expenses are deducted each year in the amount shown under "Annual Costs." "Net Annual Return" shows what effect the "Annual Costs" will have on the assumed 5% annual return for each year.

Your actual costs may be higher or lower than those shown.

JPMorgan Diversified Fund

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 59	5.00%	4.42%	4.42%
October 31, 2022	73	10.25	8.93	4.32
October 31, 2023	76	15.76	13.64	4.32
October 31, 2024	79	21.55	18.55	4.32
October 31, 2025	82	27.63	23.67	4.32
October 31, 2026	86	34.01	29.01	4.32
October 31, 2027	90	40.71	34.58	4.32
October 31, 2028	93	47.75	40.40	4.32
October 31, 2029	98	55.13	46.46	4.32
October 31, 2030	102	62.89	52.79	4.32

JPMorgan Equity Income Fund

		Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	
October 31, 2021	\$125	5.00%	3.77%	3.77%	
October 31, 2022	131	10.25	7.67	3.76	
October 31, 2023	136	15.76	11.72	3.76	
October 31, 2024	141	21.55	15.92	3.76	
October 31, 2025	146	27.63	20.28	3.76	
October 31, 2026	152	34.01	24.80	3.76	
October 31, 2027	158	40.71	29.49	3.76	
October 31, 2028	164	47.75	34.36	3.76	
October 31, 2029	170	55.13	39.42	3.76	
October 31, 2030	176	62.89	44.66	3.76	

	Class R3				
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return	
October 31, 2021	\$ 99	5.00%	4.03%	4.03%	
October 31, 2022	104	10.25	8.21	4.02	
October 31, 2023	108	15.76	12.56	4.02	
October 31, 2024	113	21.55	17.09	4.02	
October 31, 2025	117	27.63	21.79	4.02	
October 31, 2026	122	34.01	26.69	4.02	
October 31, 2027	127	40.71	31.78	4.02	
October 31, 2028	132	47.75	37.08	4.02	
October 31, 2029	137	55.13	42.59	4.02	
October 31, 2030	143	62.89	48.32	4.02	

	Class R4			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 74	5.00%	4.28%	4.28%
October 31, 2022	78	10.25	8.73	4.27
October 31, 2023	81	15.76	13.38	4.27
October 31, 2024	85	21.55	18.22	4.27
October 31, 2025	88	27.63	23.26	4.27
October 31, 2026	92	34.01	28.53	4.27
October 31, 2027	96	40.71	34.02	4.27
October 31, 2028	100	47.75	39.74	4.27
October 31, 2029	104	55.13	45.71	4.27
October 31, 2030	109	62.89	51.93	4.27

		Class R5		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$58	5.00%	4.43%	4.43%
October 31, 2022	62	10.25	9.05	4.42
October 31, 2023	65	15.76	13.87	4.42
October 31, 2024	68	21.55	18.90	4.42
October 31, 2025	70	27.63	24.15	4.42
October 31, 2026	74	34.01	29.64	4.42
October 31, 2027	77	40.71	35.37	4.42
October 31, 2028	80	47.75	41.35	4.42
October 31, 2029	84	55.13	47.60	4.42
October 31, 2030	88	62.89	54.13	4.42

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$48	5.00%	4.53%	4.53%
October 31, 2022	51	10.25	9.25	4.52
October 31, 2023	54	15.76	14.19	4.52
October 31, 2024	56	21.55	19.35	4.52
October 31, 2025	59	27.63	24.75	4.52
October 31, 2026	61	34.01	30.39	4.52
October 31, 2027	64	40.71	36.28	4.52
October 31, 2028	67	47.75	42.44	4.52
October 31, 2029	70	55.13	48.88	4.52
October 31, 2030	73	62.89	55.61	4.52

<b>JPMorgan</b>	Equity	Index Fund	l
-----------------	--------	------------	---

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 5	5.00%	4.96%	4.96%
October 31, 2022	14	10.25	10.07	4.87
October 31, 2023	15	15.76	15.43	4.87
October 31, 2024	15	21.55	21.05	4.87
October 31, 2025	16	27.63	26.95	4.87
October 31, 2026	17	34.01	33.13	4.87
October 31, 2027	18	40.71	39.62	4.87
October 31, 2028	18	47.75	46.42	4.87
October 31, 2029	19	55.13	53.55	4.87
October 31, 2030	20	62.89	61.03	4.87

JPMorgan Large Cap Growth Fund

	Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 121	5.00%	3.81%	3.81%
October 31, 2022	135	10.25	7.67	3.72
October 31, 2023	140	15.76	11.68	3.72
October 31, 2024	146	21.55	15.83	3.72
October 31, 2025	151	27.63	20.14	3.72
October 31, 2026	157	34.01	24.61	3.72
October 31, 2027	162	40.71	29.25	3.72
October 31, 2028	169	47.75	34.05	3.72
October 31, 2029	175	55.13	39.04	3.72
October 31, 2030	181	62.89	44.21	3.72

	Class R3			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 96	5.00%	4.06%	4.06%
October 31, 2022	109	10.25	8.19	3.97
October 31, 2023	114	15.76	12.49	3.97
October 31, 2024	118	21.55	16.95	3.97
October 31, 2025	123	27.63	21.60	3.97
October 31, 2026	128	34.01	26.42	3.97
October 31, 2027	133	40.71	31.44	3.97
October 31, 2028	138	47.75	36.66	3.97
October 31, 2029	144	55.13	42.08	3.97
October 31, 2030	149	62.89	47.73	3.97

	Class R4			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 70	5.00%	4.31%	4.31%
October 31, 2022	83	10.25	8.71	4.22
October 31, 2023	87	15.76	13.30	4.22
October 31, 2024	90	21.55	18.08	4.22
October 31, 2025	94	27.63	23.06	4.22
October 31, 2026	98	34.01	28.26	4.22
October 31, 2027	102	40.71	33.67	4.22
October 31, 2028	106	47.75	39.31	4.22
October 31, 2029	111	55.13	45.19	4.22
October 31, 2030	116	62.89	51.32	4.22

		Class R5		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 55	5.00%	4.46%	4.46%
October 31, 2022	67	10.25	9.02	4.37
October 31, 2023	70	15.76	13.79	4.37
October 31, 2024	73	21.55	18.76	4.37
October 31, 2025	76	27.63	23.95	4.37
October 31, 2026	80	34.01	29.37	4.37
October 31, 2027	83	40.71	35.02	4.37
October 31, 2028	87	47.75	40.92	4.37
October 31, 2029	91	55.13	47.08	4.37
October 31, 2030	95	62.89	53.51	4.37

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$45	5.00%	4.56%	4.56%
October 31, 2022	57	10.25	9.23	4.47
October 31, 2023	59	15.76	14.12	4.47
October 31, 2024	62	21.55	19.22	4.47
October 31, 2025	65	27.63	24.55	4.47
October 31, 2026	67	34.01	30.11	4.47
October 31, 2027	71	40.71	35.93	4.47
October 31, 2028	74	47.75	42.01	4.47
October 31, 2029	77	55.13	48.35	4.47
October 31, 2030	80	62.89	54.99	4.47

JPMorgan Large Cap Value Fund

	Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 121	5.00%	3.81%	3.81%
October 31, 2022	135	10.25	7.67	3.72
October 31, 2023	140	15.76	11.68	3.72
October 31, 2024	146	21.55	15.83	3.72
October 31, 2025	151	27.63	20.14	3.72
October 31, 2026	157	34.01	24.61	3.72
October 31, 2027	162	40.71	29.25	3.72
October 31, 2028	169	47.75	34.05	3.72
October 31, 2029	175	55.13	39.04	3.72
October 31, 2030	181	62.89	44.21	3.72

	Class R3			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 96	5.00%	4.06%	4.06%
October 31, 2022	236	10.25	6.93	2.76
October 31, 2023	243	15.76	9.88	2.76
October 31, 2024	250	21.55	12.92	2.76
October 31, 2025	256	27.63	16.03	2.76
October 31, 2026	263	34.01	19.24	2.76
October 31, 2027	271	40.71	22.53	2.76
October 31, 2028	278	47.75	25.91	2.76
October 31, 2029	286	55.13	29.38	2.76
October 31, 2030	294	62.89	32.95	2.76

		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 70	5.00%	4.31%	4.31%
October 31, 2022	81	10.25	8.73	4.24
October 31, 2023	84	15.76	13.34	4.24
October 31, 2024	88	21.55	18.15	4.24
October 31, 2025	92	27.63	23.16	4.24
October 31, 2026	96	34.01	28.38	4.24
October 31, 2027	100	40.71	33.82	4.24
October 31, 2028	104	47.75	39.50	4.24
October 31, 2029	108	55.13	45.41	4.24
October 31, 2030	113	62.89	51.58	4.24

	Class R5			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$55	5.00%	4.46%	4.46%
October 31, 2022	66	10.25	9.04	4.38
October 31, 2023	69	15.76	13.81	4.38
October 31, 2024	72	21.55	18.80	4.38
October 31, 2025	75	27.63	24.00	4.38
October 31, 2026	79	34.01	29.43	4.38
October 31, 2027	82	40.71	35.10	4.38
October 31, 2028	86	47.75	41.02	4.38
October 31, 2029	89	55.13	47.19	4.38
October 31, 2030	93	62.89	53.64	4.38

		Class R6		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$45	5.00%	4.56%	4.56%
October 31, 2022	55	10.25	9.25	4.49
October 31, 2023	57	15.76	14.16	4.49
October 31, 2024	60	21.55	19.29	4.49
October 31, 2025	62	27.63	24.64	4.49
October 31, 2026	65	34.01	30.24	4.49
October 31, 2027	68	40.71	36.09	4.49
October 31, 2028	71	47.75	42.20	4.49
October 31, 2029	74	55.13	48.58	4.49
October 31, 2030	77	62.89	55.25	4.49

JPMorgan Market Expansion Enhanced Index

	Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$102	5.00%	4.00%	4.00%
October 31, 2022	137	10.25	7.86	3.71
October 31, 2023	142	15.76	11.86	3.71
October 31, 2024	147	21.55	16.01	3.71
October 31, 2025	152	27.63	20.31	3.71
October 31, 2026	158	34.01	24.78	3.71
October 31, 2027	164	40.71	29.41	3.71
October 31, 2028	170	47.75	34.21	3.71
October 31, 2029	176	55.13	39.19	3.71
October 31, 2030	183	62.89	44.35	3.71

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$26	5.00%	4.75%	4.75%
October 31, 2022	39	10.25	9.61	4.64
October 31, 2023	40	15.76	14.70	4.64
October 31, 2024	42	21.55	20.02	4.64
October 31, 2025	44	27.63	25.59	4.64
October 31, 2026	46	34.01	31.41	4.64
October 31, 2027	48	40.71	37.51	4.64
October 31, 2028	51	47.75	43.89	4.64
October 31, 2029	53	55.13	50.57	4.64
October 31, 2030	55	62.89	57.56	4.64

JPMorgan Mid Cap Growth Fund

		Class R2		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 152	5.00%	3.51%	3.51%
October 31, 2022	163	10.25	7.08	3.45
October 31, 2023	169	15.76	10.78	3.45
October 31, 2024	175	21.55	14.60	3.45
October 31, 2025	181	27.63	18.55	3.45
October 31, 2026	187	34.01	22.64	3.45
October 31, 2027	193	40.71	26.87	3.45
October 31, 2028	200	47.75	31.25	3.45
October 31, 2029	207	55.13	35.78	3.45
October 31, 2030	214	62.89	40.46	3.45

	Class R3			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$127	5.00%	3.75%	3.75%
October 31, 2022	132	10.25	7.64	3.75
October 31, 2023	137	15.76	11.68	3.75
October 31, 2024	142	21.55	15.87	3.75
October 31, 2025	148	27.63	20.21	3.75
October 31, 2026	153	34.01	24.72	3.75
October 31, 2027	159	40.71	29.39	3.75
October 31, 2028	165	47.75	34.25	3.75
October 31, 2029	171	55.13	39.28	3.75
October 31, 2030	177	62.89	44.50	3.75

	Class R4			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$101	5.00%	4.01%	4.01%
October 31, 2022	106	10.25	8.17	4.00
October 31, 2023	110	15.76	12.50	4.00
October 31, 2024	115	21.55	17.00	4.00
October 31, 2025	119	27.63	21.68	4.00
October 31, 2026	124	34.01	26.54	4.00
October 31, 2027	129	40.71	31.61	4.00
October 31, 2028	134	47.75	36.87	4.00
October 31, 2029	140	55.13	42.34	4.00
October 31, 2030	145	62.89	48.04	4.00

		Class R5		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 81	5.00%	4.21%	4.21%
October 31, 2022	90	10.25	8.53	4.15
October 31, 2023	94	15.76	13.04	4.15
October 31, 2024	98	21.55	17.73	4.15
October 31, 2025	102	27.63	22.62	4.15
October 31, 2026	106	34.01	27.70	4.15
October 31, 2027	111	40.71	33.00	4.15
October 31, 2028	115	47.75	38.52	4.15
October 31, 2029	120	55.13	44.27	4.15
October 31, 2030	125	62.89	50.26	4.15

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 76	5.00%	4.26%	4.26%
October 31, 2022	80	10.25	8.69	4.25
October 31, 2023	83	15.76	13.31	4.25
October 31, 2024	87	21.55	18.13	4.25
October 31, 2025	90	27.63	23.15	4.25
October 31, 2026	94	34.01	28.38	4.25
October 31, 2027	98	40.71	33.84	4.25
October 31, 2028	103	47.75	39.52	4.25
October 31, 2029	107	55.13	45.45	4.25
October 31, 2030	111	62.89	51.64	4.25

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Fund

	Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 153	5.00%	3.50%	3.50%
October 31, 2022	158	10.25	7.12	3.50
October 31, 2023	163	15.76	10.87	3.50
October 31, 2024	169	21.55	14.75	3.50
October 31, 2025	175	27.63	18.77	3.50
October 31, 2026	181	34.01	22.93	3.50
October 31, 2027	188	40.71	27.23	3.50
October 31, 2028	194	47.75	31.68	3.50
October 31, 2029	201	55.13	36.29	3.50
October 31, 2030	208	62.89	41.06	3.50

	CIASS R3			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$126	5.00%	3.76%	3.76%
October 31, 2022	131	10.25	7.66	3.76
October 31, 2023	136	15.76	11.71	3.76
October 31, 2024	141	21.55	15.91	3.76
October 31, 2025	146	27.63	20.27	3.76
October 31, 2026	152	34.01	24.79	3.76
October 31, 2027	158	40.71	29.48	3.76
October 31, 2028	164	47.75	34.35	3.76
October 31, 2029	170	55.13	39.40	3.76
October 31, 2030	176	62.89	44.64	3.76

		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$101	5.00%	4.01%	4.01%
October 31, 2022	105	10.25	8.18	4.01
October 31, 2023	109	15.76	12.52	4.01
October 31, 2024	114	21.55	17.03	4.01
October 31, 2025	118	27.63	21.72	4.01
October 31, 2026	123	34.01	26.60	4.01
October 31, 2027	128	40.71	31.68	4.01
October 31, 2028	133	47.75	36.96	4.01
October 31, 2029	138	55.13	42.45	4.01
October 31, 2030	144	62.89	48.17	4.01

	Class R5			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 85	5.00%	4.17%	4.17%
October 31, 2022	88	10.25	8.51	4.17
October 31, 2023	92	15.76	13.04	4.17
October 31, 2024	96	21.55	17.75	4.17
October 31, 2025	100	27.63	22.66	4.17
October 31, 2026	104	34.01	27.78	4.17
October 31, 2027	108	40.71	33.11	4.17
October 31, 2028	113	47.75	38.66	4.17
October 31, 2029	117	55.13	44.44	4.17
October 31, 2030	122	62.89	50.46	4.17

		Class R6		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 75	5.00%	4.27%	4.27%
October 31, 2022	79	10.25	8.71	4.26
October 31, 2023	82	15.76	13.34	4.26
October 31, 2024	86	21.55	18.17	4.26
October 31, 2025	89	27.63	23.21	4.26
October 31, 2026	93	34.01	28.45	4.26
October 31, 2027	97	40.71	33.93	4.26
October 31, 2028	101	47.75	39.63	4.26
October 31, 2029	106	55.13	45.58	4.26
October 31, 2030	110	62.89	51.78	4.26

JPMorgan Small Cap Growth Fund

	Class R2			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 153	5.00%	3.50%	3.50%
October 31, 2022	161	10.25	7.09	3.47
October 31, 2023	167	15.76	10.81	3.47
October 31, 2024	172	21.55	14.65	3.47
October 31, 2025	178	27.63	18.63	3.47
October 31, 2026	185	34.01	22.75	3 <b>.</b> 47
October 31, 2027	191	40.71	27.01	3 <b>.</b> 47
October 31, 2028	198	47.75	31.41	3 <b>.</b> 47
October 31, 2029	205	55.13	35.97	3.47
October 31, 2030	212	62.89	40.69	3.47

		Class R3		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 127	5.00%	3.75%	3.75%
October 31, 2022	137	10.25	7.59	3.70
October 31, 2023	142	15.76	11.57	3.70
October 31, 2024	148	21.55	15.70	3.70
October 31, 2025	153	27.63	19.98	3.70
October 31, 2026	159	34.01	24.42	3.70
October 31, 2027	165	40.71	29.02	3.70
October 31, 2028	171	47.75	33.79	3.70
October 31, 2029	177	55.13	38.75	3.70
October 31, 2030	184	62.89	43.88	3.70

		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$102	5.00%	4.00%	4.00%
October 31, 2022	111	10.25	8.11	3.95
October 31, 2023	116	15.76	12.38	3.95
October 31, 2024	120	21.55	16.82	3.95
October 31, 2025	125	27.63	21.43	3.95
October 31, 2026	130	34.01	26.23	3.95
October 31, 2027	135	40.71	31.21	3.95
October 31, 2028	140	47.75	36.40	3.95
October 31, 2029	146	55.13	41.78	3.95
October 31, 2030	152	62.89	47.39	3.95

	Class R5			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 87	5.00%	4.15%	4.15%
October 31, 2022	92	10.25	8.45	4.13
October 31, 2023	96	15.76	12.93	4.13
October 31, 2024	100	21.55	17.59	4.13
October 31, 2025	104	27.63	22.45	4.13
October 31, 2026	109	34.01	27.51	4.13
October 31, 2027	113	40.71	32.77	4.13
October 31, 2028	118	47.75	38.26	4.13
October 31, 2029	123	55.13	43.97	4.13
October 31, 2030	128	62.89	49.91	4.13

		Class R6		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 77	5.00%	4.25%	4.25%
October 31, 2022	82	10.25	8.66	4.23
October 31, 2023	85	15.76	13.26	4.23
October 31, 2024	89	21.55	18.05	4.23
October 31, 2025	93	27.63	23.04	4.23
October 31, 2026	97	34.01	28.24	4.23
October 31, 2027	101	40.71	33.67	4.23
October 31, 2028	105	47.75	39.32	4.23
October 31, 2029	110	55.13	45.22	4.23
October 31, 2030	114	62.89	51.36	4.23

JPMorgan Small Cap Value Fund

		Class R2		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 152	5.00%	3.51%	3.51%
October 31, 2022	165	10.25	7.06	3.43
October 31, 2023	171	15.76	10.73	3.43
October 31, 2024	177	21.55	14.53	3.43
October 31, 2025	183	27.63	18.46	3.43
October 31, 2026	189	34.01	22.52	3.43
October 31, 2027	196	40.71	26.72	3.43
October 31, 2028	202	47.75	31.07	3.43
October 31, 2029	209	55.13	35.57	3.43
October 31, 2030	216	62.89	40.22	3.43

		Class R3		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$126	5.00%	3.76%	3.76%
October 31, 2022	136	10.25	7.61	3.71
October 31, 2023	141	15.76	11.60	3.71
October 31, 2024	147	21.55	15.74	3.71
October 31, 2025	152	27.63	20.04	3.71
October 31, 2026	158	34.01	24.49	3.71
October 31, 2027	164	40.71	29.11	3.71
October 31, 2028	170	47.75	33.90	3.71
October 31, 2029	176	55.13	38.87	3.71
October 31, 2030	182	62.89	44.02	3.71

		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$101	5.00%	4.01%	4.01%
October 31, 2022	123	10.25	8.00	3.84
October 31, 2023	128	15.76	12.15	3.84
October 31, 2024	133	21.55	16.46	3.84
October 31, 2025	138	27.63	20.93	3.84
October 31, 2026	143	34.01	25.57	3.84
October 31, 2027	148	40.71	30.40	3.84
October 31, 2028	154	47.75	35.40	3.84
October 31, 2029	160	55.13	40.60	3.84
October 31, 2030	166	62.89	46.00	3.84

		Class R5		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 89	5.00%	4.13%	4.13%
October 31, 2022	92	10.25	8.43	4.13
October 31, 2023	96	15.76	12.91	4.13
October 31, 2024	100	21.55	17.57	4.13
October 31, 2025	104	27.63	22.43	4.13
October 31, 2026	109	34.01	27.48	4.13
October 31, 2027	113	40.71	32.75	4.13
October 31, 2028	118	47.75	38.23	4.13
October 31, 2029	123	55.13	43.94	4.13
October 31, 2030	128	62.89	49.89	4.13

		Class R6		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 78	5.00%	4.24%	4.24%
October 31, 2022	81	10.25	8.66	4.24
October 31, 2023	84	15.76	13.27	4.24
October 31, 2024	88	21.55	18.07	4.24
October 31, 2025	92	27.63	23.08	4.24
October 31, 2026	96	34.01	28.29	4.24
October 31, 2027	100	40.71	33.73	4.24
October 31, 2028	104	47.75	39.40	4.24
October 31, 2029	108	55.13	45.31	4.24
October 31, 2030	113	62.89	51.48	4.24

### JPMorgan SMID Cap Equity Fund

	Class R3			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 116	5.00%	3.86%	3.86%
October 31, 2022	121	10.25	7.87	3.86
October 31, 2023	131	15.76	11.98	3.81
October 31, 2024	136	21.55	16.25	3.81
October 31, 2025	141	27.63	20.67	3.81
October 31, 2026	146	34.01	25.27	3.81
October 31, 2027	152	40.71	30.04	3.81
October 31, 2028	158	47.75	35.00	3.81
October 31, 2029	164	55.13	40.14	3.81
October 31, 2030	170	62.89	45.48	3.81

		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 91	5.00%	4.11%	4.11%
October 31, 2022	95	10.25	8.39	4.11
October 31, 2023	106	15.76	12.77	4.04
October 31, 2024	110	21.55	17.32	4.04
October 31, 2025	115	27.63	22.06	4.04
October 31, 2026	120	34.01	26.99	4.04
October 31, 2027	124	40.71	32.13	4.04
October 31, 2028	129	47.75	37.46	4.04
October 31, 2029	135	55.13	43.02	4.04
October 31, 2030	140	62.89	48.79	4.04

		Class R6		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 65	5.00%	4.36%	4.36%
October 31, 2022	68	10.25	8.91	4.36
October 31, 2023	77	15.76	13.60	4.31
October 31, 2024	80	21.55	18.50	4.31
October 31, 2025	84	27.63	23.61	4.31
October 31, 2026	87	34.01	28.94	4.31
October 31, 2027	91	40.71	34.49	4.31
October 31, 2028	95	47.75	40.29	4.31
October 31, 2029	99	55.13	46.34	4.31
October 31, 2030	103	62.89	52.64	4.31

JPMorgan U.S. Equity Fund

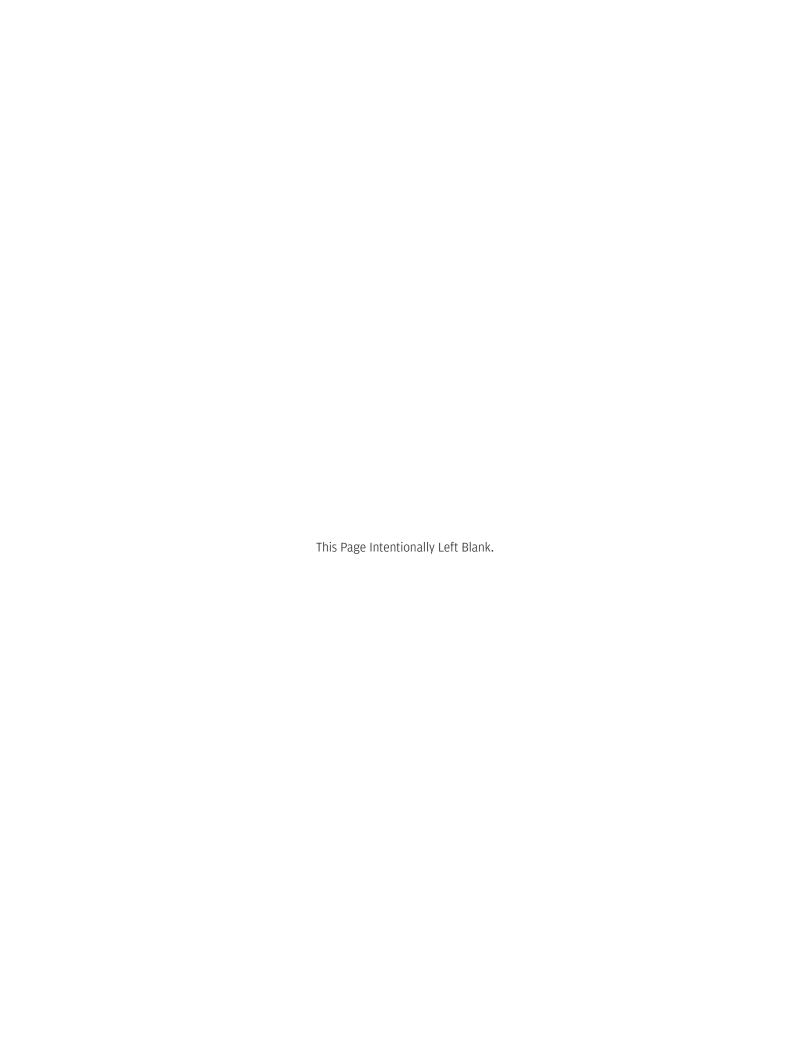
		Class R2		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 121	5.00%	3.81%	3.81%
October 31, 2022	130	10.25	7.72	3.77
October 31, 2023	135	15.76	11.78	3.77
October 31, 2024	140	21.55	16.00	3.77
October 31, 2025	145	27.63	20.37	3.77
October 31, 2026	151	34.01	24.91	3.77
October 31, 2027	157	40.71	29.62	3.77
October 31, 2028	162	47.75	34.51	3.77
October 31, 2029	169	55.13	39.58	3.77
October 31, 2030	175	62.89	44.84	3.77

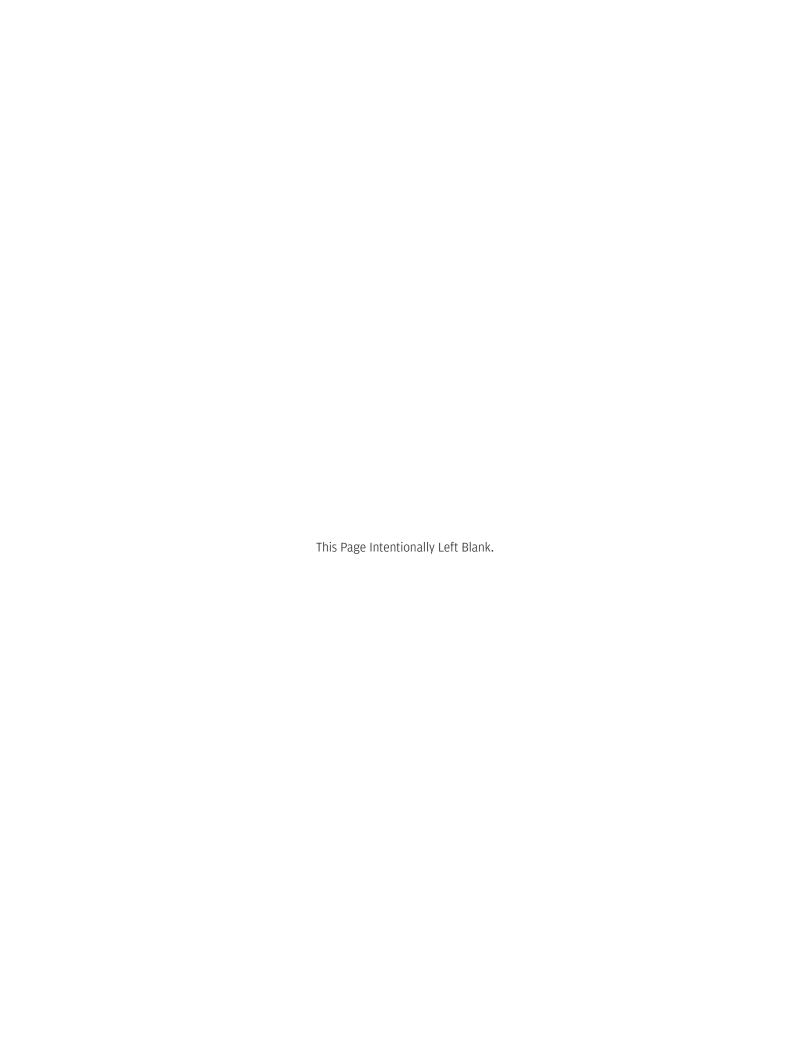
		Class R3		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 96	5.00%	4.06%	4.06%
October 31, 2022	104	10.25	8.24	4.02
October 31, 2023	108	15.76	12.59	4.02
October 31, 2024	113	21.55	17.12	4.02
October 31, 2025	117	27.63	21.83	4.02
October 31, 2026	122	34.01	26.73	4.02
October 31, 2027	127	40.71	31.82	4.02
October 31, 2028	132	47.75	37.12	4.02
October 31, 2029	137	55.13	42.63	4.02
October 31, 2030	143	62.89	48.37	4.02

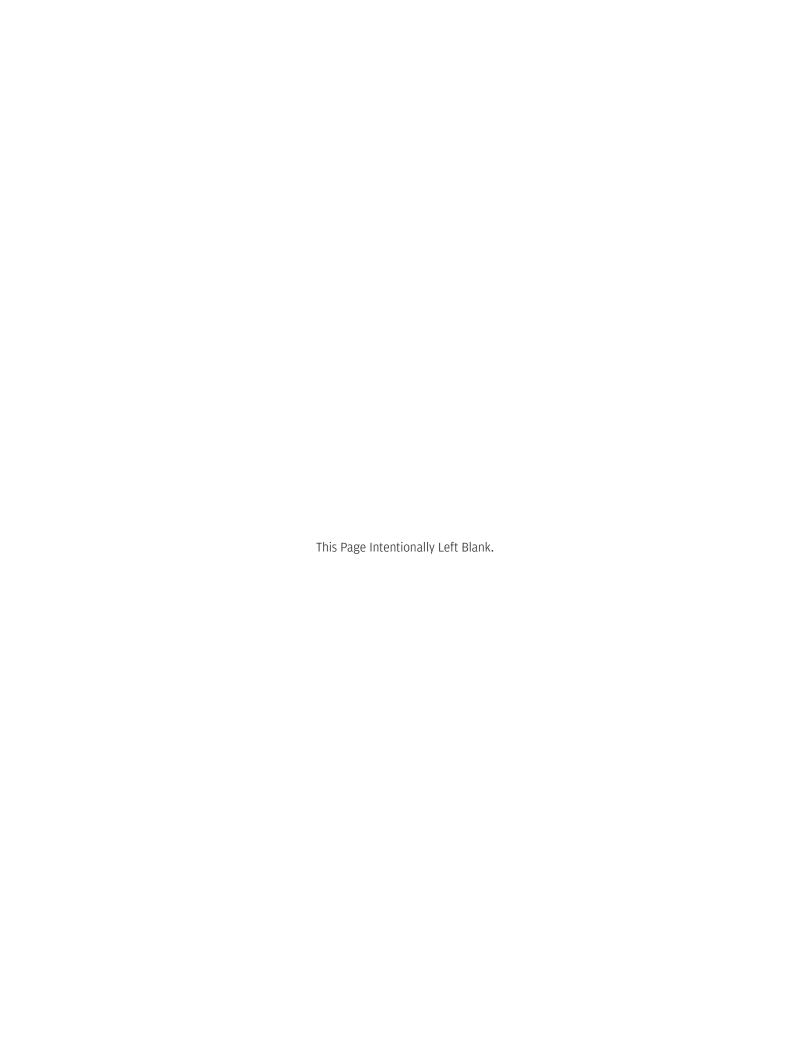
		Class R4		
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$ 70	5.00%	4.31%	4.31%
October 31, 2022	78	10.25	8.76	4.27
October 31, 2023	81	15.76	13.41	4.27
October 31, 2024	85	21.55	18.25	4.27
October 31, 2025	88	27.63	23.30	4.27
October 31, 2026	92	34.01	28.57	4.27
October 31, 2027	96	40.71	34.05	4.27
October 31, 2028	100	47.75	39.78	4.27
October 31, 2029	104	55.13	45.75	4.27
October 31, 2030	109	62.89	51.97	4.27

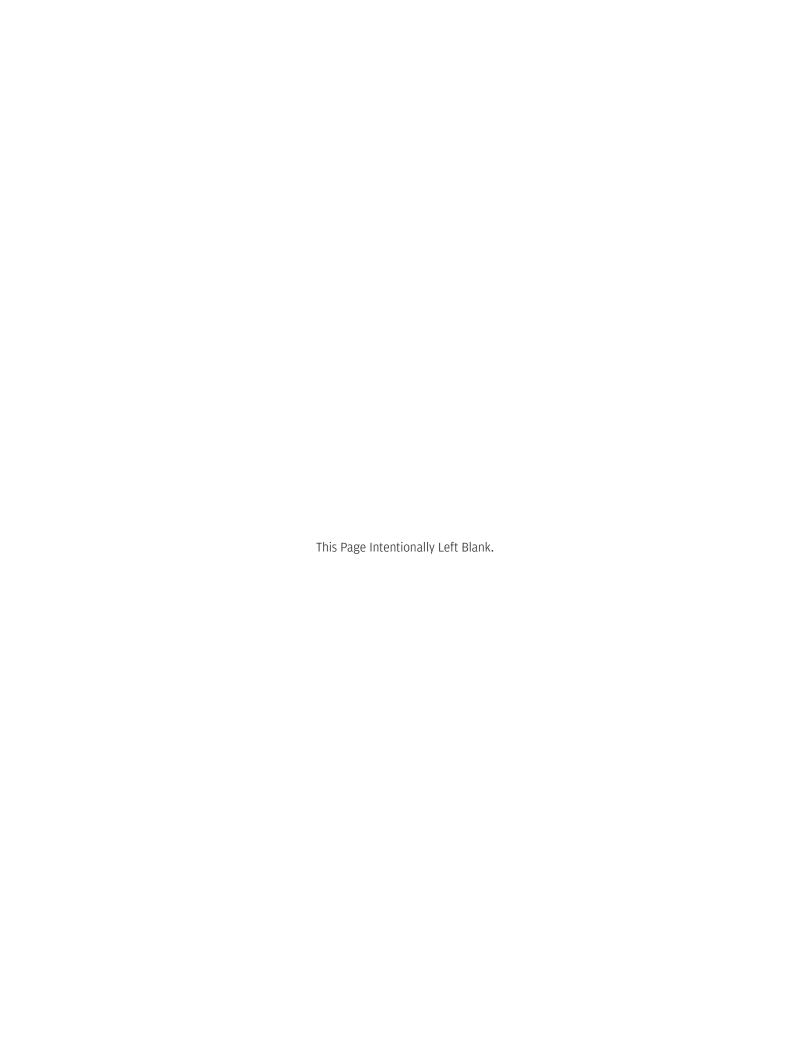
	Class R5			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$55	5.00%	4.46%	4.46%
October 31, 2022	62	10.25	9.08	4.42
October 31, 2023	65	15.76	13.90	4.42
October 31, 2024	68	21.55	18.93	4.42
October 31, 2025	71	27.63	24.19	4.42
October 31, 2026	74	34.01	29.68	4.42
October 31, 2027	77	40.71	35.41	4.42
October 31, 2028	80	47.75	41.40	4.42
October 31, 2029	84	55.13	47.65	4.42
October 31, 2030	88	62.89	54.17	4.42

	Class R6			
Period Ended	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
October 31, 2021	\$45	5.00%	4.56%	4.56%
October 31, 2022	51	10.25	9.29	4.52
October 31, 2023	54	15.76	14.23	4.52
October 31, 2024	56	21.55	19.39	4.52
October 31, 2025	59	27.63	24.79	4.52
October 31, 2026	61	34.01	30.43	4.52
October 31, 2027	64	40.71	36.32	4.52
October 31, 2028	67	47.75	42.48	4.52
October 31, 2029	70	55.13	48.92	4.52
October 31, 2030	73	62.89	55.65	4.52









### **HOW TO REACH US**

#### MORE INFORMATION

For investors who want more information on these Funds the following documents are available free upon request:

### **ANNUAL AND SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS**

Our annual and semi-annual reports contain more information about each Fund's investments and performance. The annual report also includes details about the market conditions and investment strategies that had a significant effect on each Fund's performance during the last fiscal year.

#### STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (SAI)

The SAI contains more detailed information about the Funds and their policies. They are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This means, by law, they are considered to be part of this prospectus.

You can get a free copy of these documents and other information, or ask us any questions, by calling us at 1-800-480-4111 or writing to:

### J.P. Morgan Funds Services P.O. Box 219143 Kansas City, MO 64121-9143

If you buy your shares through a Financial Intermediary, you should contact that Financial Intermediary directly for this information. You can also find information online at www.jpmorganfunds.com.

OJPMorgan Chase & Co., 2020. All rights reserved. November 2020.

You can write or e-mail the SEC's Public Reference Section and ask them to mail you information about the Funds, including the SAIs. They will charge you a copying fee for this service.

### Public Reference Section Washington, DC 20549-1520 Email: publicinfo@sec.gov

Reports, a copy of the SAIs and other information about the Funds are also available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

Investment Company Act File No. for each of the Funds except Equity Income Fund, Growth Advantage Fund, Large Cap Growth Fund, Large Cap Value Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Mid Cap Value Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund is 811-21295.

Investment Company Act File No. for Equity Income Fund, Large Cap Growth Fund, Large Cap Value Fund, Market Expansion Enhanced Index Fund, Mid Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Growth Fund, Small Cap Value Fund and SMID Cap Equity Fund is 811-4236.

Investment Company Act File No. for Equity Premium Income Fund is 811-23117.

Investment Company Act File No. for Growth Advantage Fund is 811-5526.

Investment Company Act File No. for Mid Cap Value Fund is 811-8189.

