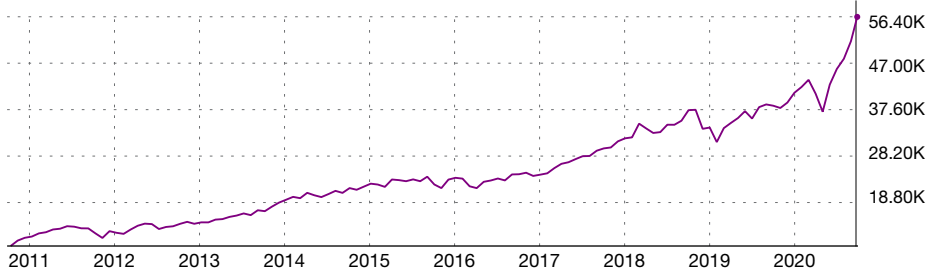


Fidelity® Trend Fund (FTRNX)

NTF No Transaction Fee¹ | Fidelity Fund Pick²

Hypothetical Growth of \$10,000^{3,4} (8/31/2010-8/31/2020)

■ Fidelity® Trend Fund \$56,965



The performance data featured represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; therefore, you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data quoted.

Performance^{4,6,7}

Monthly (AS OF 8/31/2020)	YTD (Monthly)	Average Annual Total Returns				
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Life
Fidelity® Trend Fund	35.06%	48.37%	24.17%	20.47%	19.00%	12.33%
Russell 1000 Growth	30.47%	44.34%	24.18%	20.66%	19.02%	--
S&P 500/R1000G	30.47%	44.34%	24.18%	20.66%	19.02%	--

Quarter-End (AS OF 6/30/2020)	
Fidelity® Trend Fund	25.68% 19.28% 15.69% 17.32% 12.06%

Calendar Year Returns^{4,6}

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fidelity® Trend Fund	4.57%	29.42%	-2.96%	35.88%	35.06%
Russell 1000 Growth	7.08%	30.21%	-1.51%	36.39%	30.47%
S&P 500/R1000G	7.08%	30.21%	-1.51%	36.39%	30.47%

Top 10 Holdings⁹

(AS OF 6/30/2020)

45.67%

- APPLE INC
- AMAZON.COM INC
- MICROSOFT CORP
- ALPHABET INC CL A
- MASTERCARD INC CL A
- FACEBOOK INC CL A
- NVIDIA CORP
- ADOBE INC
- TESLA INC
- LILLY (ELI) & CO

% of Total Portfolio: 45.67%
118 holdings as of 6/30/2020
115 issuers as of 6/30/2020

Investment Approach

- Fidelity® Trend Fund is a diversified domestic equity large-cap growth strategy.
- Our philosophy is anchored in the belief that the market often misjudges either the durability or magnitude of growth, presenting an opportunity to generate alpha (risk-adjusted excess returns).
- Our investment process focuses on building a mosaic around key drivers via fundamental research to help identify when growth expectations are mispriced.
- Through this approach, we attempt to uncover quality companies that exhibit persistent, above-average growth. When purchased at sensible valuations, we believe these stocks can outperform over time.

Morningstar® Snapshot^{*5}

(AS OF 7/31/2020)

Morningstar Category: Large Growth

Risk of this Category:

Overall Rating:

Returns:

Expenses:

*Data provided by Morningstar

Equity StyleMap®*8

(AS OF 7/31/2020)

Large Growth
*98.34% Fund Assets Covered

Details

Fund Inception	6/16/1958
NAV on 8/31/2020	\$144.52
Exp Ratio (Gross) 2/29/2020	0.64%
Exp Ratio (Net) 2/29/2020	0.64%
Minimum to Invest	\$0.00
Turnover Rate 6/30/2020	70%
Portfolio Net Assets (\$M) 8/31/2020	\$2,813.25

Fund Manager(s)

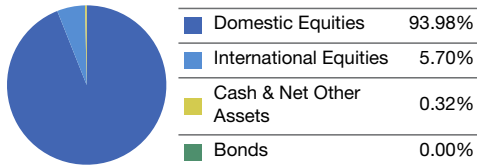
Primary Manager: Shilpa M Mehra (since 8/1/2018)

Volatility Measures

Beta 8/31/2020	1.00
R ² 8/31/2020	0.98

Asset Allocation^{9,10,11,12}

(AS OF 7/31/2020)



Major Market Sectors⁹

(AS OF 7/31/2020)

Portfolio Weight	Russell 1000 Growth
Information Technology	45.44%
Consumer Discretionary	18.69%
Health Care	11.46%
Communication Services	10.86%
Industrials	6.79%
Financials	3.38%
Consumer Staples	1.70%
Real Estate	1.12%
Materials	0.24%
Energy	0.00%

Regional Diversification⁹

(AS OF 7/31/2020)

United States	93.98%
Europe	3.57%
Emerging Markets	1.67%
Canada	0.46%
Cash & Net Other Assets	0.32%
Other	0.00%

Volatility Measures (continued)

Sharpe Ratio 8/31/2020	1.19
Standard Deviation 8/31/2020	18.82

Morningstar Ratings

(AS OF 7/31/2020) Morningstar Category: LARGE GROWTH

Overall	★★★★★	out of 1,232 funds
3 Yrs	★★★★★	out of 1,232 funds
5 Yrs	★★★★★	out of 1,088 funds
10 Yrs	★★★★★	out of 813 funds

The Morningstar Rating™ for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for funds with at least a three-year history. (Exchange-traded funds and open-end mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes.) It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a fund's monthly excess performance (excluding the effect of sales charges, if any), placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The top 10% of funds in each fund category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Fund Overview

Objective

Seeks growth of capital.

Strategy

Investing in companies that FMR believes have above-average growth potential (stocks of these companies are often called "growth" stocks). Normally investing primarily in common stocks.

Risk

Stock markets, especially foreign markets, are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Growth stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and can be more volatile than other types of stocks.

Additional Disclosures

This description is only intended to provide a brief overview of the mutual fund. Read the fund's prospectus for more detailed information about the fund. Prior to February 1, 2007, Trend Fund operated under certain different investment policies and compared its performance to a different index. The fund's historical performance may not represent its current investment policies.

Glossary Of Terms

Beta: A measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a benchmark index). The benchmark index has a beta of 1.0. A beta of more (less) than 1.0 indicates that a fund's historical returns have fluctuated more (less) than the benchmark index. Beta is a more reliable measure of volatility when used in combination with a high R² which indicates a high correlation between the movements in a fund's returns and movements in a benchmark index.

Exp Ratio (Gross): Expense ratio is a measure of what it costs to operate an investment, expressed as a percentage of its assets, as a dollar amount, or in basis points. These are costs the investor pays through a reduction in the investment's rate of return. For a mutual fund, the gross expense ratio is the total annual fund or class operating expenses directly paid by the fund from the fund's most recent prospectus (before waivers or reimbursements). This ratio also includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, which are expenses indirectly incurred by a fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies. If the investment option is not a mutual fund, the expense ratio may be calculated using methodologies that differ from those used for mutual funds.

Exp Ratio (Net): Expense ratio is a measure of what it costs to operate an investment, expressed as a percentage of its assets, as a dollar amount, or in basis points. These are costs the investor pays through a reduction in the investment's rate of return. For a mutual fund, the net expense ratio is the total annual fund or class operating expenses directly paid by the fund from the fund's most recent prospectus, after any fee waiver and/or expense reimbursements that will reduce any fund operating expenses. This ratio also includes Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, which are expenses indirectly incurred by a fund through its ownership of shares in other investment companies. This number does not include any fee waiver arrangement or expense reimbursement that may be terminated without

agreement of the fund's board of trustees during the one-year period. If the investment option is not a mutual fund, the expense ratio may be calculated using methodologies that differ from those used for mutual funds.

Net Asset Value (NAV): The dollar value of one mutual fund's share, excluding any sales charges or redemption fees. The NAV is calculated by subtracting liabilities from the value of a fund's total assets and dividing it by the number of fund's shares outstanding.

Portfolio Net Assets (\$M): The difference between a portfolio's total assets and liabilities, including all share classes of the fund.

R²: A measurement of how closely the portfolio's performance correlates with the performance of the fund's primary benchmark index or equivalent. R² is a proportion which ranges between 0.00 and 1.00. An R² of 1.00 indicates perfect correlation to the benchmark index, that is, all of the portfolio's fluctuations are explained by performance fluctuations of the index, while an R² of 0.00 indicates no correlation. Therefore, the lower the R², the more the fund's performance is affected by factors other than the market as measured by that benchmark index. An R² value of less than 0.5 indicates that the Annualized Alpha and Beta are not reliable performance statistics.

Russell 1000 Growth: The Russell 1000[®] Growth Index is an unmanaged market capitalization-weighted index of growth-oriented stocks of the largest U.S. domiciled companies that are included in the Russell 1000 Index. Growth-oriented stocks tend to have higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

S&P 500/R1000G: The S&P 500/R1000G represents the performance of the S&P 500 Index, prior to February 1, 2007 when the fund operated under certain investment policies, and the Russell 1000 Growth Index, beginning February 1, 2007.

Sharpe Ratio - Arithmetic: The Sharpe ratio is a measure of historical risk-adjusted performance. It is calculated by dividing the fund's excess returns (the fund's average annual return for the period minus the 3-month "risk free" return rate) and dividing it by the standard deviation of the fund's returns. The higher the ratio, the better the fund's return per unit of risk. The three month "risk free" rate used is the 90-day Treasury Bill rate.

Standard Deviation: Statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted.

Turnover Rate: The lesser of amounts of purchases or sales of long-term portfolio securities divided by the monthly average value of long-term securities owned by the fund.

Important Information

Before investing, consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the fund or annuity and its investment options. Contact Fidelity for a free prospectus and, if available, summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully.

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1. No Transaction Fee Fidelity funds are available without paying a trading fee to Fidelity or a sales load to the fund. However, the fund may charge a short-term trading or redemption fee to protect the interests of long-term shareholders of the fund. Shares are subject to the fund's management and operating expenses. See Expenses & Fees for more information.

2. The funds on the Fund Picks From Fidelity[®] list are selected based on certain selection criteria. Fund Picks From Fidelity[®] is not a personalized recommendation or endorsement of any fund for an investor's individual circumstances.

Fund Picks is a general screening tool, is not directed to any specific investor, and is not based on any investor's particular investment needs.

3. This chart illustrates the performance of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment made in this investment product (and a benchmark or category average, if shown) from the beginning date shown or on the inception date of the product (whichever is later). The inception date used for products with underlying funds, or multiple shares classes, or are offered as a separate account, strategy or sub account, may be the inception date of the underlying fund, the earliest share class of the product, or the date composite performance for the product was first made available. The product's returns may not reflect all its expenses. Any fees not reflected would lower the returns. Benchmark returns include reinvestment of capital gains and dividends, if any, but do not reflect any fees or expenses. It is not possible to invest in an index. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This chart is not intended to imply any future performance of the investment product.

4. The Morningstar Category Average is the average return for the peer group based on the returns of each individual fund within the group, for the period shown. This average assumes reinvestment of dividends.

5. Risk of this Category: Morningstar calculates these risk levels by looking at the Morningstar Risk of the funds in the Category over the previous 5-year period. Morningstar Risk is the difference between the Morningstar Return, based on fund total returns, and the Morningstar Risk Adjusted Return, based on fund total returns adjusted for performance volatility. The Category Risk Level is based on the equal weighted average Morningstar Risk of the funds in the category. Morningstar's Research Committee evaluates the Category Morningstar Risk and assigns the Category Risk Level after further qualitative judgment.

Overall Rating: The Overall Morningstar Rating[™] for a fund is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its 3-, 5-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics, which are based on risk-adjusted returns, as of the date stated.

Returns: This rating is based on a fund's Morningstar Return (its annualized return in excess to the return of the 90-day U.S. Treasury bill over a three-, five-, or ten-year period). The Morningstar Returns in each category are then scored against each other on a bell curve. In each Morningstar Category:

- top 10% - High
- next 22.5% - Above Average
- middle 35% - Average
- next 22.5% - Below Average
- bottom 10% - Low

Expenses: This Morningstar data point compares the fund's net expense ratio to the net expense ratio of all the other funds within its Morningstar Category grouping.

6. Total returns are historical and may include change in share value and reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, if any. Cumulative total returns are reported as of the period indicated. Life of fund figures are reported as of the commencement date to the period indicated and are cumulative if the fund is less than one year old. Total returns do not reflect the fund's [%] sales charge. If sales charges were included, total returns would have been lower.

7. Percent Rank in Category is the fund's total-return percentile rank relative to all funds that have the same Morningstar Category. The highest (or most favorable) percentile rank is 1 and the lowest (or least favorable) percentile rank is 100. The top-performing fund in a category will always receive a rank of 1. % Rank in Category is based on total returns which include reinvested dividends and capital gains, if any, and exclude sales charges. Multiple share classes of a fund have a common portfolio but impose different expense structures. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

8. Equity StyleMap[®] depictions of mutual fund characteristics are produced using data and calculations provided by Morningstar, Inc. StyleMapsSM estimate characteristics of a fund's equity holdings over two dimensions: market capitalization and valuation. The percentage of fund assets represented by these holdings is indicated beside each StyleMap. Current StyleMap characteristics are calculated each time Morningstar receives updated portfolio holdings from a fund and are denoted with a dot. Historical StyleMap characteristics are calculated for the shorter of either the past 3 years or the life of the fund, and are represented by the shading of the box(es) previously occupied by the dot. StyleMap characteristics represent an approximate profile of the fund's equity holdings (e.g., domestic stocks, foreign stocks, and American Depositary Receipts), are based on historical data, and are not predictive of the fund's future investments. Although the data are gathered from reliable sources, accuracy and completeness cannot be guaranteed.

9. Any holdings, asset allocation, diversification breakdowns or other composition data shown are as of the date indicated and are subject to change at any time. They may not be representative of the fund's current or future investments. The Top Ten Holdings and Top 5 Issuers do not include money market instruments or futures contracts, if any. Depository receipts are normally combined with the underlying security. Some breakdowns may be intentionally limited to a particular asset class or other subset of the fund's entire portfolio, particularly in multi-asset class funds where the attributes of the equity and fixed income portions are different.

Under the asset allocation section, international (or foreign) assets may be reported differently depending on how an investment option reports its holdings. Some do not report international (or foreign) holdings here, but instead report them in a "Regional Diversification" section. Some report them in this section in addition to the equity, bond and other allocation shown. Others report international (or foreign) holding as a subset of the equity and bond allocations shown. If the allocation without the foreign component equals (or rounds to) 100%, then international (or foreign) is a subset of the equity and bond percentage shown.

Any remaining country allocations comprising less than one percent of the portfolio are combined in the OTHER category.

10. Net Other Assets can include fund receivables, fund payables, and offsets to other derivative positions, as well as certain assets that do not fall into any of the Portfolio Composition categories. Depending on the extent to which the fund invests in derivatives and the number of positions that are held for future settlement, Net Other Assets can be a negative number.

11. "Tax-Advantaged Domiciles" represent countries whose tax policies may be favorable for company incorporation.

12. The percent of net assets invested in both domestic and foreign Equities (common stocks, preferred stocks, rights and warrants, convertible preferred stocks and stock index futures and options), Bond (all debt instruments, including investment grade, non-investment grade, non-rated securities and convertible bonds), and Cash & Net Other Assets (cash, repurchase agreements, receivables and payables).